

# Hypernuclear projects of the high-resolution mass spectroscopy at JLab

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# Outline

- Motivation
- Overview of hypernuclear exp. at JLab
- Prospects of JLab hypernuclear project

**(e,e'K<sup>+</sup>) Missing Mass Spectroscopy**

**Decay Pion Spectroscopy**

# Motivation

## Light $\Lambda$ hypernuclei

We have long-standing discussed about  $\Lambda N$  CSB,  $\Lambda N$ - $\Sigma N$  coupling etc.

There are some update of  $B_\Lambda$  for  ${}^3_\Lambda\text{H}$ ,  ${}^4_\Lambda\text{H}$ ,  ${}^7_\Lambda\text{He}$ ,  ${}^{10}_\Lambda\text{Be}$

We have still used  $B_\Lambda$  data of 1960s emulsion

Data precision is enough ?

Only a few n-rich hypernuclei ( ${}^8_\Lambda\text{He}$ ,  ${}^6_\Lambda\text{H}$ ) are available

## Medium-Heavy hypernuclei

( $\pi^+$ ,  $K^+$ ) exp. have measured  $B_\Lambda$  wide mass range

We have only  $B_\Lambda$  data on  $\beta$ -stability nuclei

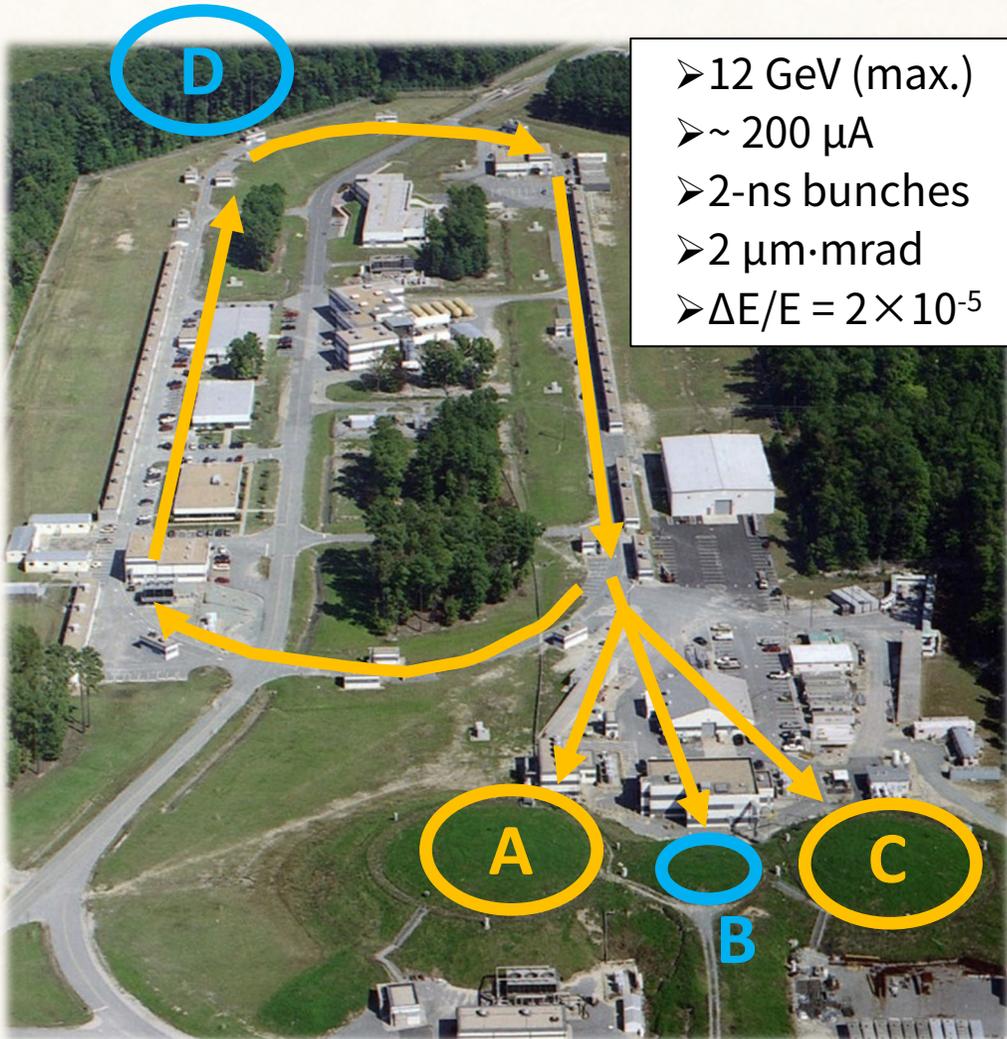
Peak significance is not enough for several hypernuclei

$B_\Lambda$  of  ${}^{12}_\Lambda\text{C}$  likely to have shifted around 0.5 MeV

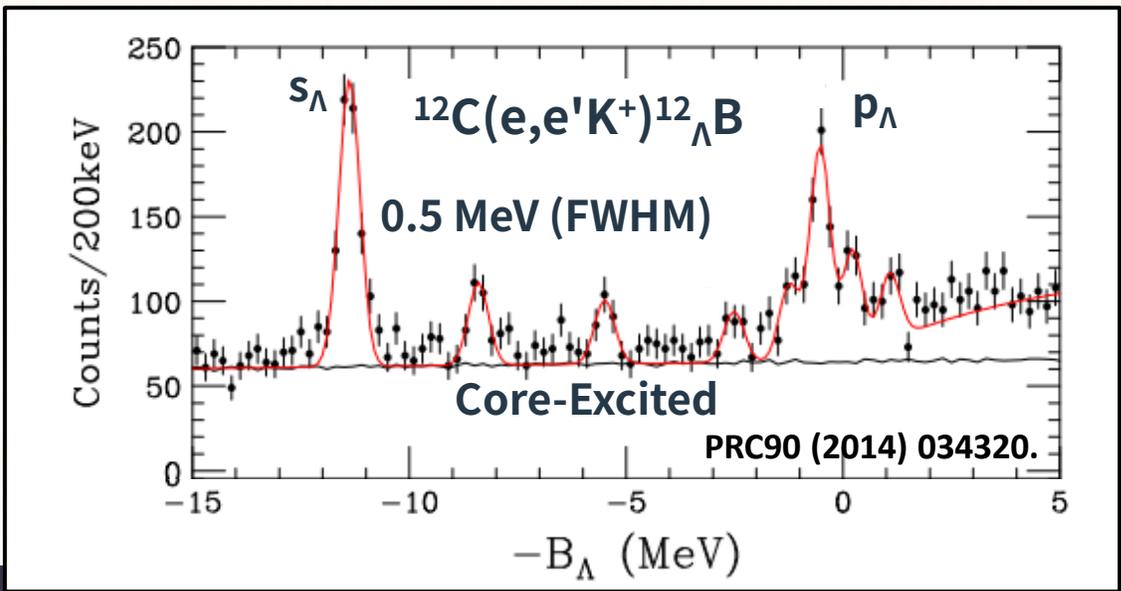
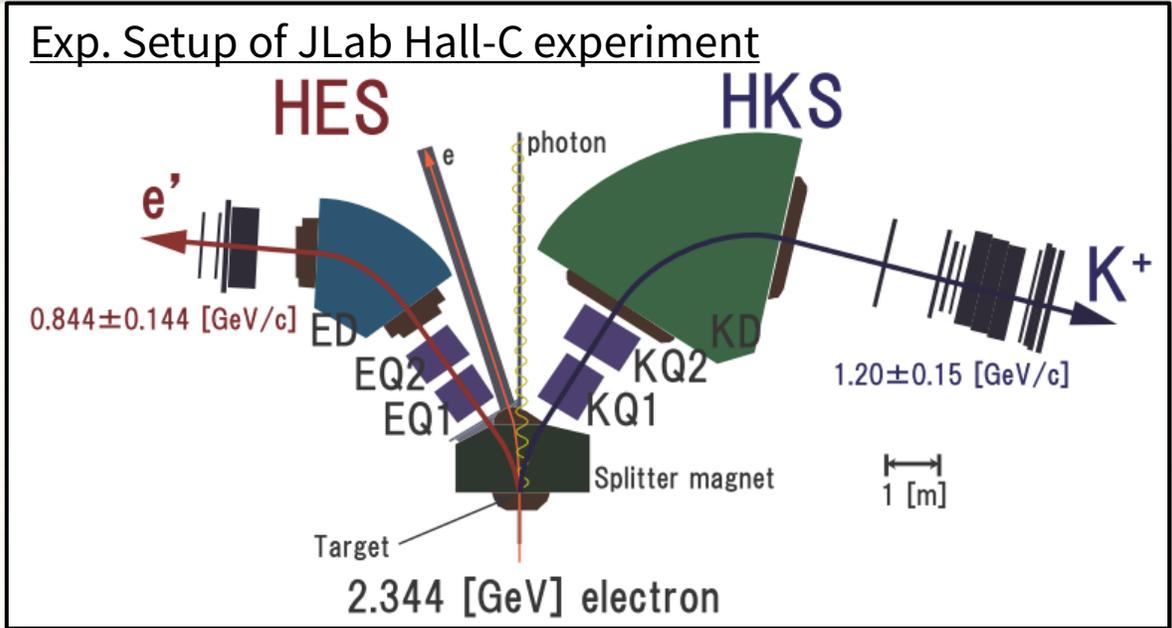
| Hypernuclides  | $\Delta B_\Lambda$ (Exp)<br>(keV) [4] |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| ${}^4_\Lambda\text{He} - {}^4_\Lambda\text{H}$         | $300 \pm 60$                          |
| ${}^7_\Lambda\text{Li}^* - {}^7_\Lambda\text{He}$      | $-320 \pm 140$                        |
| ${}^8_\Lambda\text{Be} - {}^8_\Lambda\text{Li}$        | $40 \pm 80$                           |
| ${}^9_\Lambda\text{B} - {}^9_\Lambda\text{Li}$         | $-160 \pm 210$                        |
| ${}^{10}_\Lambda\text{B} - {}^{10}_\Lambda\text{Be}$   | $100 \pm 300$                         |
| ${}^{11}_\Lambda\text{B}^* - {}^{11}_\Lambda\text{Be}$ | N/A                                   |

# JLab CEBAF & (e,e'K<sup>+</sup>) missing mass spectroscopy

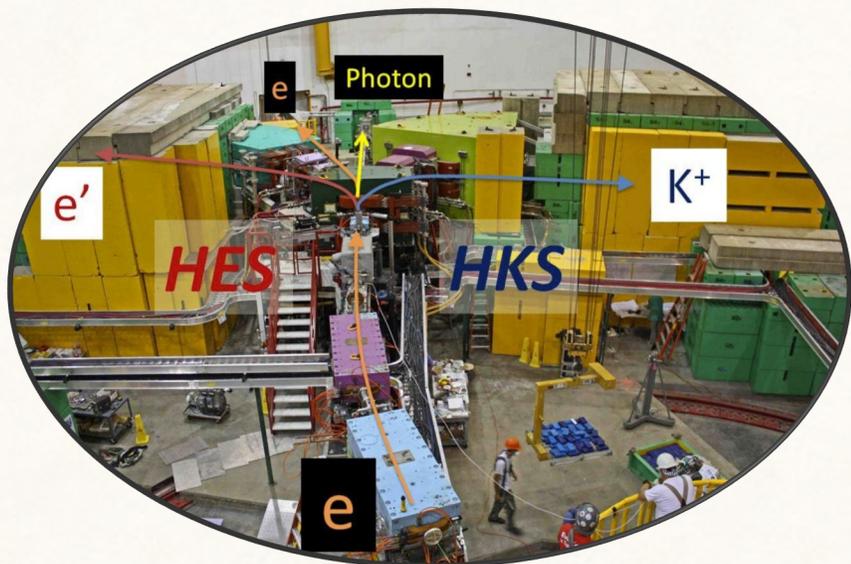
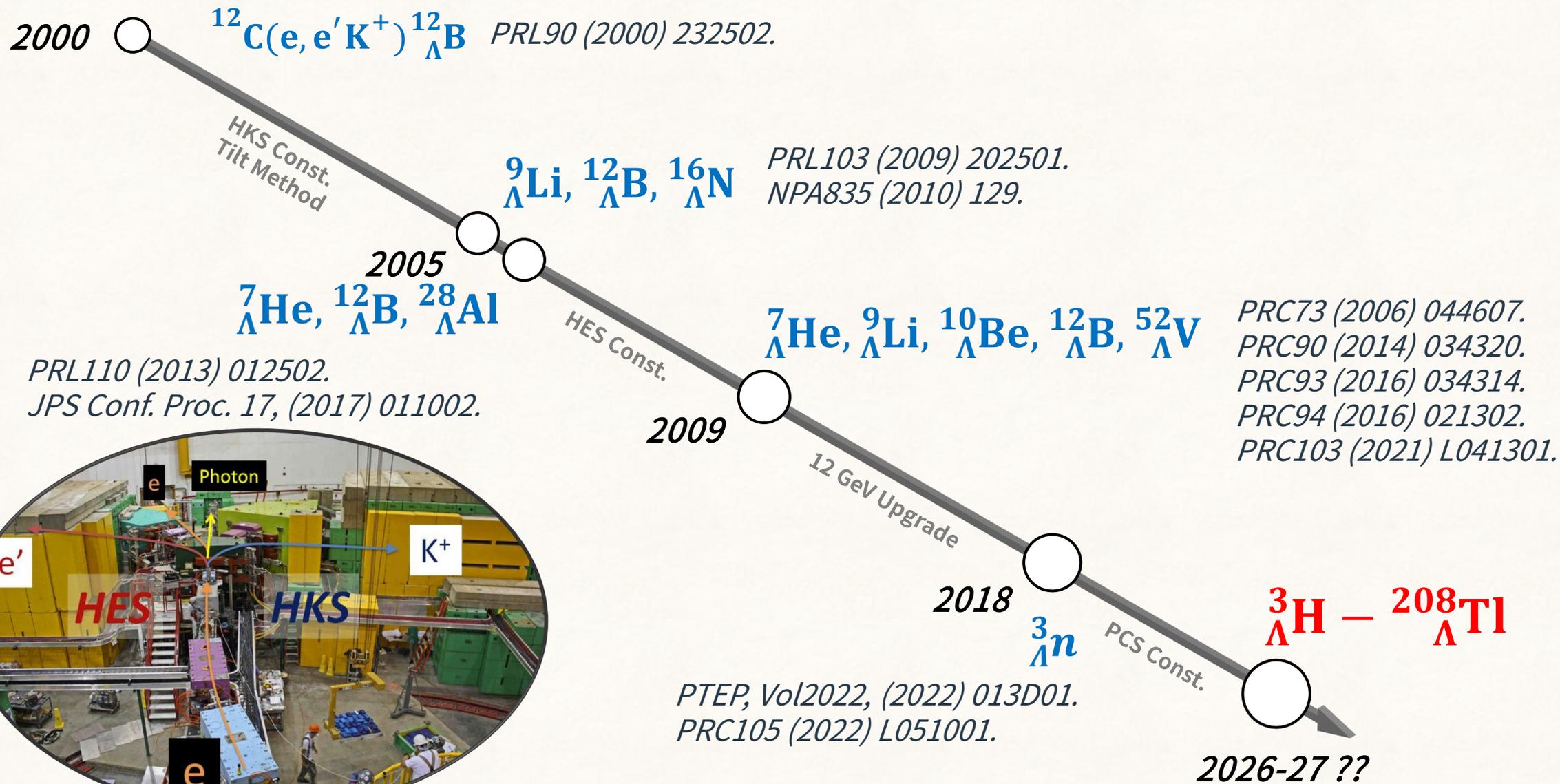
## Continuous Electron Beam Accelerator Facility (CEBAF)



- 12 GeV (max.)
- ~ 200 μA
- 2-ns bunches
- 2 μm·mrad
- $\Delta E/E = 2 \times 10^{-5}$



# Overview of Hypernuclear Exp. @JLab



# Proposed Experiments

## $^{40,48}\text{Ca}(e,e'K^+)^{40,48}\Lambda\text{K}$ (Approved)

An isospin dependence study of the  $\Lambda\text{N}$  interaction through the high precision spectroscopy of  $\Lambda$ -hypernuclei with electron beam

## $^{208}\text{Pb}(e,e'K^+)^{208}\Lambda\text{Tl}$ (Approved)

Studying  $\Lambda$  interactions in nuclear matter with the  $^{208}\text{Pb}(e,e'K^+)^{208}\Lambda\text{Tl}$  reaction

## $^6\text{Li}, ^9\text{Be}, ^{11}\text{B}(e,e'K^+)^6\Lambda\text{He}, ^9\Lambda\text{Li}, ^{11}\Lambda\text{Be}$

Study of charge symmetry breaking in p-shell hypernuclei

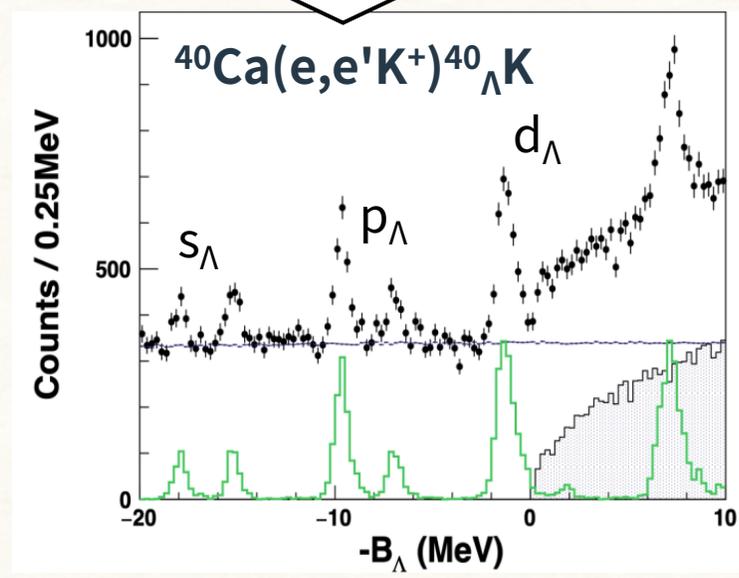
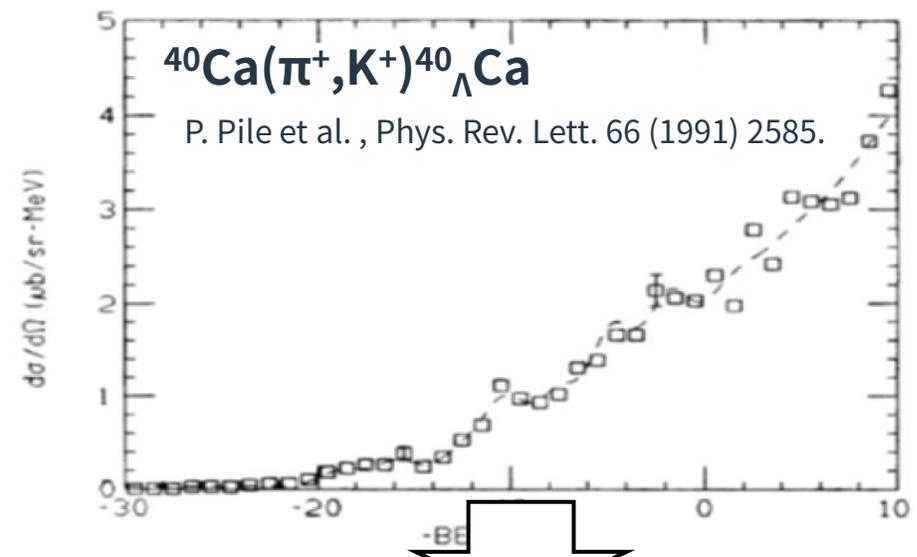
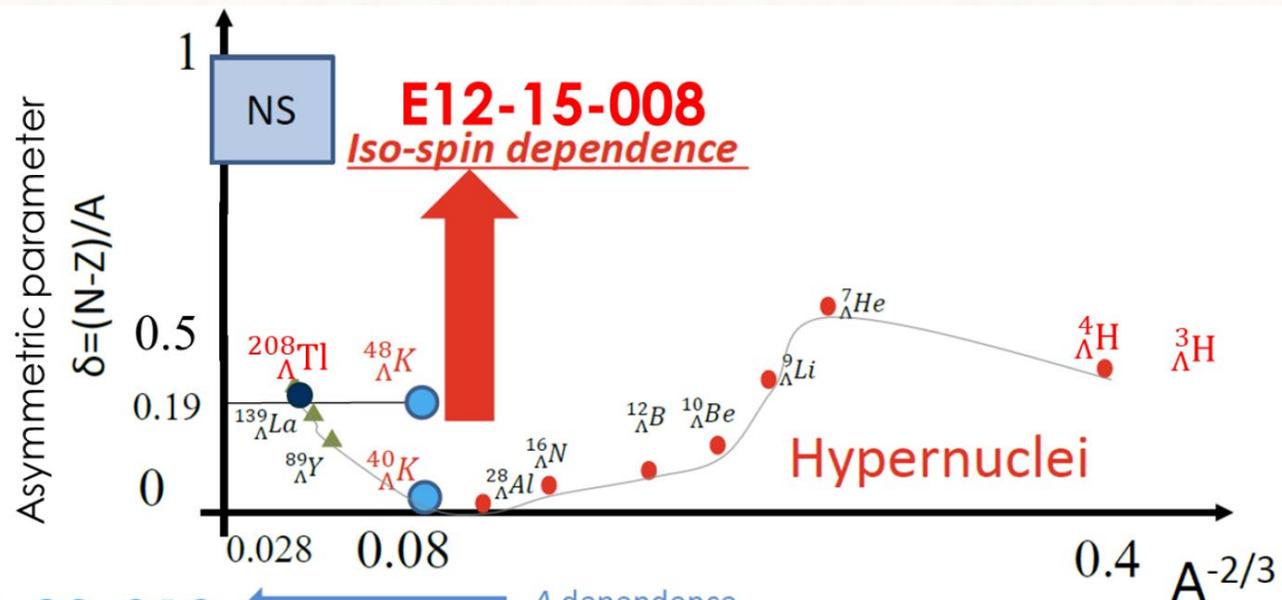
## $^{27}\text{Al}(e,e'K^+)^{27}\Lambda\text{Mg}$

Study of a triaxially deformed nucleus using a Lambda particle as a probe

## **s-, p-shell hypernuclei with Decay Pion Spectroscopy**

High-resolution spectroscopy of light hypernuclei with the decay pion spectroscopy

# Hypernuclear Isotopes ( $^{40,48}_{\Lambda}\text{K}$ )



Study of effective  $\Lambda\text{N}$  interaction to support  $2 \odot$  NS

**Mass dependence**

Poor data quality

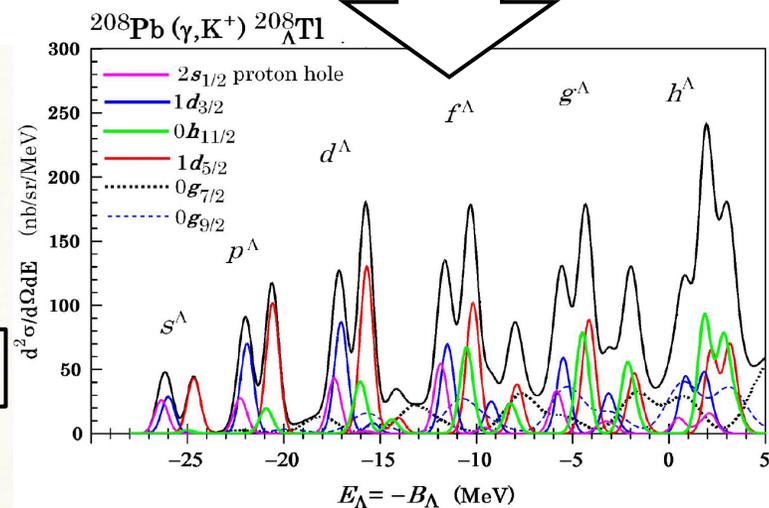
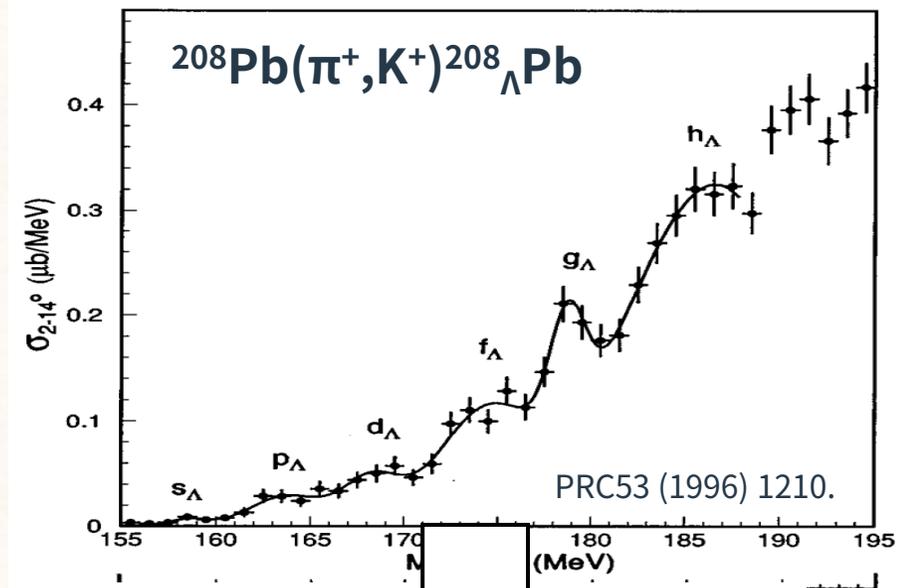
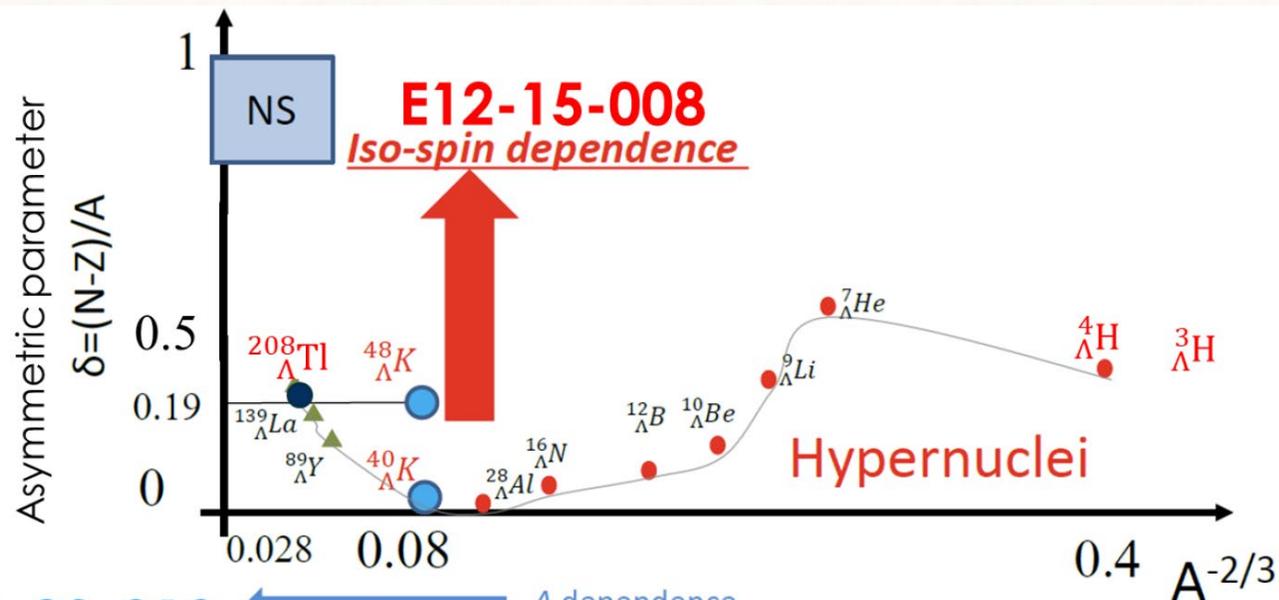
**Isotope dependence**

No data for  $A > 12$



**High-resolution Spectroscopy**

# Super-Heavy hypernuclei ( $^{208}_{\Lambda}\text{Tl}$ )



Study of effective  $\Lambda\text{N}$  interaction to support  $2 \odot$  NS

**Mass dependence**

Poor data quality

**Isotope dependence**

No data for  $A > 12$



**High-resolution Spectroscopy**

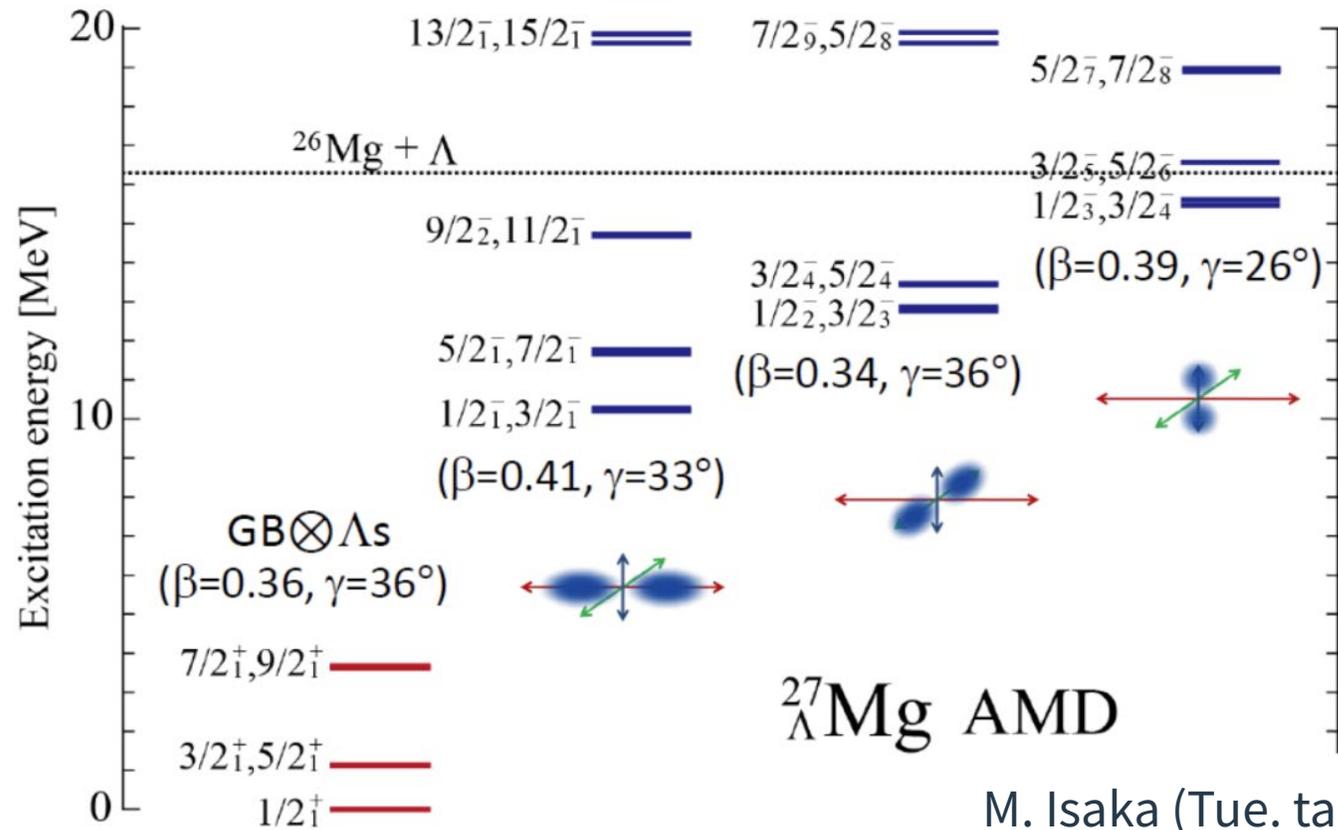
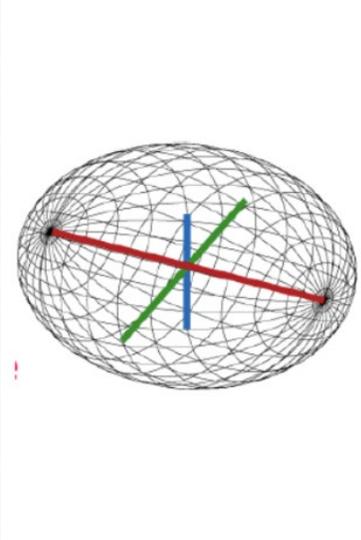
# CSB in p-shell

Electron-beam experiment at JLab  Emulsion experiment  
 Hadron-beam experiment at J-PARC   $\gamma$ -ray experiment

| Hypernucleus                |  | CSB study  |   |   |     |          |        |
|-----------------------------|--|--|---|---|-----|----------|--------|
|                             |  | T<0  | T=0   | T>0   | Now | New JLab | J-PARC |
| s-shell                     | $d N \Lambda$ (0 <sup>+</sup> )  | ${}^4\text{H}$                          |   | ${}^4\text{He}$                        | ○   | ○        | ○      |
|                             | $d N \Lambda$ (1 <sup>+</sup> )  | ${}^4\Lambda\text{H}$  <i>new</i>       |   | ${}^4\Lambda\text{He}$                 | △   | ●        | ●      |
| p-shell                     | $\alpha N \Lambda$   | ${}^6\Lambda\text{He}$  <i>new</i>      |   | ${}^6\Lambda\text{Li}$  <i>new</i>     |     |          | ●      |
|                             | $\alpha NN \Lambda$  | ${}^7\Lambda\text{He}$                  | ${}^7\Lambda\text{Li}^*$               | ${}^7\Lambda\text{Be}$                 | ○   | ○        | ○      |
|                             | $\alpha d N \Lambda$   | ${}^8\Lambda\text{Li}$                  |   | ${}^8\Lambda\text{Be}$                 | ○   | ○        | ○      |
|                             | $\alpha d NN \Lambda$  | ${}^9\Lambda\text{Li}$  <i>new</i>      | ${}^9\Lambda\text{Be}$                 | ${}^9\Lambda\text{B}$                  |     | ●        | ●      |
|                             | $\alpha \alpha N \Lambda$  | ${}^{10}\Lambda\text{Be}$             |   | ${}^{10}\Lambda\text{B}$  <i>new</i> |     |          | ●      |
|                             | $\alpha \alpha NN \Lambda$   | ${}^{11}\Lambda\text{Be}$  <i>new</i> | ${}^{11}\Lambda\text{B}$  <i>new</i> | ${}^{11}\Lambda\text{C}$             |     | ●        | ●      |
| $\alpha \alpha d N \Lambda$ | ${}^{12}\Lambda\text{B}$  |  | ${}^{12}\Lambda\text{C}$  <i>new</i> |   |     | ●        |        |

→ T.Gogami (Fri. talk)

# Triaxial Deformed Nucleus ( $^{27}_{\Lambda}\text{Mg}$ )



- Study of triaxial deformed nuclei by using  $\Lambda$  as a probe
- Different overlap between p-shell  $\Lambda$  and nucleons results in different  $B_{\Lambda}$
- High-resolution spectroscopy is able to measure the difference of  $^{27}_{\Lambda}\text{Mg}$  structure

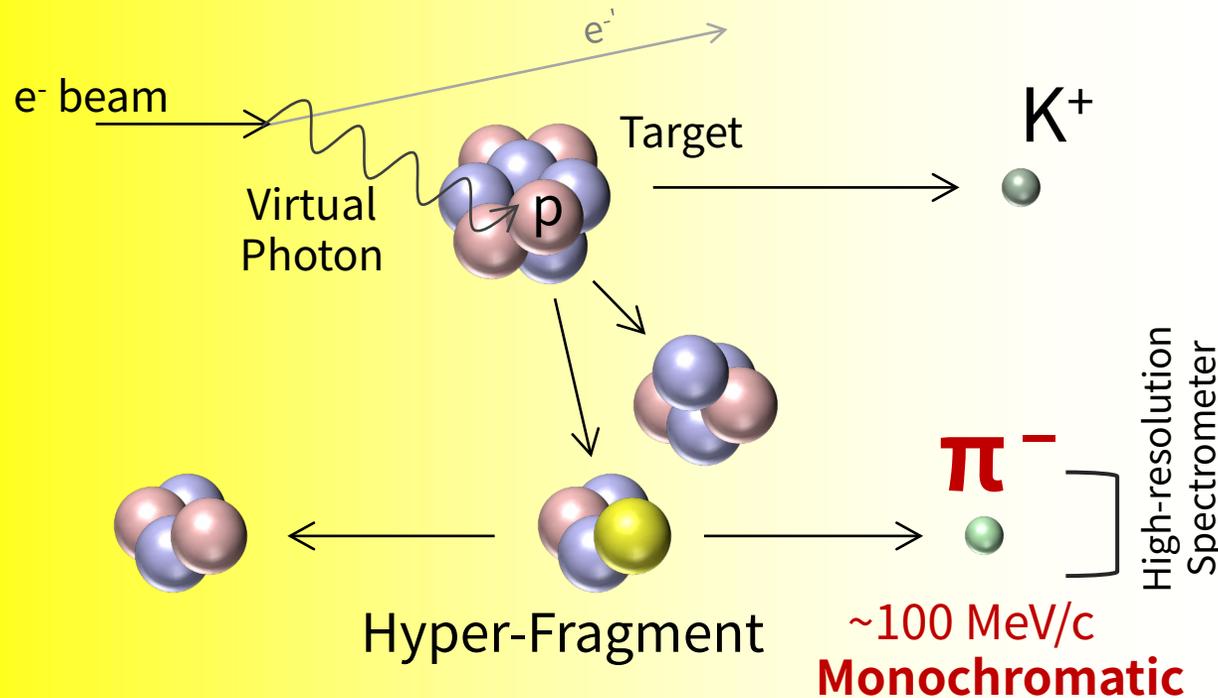
# Decay Pion Spectroscopy @ JLab

High-resolution spectroscopy  
of light hypernuclei with the decay-pion spectroscopy

**Spectroscopy of p-shell hypernuclei with high accuracy**

# Decay Pion Spectroscopy

## High-resolution, High-precision mass spectroscopy

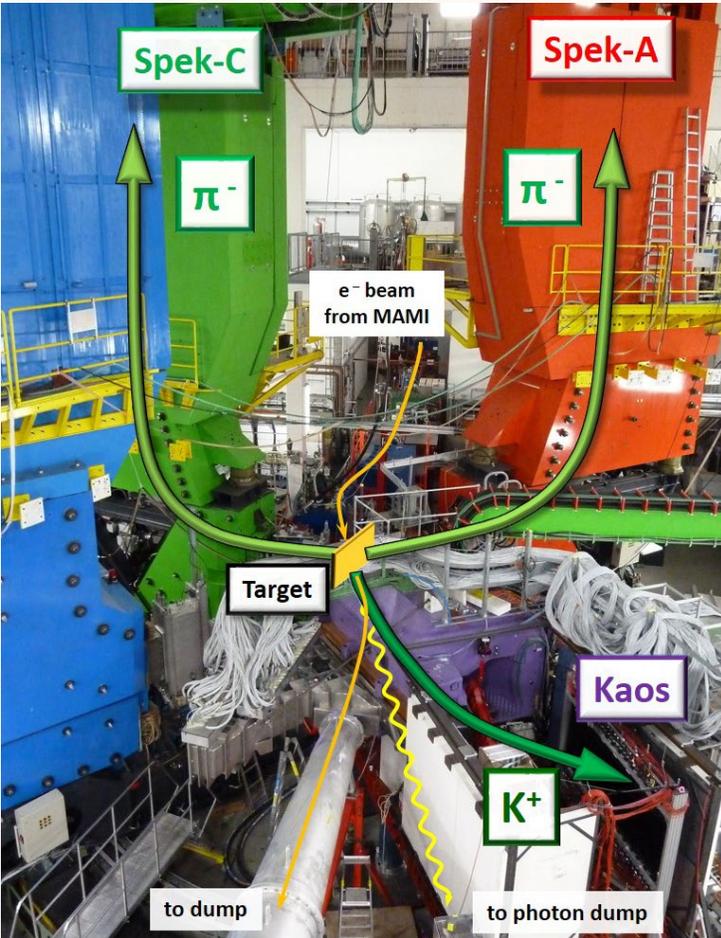


$$M(\Lambda^A Z) = \sqrt{M(\Lambda^{A(Z+1)})^2 + p_\pi^2} + \sqrt{M_\pi^2 + p_\pi^2}$$

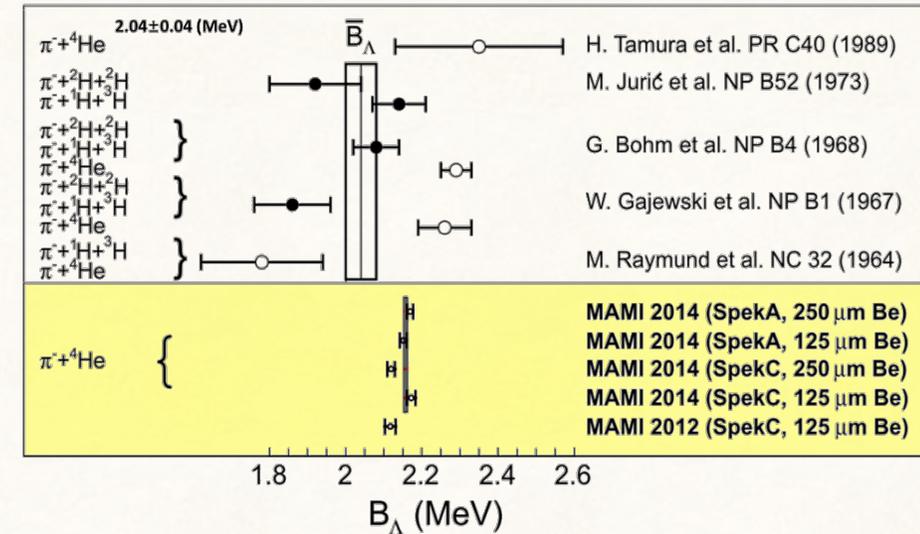
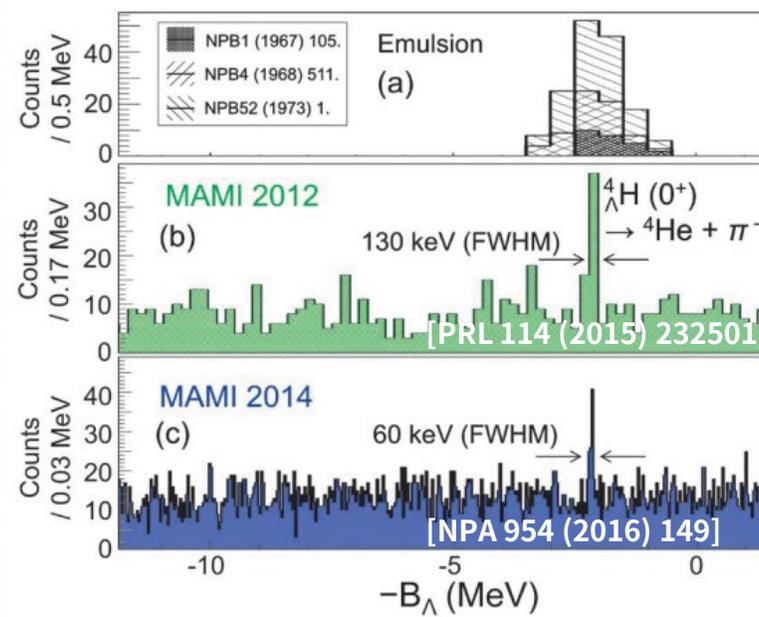
- Measurement of two-body decay pions
- Kaon Tagging
- Thin Target
  - High-Resolution
- Precise Momentum Calibration
  - Accurate mass
- Available for
  - Charged, Two-Body Decay &  $\pi^-$  MWD

# Previous Experiment at MAMI

## Proof of Principle at MAMI



- Pion measurement with spectrometers at the backward angles
- First observation of  ${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H} \rightarrow {}^4\text{He} + \pi^-$
- $N \sim 40$ , Resolution  $\sim 100$  keV, Precision  $\sim 5$  keV
- ${}^3_{\Lambda}\text{H}$  analysis is on going from 2022 data (R.Kino, Wed. talk)



$$M({}^A_{\Lambda}Z) = \sqrt{M({}^A(Z+1))^2 + p_{\pi}^2} + \sqrt{M_{\pi}^2 + p_{\pi}^2}$$

# What's new??

Decay Pion Spectroscopy @JLab will be

**Higher luminosity & Less background**

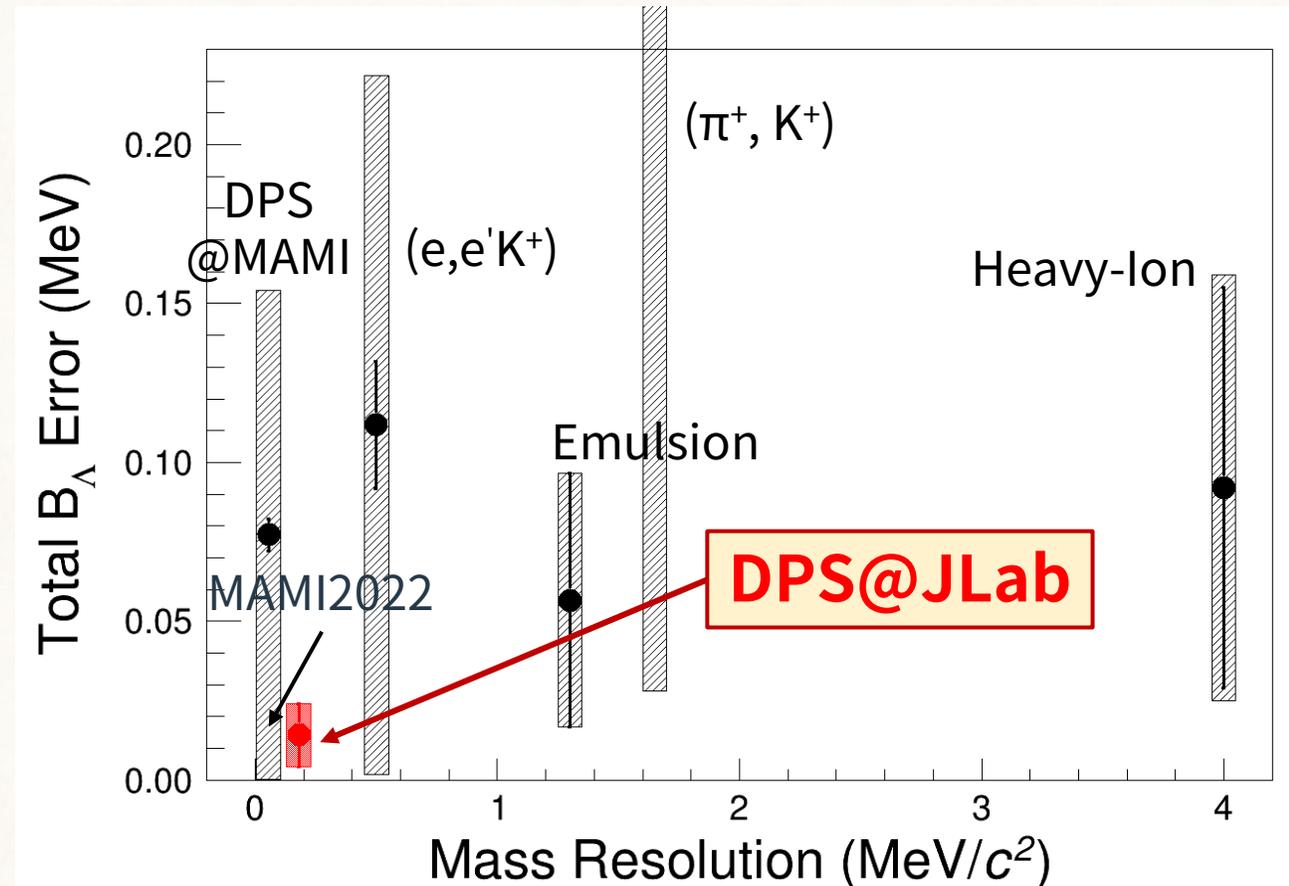
→ Expansion to p-shell hypernuclei

**New calibration method**

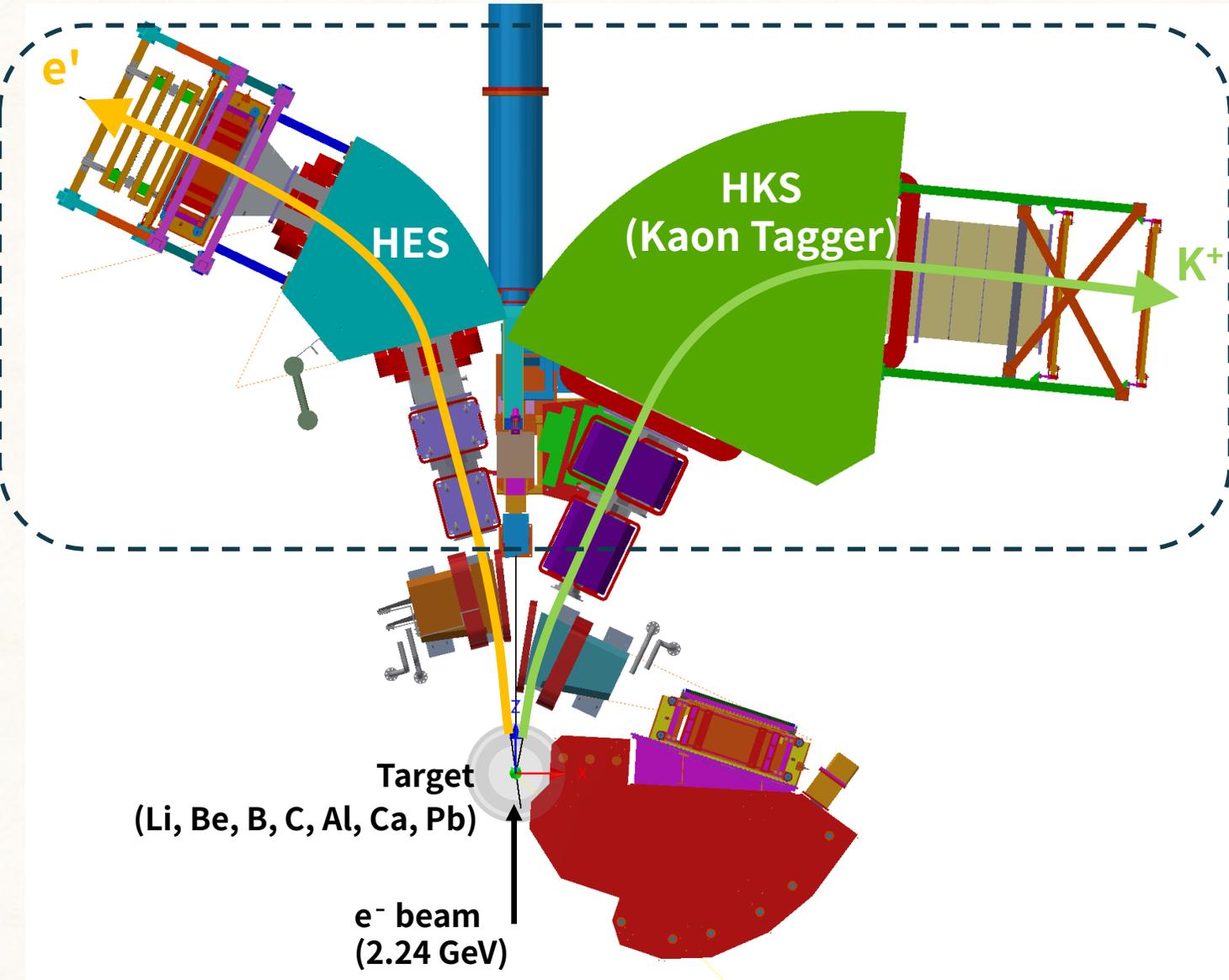
→ Better accuracy

**Heavy targets (Al, Ca, Pb targets)**

→ sd-shell ???



# Setup Overview



## Proposed $(e, e'K^+)$

Medium-heavy  $_{\Lambda}K$  isotopes (E12-15-008)

Super-heavy  $^{208}_{\Lambda}Tl$  (E12-20-013)

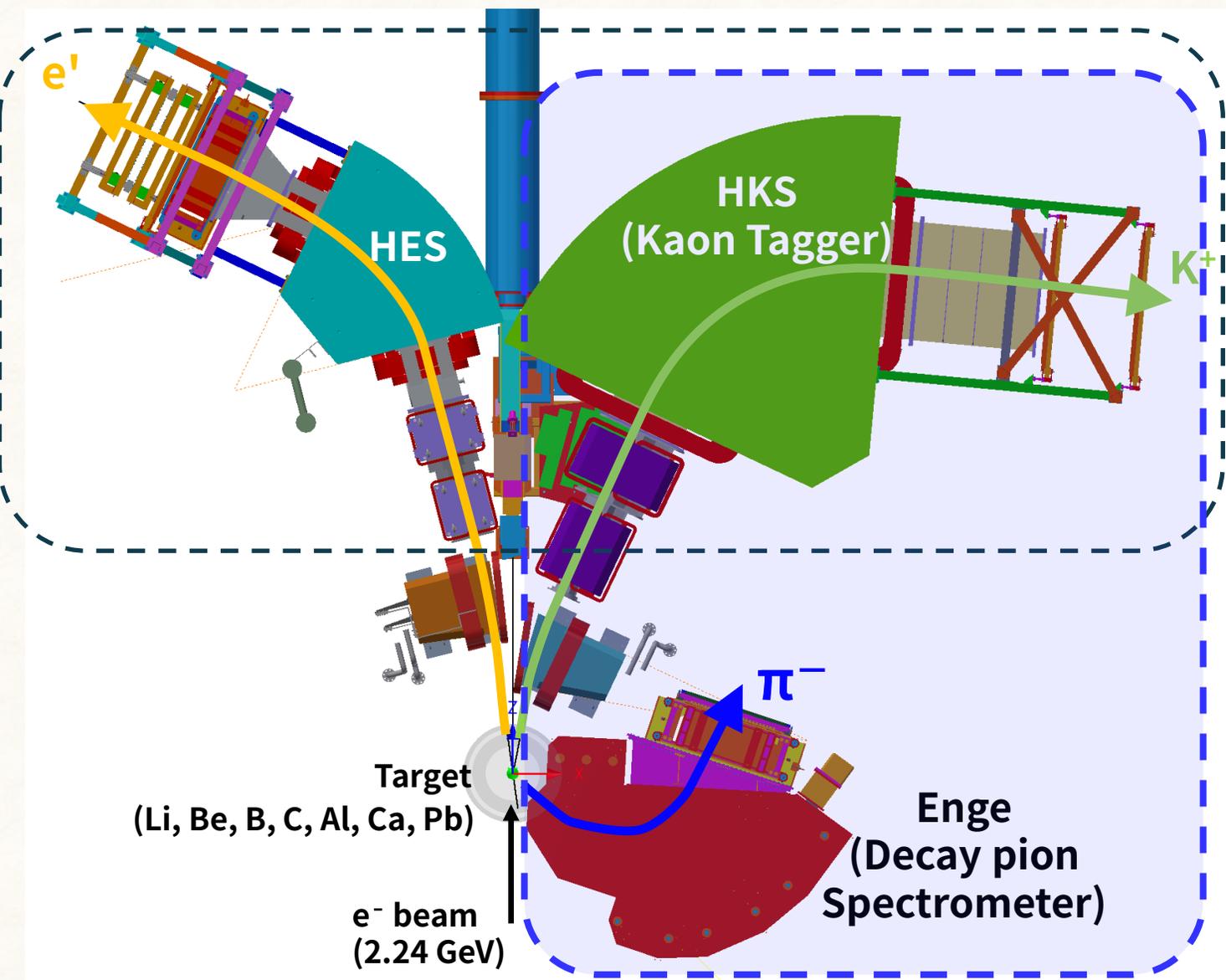
CSB in p-shell (LOI12-23-013)

Triaxial Deformation (LOI12-23-016)

High-resolution spectroscopy with HKS $\otimes$ HES

Will be scheduled for 2026-2027

# Setup Overview



## Proposed $(e, e'K^+)$

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High-resolution spectroscopy with  $HKS \otimes HES$

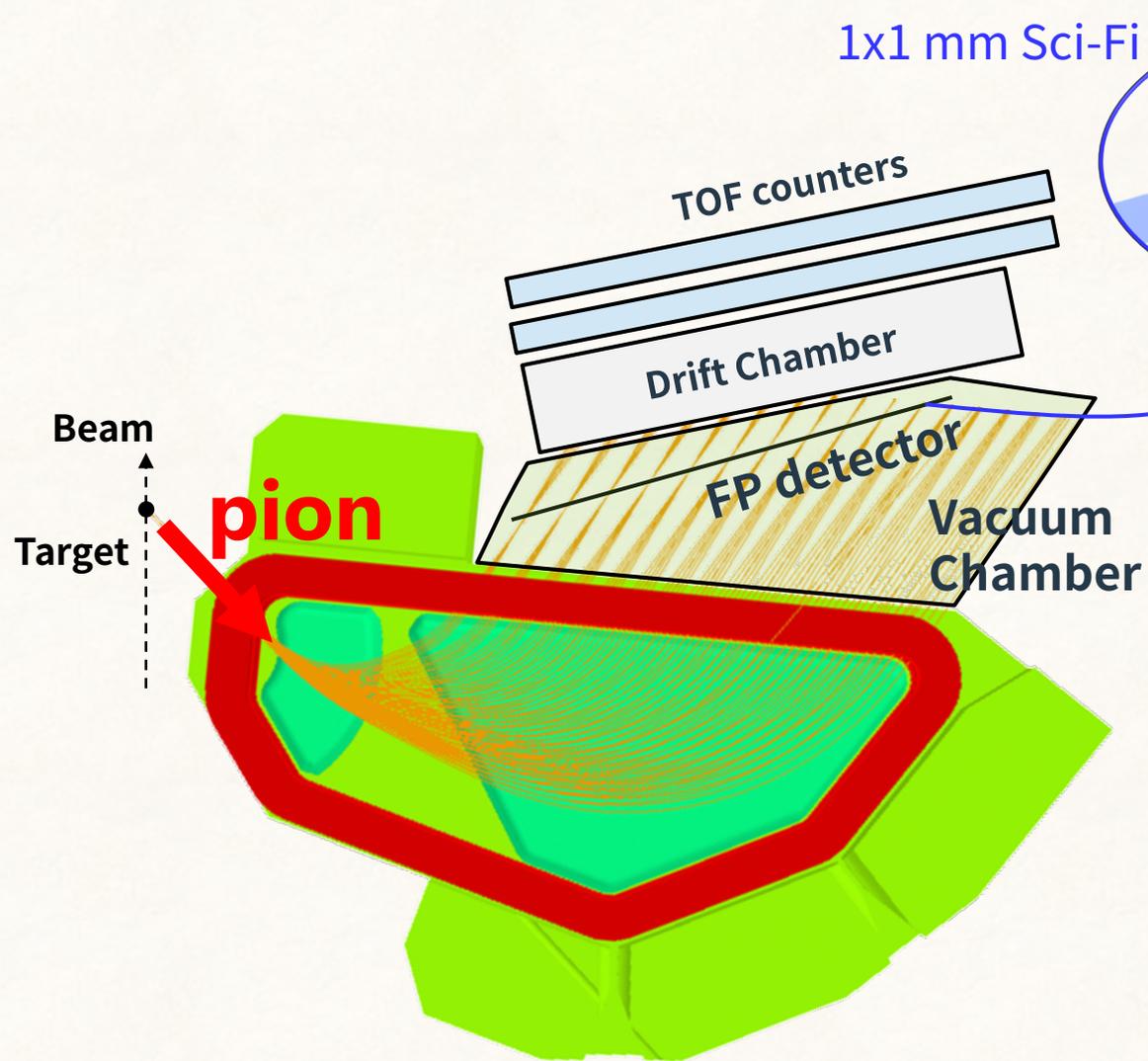
Will be scheduled for 2026-2027

**Another Spectrometer "Enge" for  
decay pion measurement**

**DPS with  $HKS \otimes Enge$**

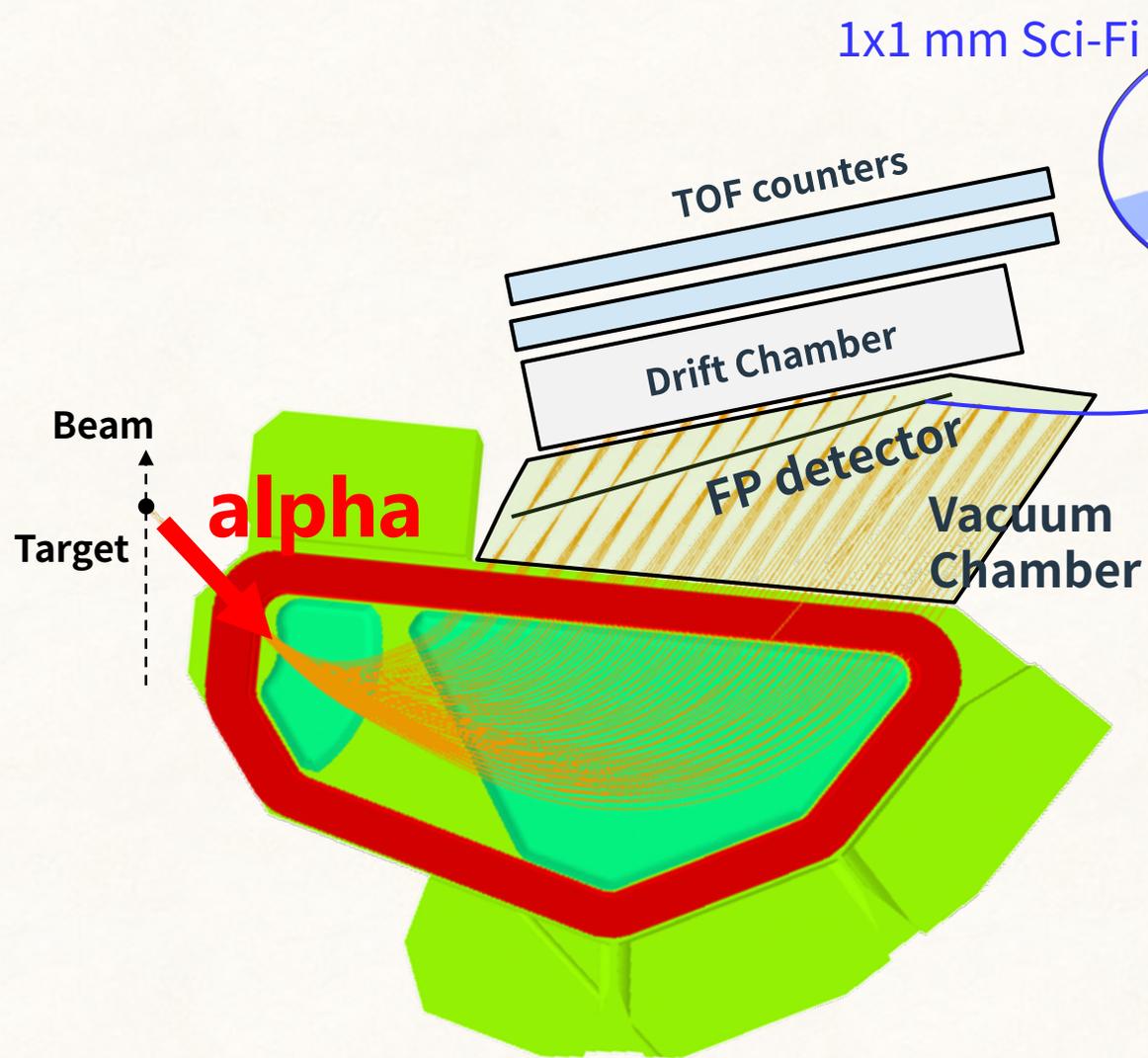
**Parallel exp. with  $(e, e'K^+)$**

# Pion Spectrometer "Enge"



- Decay Pion Spectrometer as Hardware spectrometer Enge
- Focal Plane position = Pion Momentum  
60 keV / mm Dispersion
- Position detector in vacuum
- Mom. coverage 70 ~150 MeV/c
- Drift Chamber for angular measurement
- Timing detector

# Pion Spectrometer "Enge"



➤  $\alpha$ -source at target for momentum calib.

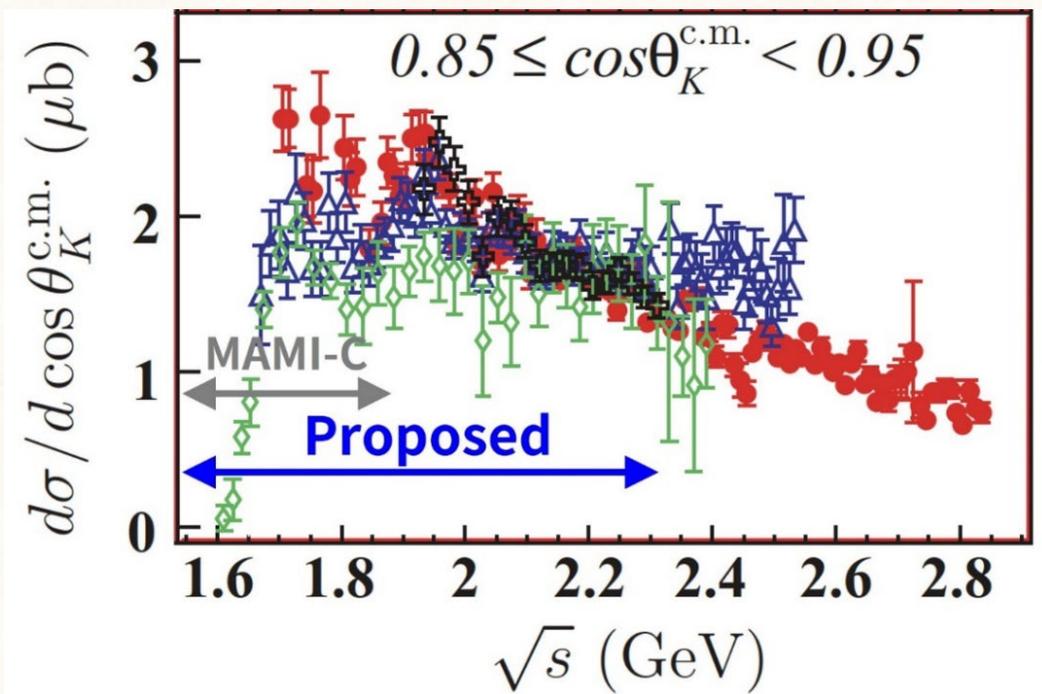
| Nuclide           | Typical Energy<br>(MeV)  | Momentum<br>(MeV/c/q)      |
|-------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| $^{148}\text{Gd}$ | 3.128787(24)             | 77.03415(29)               |
| $^{237}\text{Np}$ | 4.7710(15), 4.7880(15)   | 94.326(15), 94.494(15)     |
| $^{241}\text{Am}$ | 5.44280(13), 5.48556(12) | 100.7526(12), 101.1479(11) |
| $^{244}\text{Cm}$ | 5.76270(3), 5.80482(5)   | 103.6734(3), 104.0519(4)   |
| $^{242}\text{Cm}$ | 6.06943(12), 6.11272(8)  | 106.3990(11), 106.7781(7)  |
| $^{252}\text{Cf}$ | 6.07564(11), 6.11810(4)  | 106.4534(10), 106.8251(4)  |

~30 times yield

$$N_{HYP} = \boxed{N_{\Lambda}} R_{F.P} \boxed{R_{stop}} \Gamma_{\pi^-} \boxed{\Delta\Omega_{\pi^-} \varepsilon_{\pi^-}^{decay} \varepsilon_{\pi^-}^{det}}$$

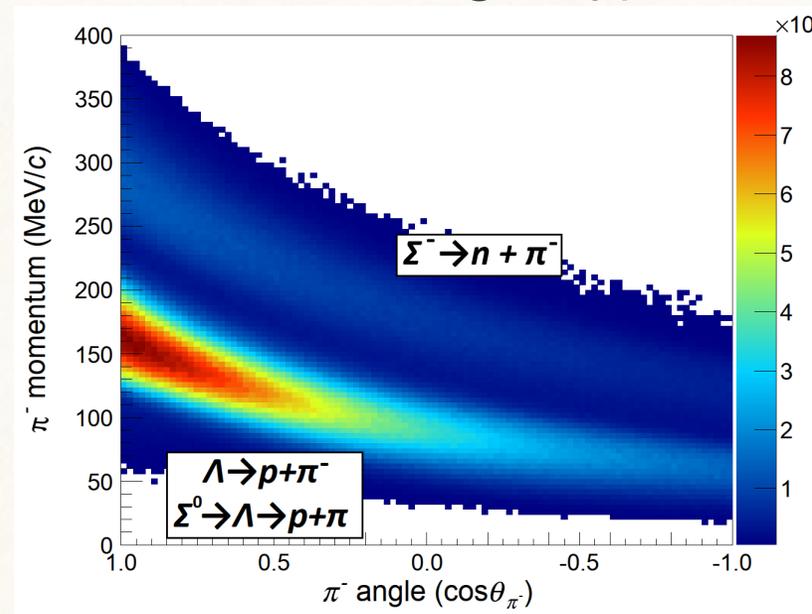
$\uparrow \times 30$ 
Monte-Carlo

$p(\gamma, K^+) \Lambda$  Cross Section



[CLAS, Phys. Rev. C 81 (2010) 025201.]

- Much better luminosity thanks to higher beam energy and intensity
- Background reduction from in-flight hyperons

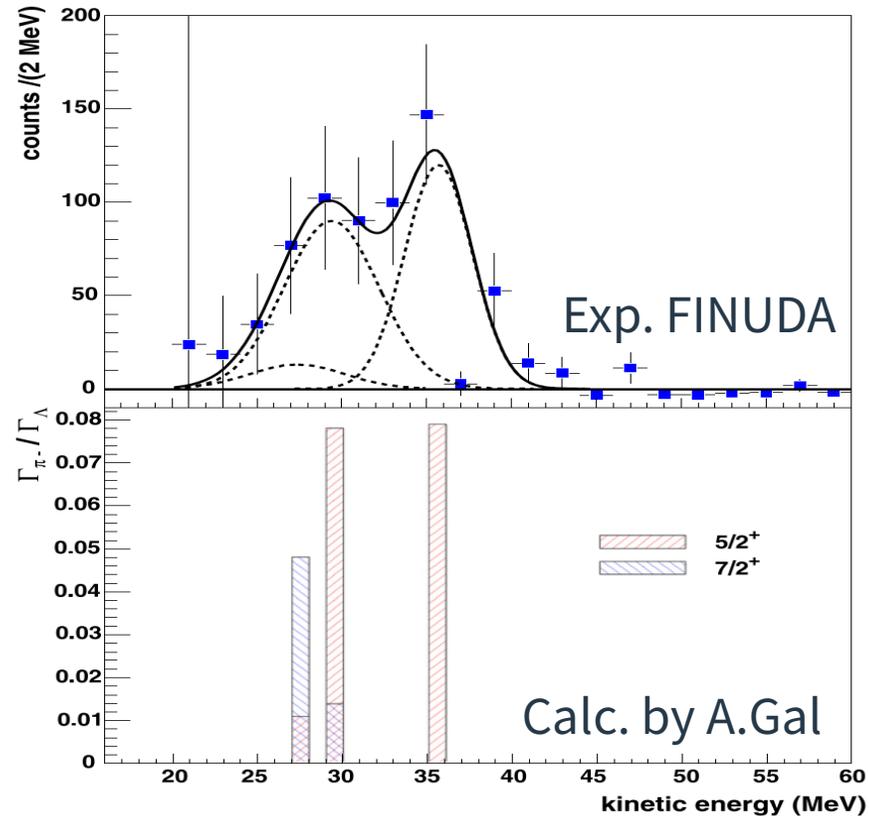


# Spin assignment from decay width

$$N_{HYP} = N_{\Lambda} R_{F.P} R_{stop} \Gamma_{\pi^-} \Delta\Omega_{\pi^-} \varepsilon_{\pi^-}^{decay} \varepsilon_{\pi^-}^{det}$$

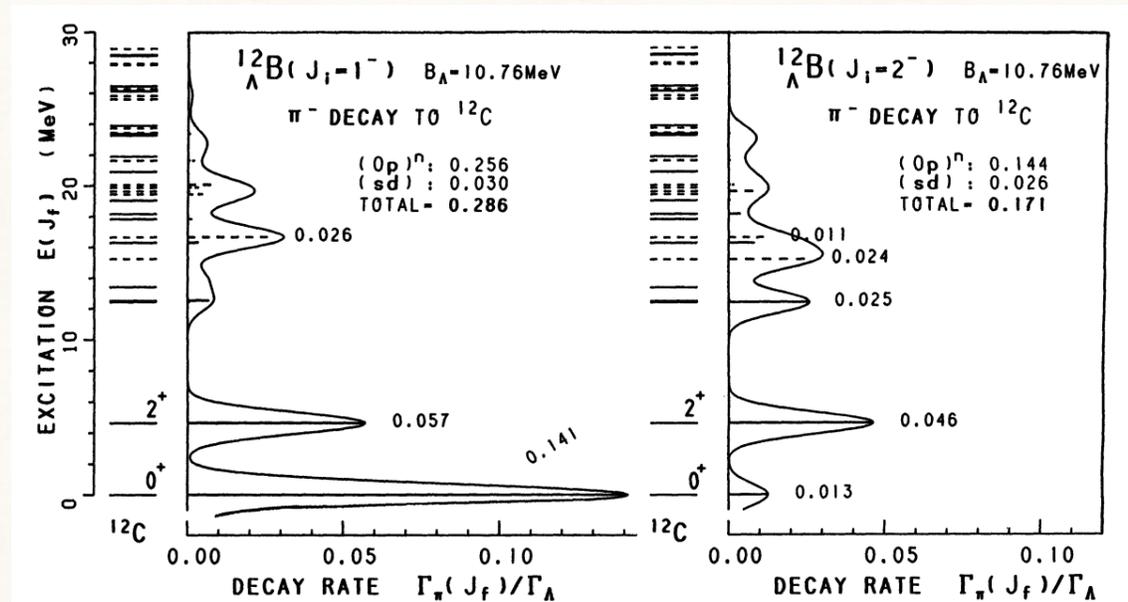
Monte-Carlo

$^{11}_{\Lambda}B \rightarrow ^{11}C + \pi^-$  decay pion energy



FINUDA, Phys. Lett. B681 (2009) 139

- Decay width calc. well reproduced exp. data (T. Motoba and K. Itonaga, PTPS117(1994)477.)
- Large  $\Gamma_{\pi}$  dependence on SPIN of parent hypernuclei

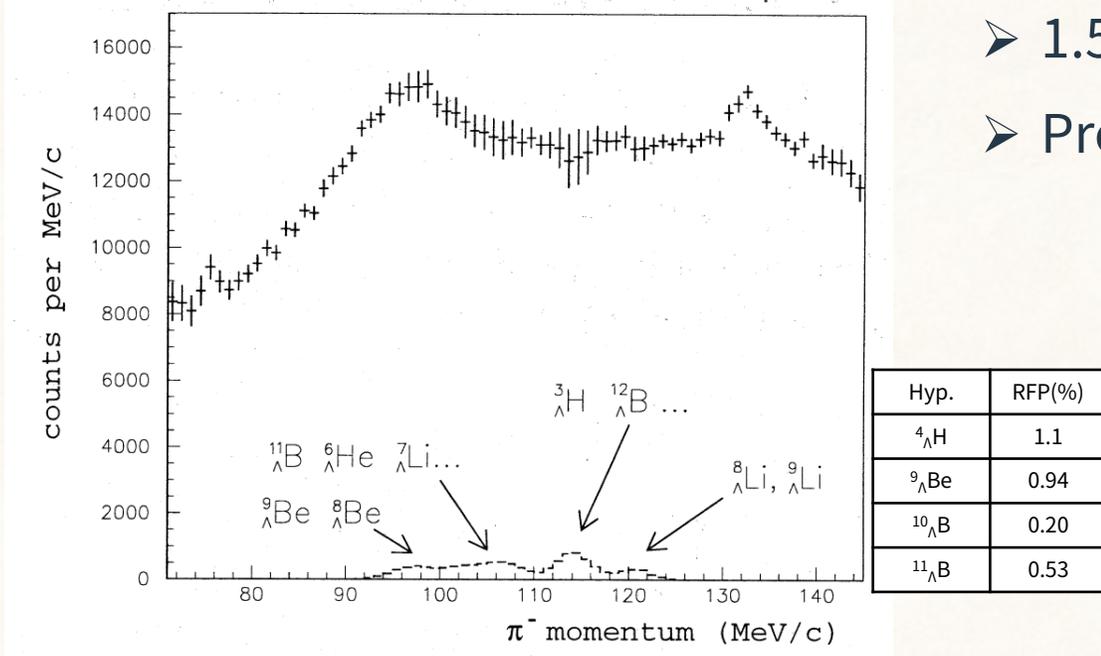


# Hypernuclear formation probability

$$N_{HYP} = N_{\Lambda} R_{F.P} R_{stop} \Gamma_{\pi^-} \Delta\Omega_{\pi^-} \varepsilon_{\pi^-}^{decay} \varepsilon_{\pi^-}^{det}$$

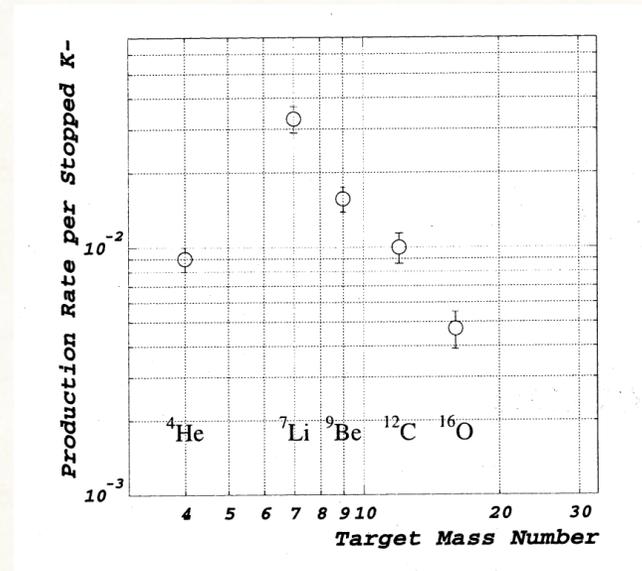
Monte-Carlo

$\pi^-$  spectrum of  $^{12}\text{C}$  target @  $(\text{K}^-, \pi^-)_{stop}$



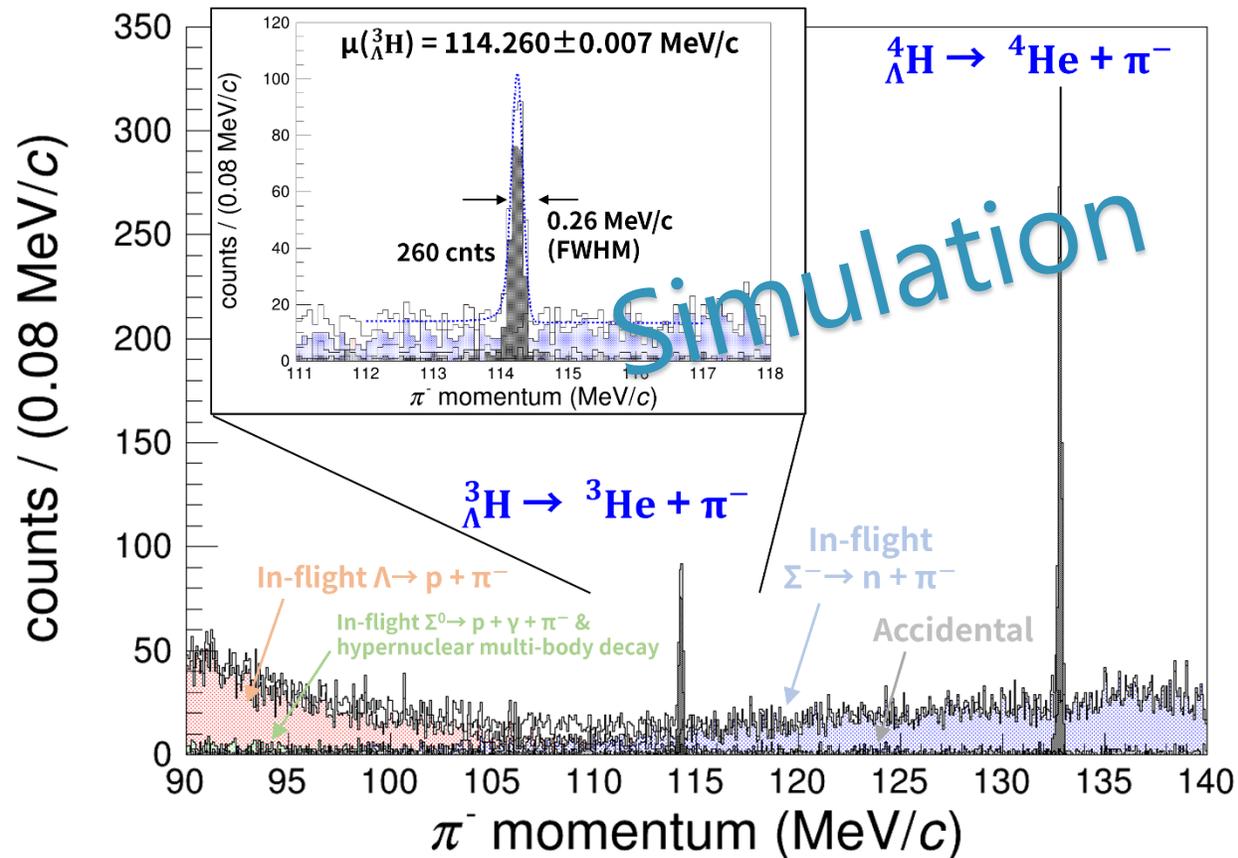
A. Kawachi (1992) Ph.D thesis, U-Tokyo

- $A^{-2}$  dependence of  $^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}$  Form. Prob. (H.Tamura, PRC40(1989)R479)
- 1.57% @  $(\text{K}^-, \pi^-)_{stop}$ , 1% @MAMI for  $^9\text{Be}$  target
- Prediction by AMD on  $^{12}\text{C}$  target



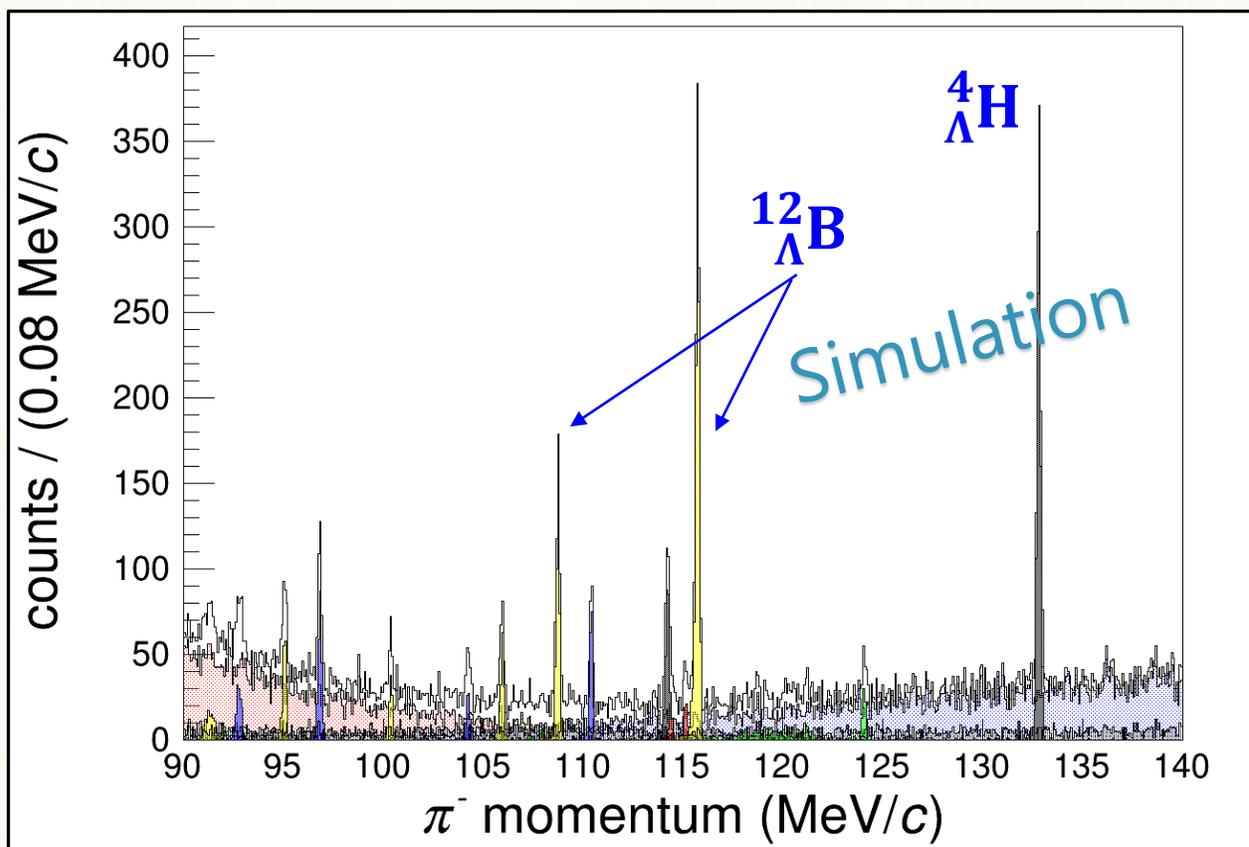
# Expected Spectrum (Li target)

- Decay pions of  ${}^3_{\Lambda}\text{H}$ ,  ${}^4_{\Lambda}\text{H}$  from  ${}^6\text{Li}$  target (simplest spectrum)
  - Direct produced  ${}^6_{\Lambda}\text{He}$  decays to  ${}^5_{\Lambda}\text{He}$  and 3-body final state
- $\Sigma^- \rightarrow n + \pi^-$  as a major background source
- Peak precision of  $< 10$  keV after fitting with a response function



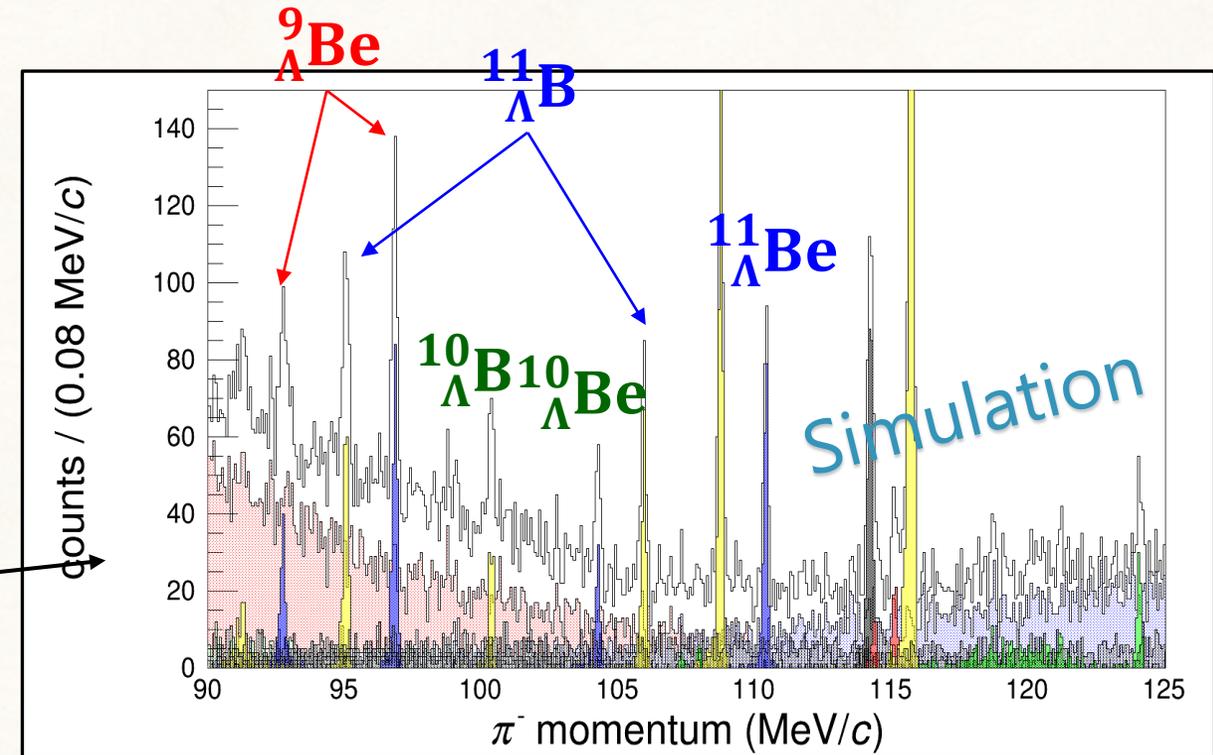
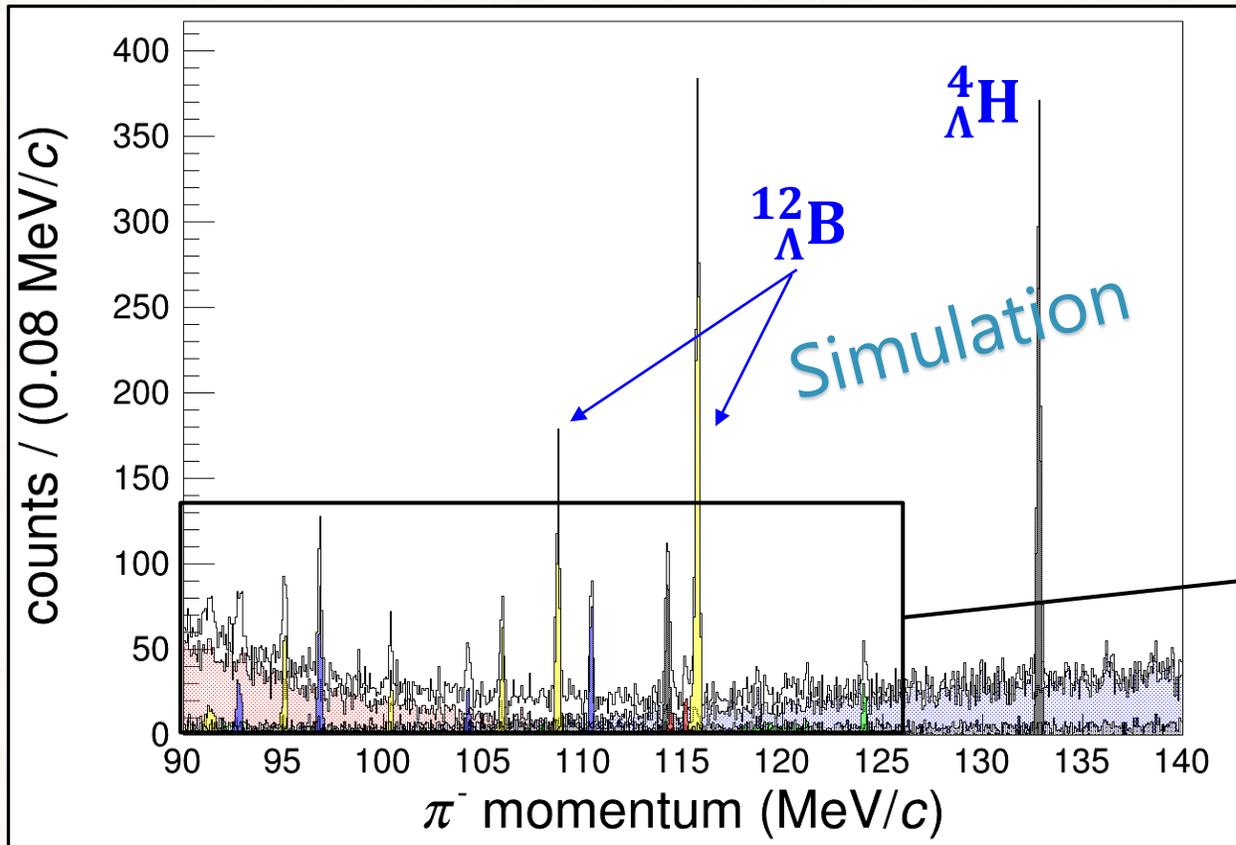
# Expected Spectrum (C target)

- Many decay pions from p-shell hypernuclei
- Robust peaks of  $^{12}_{\Lambda}\text{B} \rightarrow ^{12}\text{C}^* + \pi^-$
- Interesting hypernuclei about CSB discussion
- Spin determination



# Expected Spectrum (C target)

- Many decay pions from p-shell hypernuclei
- Robust peaks of  $^{12}_{\Lambda}\text{B} \rightarrow ^{12}\text{C}^* + \pi^-$
- Interesting hypernuclei about CSB discussion
- Spin determination



# Summary

$\Lambda$  binding energy measurement for wide mass range & good precision

Prospects of JLab hypernuclear project

## **(e,e'K<sup>+</sup>) Missing Mass Spectroscopy**

${}^6_{\Lambda}\text{He}$ ,  ${}^9_{\Lambda}\text{Li}$ ,  ${}^{11}_{\Lambda}\text{Be}$ ,  ${}^{27}_{\Lambda}\text{Mg}$ ,  ${}^{40,48}_{\Lambda}\text{K}$ ,  ${}^{208}_{\Lambda}\text{Tl}$

## **Decay Pion Spectroscopy**

Parallel exp. with (e,e'K<sup>+</sup>)

HKS + Enge as Pion Spectrometer

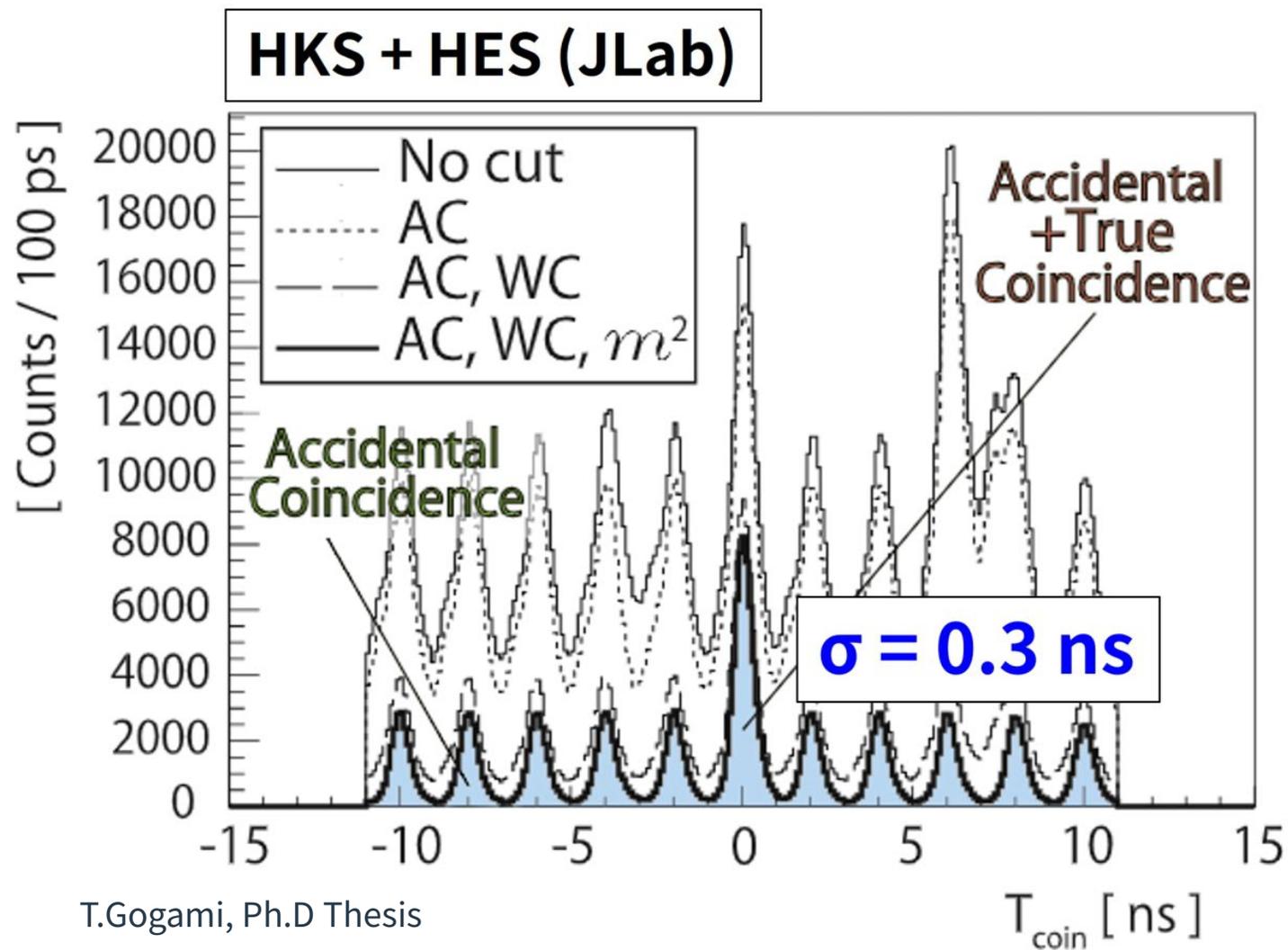
New calibration with alpha-sources

Measurement for s-, p-shell hypernuclei

We submitted proposals, Exp. will run 2026-27.



# Time difference of "K, pi"



T.Gogami, Ph.D Thesis

# Decay Width of $^{10}_{\Lambda}B$ & $^{12}_{\Lambda}B$

