

# Some Remarks



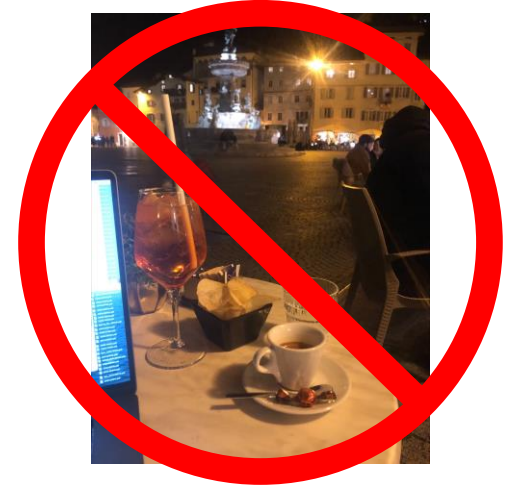
Skyler Degenkolb ([degenkolb@physi.uni-heidelberg.de](mailto:degenkolb@physi.uni-heidelberg.de))

*Low-Energy Precision Physics*

*Physikalisches Institut, Universität Heidelberg*

ECT\*, Trento, 4 March 2024

# Some Remarks

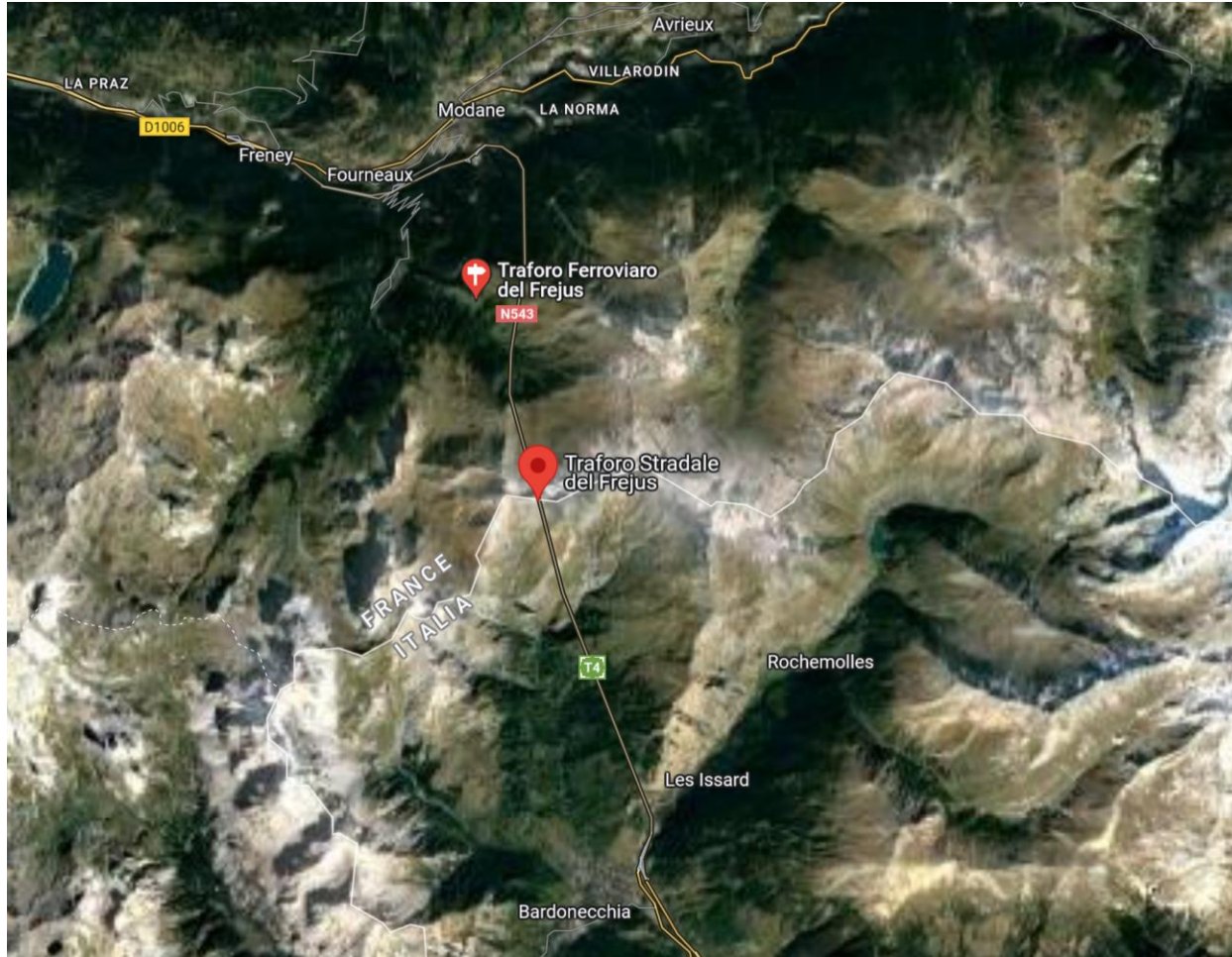


Skyler Degenkolb ([degenkolb@physi.uni-heidelberg.de](mailto:degenkolb@physi.uni-heidelberg.de))

*Low-Energy Precision Physics  
Physikalisches Institut, Universität Heidelberg*

ECT\*, Trento, 4 March 2024

# Precision

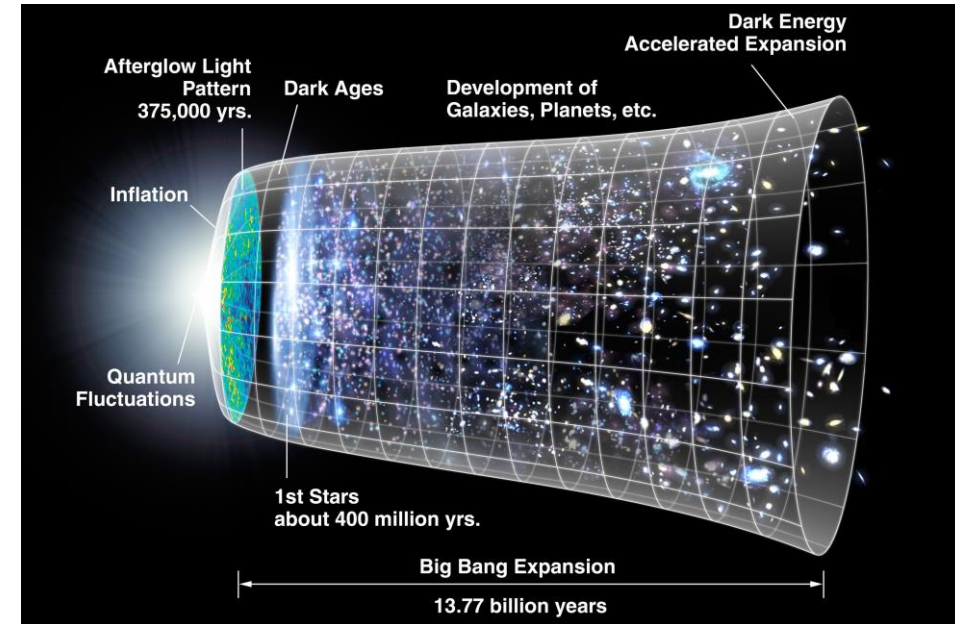
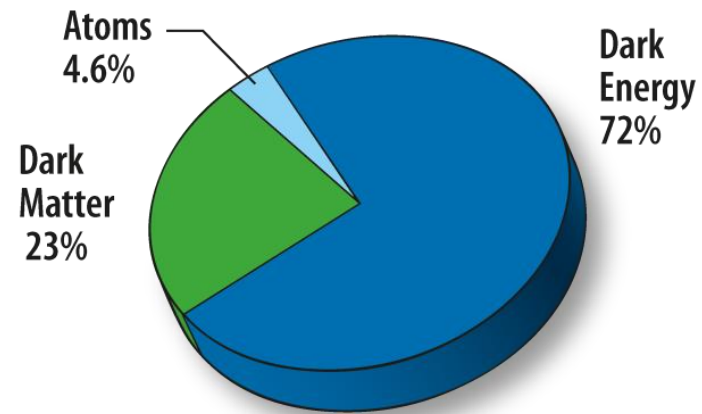
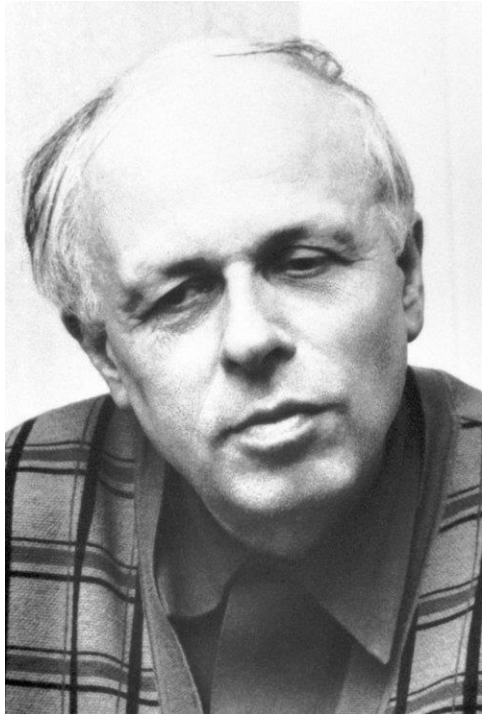


neutron (enlarged)



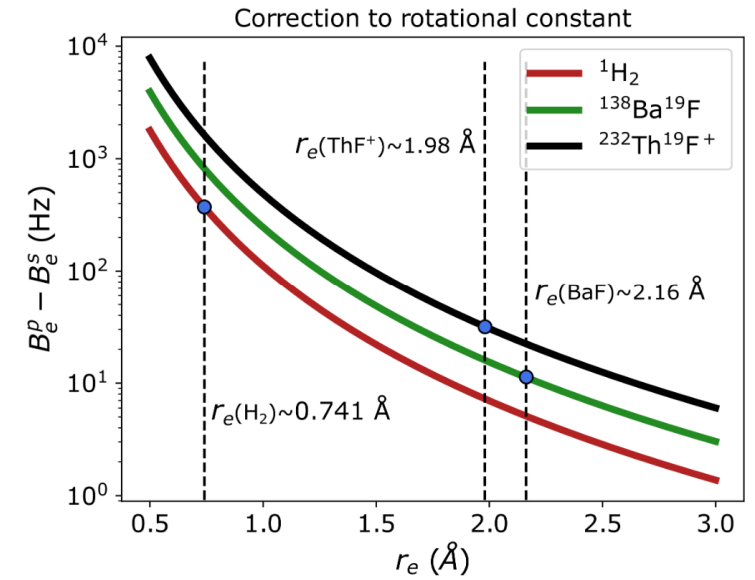
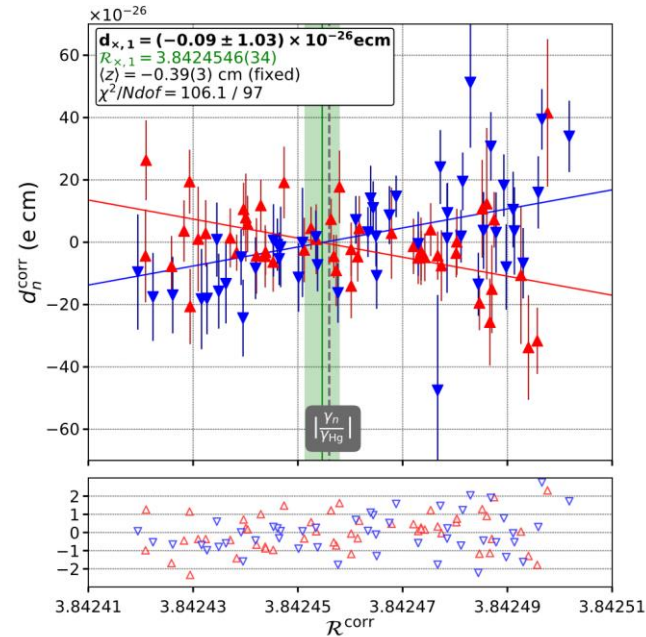
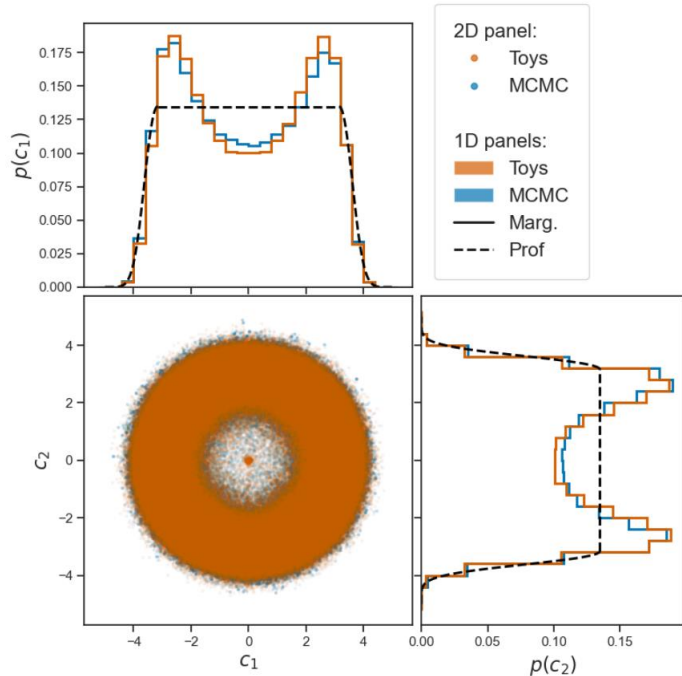
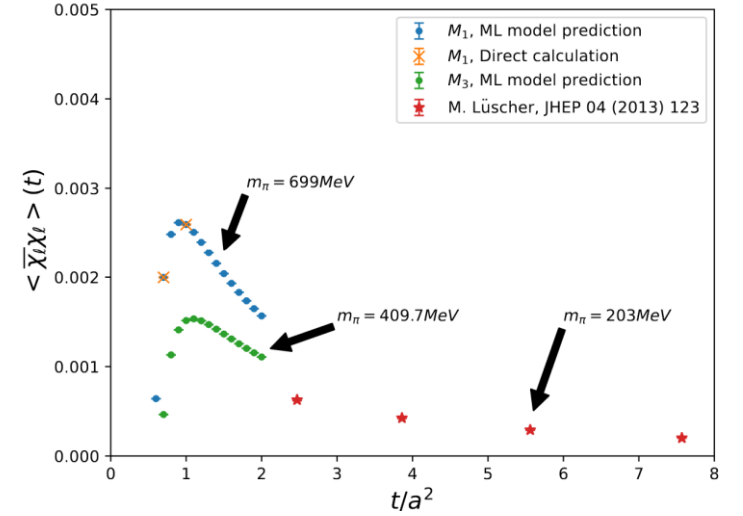
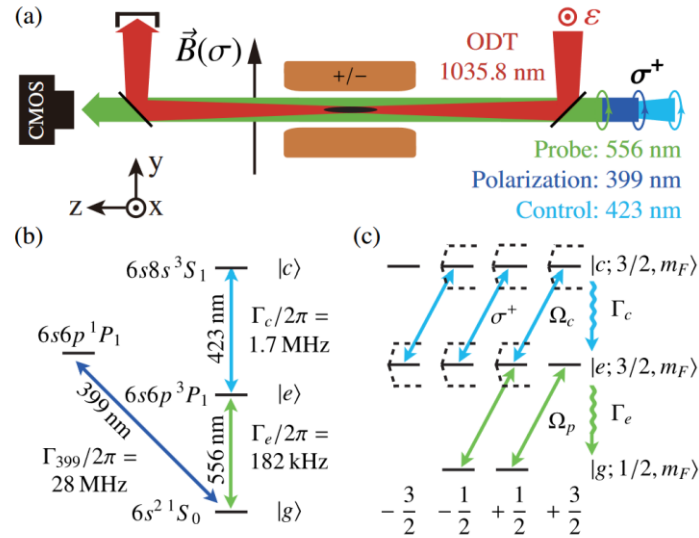
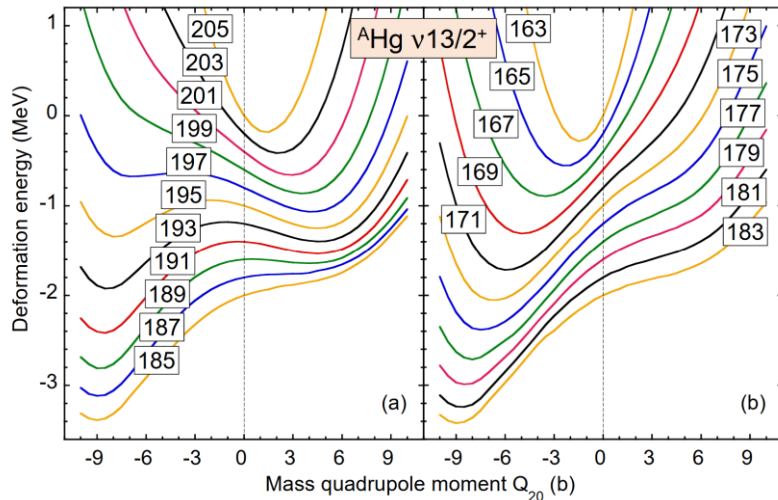
<1  $\mu\text{m}$  EDM separation

# Forbidden topics\*

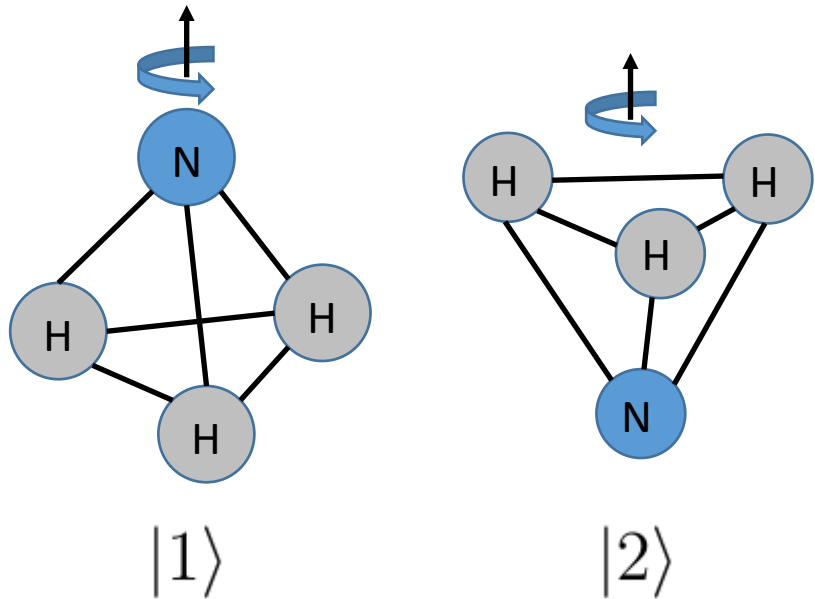


\*if used superficially as motivation/intro

# Reminder

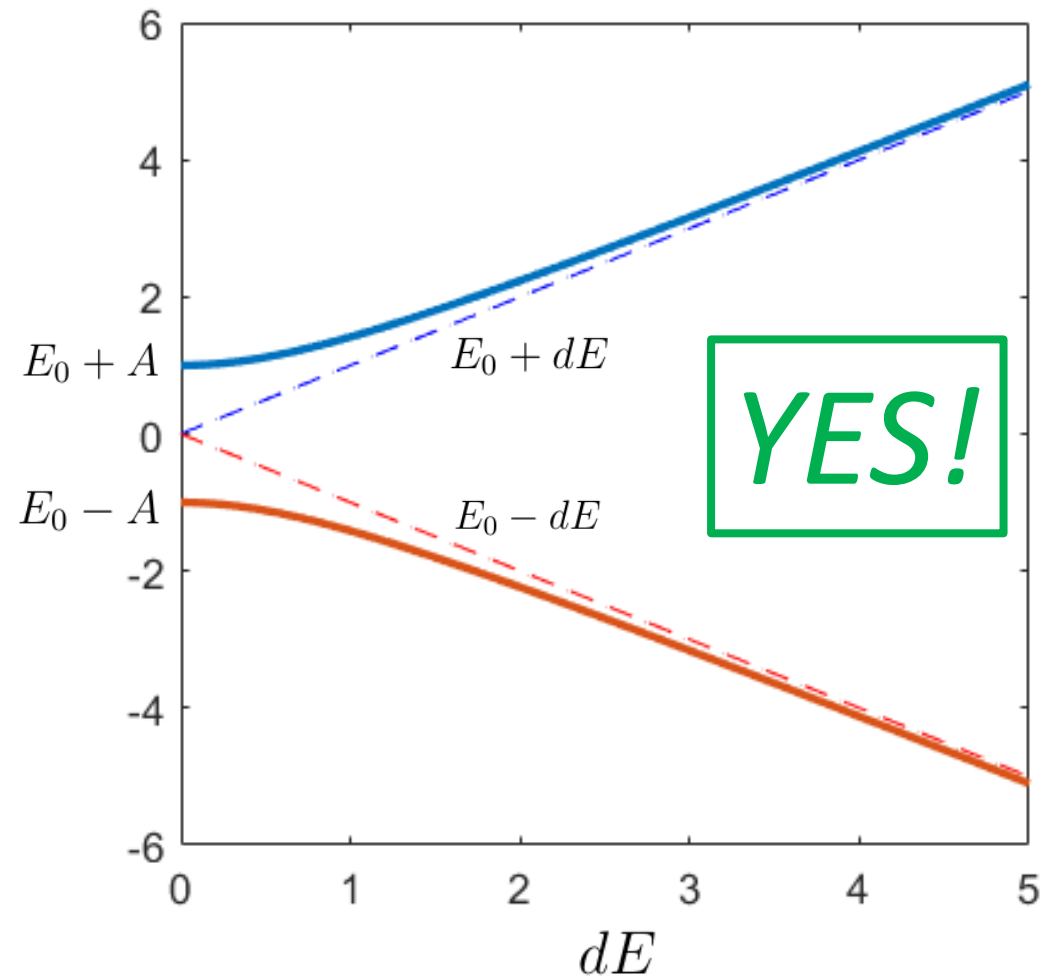


# Is it different from a molecular dipole?



The *energy* eigenstates are:

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|1\rangle \pm |2\rangle)$$



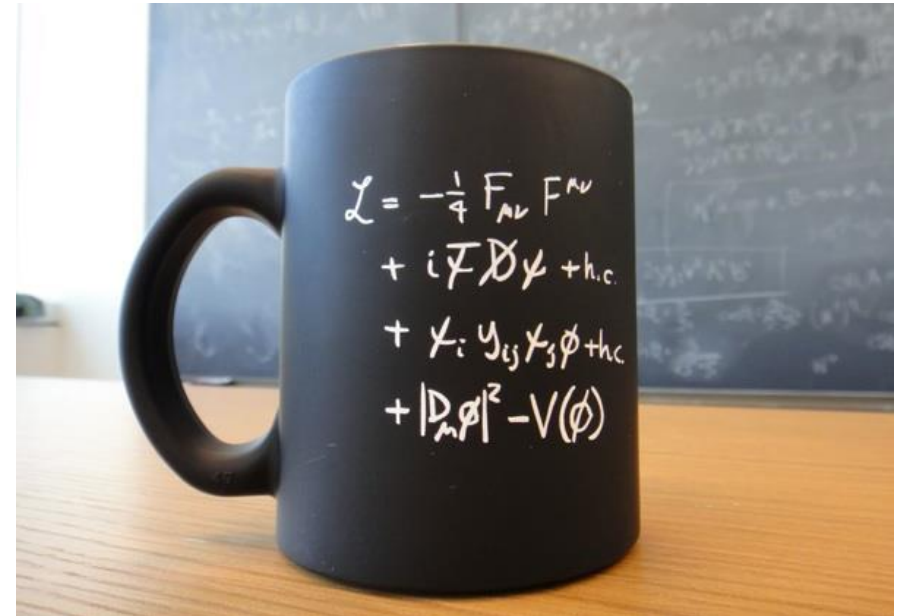
# New Physics, but in Familiar Terms

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{fermion}} = -\frac{\mu}{2}\bar{\psi}\sigma^{\mu\nu}F_{\mu\nu}\psi - i\frac{d}{2}\bar{\psi}\sigma^{\mu\nu}\gamma^5 F_{\mu\nu}\psi$$

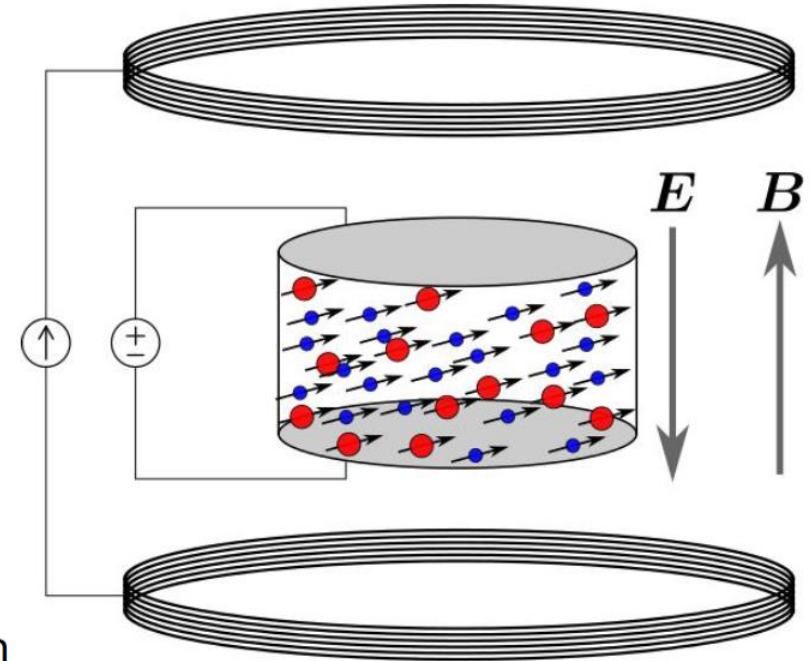
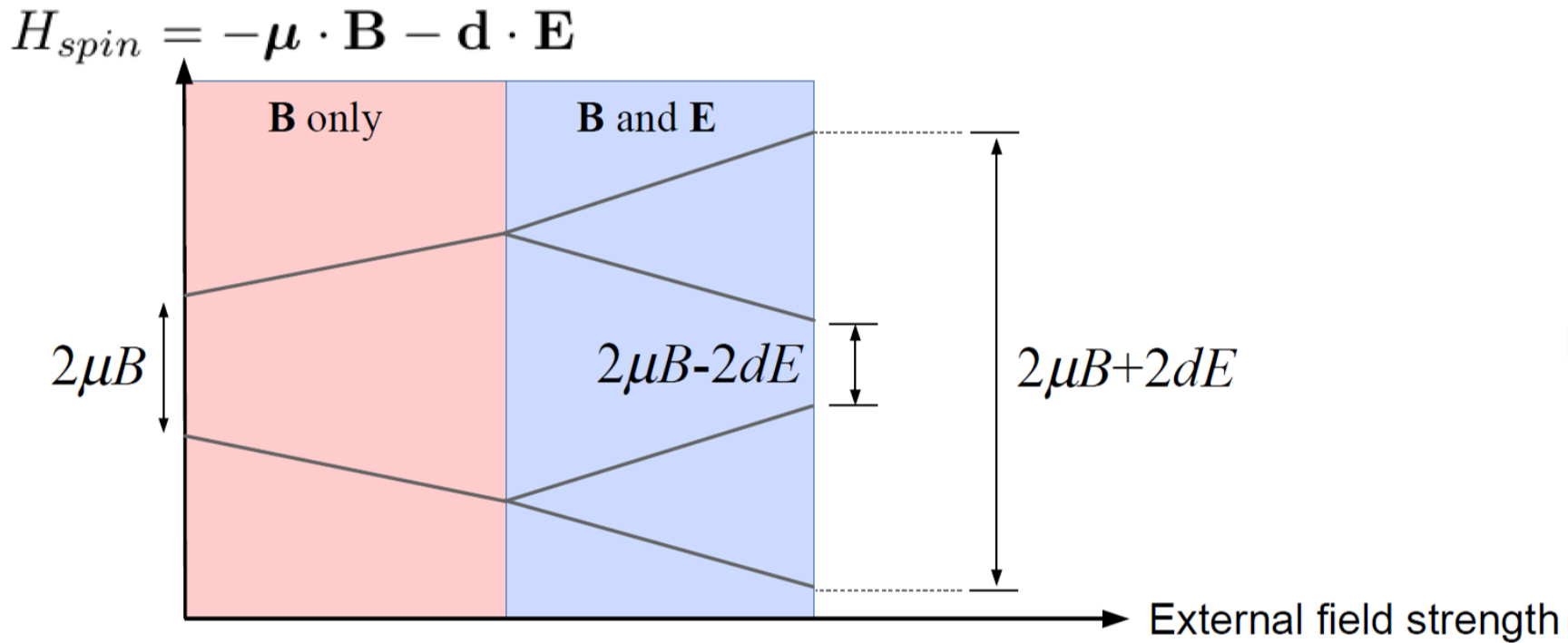
↓  
MDM

↓  
EDM

- Non-conservation of  $P$  and  $T$  already apparent in EDM term
- Consistency with zero vs. consistency with SM



# How could you or I measure an EDM?



$$\hbar(\omega_+ - \omega_-) = 4dE$$

...up to drift, gradients, etc.



# Remember it is “locked” to the spin

Spin-precession based magnetometry:

- $E = -\boldsymbol{\mu} \cdot \mathbf{B}$
- $\boldsymbol{\tau} = \boldsymbol{\mu} \times \mathbf{B}$
- $\boldsymbol{\mu} = \gamma \mathbf{L} \rightarrow \boldsymbol{\omega}_L = -\gamma \mathbf{B}$

Time evolution from Bloch equations:

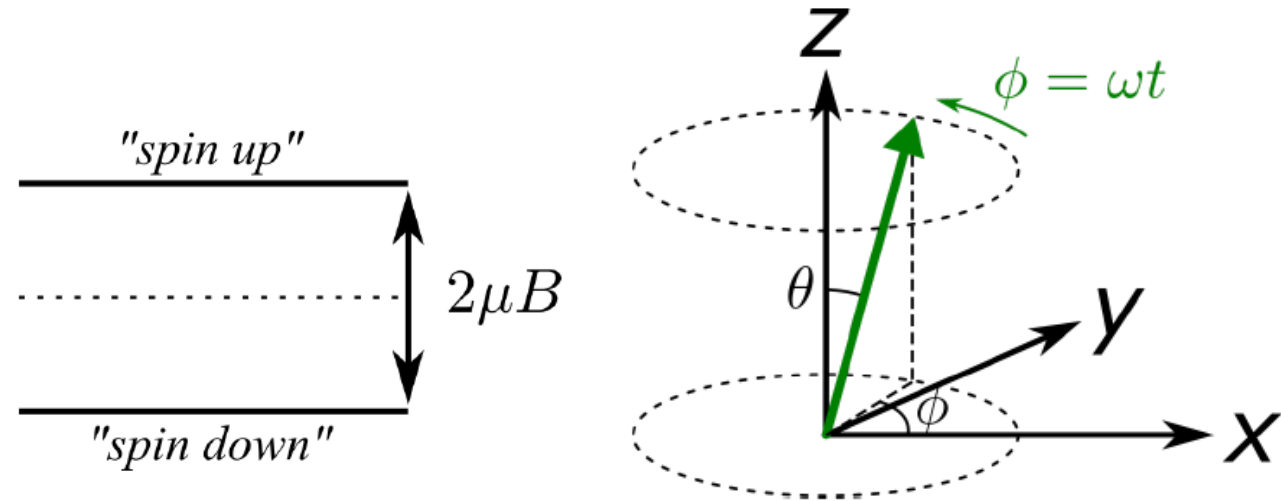
$$\frac{d\boldsymbol{\mu}}{dt} = \gamma \boldsymbol{\mu} \times \mathbf{B} - (\text{relaxation terms})$$

Sensitivity from:  $\Delta E \Delta t \geq \hbar/2$

- relaxation limits measurement time
- many particles  $\rightarrow$  many measurements

EDM fundamental sensitivity:

$$|\delta\omega| = \frac{|dE|}{\hbar F} \quad (\Delta m_F = 1)$$



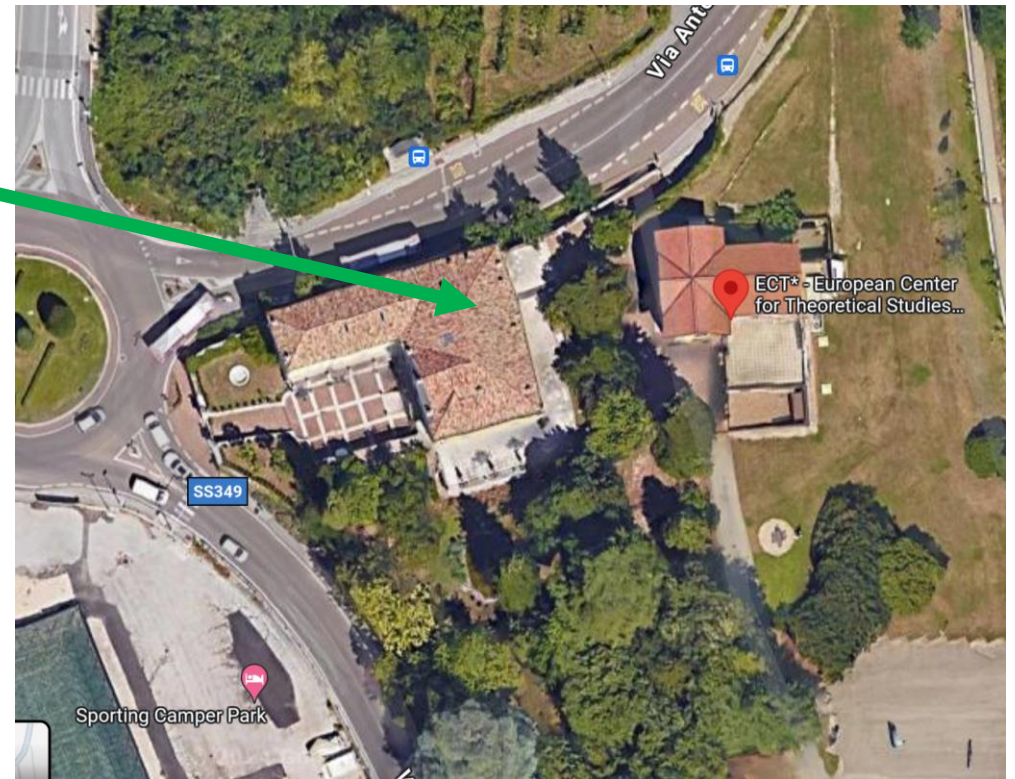
Cornell and Wieman... Nobel 2001, Rev. Mod. Phys. 74, 875 (2002)

vious initial step toward understanding dynamical behavior. Second, in experimental physics a precision measurement is almost always a frequency measurement, and the easiest way to study an effect with precision is to find an observable frequency that is sensitive to that effect. In the case of dilute-gas BEC, the observed fre-

# Practical details

- Talks are 30 + 15 min
  - Please upload slides or bring a USB stick if possible
- Coffee and lunches in the Villa
- Posters can stay up all week
  - Set up starting from coffee today
  - Tuesday evening: scheduled session
- Conference dinner today (paid!)
- Informal dinner Thursday (sign up!)

- **Strike announced for Friday**



# Practical details

08:00	<b>1 - Registration</b>  <i>Aula Renzo Leonardi, ECT*</i>	08:00 - 09:00
09:00	<b>2 - Welcome</b>  <i>Aula Renzo Leonardi, ECT*</i>	<i>Ubirajara van Kolck et al.</i> 09:00 - 09:30
	<b>3 - Global analysis of CP-violation in atoms, molecules and role of medium-heavy systems</b>  <i>Aula Renzo Leonardi, ECT*</i>	<i>Konstantin Gaul</i> 09:30 - 10:15
10:00	<b>Coffee</b>  <i>Aula Renzo Leonardi, ECT*</i>	10:15 - 10:45
11:00	<b>4 - Nonperturbative physics, chiral symmetry and EDM observables</b>  <i>Aula Renzo Leonardi, ECT*</i>	<i>Maxim Pospelov</i> 10:45 - 11:30
12:00	<b>2 - Discussions: complementarity of experiments and consistent approaches</b>  <i>Aula Renzo Leonardi, ECT*</i>	11:30 - 12:30
	<b>Lunch</b>	