

Hadron Spectroscopy from GlueX to the EIC

Volker Credé

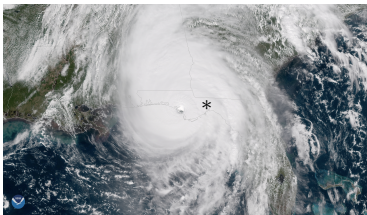
Florida State University, Tallahassee, FL *

The Spectroscopy Program at EIC and Future Accelerators

ECT* Workshop

Trento, Italy

12/19/2018



Outline

- 1 Introduction
 - Non-Perturbative QCD
- 2 Hadron Spectroscopy at Jefferson Lab
 - First Results from GlueX
- 3 Hyperon Spectroscopy
- 4 Spectroscopy from GlueX to EIC
 - Lattice Calculations: Ξ^* and Ω Spectrum
 - (Doubly-) Charmed Baryons

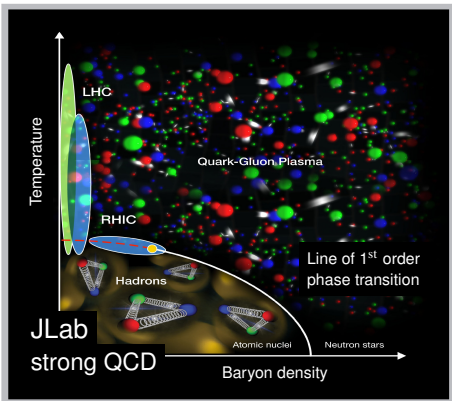


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QCD Phases and the Study of Baryon Resonances

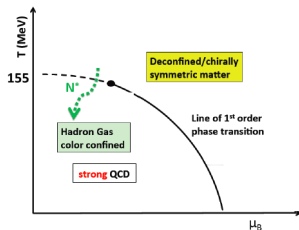


- Chiral symmetry is broken
- Quarks acquire mass
- Baryon resonances occur
- Color confinement emerges

QGP



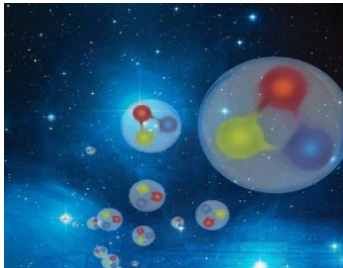
hadron
phase



RPP (u, d, s, c) baryons not sufficient to describe freeze-out behavior.

(e.g. A. Bazavov *et al.*, PRL **113** (2014) 7, 072001)

Non-Perturbative QCD



How does QCD give rise to excited hadrons?

- 1 What is the origin of confinement?
- 2 How are confinement and chiral symmetry breaking connected?
- 3 What role do gluonic excitations play in the spectroscopy of light mesons, and can they help explain quark confinement?

Baryons: What are the fundamental degrees of freedom inside a nucleon? Constituent quarks? How do the degrees change with varying quark masses?

Mesons: What are the properties of the predicted states beyond simple quark-antiquark systems (hybrid mesons, glueballs, tetraquarks, ...)?

→ **Gluonic Excitations provide a measurement of the excited QCD potential.**

Hybrid baryons are also possible ...

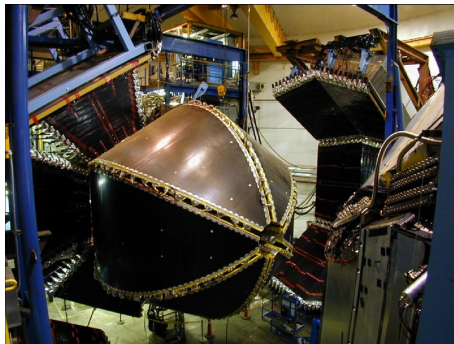
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CLAS (6 GeV) at JLab 1998 - 2012



Double-Polarization Experiments

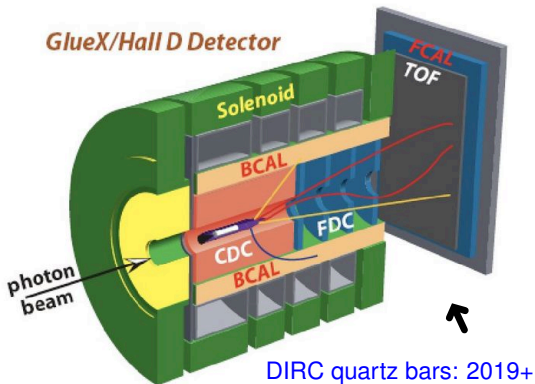


Photo-/electroproduction experiments in search for N^* states and measurement of the transition amplitudes.

← CLAS FROST

Hadron Spectroscopy

- $\pi + \text{Nucleus}$
- γp *Photoproduction*
- $e^+ e^-$
- $\bar{p} p$



The GlueX Collaboration

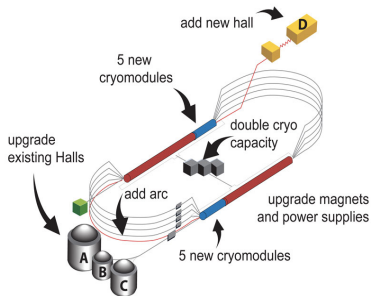
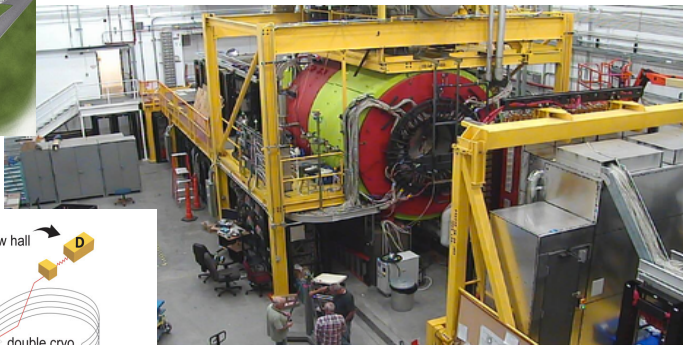
- ~ 130 members, 28 institutions
(USA, Chile, China, Armenia, Greece, Russia, UK)
- Production data-taking in full swing (Phase I)
- First physics published in 2017



Jefferson Lab Upgrade to 12 GeV



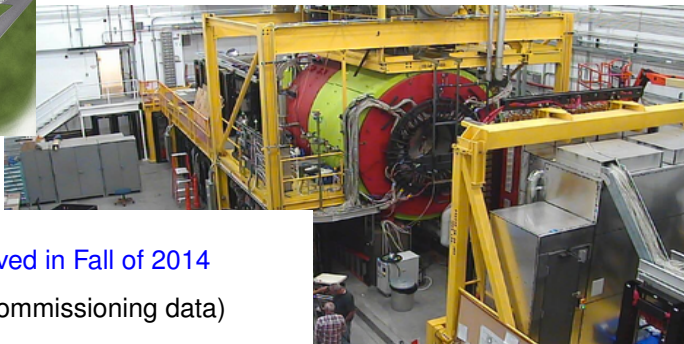
Hall D



- Linearly-polarized γ 's: $P_\gamma \approx 40\%$ in peak
- Design intensity $< 10^8$ photons/sec. in peak
- Incident-photon energy resolution < 25 MeV



Hall D



Jefferson Lab Upgrade to 12 GeV

10.1 GeV achieved in Fall of 2014

2016: 10 pb^{-1} (commissioning data)

2017: 45 pb^{-1} (first physics data)

→ Used for most physics analyses

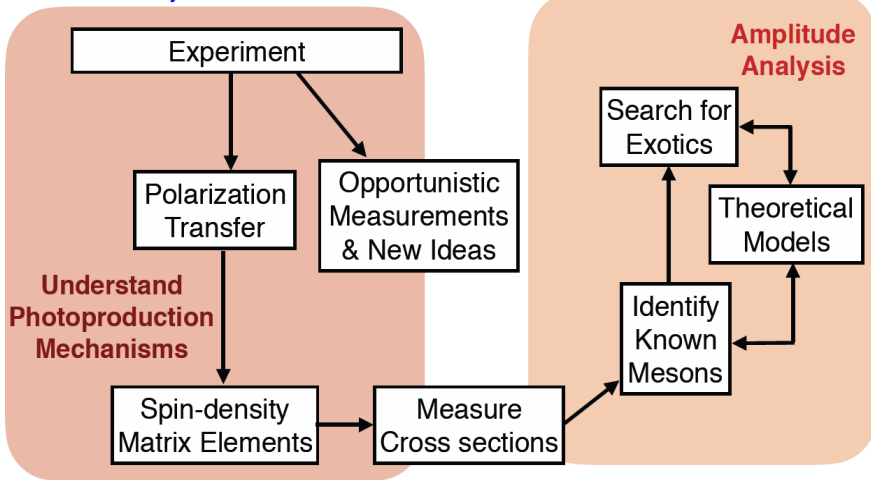
2018: 100 pb^{-1} (Spring data)

→ GlueX Phase-I completed this Fall



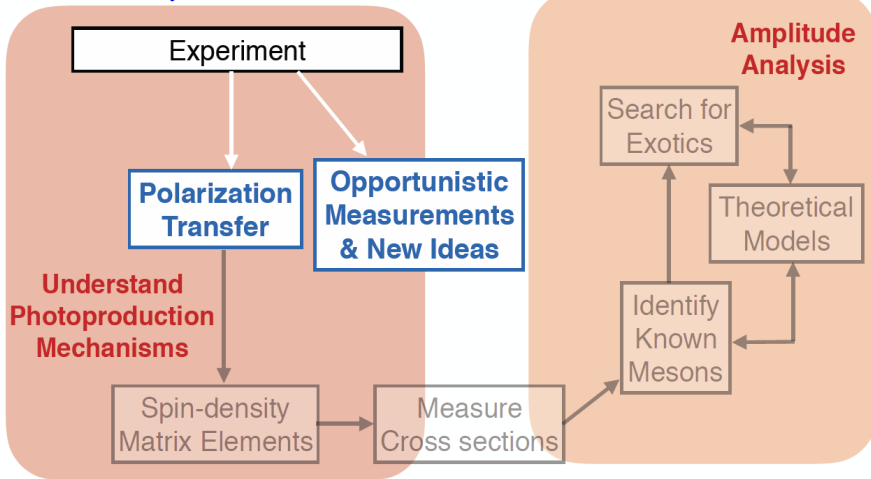
Spectroscopy and Amplitude Analysis

Courtesy of Sean Dobbs

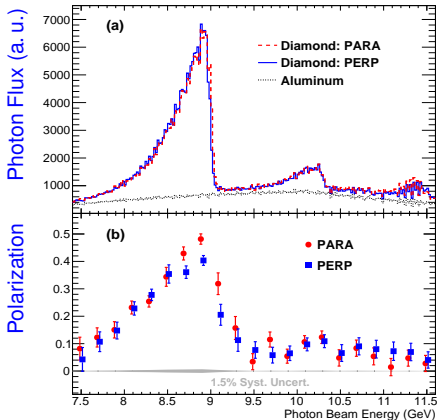


Spectroscopy and Amplitude Analysis

Courtesy of Sean Dobbs



First GlueX "Physics:" Initial Analyses



← H. Al Ghouli *et al.*, PRC **95**, 042201 (2017)

Detector Understanding:

$$\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^0$$

$$\gamma p \rightarrow p \eta$$

→ Beam Asymmetries

$$\gamma p \rightarrow p \rho$$

$$\gamma p \rightarrow p \omega$$

$$\gamma p \rightarrow p \eta'$$

$$\gamma p \rightarrow p \phi$$

Initial Exotic
 Hybrid Searches

$$\gamma p \rightarrow \eta \pi (n, p)$$

$$\gamma p \rightarrow \eta' \pi (n, p)$$

$$\gamma p \rightarrow \rho \pi (n, p)$$

$$\gamma p \rightarrow \omega \pi (n, p)$$

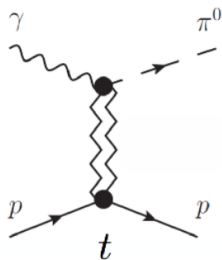
$$\gamma p \rightarrow \omega \pi \pi (n, p)$$

$$\gamma p \rightarrow \eta \pi \pi (n, p)$$

Strange Baryons: $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda, K \Sigma, K K \Xi$

Measurement of Beam Asymmetries: $\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^0$

Beam Asymmetry, Σ , yields information on production mechanism



Exchange of J^{PC}

$$1^{--} : \omega, \rho$$

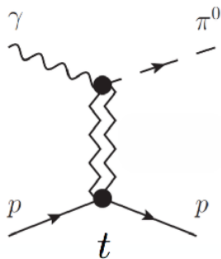
$$1^{+-} : b, h$$

$$\Sigma = \frac{|\omega + \rho| - |h + b|}{|\omega + \rho| + |h + b|}$$

V. Mathieu *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **92**, no. 7, 074004 (2015)

Measurement of Beam Asymmetries: $\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^0$

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Exchange of J^{PC}

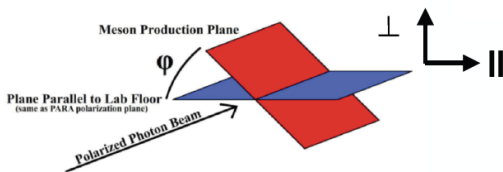
$$1^{--} : \omega, \rho$$

$$1^{+-} : b, h$$

$$\Sigma = \frac{|\omega + \rho| - |h + b|}{|\omega + \rho| + |h + b|}$$

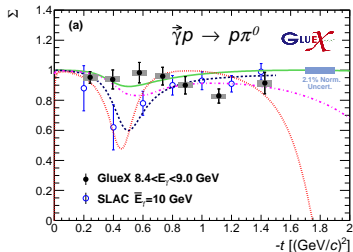
Experimentally:

$$\frac{Y_{\perp} - F_R Y_{\parallel}}{Y_{\perp} + F_R Y_{\parallel}} = P_{\gamma} \Sigma \cos 2\phi_p$$



V. Mathieu *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **92**, no. 7, 074004 (2015)

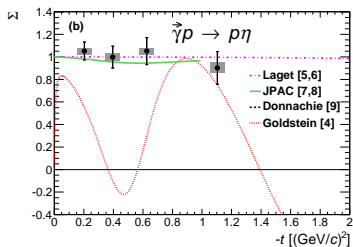
Measurement of Beam Asymmetries: $\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^0 / \eta$



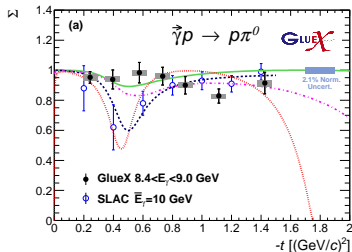
H. Al Ghouli *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **95**, no. 4, 042201 (2017)

Significantly improved data quality

- First-time measurement of the η beam asymmetry for $8.4 < E_\gamma < 9.0$ GeV.
- Beam asymmetry close to unity: $\Sigma \approx 1$
 → Dominance of vector-meson exchange.
- Comparison with Regge calculations contributes to understanding of production mechanisms at high photon energies.
 → Step toward search for exotic mesons.



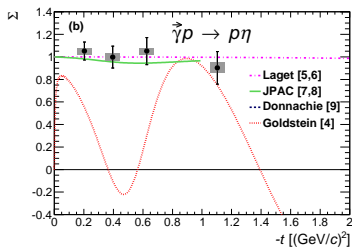
Measurement of Beam Asymmetries: $\gamma p \rightarrow p \pi^0 / \eta$



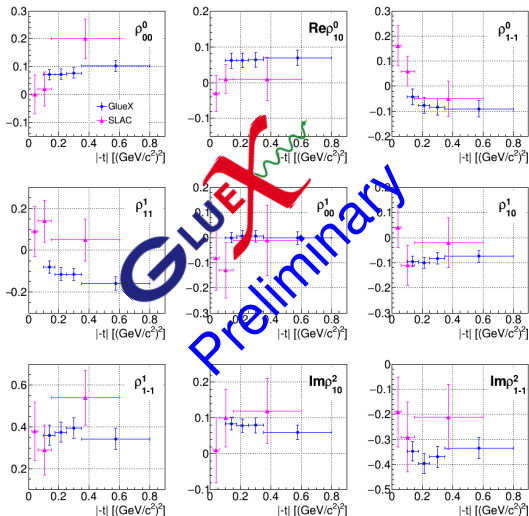
H. Al Ghouli *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **95**, no. 4, 042201 (2017)

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 → Step toward search for exotic mesons.
- Next in line: $\gamma p \rightarrow p \eta / \eta', K\Sigma, K\Lambda(1520), \pi^- \Delta^{++}, \dots$



Cross Sections & SDMEs for $\gamma p \rightarrow p \omega \rightarrow p \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$



At high energies and forward scattering, ω reaction dominated by t -channel exchanges:

- Spin density matrix elements (SDME) used to describe polarization of photoproduced meson.
- The two matrix elements ρ_{1-1}^1 and $\text{Im } \rho_{1-1}^2$ particularly sensitive to exchange particle.
- **P** exchange surprisingly strong at low energies.

Cross Sections & SDMEs for $\gamma p \rightarrow p \omega \rightarrow p \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$

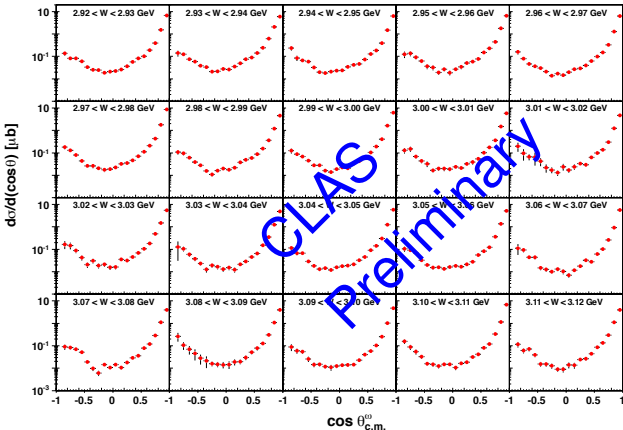
New cross section results
 in 10-MeV-wide W bins for

$1.15 < E_\gamma < 5.40$ GeV, or
 $1.75 < W < 3.32$ GeV

→ Need theory support to
 understand physics at
 these high energies!!

Working with JPAC.
 (V. Mathieu *et al.*)
 (SDMEs under review)

→ Data of unprecedented quality



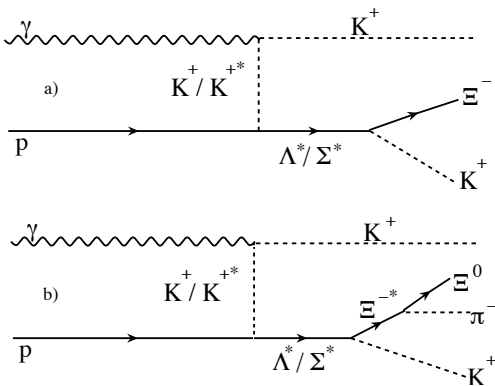
Z. Akbar *et al.* [CLAS Collaboration], under review.

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Possible Production Mechanisms



$K^+(\Xi^- K^+)$, $K^+(\Xi^0 K^0)$, $K^0(\Xi^0 K^+)$

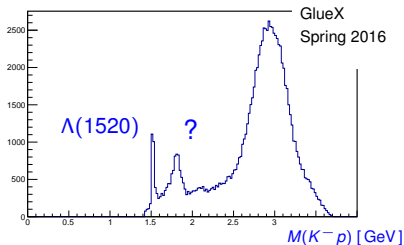
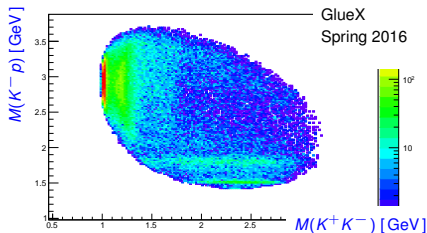
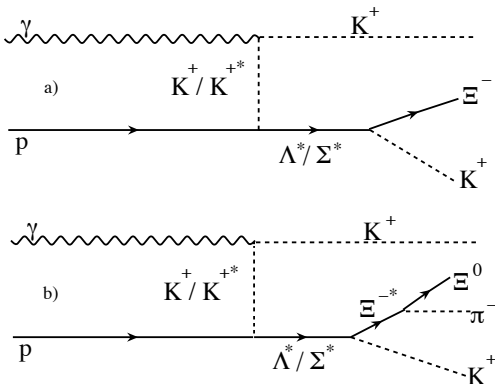
→ Cross sections, beam asymmetries
 (similar to $p\pi\pi$ & pKK^*)

At other facilities (for comparison):

$K^- p \rightarrow K^+ \Xi^{*-}$	J-PARC
$K_L p \rightarrow K^+ \Xi^{*0}$	Hall D ?
$pp \rightarrow \Xi^* X$	LHCb
$\bar{p}p \rightarrow \Xi^* \bar{\Xi}$	PANDA
$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \Xi^* X$	Belle II, BES III

* W. Roberts *et al.*, Phys. Rev. C **71**, 055201 (2005)

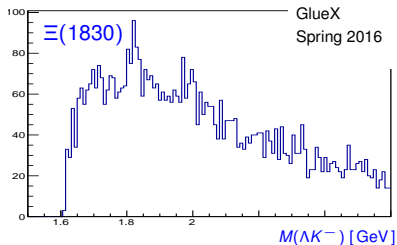
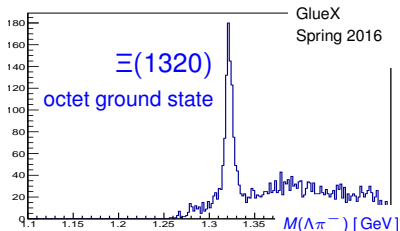
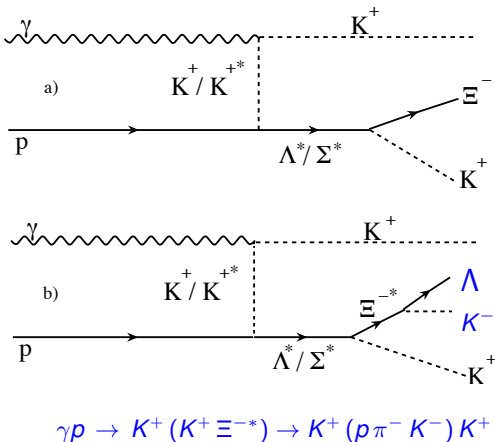
Possible Production Mechanisms



Courtesy of Sean Dobbs



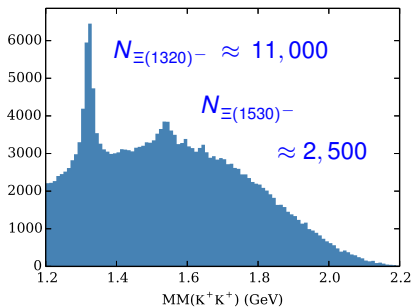
Possible Production Mechanisms



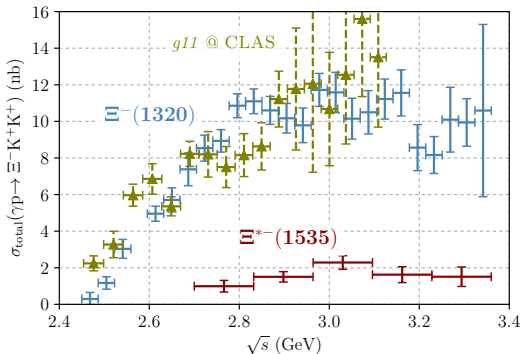
Courtesy of Ashley Ernst (FSU)

CLAS g12: Total Cross Sections of $(\Xi^-)^*$

$2.31 < \sqrt{s} < 3.4$ GeV



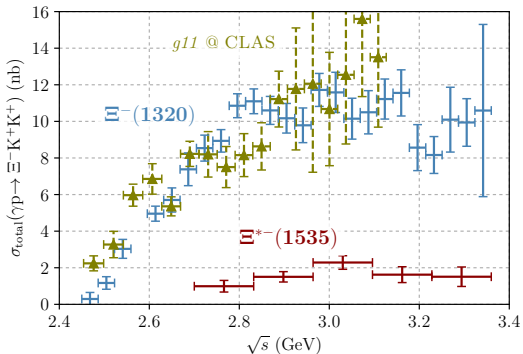
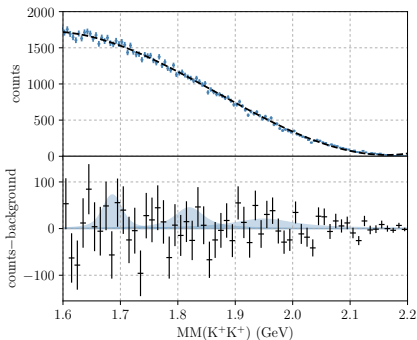
J. T. Goetz *et al.* [CLAS Collaboration],
 arXiv:1809.00074 [nucl-ex].



No statistically significant structures
 beyond the 1530 MeV peak: different
 reaction (production) mechanism for
 Ξ^* states?

CLAS g12: Total Cross Sections of $(\Xi^-)^*$

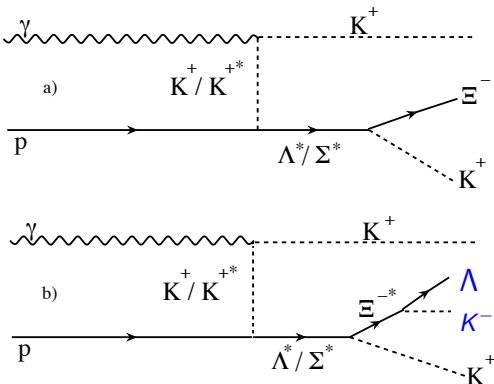
arXiv:1809.00074 [nucl-ex]



Upper Limits (integrated over all energies):

- (1) $\Xi(1690)$: 0.75 nb (2) $\Xi(1820)$: 1.01 nb (3) $\Xi(1950)$: 1.58 nb

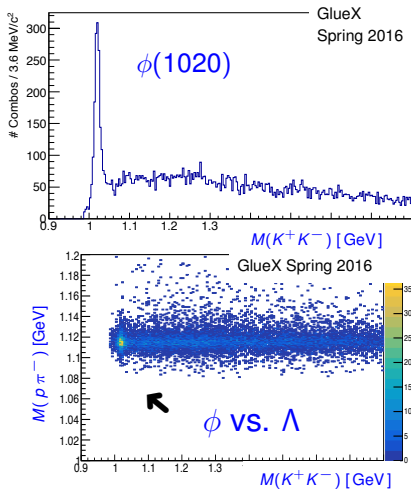
Possible Production Mechanisms



$$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ (\Lambda K^+ K^-)$$

- 1) $K^+ (\Xi^- K^+)$, 2) $K^+ (\Lambda \phi)$

Courtesy of Ashley Ernst (FSU)

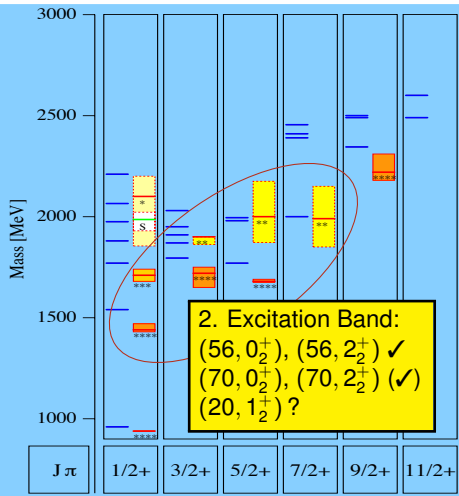


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Spectrum of N^* Resonances



V. C. & W. Roberts, Rep. Prog. Phys. 76 (2013)

N^*	$J^P (L_{2l,2J})$	2010	2018
$N(1440)$	$1/2^+ (P_{11})$	****	****
$N(1520)$	$3/2^- (D_{13})$	****	****
$N(1535)$	$1/2^- (S_{11})$	****	****
$N(1650)$	$1/2^- (S_{11})$	****	****
$N(1675)$	$5/2^- (D_{15})$	****	****
$N(1680)$	$5/2^+ (F_{15})$	****	****
$N(1685)$			*
$N(1700)$	$3/2^- (D_{13})$	***	**
$N(1710)$	$1/2^+ (P_{11})$	***	*****
$N(1720)$	$3/2^+ (P_{13})$	****	****
$N(1860)$	$5/2^+$		**
$N(1875)$	$3/2^-$		***
$N(1880)$	$1/2^+$		***
$N(1895)$	$1/2^-$		*****
$N(1900)$	$3/2^+ (P_{13})$	**	**
$N(1990)$	$7/2^+ (F_{17})$	**	**
$N(2000)$	$5/2^+ (F_{15})$	**	**
$N(2080)$	D_{13}	**	
$N(2090)$	S_{11}	*	
$N(2040)$	$3/2^+$		*
$N(2060)$	$5/2^-$		***
$N(2100)$	$1/2^+ (P_{11})$	*	***
$N(2120)$	$3/2^-$		***
$N(2190)$	$7/2^- (G_{17})$	****	****
$N(2200)$	D_{15}	**	

13/2-

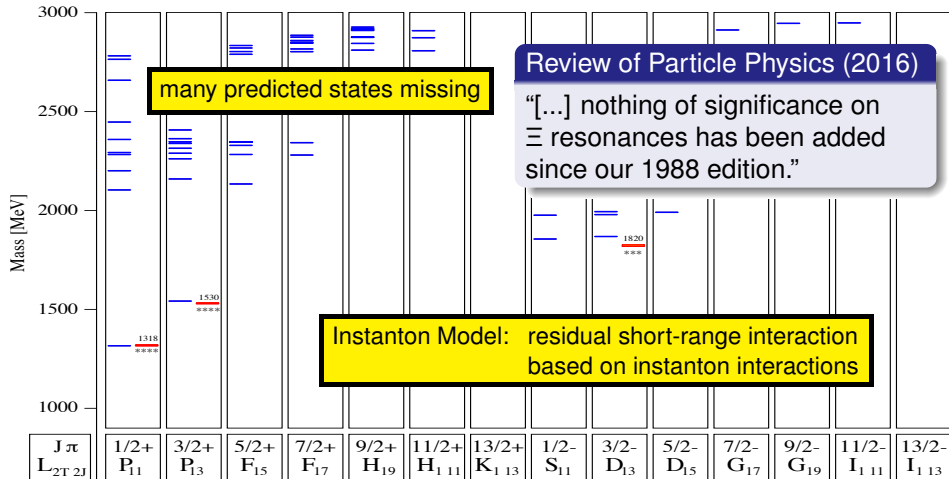
The impact of photoproduction on baryon resonances		Decay modes of nucleon resonances										Existence is certain.			
		black: red: blue:	PDG 2004	PDG 2018	BESIII resonances	****	***	**	*	****	***	**	*	****	***
	overall	$N\gamma$	$N\pi$	$\Delta\pi$	$N\sigma$	$N\eta$	ΛK	ΣK	$N\rho$	$N\omega$	$N\eta'$	$N_{1440}\pi$	$N_{1520}\pi$	$N_{1535}\pi$	$N_{1680}\pi$
N	$1/2^+$	****													
$N(1440)$	$1/2^+$	****	****	****	****	***									
$N(1520)$	$3/2^-$	****	****	****	****	***									
$N(1535)$	$1/2^-$	****	****	****	***	*	****								
$N(1650)$	$1/2^-$	****	****	****	****	*	****	***				*			
$N(1675)$	$5/2^-$	****	****	****	****	***	*	*		**			*		
$N(1680)$	$5/2^+$	****	****	****	****	***	*		***						
$N(1700)$	$3/2^-$	***	**	**	**	**	*	**	*	*					
$N(1710)$	$1/2^+$	****	****	****	**		***	**	*	*					*
$N(1720)$	$3/2^+$	****	****	****	****	*	****	*	**	*					
$N(1860)$	$5/2^+$	**	*	**		*	*	*	*	*					
$N(1875)$	$3/2^-$	***	**	**	*	**	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	
$N(1880)$	$1/2^+$	***	**	*	**	*	**	**	**	**				*	
$N(1895)$	$1/2^-$	****	****	*	*	*	****	**	*	*	****	*			
$N(1900)$	$3/2^+$	****	****	**	**	*	**	**	**	*	*	**	*	*	
$N(1990)$	$7/2^+$	**	**	**	*	*	*	**	**	*					
$N(2000)$	$5/2^+$	**	**	**	**	*	*	*	*	*					
$N(2040)$	$3/2^+$	*		*											
$N(2060)$	$5/2^-$	***	***	**	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
$N(2100)$	$1/2^+$	***	**	**	**	**	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
$N(2120)$	$3/2^-$	***	***	***	**	**	**	**	*	*	*	*	*	*	*
$N(2190)$	$7/2^-$	****	****	****	****	**	*	*	*	*					
$N(2220)$	$9/2^+$	****	**	****		*	*	*	*	*					
$N(2250)$	$9/2^-$	****	**	****		*	*	*	*	*					
$N(2300)$	$1/2^+$	*		*											
$N(2570)$	$5/2^-$	*		*											
$N(2600)$	$11/2^-$	**		**											
$N(2700)$	$13/2^+$	**		**											



Based on results at Jefferson Lab, ELSA, MAMI, ...

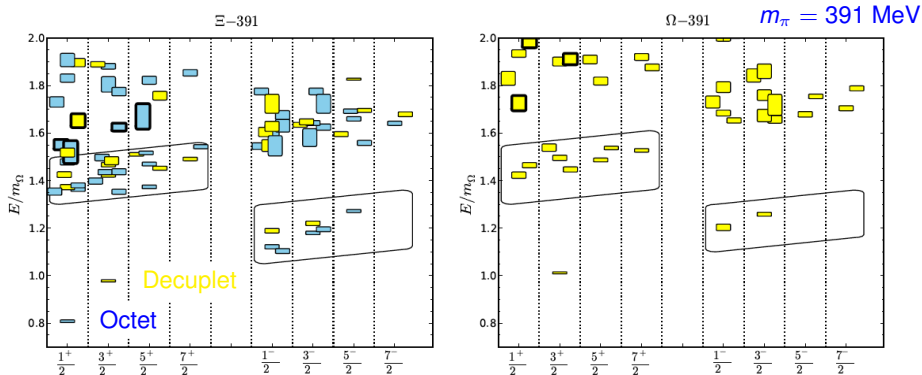
Cascade Resonances: Status as of 2018

— U. Loering, B. Ch. Metsch, H. R. Petry, Eur. Phys. J. **A10** (2001) 447-486



The Ξ^* and Ω^* Spectrum from Lattice QCD

R. Edwards *et al.*, Phys. Rev. D **87**, no. 5, 054506 (2013)

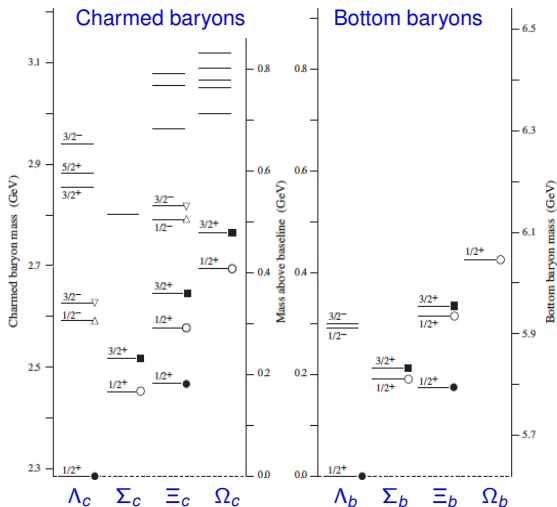


Exhibits broad features expected of $SU(6) \otimes O(3)$ symmetry

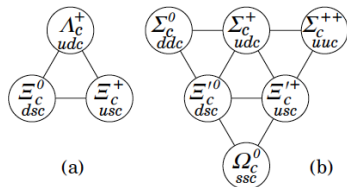
→ Rich spectra predicted (narrow states):

Ω^* spectrum beyond GlueX energy range.

Charmed and Bottom Baryons (as of 2018)



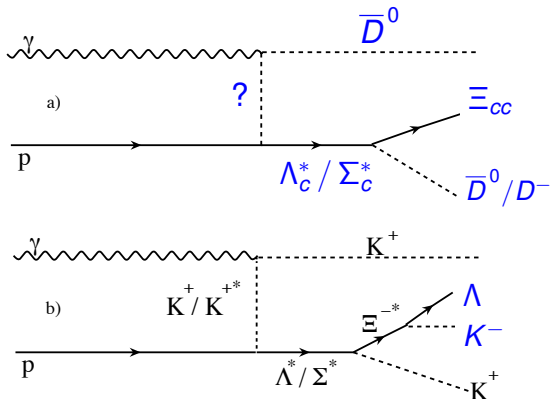
24 known charmed baryons
 9 known bottom baryons



→ No confirmed doubly-charmed states!

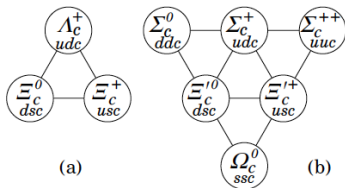
PDG, Phys. Rev. D 98, 030001 (2018)

Charmed and Bottom Baryons (as of 2018)



$$\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ (K^+ \Xi^{*-}) \rightarrow K^+ (p \pi^- K^-) K^+$$

24 known charmed baryons
 9 known bottom baryons



→ No confirmed doubly-charmed states!