

Universes as Bigdata: or, Machine-Learning Mathematical Structures

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Machine Learning for High Energy Physics, on and off the Lattice

Virtual Trento, Sep 2021

Enriching the Maths/Physics Dialogue

- Alg./diff. Geometry/topology - Rep. Theo : the right language for physics
 - Gravity \sim Ricci 2-form of Tangent bundles;
 - Elementary Particles \sim irred reps of the Lorentz group and sections of bundles with Lie structure group; Interactions \sim Tensor products of sections ...
 - *Topology & Physics* (CN Yang, ML Ge, YHH, ed. WS. 2019)
 - **String theory: brain-child of gauge-gravity geometrization tradition**
- A new exciting era for synergy with (pure & computational) geometry, group theory, combinatorics, number theory: *Sage*, *M2*, *GAP*, *LMFDB*, *GrDB* are becoming indispensable tools for physicists
- **Interdisciplinary enterprise:** cross-fertilisation of particle/string theory, phenomenology, pure mathematics, computer algorithms, data-bases, ...

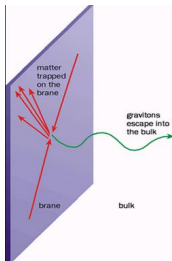
standard string paradigm: $10 = 4 + 3 \times 2$

Superstring Theory 9+1 d

Unified theory of quantum gravity

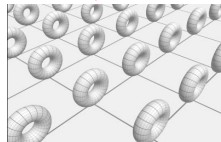
I. 6 Large Dim

AdS/CFT
Brane World



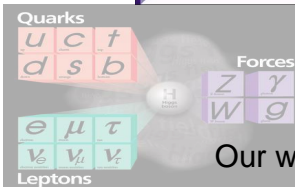
II. 6 small dim

Compactification



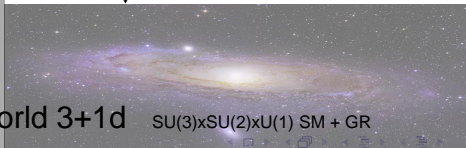
1. Reduce Dim: $10 = 6+4$

2. Break SUSY



Our world 3+1d

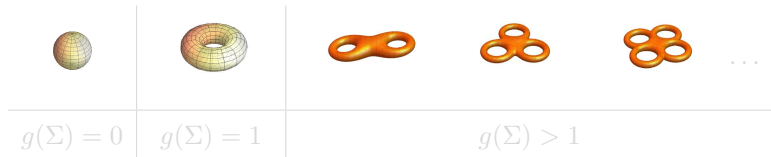
$SU(3) \times SU(2) \times U(1)$ SM + GR



1984: $10 = 4 + 3 \times 2$

- First String Revolution [Green-Schwarz] anomaly cancellation;
Heterotic string [Gross-Harvey-Martinec-Rohm]: $E_8 \times E_8$ or $SO(32)$, 1984 - 5
- String Phenomenology [Candelas-Horowitz-Strominger-Witten]: 1985
 - $SU(3) \times SU(2) \times U(1) \subset SU(5) \subset SO(10) \subset E_6 \subset E_8$
 - Standard Solution (MANY more since): $\mathbb{R}^{3,1} \times X$, X is not just 6-manifold, but a complex 3-fold, and Ricci-flat (vacuum Einstein), Kähler (SUSY)
- *mathematicians were independently thinking of the same problem:*

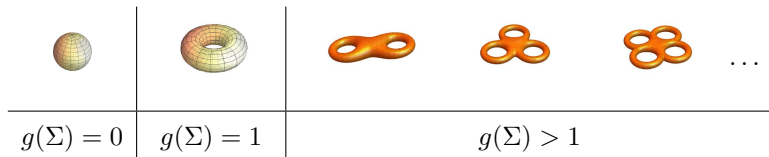
Riemann Uniformization Theorem in $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} = 1$: Trichotomy $R < 0, = 0, > 0$



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Calabi-Yau Manifolds as Algebraic Varieties

- **THM: Homog deg $n + 1$ in \mathbb{P}^n** , is Calabi-Yau $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} = n - 1$ (adjunction)
- $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} = 1$: T^2 as cubic (elliptic curve) in \mathbb{P}^2 ;
 $\dim_{\mathbb{C}} = 2$: K3 surface as quartic in \mathbb{P}^3
- CY3, immediately get 5 (cyclics): **Degree 5 in \mathbb{P}^4 (The Quintic Q)**, $[3,3]$ in \mathbb{P}^5 , $[2,4]$ in \mathbb{P}^5 , $[2,2,3]$ in \mathbb{P}^6 , $[2,2,2,2]$ in \mathbb{P}^7
- First physics challenge to algebraic geometry:
 - Particle Spectrum: Generation : $n_{27} = h^1(X, TX) = h_{\bar{\partial}}^{2,1}(X)$;
Anti-Generation : $n_{\overline{27}} = h^1(X, TX^*) = h_{\bar{\partial}}^{1,1}(X)$
 - # generations of particles = $\chi = 2(h^{1,1} - h^{2,1})$; **1986 Question: Are there Calabi-Yau threefolds with Euler number ± 6 ?** (None of our 5 obvious ones)

The First Data-sets in Mathematical Physics/Geometry

- [Candelas-A. He-Hübsch-Lutken-Schimmrigk-Berglund] (1986-1990)
 - CICYs (complete intersection CYs) multi-deg polys in products of \mathbb{CP}^{n_i} CICYs
 - Problem: *classify all configuration matrices*; employed the best computers at the time (**CERN supercomputer**); q.v. magnetic tape and dot-matrix printout in Philip's office
 - 7890 matrices, 266 Hodge pairs $(h^{1,1}, h^{2,1})$, 70 Euler $\chi \in [-200, 0]$
- [Candelas-Lynker-Schimmrigk, 1990]
 - Hypersurfaces in Weighted P4
 - 7555 inequivalent 5-vectors w_i , 2780 Hodge pairs, $\chi \in [-960, 960]$
- [Kreuzer-Skarke, mid-1990s - 2000] Reflexive Polytopes
 - Batyrev-Borisov: Hypersurfaces in (Reflexive, Gorenstein Fano) Toric 4-folds
 - 6-month running time on dual Pentium SGI machine
 - at least 473,800,776, with 30,108 distinct Hodge pairs, $\chi \in [-960, 960]$

Technically, Moses



**was the first person
with a tablet
downloading data
from the cloud**

The age of data science in mathematical physics/string theory not as recent as you might think

of course, experimental physics had been decades ahead in data-science/machine-learning

After 40 years of research by mathematicians and physicists
.....

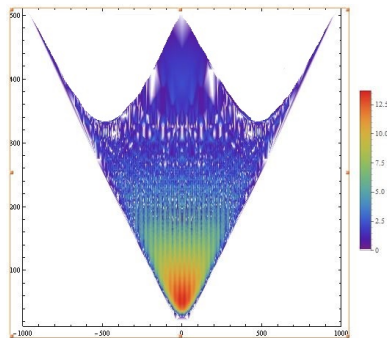
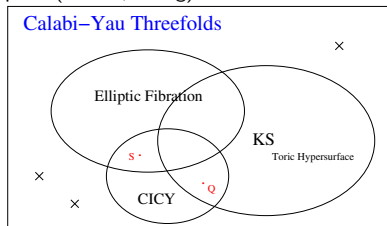
The Compact CY3 Landscape

cf. YHH, *The Calabi-Yau Landscape: from Geometry, to Physics, to*

Machine-Learning, 1812.02893, [Springer, LNM 2293, 2021]

Vienna (KS, Knapp,...), Penn (Ovrut, Cvetič, Donagi, Pantev ...), Oxford/London (Candelas, Constantin, Lukas, Mishra, YHH, ...), MIT (Taylor, Johnson, Wang, ...), Northeastern/Wits (Halverson, Long, Nelson, Jejjala, YHH), Virginia Tech (Anderson, Gray, SJ Lee, ...), Utrecht (Grimm ...), CERN (Weigand, ...), Cornell (MacAllister, Stillman), Munich (Lüst, Vaudravage), Uppsala (Larfors, Seong) ...

Georgia O'Keefe on Kreuzer-Skarke



Horizontal $\chi = 2(h^{1,1} - h^{2,1})$ vs. Vertical $h^{1,1} + h^{2,1}$

Triadophilia

Exact (MS)SM Particle Content from String Compactification

- [Braun-YHH-Ovrut-Pantev, Bouchard-Cvetic-Donagi 2005] first exact MSSM
- [Anderson-Gray-YHH-Lukas, 2007-] use alg./comp. algebraic geo & sift
- Anderson-Gray-Lukas-Ovrut-Palti ~ 200 in 10^{10} MSSM Stable Sum of Line Bundles over CICYs (Oxford-Penn-Virginia 2012-)

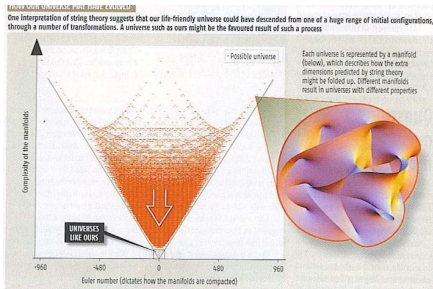
Constantin-YHH-Lukas '19: 10^{23} exact MSSMs (by extrapolation on above set)?

A Special Corner

[New Scientist, Jan, 5, 2008 feature]

P. Candelas, X. de la Ossa, YHH,
and B. Szendroi

“Triadophilia: A Special Corner of the
Landscape” ATMP, 2008



The Landscape Explosion & Vacuum Degeneracy Problem

meanwhile ... LANDSCAPE grew rapidly with

- D-branes Polchinski 1995
- M-Theory/ G_2 Witten, 1995
- F-Theory/4-folds Katz-Morrison-Vafa, 1996
- AdS/CFT Maldacena 1998
- Flux-compactification Kachru-Kalosh-Linde-Trivedi, 2003, Denef-Douglas 2005-6: $10^{\gg 500}$ possibilities ...

String theory trades one hard-problem [quantization of gravity] by another [looking for the right compactification] (in many ways a richer and more interesting problem, especially for the string/maths community)

Where we stand ...

The Good Last 10-15 years: large collaborations of physicists, computational mathematicians (cf. SageMATH, GAP, Bertini, MAGMA, Macaulay2, Singular) have bitten the bullet computed many geometrical/physical quantities and **compiled them into various databases Landscape Data** ($10^9 \sim 10^{10}$ entries typically) [links](#)

The Bad Generic computation **HARD**: dual cone algorithm (exponential), triangulation (exponential), Gröbner basis (double-exponential) ... e.g., how to construct stable bundles over the \gg 473 million KS CY3? Sifting through for SM computationally impossible ...

The ??? **Borrow new techniques from “Big Data” revolution**

A Wild Question

- Typical Problem in String Theory/Algebraic Geometry:



- Q: Can (classes of problems in computational) Algebraic Geometry be “learned” by AI ? , i.e., can we “machine-learn the landscape?”
- [YHH 1706.02714] Deep-Learning the Landscape, *PLB* 774, 2017
(*Science*, Aug, vol 365 issue 6452): Experimentally, it seems so for many situations in geometry and beyond.
- 2017
YHH (1706.02714), Seong-Krefl (1706.03346), Ruehle (1706.07024),
Carifio-Halverson-Krioukov-Nelson (1707.00655)

Progress in String Theory

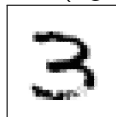
A Prototypical Question

- Hand-writing Recognition, e.g., my 0 to 9 is different from yours:

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0

- How to set up a bijection that takes these to $\{1, 2, \dots, 9, 0\}$? Find a clever Morse function? Compute persistent homology? Find topological invariants? ALL are inefficient and too sensitive to variation.
- What does your iPhone/tablet do? What does Google do? **Machine-Learn**
 - Take large sample, take a few hundred thousand (e.g. NIST database)

6 \rightarrow 6, 8 \rightarrow 8, 2 \rightarrow 2, 4 \rightarrow 4, 8 \rightarrow 8, 7 \rightarrow 7, 8 \rightarrow 8,
0 \rightarrow 0, 4 \rightarrow 4, 2 \rightarrow 2, 5 \rightarrow 5, 6 \rightarrow 6, 3 \rightarrow 3, 2 \rightarrow 2,
9 \rightarrow 9, 0 \rightarrow 0, 3 \rightarrow 3, 8 \rightarrow 8, 8 \rightarrow 8, 1 \rightarrow 1, 0 \rightarrow 0, ...

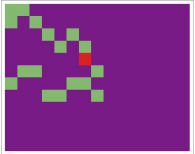


$28 \times 28 \times (RGB)$

Supervised ML in 1 min

NN Doesn't Care/Know about Alg. Geometry (1706.02714)

- Hodge Number of a Complete Intersection CY is the association rule, e.g.

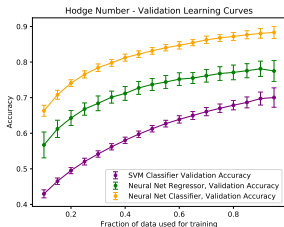
$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad h^{1,1}(X) = 8 \quad \leadsto \quad \begin{array}{c} \text{Image of } X \end{array} \longrightarrow 8$$


CICY is 12×15 integer matrix with entries $\in [0, 5]$ is simply represented as a 12×15 pixel image of 6 colours Proper Way ; ML in matter of seconds/minutes

- **Cross-Validation:** $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} - \text{Take samples of } X \rightarrow h^{1,1} \\ - \text{train a NN, or SVM} \\ - \text{Validation on } \textit{unseen} X \rightarrow h^{1,1} \end{array} \right.$

Deep-Learning Algebraic Geometry

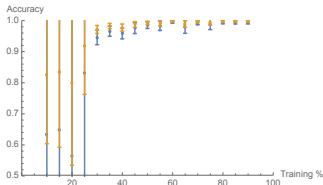
- YHH (1706.02714) Bull-YHH-Jejjala-Mishra (1806.03121, 1903.03113), Krippendorf-Syvaeri [2003.13679] Erbin-Finotello (2007.13379; Google Inception NN) YHH-Lukas [2009.02544]



Learning Hodge Number

$h^{1,1} \in [0, 19]$ so can set up 20-channel NN classifier, regressor, as well as SVM, bypass exact sequences

- YHH-SJ Lee (1904.08530): Distinguishing Elliptic Fibrations in CY3



bypass Oguiso-Kollar-Wilson Theorem/Conjecture

learning curves for precision and Matthews ϕ

More Success Stories in Algebraic Geometry

- Ruehle '17: genetic algorithm for bundle cohomology
- Halverson, Nelson, Long et al '17- programme of ML of KS data
- Brodie-Constantin-Lukas '19: EXACT formulae for line-bundle coho / complex surfaces Interpolation vs Extrapolation \leadsto Conjecture Formulation
- Ashmore-YHH-Ovrut '19: ML Calabi-Yau metric: improves Donaldson alg. for numerical CY metric by 10-100 times
- Deen-YHH-Lee-Lukas '20: Distinguishing Heterotic SMs from the sum-line-bundle database and extrapolating beyond
- q.v. K. Hashimoto '18: AdS/CFT = Boltzmann Machine;
Halverson-Maiti-Stoner '20: QFT = NN; de Mello-Koch '19: NN = RG
- ... *ML now a standard programme in string community since 2017*

Machine Learning Mathematical Structures

Why stop at string/geometry?

Review: YHH 2101.06317

Question

- Parallel to the **ATP** programme of **Coq**, **Lean**, **Xena** ... (Buzzard, Davenport, et al) how to put in a little intuition and human results? If I gave you 100,000 cases of

e.g.
$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 \\ 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 \\ 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 & 17 \\ 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 & 17 & 18 \\ 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 & 17 & 18 & 19 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \text{or, labeled data e.g. } \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 \\ 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 \\ 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 \\ 6 & 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 \\ 7 & 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 \\ 8 & 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 & 17 \\ 9 & 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 & 17 & 18 \\ 10 & 11 & 12 & 13 & 14 & 15 & 16 & 17 & 18 & 19 \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow 3$$

- Q: Is there a pattern? Can one conjecture & then prove a formula?
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- Perfect for **machine-learning**; Focus on labeled case/supervised ML because it encodes WHAT is interesting to calculate (if not how).

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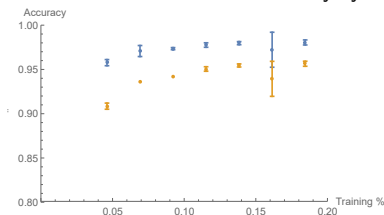
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Representation/Group Theory

- ML Algebraic Structures [YHH-MH. Kim 1905.02263]
 - When is a Latin Square (Sudoku) the Cayley (multiplication) table of a finite group? (rmk: there is a known quadrangle-thm to test this) NN/SVM find to 94.9% ($\phi = 0.90$) at 25-75 cross-validation.
 - Can one look at the Cayley table and recognize a **finite simple group**?



- bypass Sylow and Noether Thm
 - **SVM**: space of finite-groups
(point-cloud of Cayley tables), \exists hypersurface separating
simple/non-simple?
- ML Lie Structure Chen-YHH-Lal-Majumder [2011.00871]
Guessing at length of irrep decomp / tensor product: $\sim 0.88 - 0.97$

Combinatorics, Graph/Quivers, Symmetries

- [YHH-ST. Yau 2006.16619] (Wolfram Finite simple graphs DB)
 - ML standard graph properties: acyclic? (0.95); planar? (0.8); genus $>, =, < 0$? (0.8); \exists Hamilton/Euler cycles (~ 0.8)
 - spectral bounds ($R^2 \sim 0.9$) ...
 - Recognition of Ricci-Flatness (0.9) (todo: find new Ricci-flat graphs);
- [Bao-Franco-YHH-Hirst-Musiker-Xiao 2006.10783]: categorizing different quiver mutation (Seiberg-dual) classes (0.9 - 1.0)
- [Chen-YHH-Lal-Zas 2006.16114]: even/odd/reflection sym (>0.99); distinguishing CFT 3pt functions (>0.99); Fourier coefficients / conformal block presence (>0.97) ... (q.v. [Krippendorf-Syvaeri 2003.13679])
- NB. Only “solving” the likes of traveling salesman (similarly Groebner bases in geom) stochastically

Number Theory: A Reprobate?


- **Arithmetic** (prime numbers are Difficult!)
 - [YHH 1706.02714, 1812.02893:] Predicting primes tried supervised ML on $2 \rightarrow 3$, $2, 3 \rightarrow 5$, $2, 3, 5 \rightarrow 7$; fixed window of $(\text{yes/no})_{1,2,\dots,k}$ to $(\text{yes/no})_{k+1}$, no breaking banks yet (expect same for Riemann zeroes)
 - [Alessandretti-Baronchelli-YHH 1911.02008] (LMFdb/Cremona Database) ML/TDA@Birch-Swinnerton-Dyer *New Scientist* feature Dec 9 III and Ω ok with regression & decision trees: $\text{RMS} < 0.1$; Weierstrass \rightarrow rank: random
- **Arithmetic Geometry** (Surprisingly)
 - [Hirst-YHH-Peterken 2004.05218]: adjacency of dessin d'enfants (Grothendieck's Esquisse for Abs. Galois) \rightarrow transcendental degree (>0.9)
 - YHH-KH Lee-Oliver, 2010.01213: ML Sato-Tate (>0.99) 2011.08958: ML Number Fields (>0.97)

Meta-mathematics/physics?

[YHH-Jejjala-Nelson] “hep-th” 1807.00735

- **Word2Vec**: [Mikolov et al., '13] NN which maps words in sentences to a vector space **by context** (much better than word-frequency, quickly adopted by Google); maximize (partition function) over all words with sliding window ($W_{1,2}$ weights of 2 layers, C_α window size, D # windows)

$$Z(W_1, W_2) := \frac{1}{|D|} \sum_{\alpha=1}^{|D|} \log \prod_{c=1}^{C_\alpha} \frac{\exp([\vec{x}_c]^T \cdot W_1 \cdot W_2)}{\sum_{j=1}^V \exp([\vec{x}_c]^T \cdot W_1 \cdot W_2)}$$

- We downloaded all $\sim 10^6$ titles of hep-th, hep-ph, gr-qc, math-ph, hep-lat from ArXiv since the beginning (1989) till end of 2017 
(rmk: Ginsparg has been doing a version of linguistic ML on ArXiv)
(rmk: abs and full texts in future)

Subfields on ArXiv has own linguistic particulars

- Linear Syntactical Identities

bosonic + string-theory = open-string

holography + quantum + string + ads = extremal-black-hole

string-theory + calabi-yau = m-theory + g2

space + black-hole = geometry + gravity ...

- binary **classification** (Word2Vec + SVM) of formal (hep-th, math-ph, gr-qc) vs phenomenological (hep-ph, hep-lat) : 87.1% accuracy (5-fold classification 65.1% accuracy). [ArXiv classifications](#)

- Cf. **Tshitoyan et al.**, “Unsupervised word embeddings capture latent knowledge from materials science literature”, **Nature** July, 2019: 3.3. million materials-science abstracts; uncovers structure of periodic table, predicts discoveries of new thermoelectric materials years in advance, and suggests as-yet unknown materials

Summary and Outlook

- PHYSICS**
- Use AI (Neural Networks, SVMs, Regressor ...) as
 1. **Classifier** deep-learn and categorize **landscape data**
 2. **Predictor** estimate results **beyond computational power**
- MATHS**
- how is AI doing maths w/o knowing any maths? (Alg Geo/ \mathbb{C} , combinatorics, RT = integer matrices, NT ??)
 1. **Predictor** form new conjectures/formulae
 2. **Classifier** stochastically do NP-hard problems
 - **Hierarchy of Difficulty ML struggles with:**
numerical < **algebraic geometry over \mathbb{C}** <
combinatorics/algebra < **number theory**

Semantics vs Syntax

- [Boris Zilber](#) [Merton Professor of Logic, Oxford]: “you’ve managed syntax without semantics...”

Alpha Go	→	Alpha Zero
ML	→	Voevodsky’s Dream; Automated Thm Pf

- [Renner et al.](#), PRL/Nature News, 2019:
ML (*SciNet*, *autoencoder*)
- [Lample-Charton](#), 2019: ML Symbolic
manipulations in mathematics
- [Tegmark et al.](#), 2019 AI Feynman, symb
regressor
- [Raayoni et al.](#) 2020 Ramanujan-Machine



Sophia (Hanson Robotics, HK)

1st non-human citizen (2017, Saudi)

1st non-human with UN title (2017)

1st String Data Conference (2017)

THANK YOU

- Paolo Di Vecchia: *String theory is a piece of 21st century physics that happened to fall into the 20th century ...*
- Edward Witten: *piece of 21st century mathematics that happened to begin in the 20th century ...*
- K. Buzzard, H. Davenport, A. Kasprzyk, : *Letting AI/ML do mathematics could well be the standard for the 22nd century ...*

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Digressions

$\chi(\Sigma) = 2$	$\chi(\Sigma) = 0$	$\chi(\Sigma) < 0$
Spherical	Ricci-Flat	Hyperbolic
+ curvature	0 curvature	– curvature
Fano	Calabi-Yau	General Type

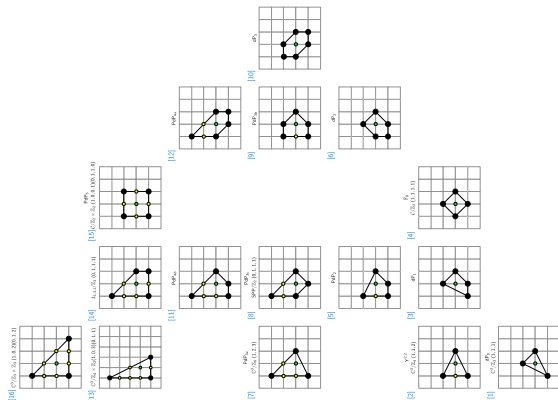
- Euler, Gauss, Riemann, Bourbaki, Atiyah-Singer ... \leadsto generalize

$$\chi(\Sigma) = 2 - 2g(\Sigma) = [c_1(\Sigma)] \cdot [\Sigma] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{\Sigma} R = \sum_{i=0}^2 (-1)^i h^i(\Sigma)$$

- CONJECTURE [E. Calabi, 1954, 1957] / Thm [ST. Yau, 1977-8] M compact Kähler manifold (g, ω) and $([R] = [c_1(M)])_{H^{1,1}(M)}$. Then $\exists! (\tilde{g}, \tilde{\omega})$ such that $([\omega] = [\tilde{\omega}])_{H^2(M; \mathbb{R})}$ and $Ricci(\tilde{\omega}) = R$.
- Strominger & Yau were neighbours at IAS in 1985: CHSW named Ricci-Flat Kähler as **Calabi-Yau** [Back](#)

16 Reflexive Polygons

Back to Reflexives



classify convex lattice polytopes with single interior point and all faces are distance 1 therefrom (up to $SL(n; \mathbb{Z})$)

Kreuzer-Skarke: 4319 reflexive polyhedra, 473,800,776 reflexive 4-polytopes,
Skarke: next number is at least 185,269,499,015.

Heterotic Comp: Recent Development

- E_6 GUTs a toy, $SU(5)$ and $SO(10)$ GUTs and SM: general embedding
 - Instead of TX , use (poly-)stable holomorphic vector bundle V
 - Gauge group $(V) = G = SU(n)$, $n = 3, 4, 5$, gives $H = \text{Commutant}(G, E_8)$:

$E_8 \rightarrow G \times H$	Breaking Pattern		
$SU(3) \times E_6$	248	\rightarrow	$(1, 78) \oplus (3, 27) \oplus (\bar{3}, \bar{27}) \oplus (8, 1)$
$SU(4) \times SO(10)$	248	\rightarrow	$(1, 45) \oplus (4, 16) \oplus (\bar{4}, \bar{16}) \oplus (6, 10) \oplus (15, 1)$
$SU(5) \times SU(5)$	248	\rightarrow	$(1, 24) \oplus (5, \bar{10}) \oplus (\bar{5}, 10) \oplus (10, 5) \oplus (\bar{10}, \bar{5}) \oplus (24, 1)$

- MSSM: $H \xrightarrow{\text{Wilson Line}} SU(3) \times SU(2) \times U(1)$
- Issues in low-energy physics \sim Precise questions in Alg Geo of (X, V)
 - Particle Content \sim (tensor powers) V Bundle Cohomology on X
 - LE SUSY \sim Hermitian Yang-Mills connection \sim Bundle Stability
 - Yukawa \sim Trilinear (Yoneda) composition
 - Doublet-Triplet splitting \sim representation of fundamental group of X

Various Databases

- **Kreuzer-Skarke:** <http://hep.itp.tuwien.ac.at/~kreuzer/CY/>
 - new PALP: Braun-Walliser: ArXiv 1106.4529
 - Triang: Altmann-YHH-Jejjala-Nelson: <http://www.rossealtman.com/>
- **CICYs:** resurrected Anderson-Gray-YHH-Lukas, <http://www-thphys.physics.ox.ac.uk/projects/CalabiYau/cicylist/index.html>
- q.v. other databases of interesting to the math/physics community:
 - Graded Rings/Varieties:** Brown, Kasprzyk, et al. <http://www.grdb.co.uk/>
 - Finite Groups/Rings:** GAP <https://www.gap-system.org/>
 - Modular Forms:** Sutherland, Cremona et al. <https://www.lmfdb.org/>
 - Knots & Invariants:** KnotAtlas <http://katlas.org/> [Return](#)

...

Major International Annual Conference Series

1986- First “Strings” Conference

2002- First “StringPheno” Conference

2006 - 2010 String Vacuum Project (NSF)

2011- First “String-Math” Conference

2014- First String/Theoretical Physics Session in SIAM Conference

2017- First “String-Data” Conference

A Single Neuron: The Perceptron

- began in 1957 (!!) in early AI experiments (using CdS photo-cells)
- DEF: Imitates a **neuron**: activates upon certain inputs, so define
 - Activation Function $f(z_i)$ for input tensor z_i for some multi-index i ;
 - consider: $f(w_i z_i + b)$ with w_i weights and b bias/off-set;
 - typically, $f(z)$ is sigmoid, Tanh, etc.
- Given **training data**: $D = \{(x_i^{(j)}, d^{(j)})\}$ with input x_i and **known output** $d^{(j)}$, minimize

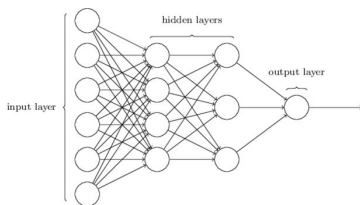
$$SD = \sum_j \left(f\left(\sum_i w_i x_i^{(j)} + b\right) - d^{(j)} \right)^2$$

to find optimal w_i and $b \rightsquigarrow$ “learning”, then check against **Validation Data**

- Essentially (non-linear) regression

The Neural Network: network of neurons \leadsto the “brain”

- DEF: a **connected graph**, each node is a perceptron (*Implemented on Mathematica ≥ 11.1 / TensorFlow-Keras on Python*)
 - 1 adjustable weights/bias;
 - 2 distinguished nodes: 1 set for input and 1 for output;
 - 3 iterated training rounds.



Simple case: forward directed only,
called **multilayer perceptron**

Many Layers : DEEP Learning

Connectivity \leadsto Emergence of Complexity

- Essentially how brain learns complex tasks; **apply to our Landscape Data**

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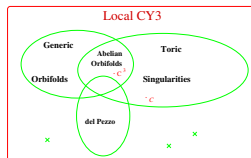
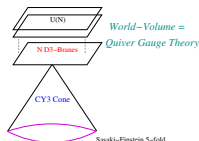
$$M = \left[\begin{array}{c|cccc} n_1 & q_1^1 & q_1^2 & \cdots & q_1^K \\ n_2 & q_2^1 & q_2^2 & \cdots & q_2^K \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ n_m & q_m^1 & q_m^2 & \cdots & q_m^K \end{array} \right]_{m \times K}$$

- Complete Intersection Calabi-Yau (CICY) 3-folds
- K eqns of multi-degree $q_j^i \in \mathbb{Z}_{\geq 0}$
embedded in $\mathbb{P}^{n_1} \times \dots \times \mathbb{P}^{n_m}$
- $c_1(X) = 0 \leadsto \sum_{j=1}^K q_r^j = n_r + 1$
- M^T also CICY

- The Quintic $Q = [4|5]_{-200}^{1,101}$ (or simply $[5]$);
- CICYs Central to string pheno in the 1st decade [Distler, Greene, Ross, et al.]
 E_6 GUTS unfavoured; Many exotics: e.g. 6 entire anti-generations

AdS/CFT as a Quiver Rep/Moduli Variety Corr.

a 20-year prog. joint with **A. Hanany**, S. Franco, B. Feng, et al.



D-Brane Gauge Theory
(SCFT encoded as quiver)



Vacuum Space as affine Variety

- $(\mathcal{N} = 4 \text{ SYM}) \left(\text{quiver with 3 nodes } x, y, z, W = \text{Tr}([x, y], z) \right) \longleftrightarrow \mathbb{C}^3 = \text{Cone}(S^5)$ [Maldacena]

- THM [(P) Feng, Franco, Hanany, YHH, Kennaway, Martelli, Mekareeya, Seong, Sparks, Vafa, Vegh, Yamazaki,

Zaffaroni ... (M) R. Bockland, N. Broomhead, A. Craw, A. King, G. Musiker, K. Ueda ...] (coherent

component of) representation variety of a quiver is toric CY3 iff quiver + superpotential graph dual to a bipartite graph on T^2

[Back to Landscape](#)

combinatorial data/lattice polytopes \longleftrightarrow gauge thty data as quivers/graphs

Computing Hodge Numbers $\mathcal{O}(e^{e^d})$

- Recall Hodge decomposition $H^{p,q}(X) \simeq H^q(X, \wedge^p T^*X) \sim$

$$H^{1,1}(X) = H^1(X, T_X^*), \quad H^{2,1}(X) \simeq H^{1,2} = H^2(X, T_X^*) \simeq H^1(X, T_X)$$

- Euler Sequence** for subvariety $X \subset A$ is short exact:

$$0 \rightarrow T_X \rightarrow T_M|_X \rightarrow N_X \rightarrow 0$$

- Induces **long exact sequence in cohomology**:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} 0 & \rightarrow & H^0(X, T_X) & \xrightarrow{\quad} & H^0(X, T_A|_X) & \rightarrow & H^0(X, N_X) \rightarrow \\ & & \boxed{H^1(X, T_X)} & \xrightarrow{d} & H^1(X, T_A|_X) & \rightarrow & H^1(X, N_X) \rightarrow \\ & & H^2(X, T_X) & \rightarrow & \dots & & \end{array}$$

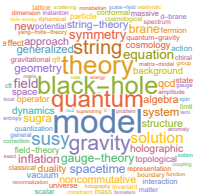
- Need to compute $\text{Rk}(d)$, cohomology and $H^i(X, T_A|_X)$ (Cf. Hübsch)

Deep Connections

- K. Hashimoto 2019-: $\text{AdS/CFT} = \text{Boltzmann Machine}$;
- Halverson-Maiti-Stoner 2020: $\text{QFT} = \text{NN}$;
- de Mello-Koch 2020: $\text{NN} = \text{RG}$;
- Vanchurin 2008: $\text{Universe} = \text{NN}$.

[Back to ML Maths](#)

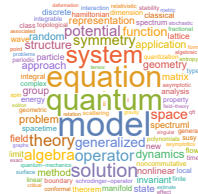
ArXiv Word-Clouds



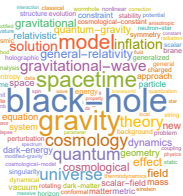
hep-th



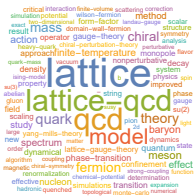
hep-ph



math-ph

[Back to Word2Vec](#)

gr-qc



hep-lat

Classifying Titles

Compare, + non-physics sections, non-science (Times), pseudo-science (viXra)

Actual \ Word2Vec + SVM	1	2	3	4	5
1	40.2	6.5	8.7	24.0	20.6
2	7.8	65.8	12.9	9.1	4.4
3	7.5	11.3	72.4	1.5	7.4
4	12.4	4.4	1.0	72.1	10.2
5	10.9	2.2	4.0	7.8	75.1

{
1 : hep-th
2 : hep-ph
3 : hep-lat
4 : gr-qc
5 : math-ph

Actual \ NN	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
viXra-hep	11.5	47.4	6.8	13.	11.	4.5	0.2	0.3	2.2	3.1
viXra-qgst	13.3	14.5	1.5	54.	8.4	1.8	0.1	1.1	2.8	3.

6: cond-mat, 7: q-fin, 8: stat, 9: q-bio, 10: Times of India

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