



GPDs and diffraction at the HERA collider experiments

Charlotte Van Hulse
University of Alcalá

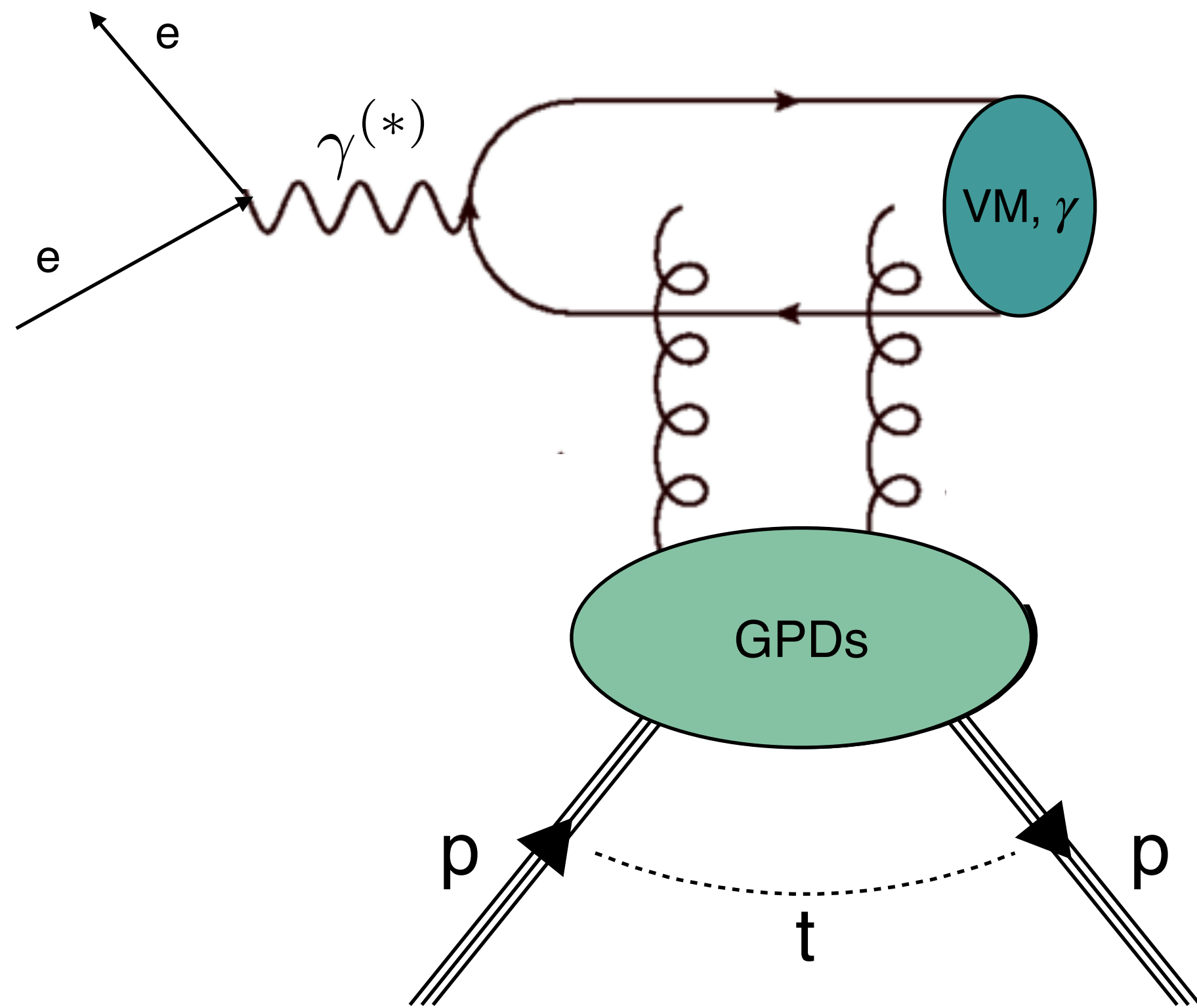
AdT



Comunidad
de Madrid

ECT*-APCTP Joint Workshop:
Exploring resonance structure with transition GPDs
Trento, Italy
21–25 August 2023

Measurements at H1 and ZEUS



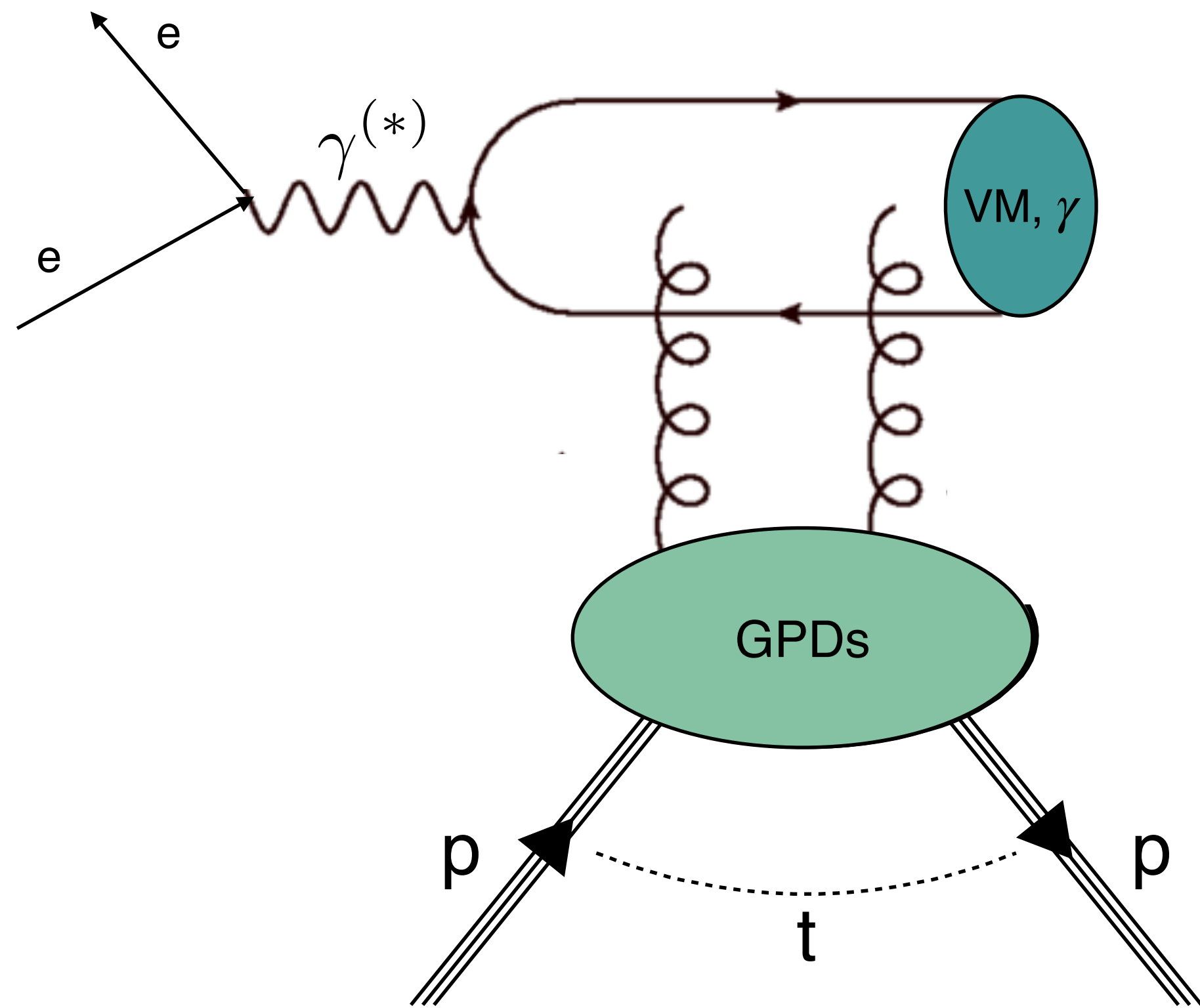
- unpolarised 920 GeV proton beam
- effectively unpolarised 27 GeV lepton beam
- exclusive production of $\gamma, \rho, \omega, \phi, J/\psi, \psi(2S), \Upsilon$
- dissociative diffraction of $\rho, \omega, \phi, J/\psi, \psi(2S), \Upsilon$
- far-forward tiggers and calorimeters: separation elastic and dissociative events
- far-forward proton spectrometers: detection of scattered proton with few % acceptance for elastic events

$$10^{-4} \leq x_B \leq 10^{-2}$$

$$25 \text{ GeV} \leq W \leq 305 \text{ GeV}$$

$$2 \text{ GeV}^2 \leq Q^2 \leq 100 \text{ GeV}^2 \text{ (DIS)}$$

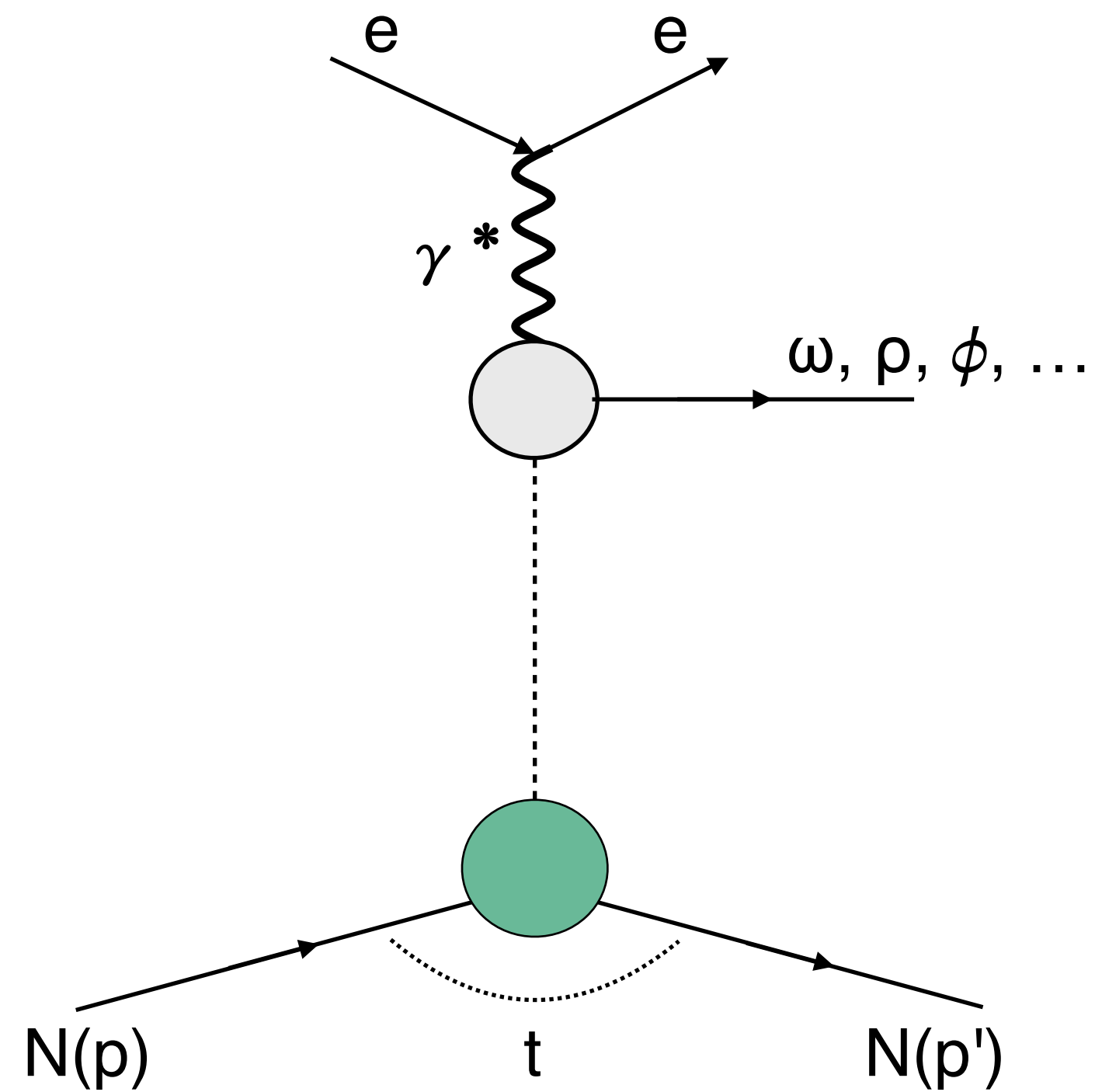
Exclusive vector-meson production



Target polarization state

- unpolarized target:
nucleon-helicity-non-flip GPDs H , \tilde{H} and $\bar{E}_T = 2H_T + \tilde{E}_T$.
- transversely polarised target:
nucleon-helicity-flip GPDs E , \tilde{E} and H_T .

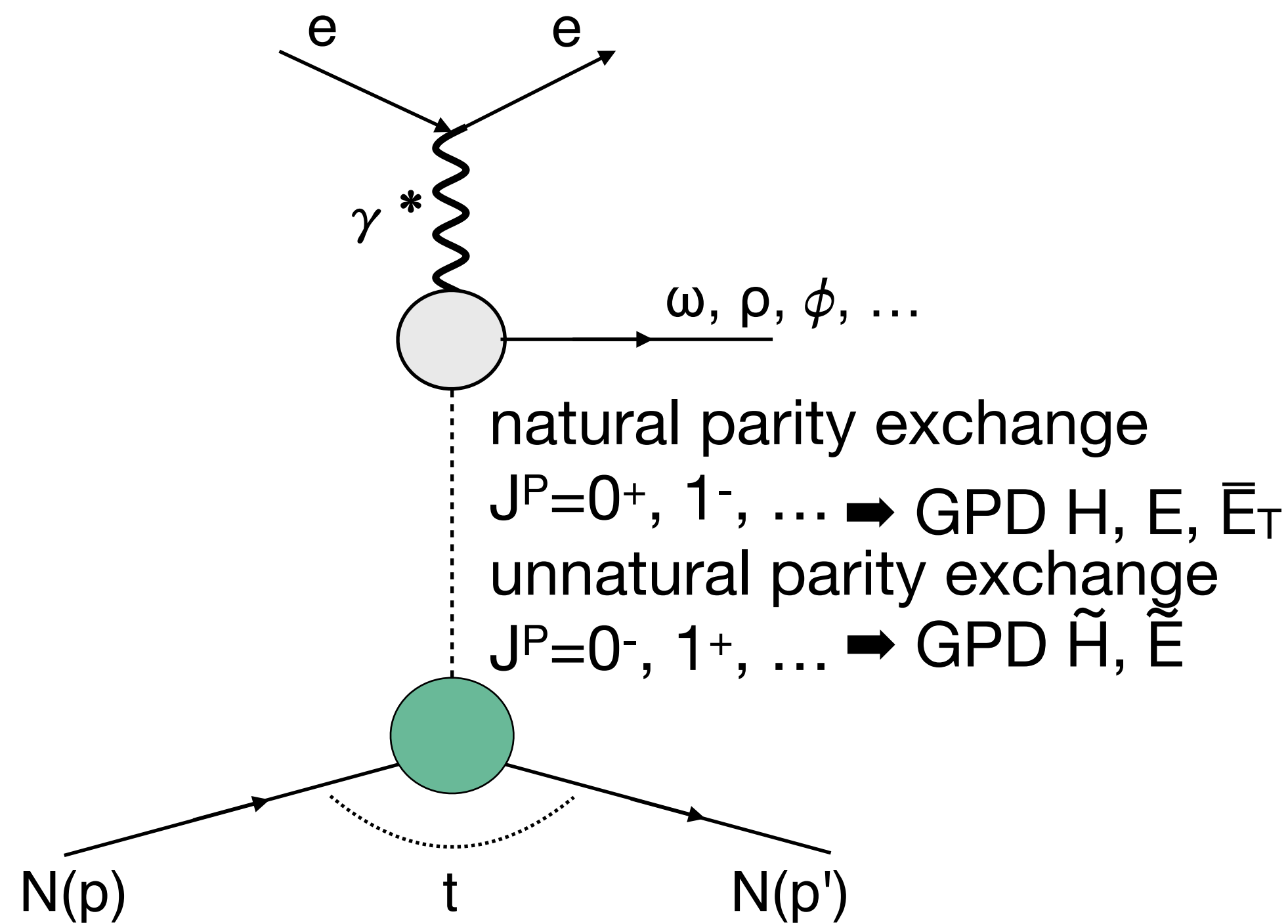
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Exclusive vector-meson production

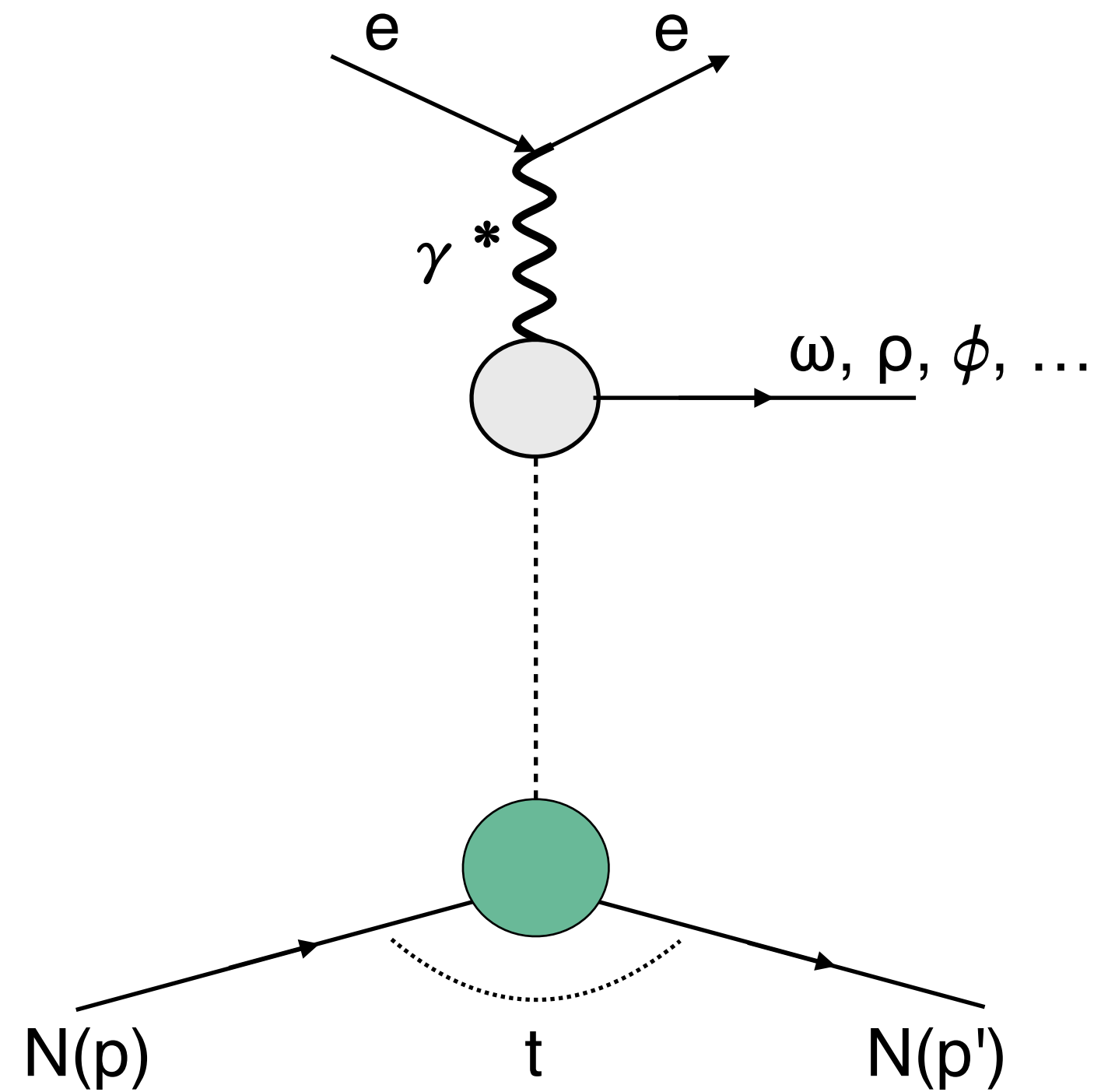


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Helicity amplitude ratios and spin-density matrix elements (SDMEs)

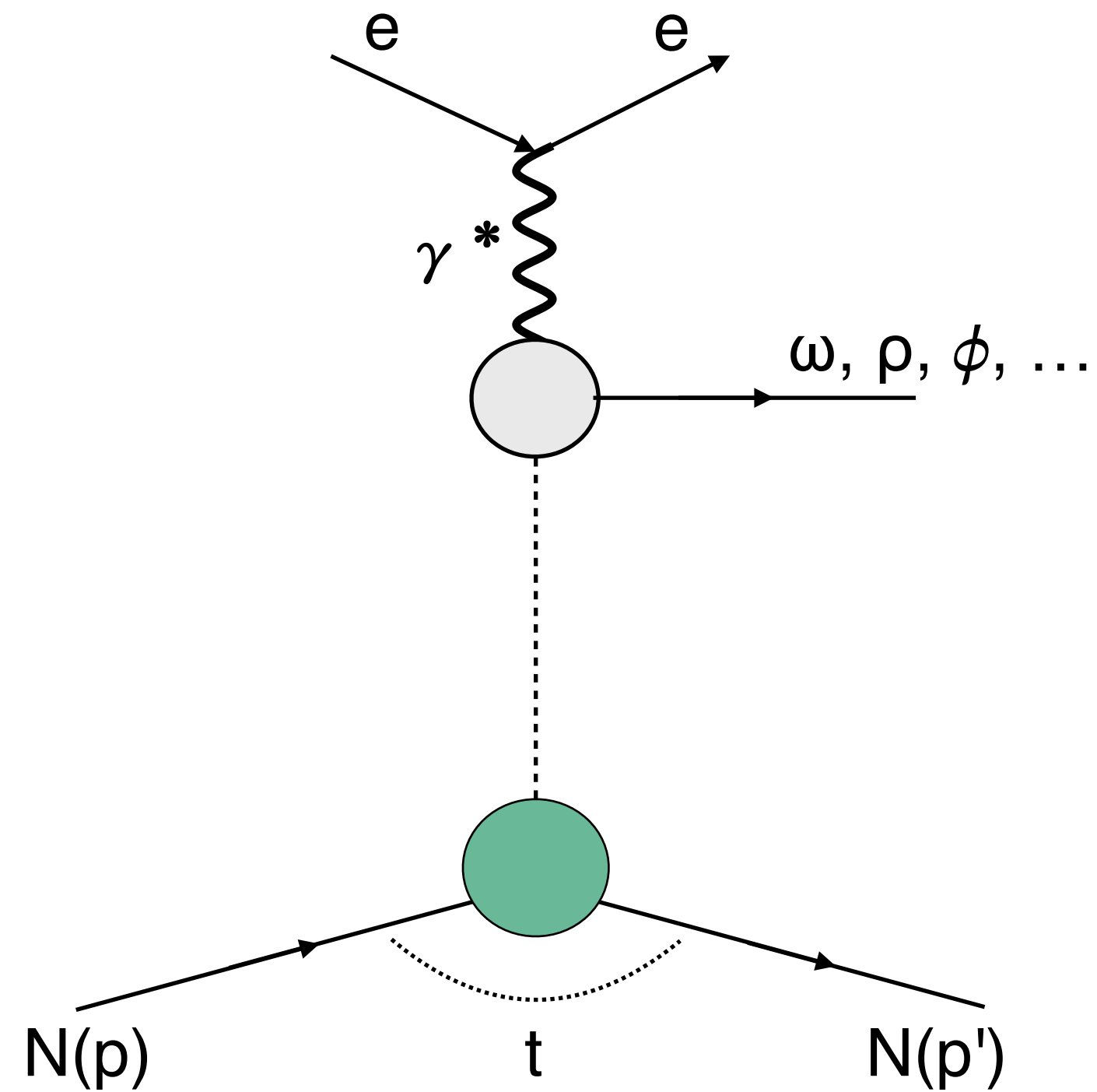
$$\gamma^*(\lambda_\gamma) + N(\lambda_N) \rightarrow V(\lambda_V) + N(\lambda'_N)$$



- Helicity amplitude $F_{\lambda_V \lambda'_N \lambda_\gamma \lambda_N}$

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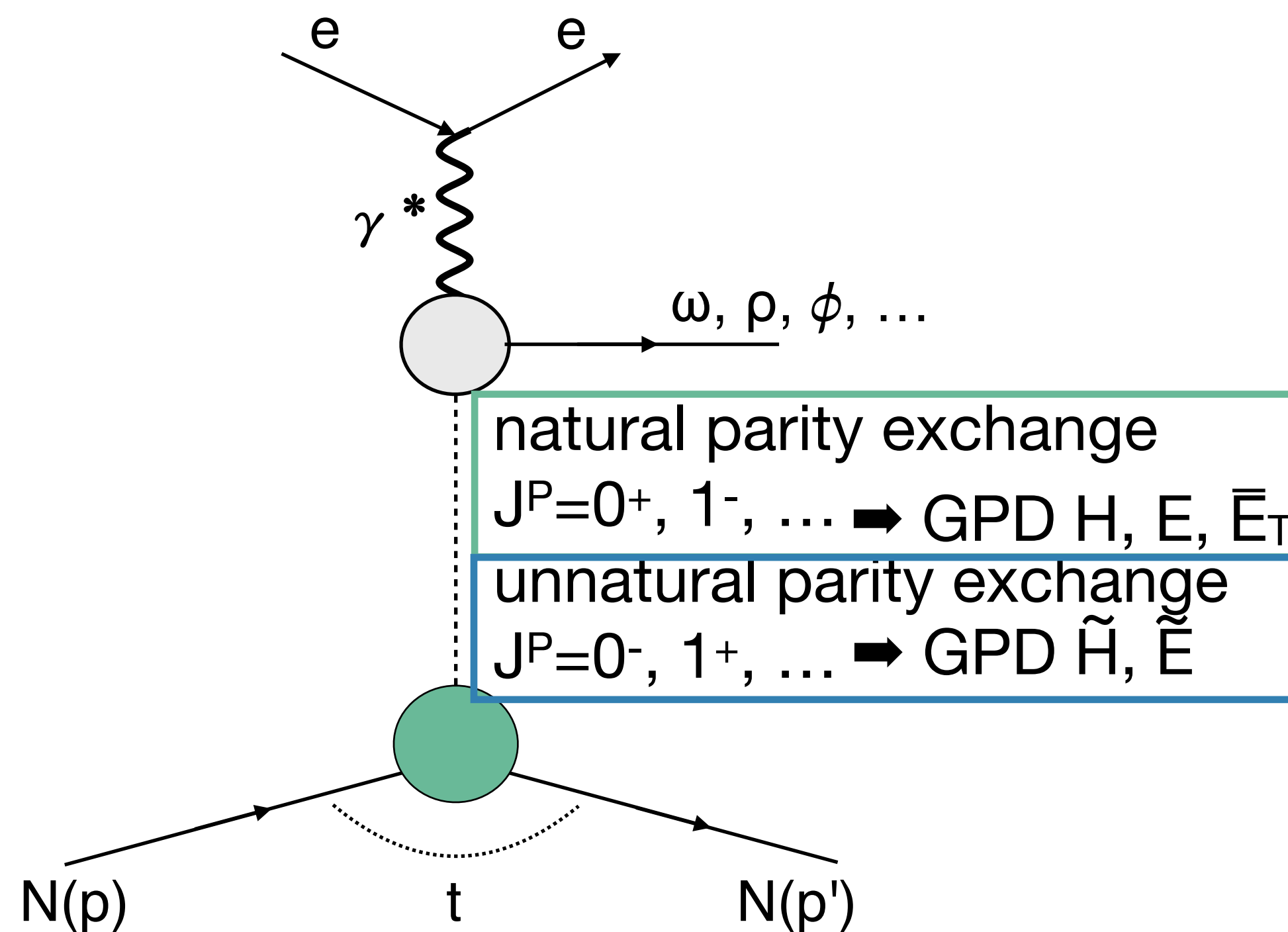


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$$F_{\lambda_V \lambda'_N \lambda_\gamma \lambda_N} = T_{\lambda_V \lambda'_N \lambda_\gamma \lambda_N} + U_{\lambda_V \lambda'_N \lambda_\gamma \lambda_N}$$

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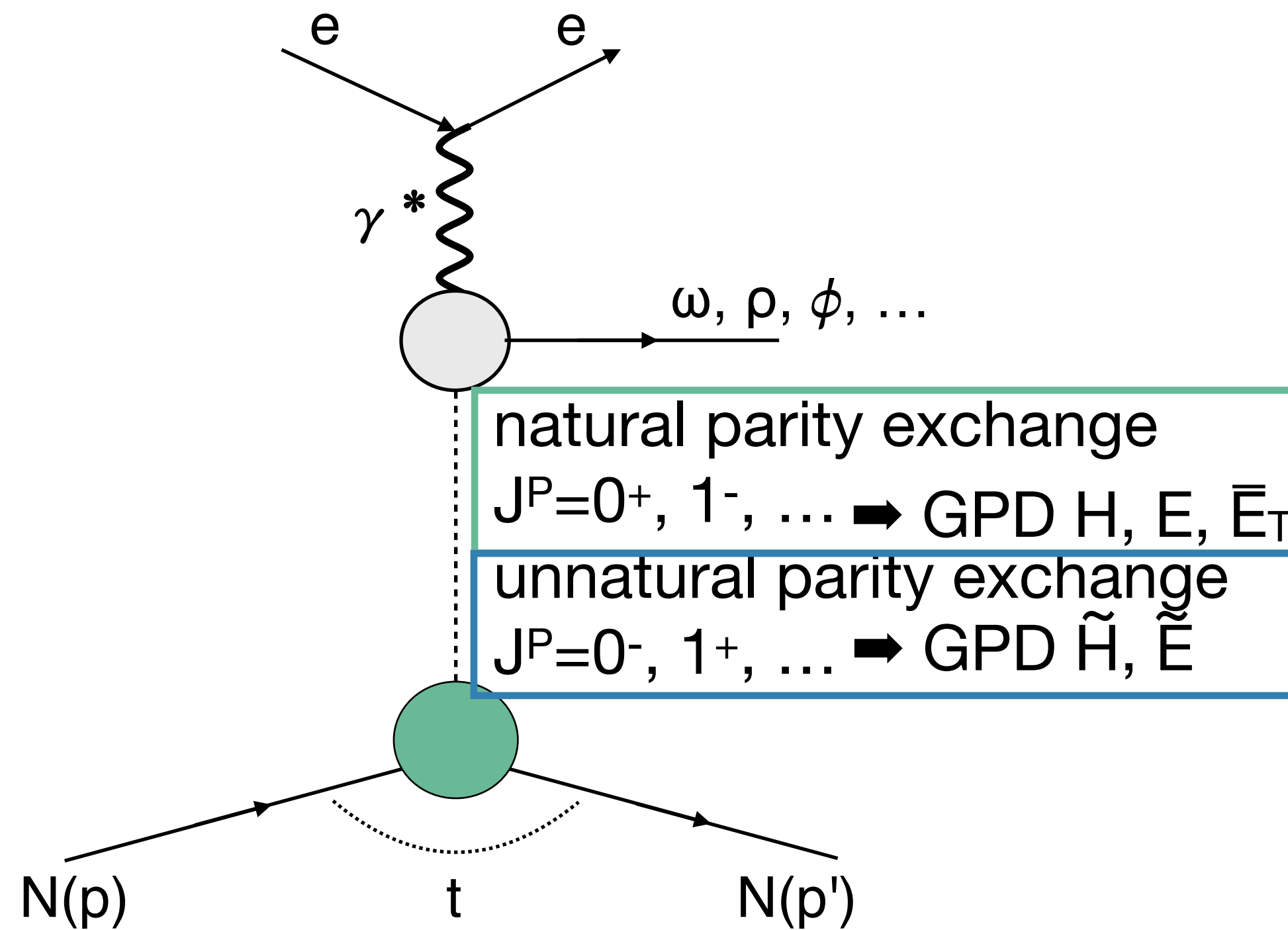


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- Helicity amplitude ratios

$$t_{\lambda_V \lambda_\gamma}^{(n)} = T_{\lambda_V \lambda_\gamma}^{(n)} / T_{0\frac{1}{2}0\frac{1}{2}}$$

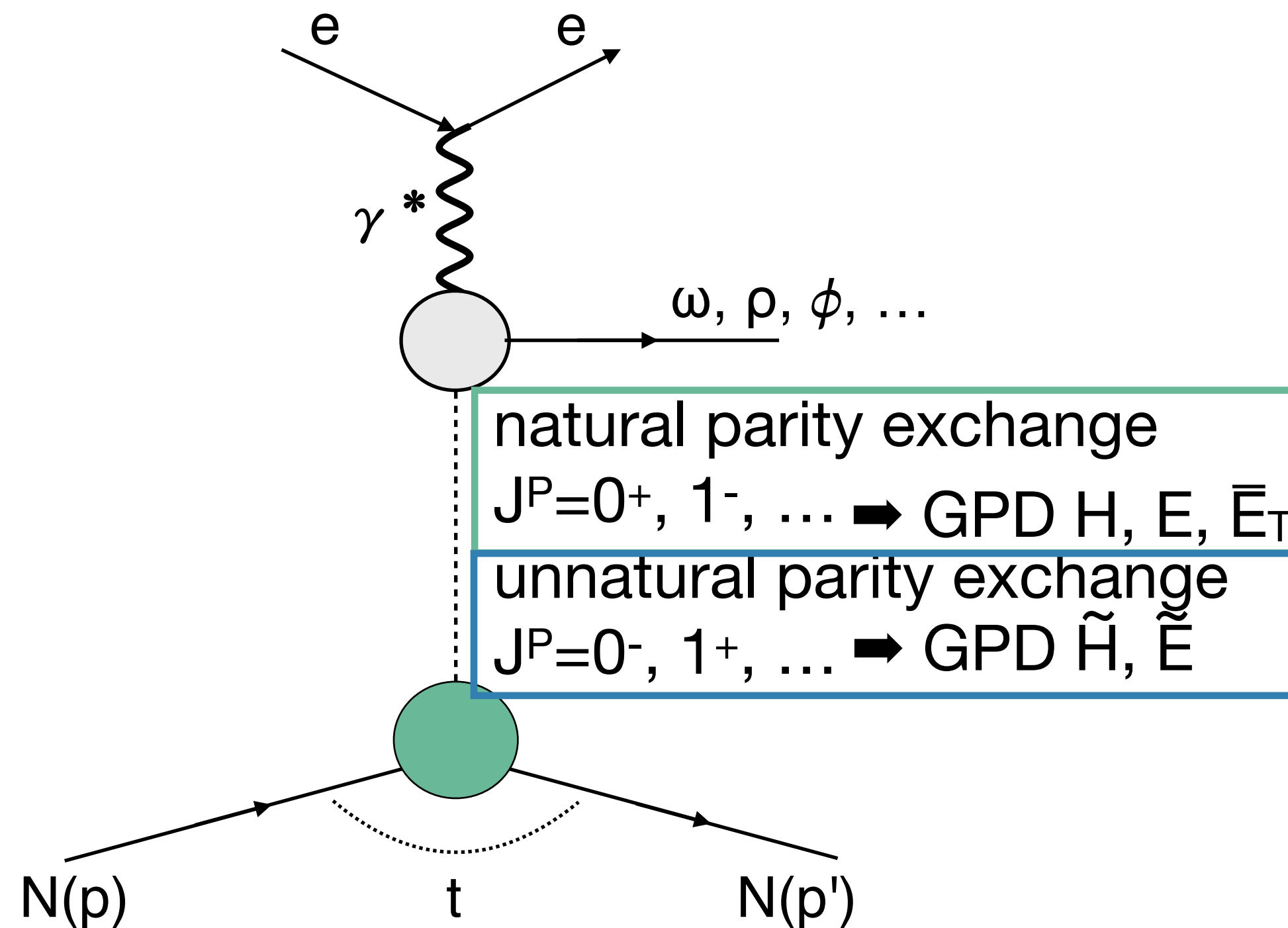
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$$n = 1 \quad \lambda_N = \lambda'_N$$

$$n = 2 \quad \lambda_N \neq \lambda'_N$$

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$$n = 1 \quad \lambda_N = \lambda'_N$$

$$n = 2 \quad \lambda_N \neq \lambda'_N$$

- SDMEs

$$\propto F_{\lambda_V \lambda'_N \lambda_\gamma \lambda_N} \sum_{\lambda_\gamma \lambda'_\gamma}^\alpha F_{\lambda'_V \lambda'_N \lambda'_\gamma \lambda_N}^*$$

Dissociative production

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} \sim \langle |A|^2 \rangle$$

average cross section

$$\sigma_{\text{el}} \sim |\langle A \rangle|^2$$

average amplitude over target configurations:
probes average distributions

$$\sigma_{\text{diss}} \sim \sum_{f \neq i} |\langle f|A|i \rangle|^2$$

Incoherent

= difference between both:
probes event-by-event fluctuations

$$= \sum_f \langle i|A|f \rangle^\dagger \langle f|A|i \rangle - \langle i|A|i \rangle^\dagger \langle i|A|i \rangle$$

$$= \left(\langle |A|^2 \rangle - |\langle A \rangle|^2 \right)$$

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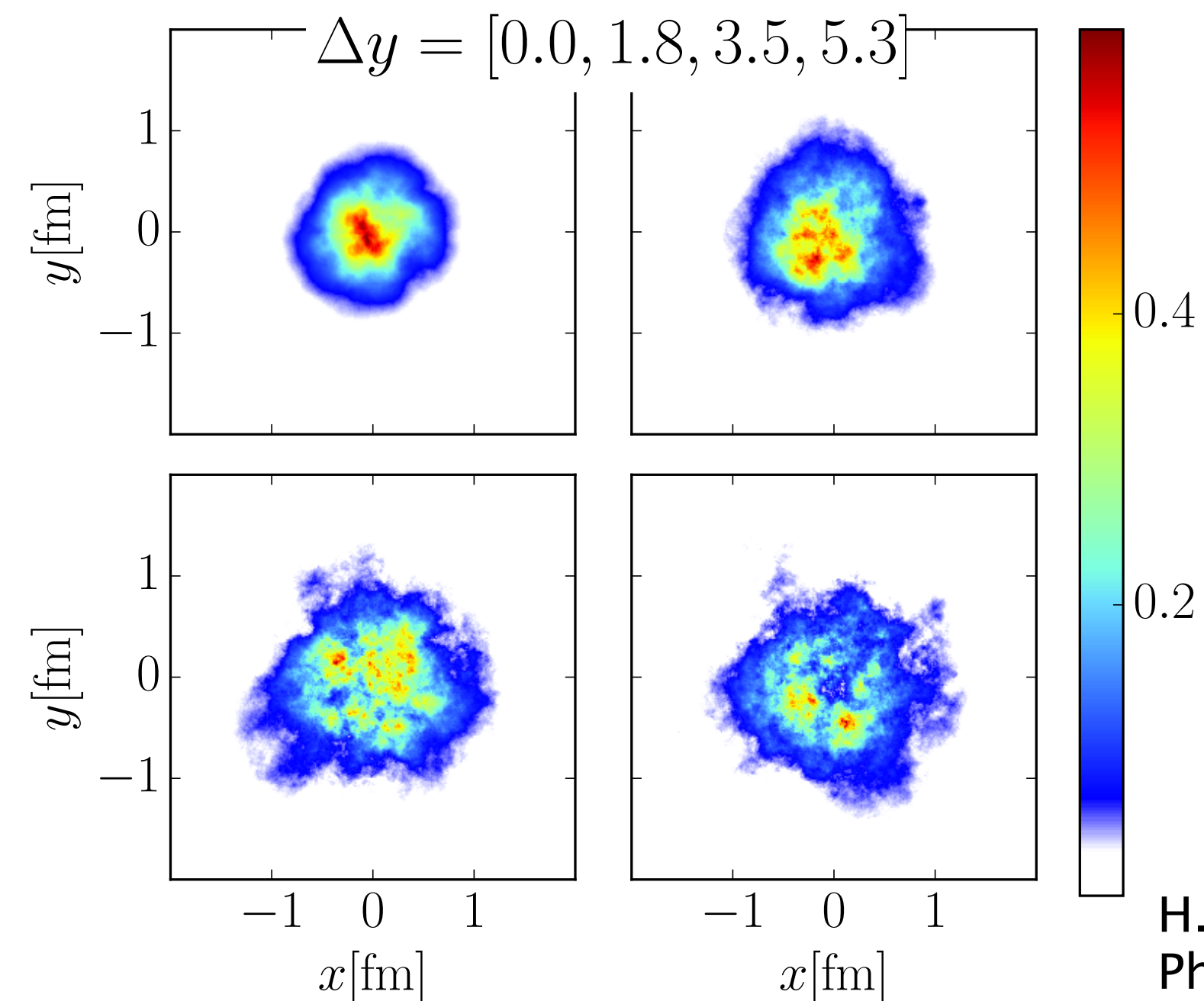
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Dissociative production

See Michael Winn's talk

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} \sim \langle |A|^2 \rangle$$

$$\sigma_{\text{el}} \sim |\langle A \rangle|^2$$

$$\sigma_{\text{diss}} \sim \sum_{f \neq i} |\langle f|A|i \rangle|^2$$

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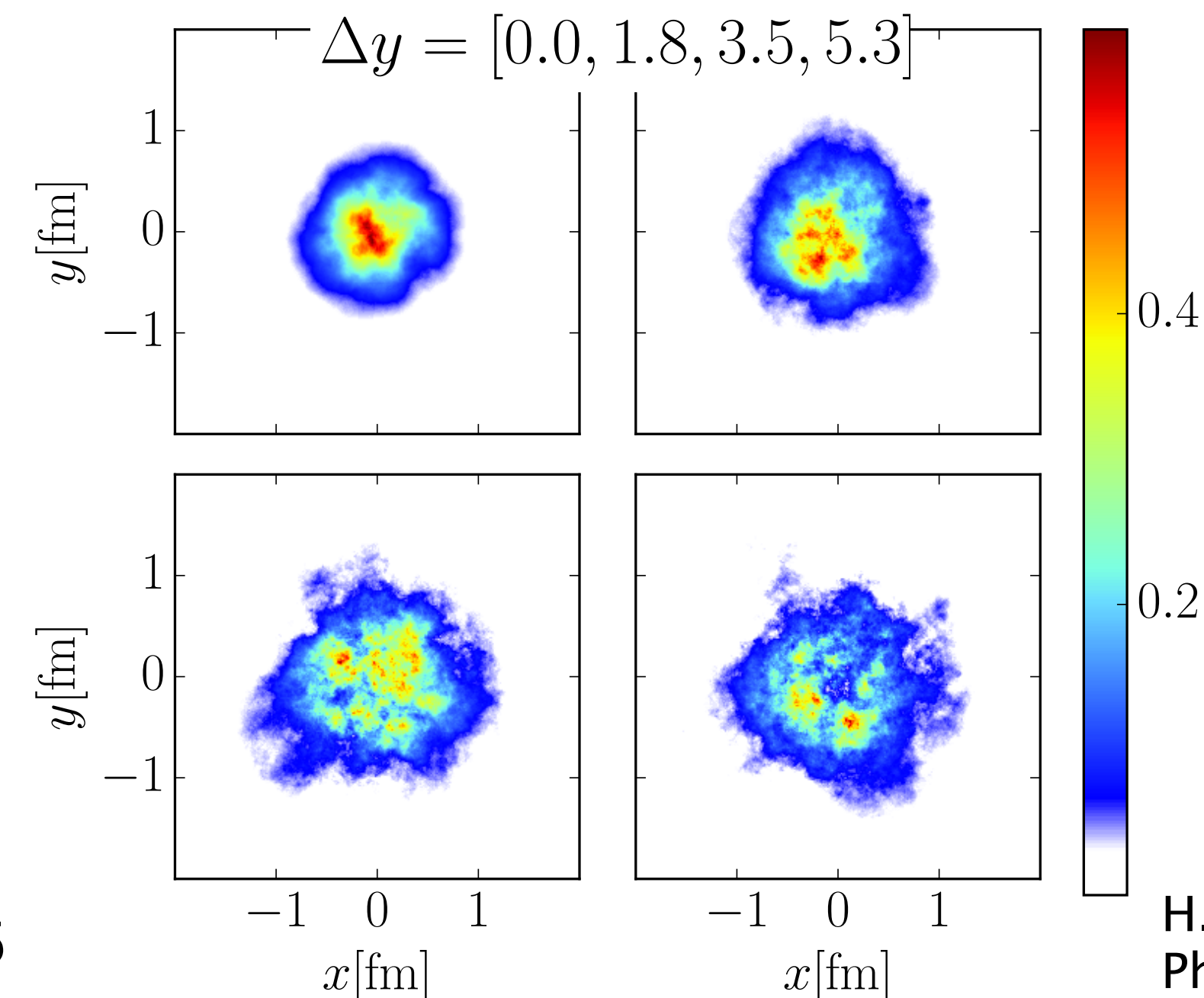
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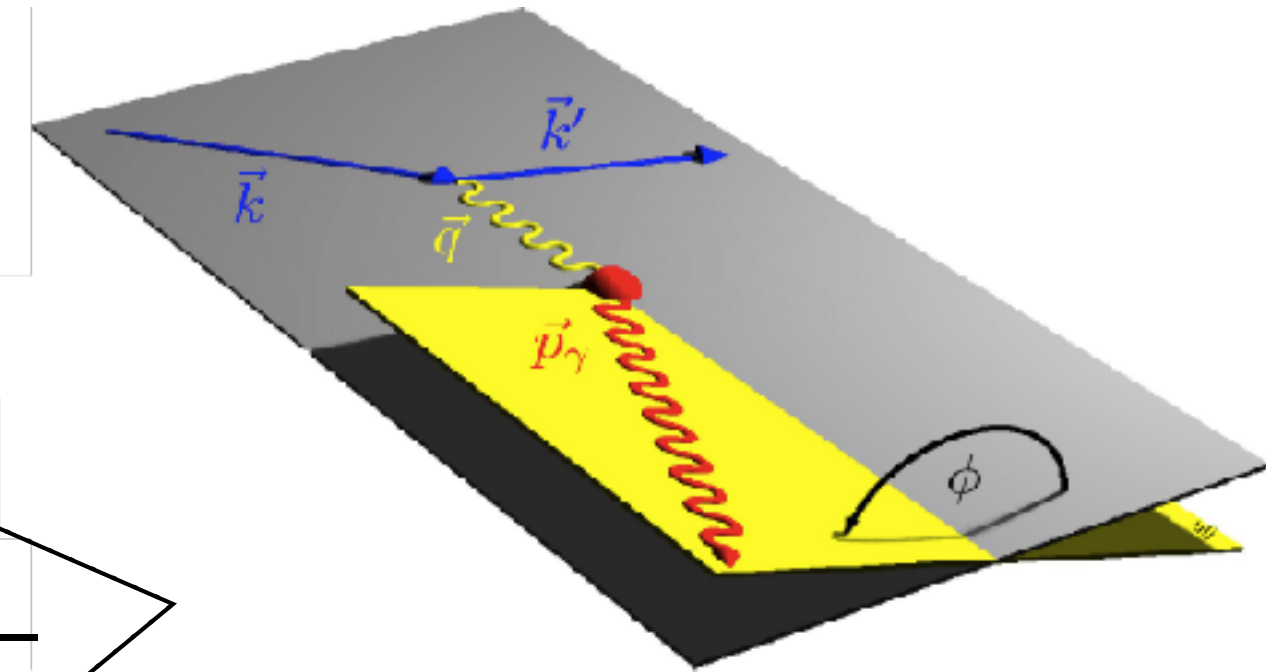
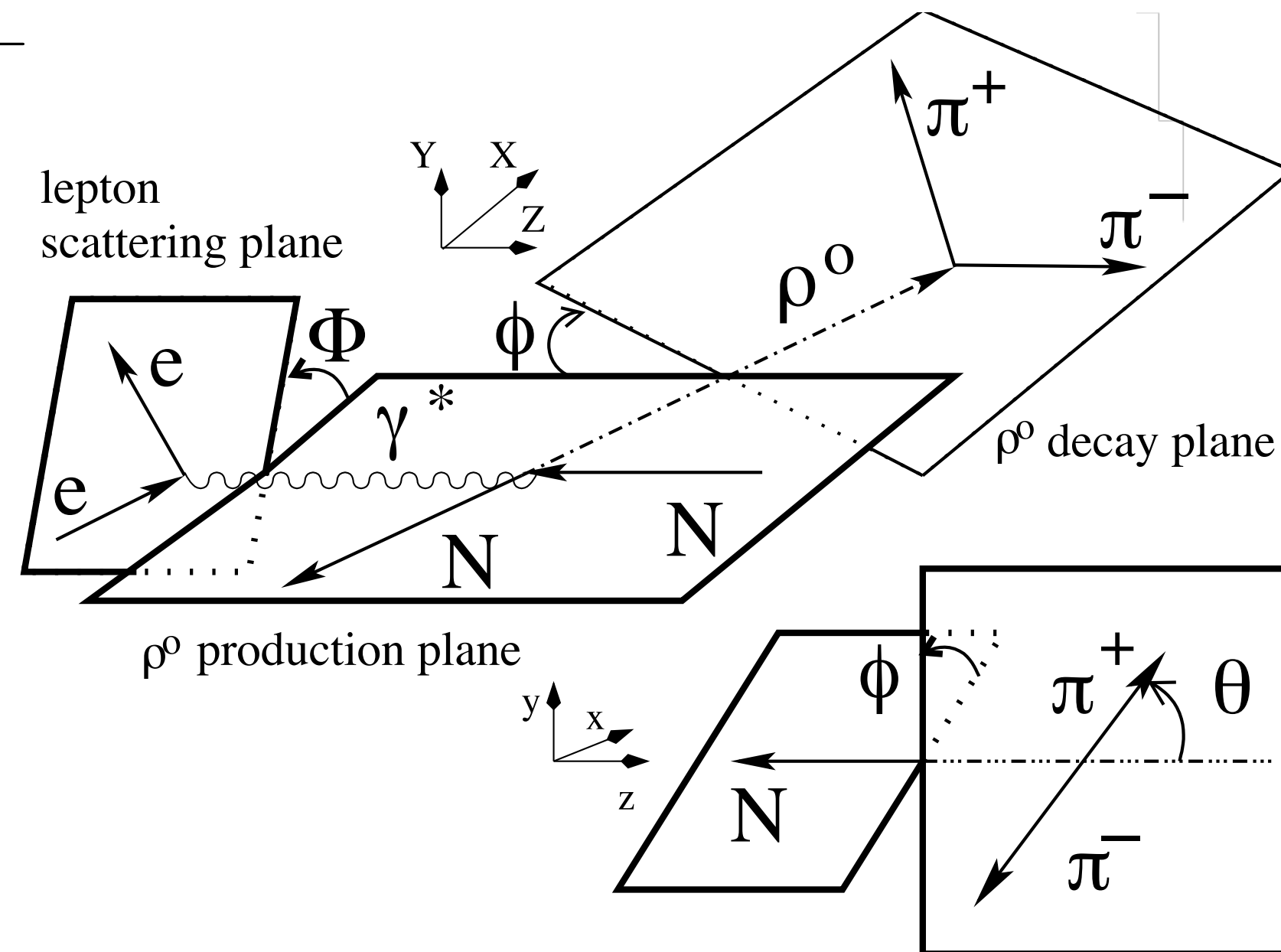
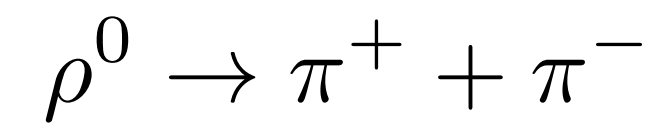
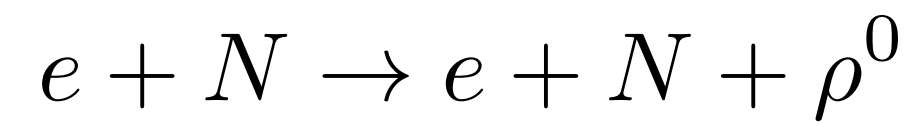
average amplitude over target configurations:
probes average distributions

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= difference between both:
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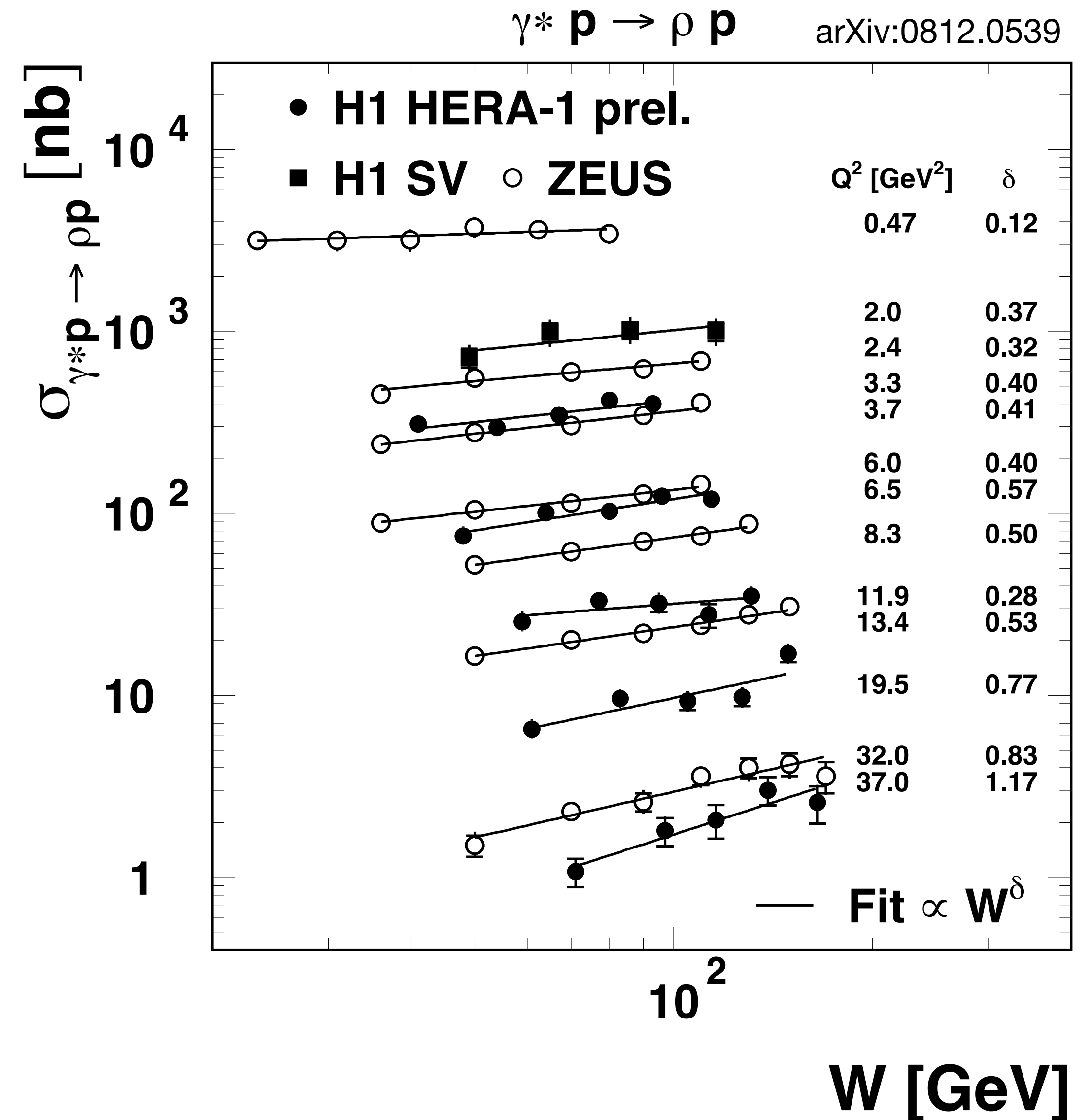
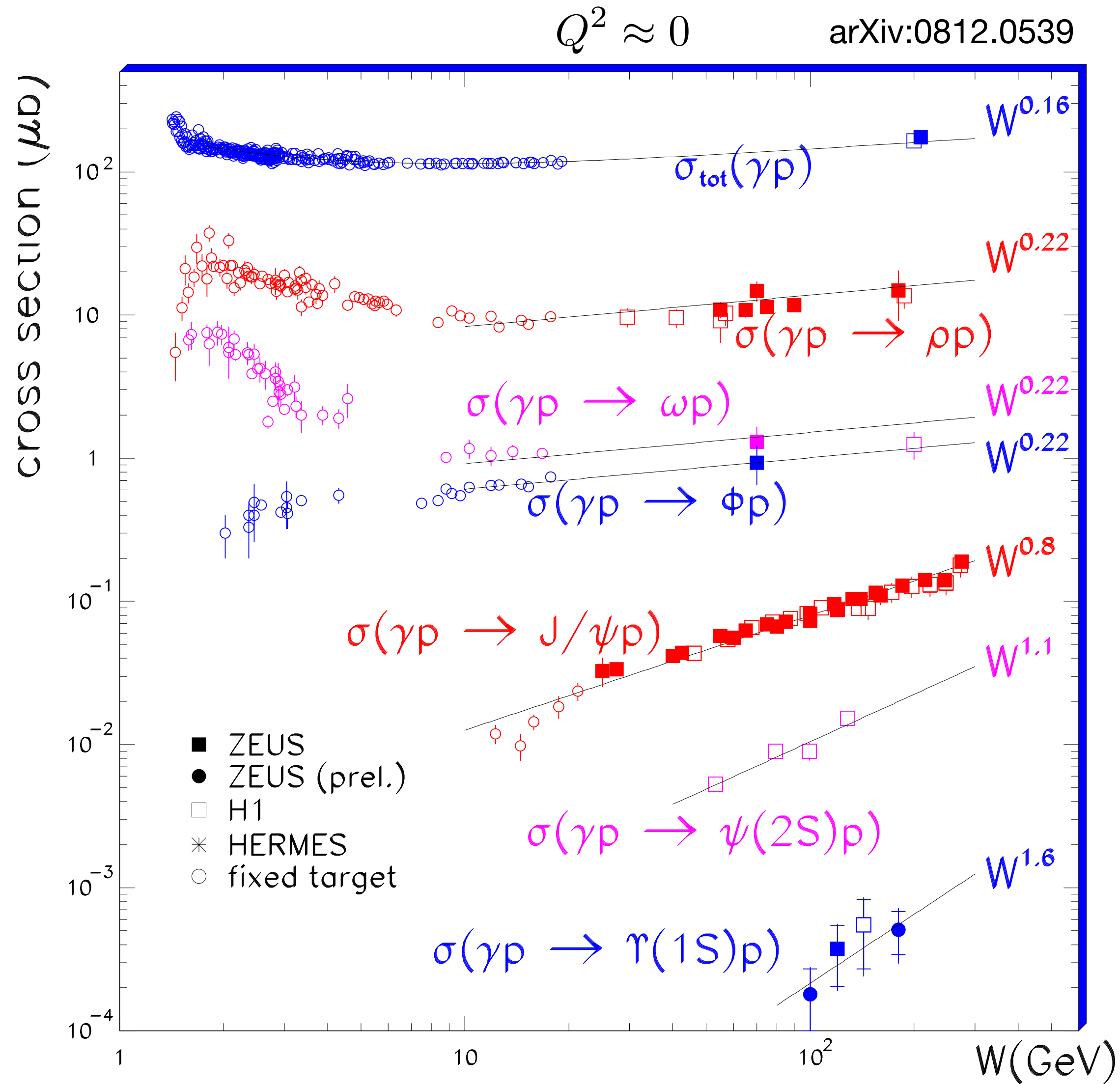


Angular distributions



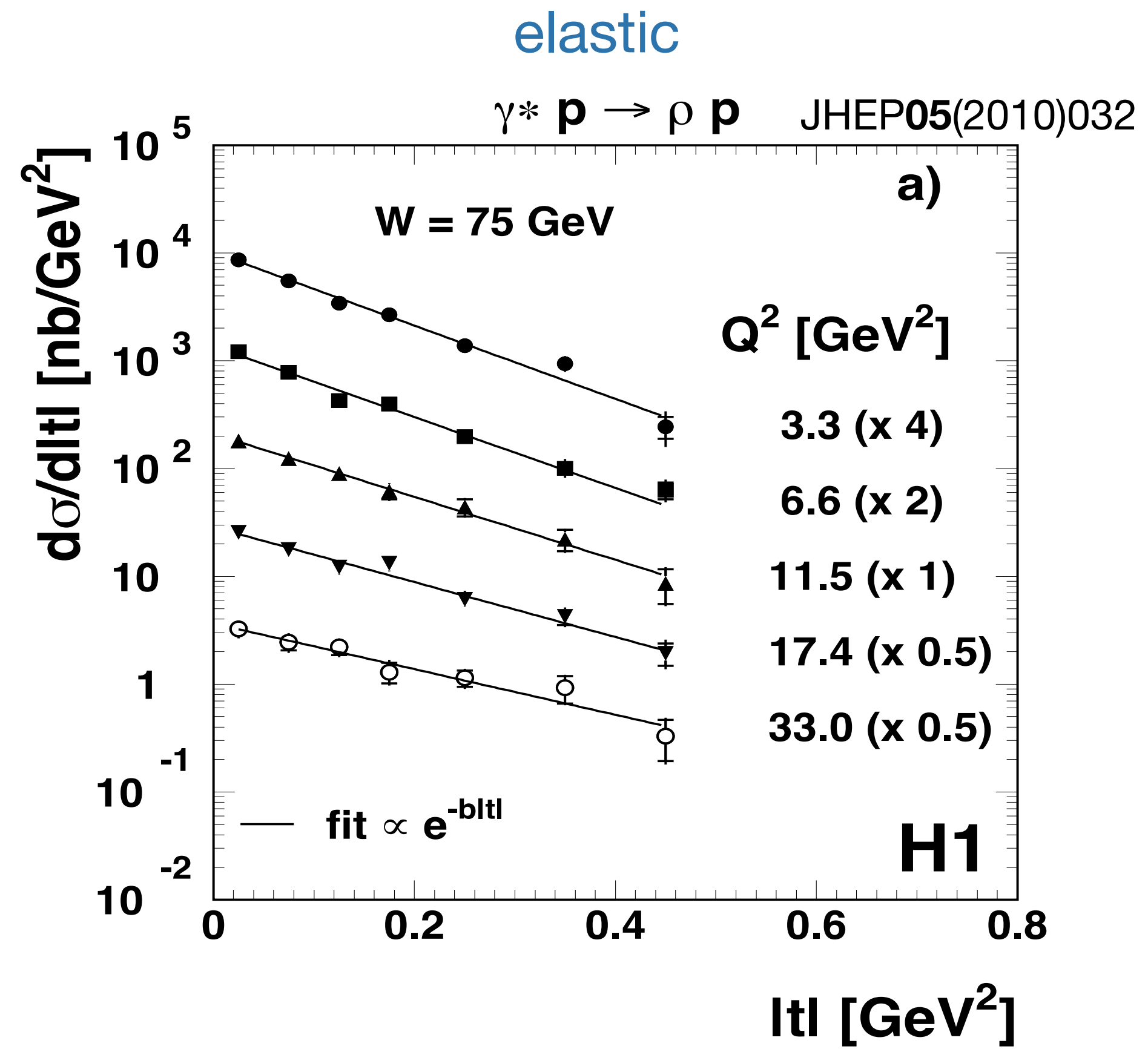
Fit angular distribution of decay pions/muons $\mathcal{W}(\Phi, \phi, \Theta)$ and extract either Spin Density Matrix Elements (SDMEs) or helicity amplitude ratios

W dependence of elastic production



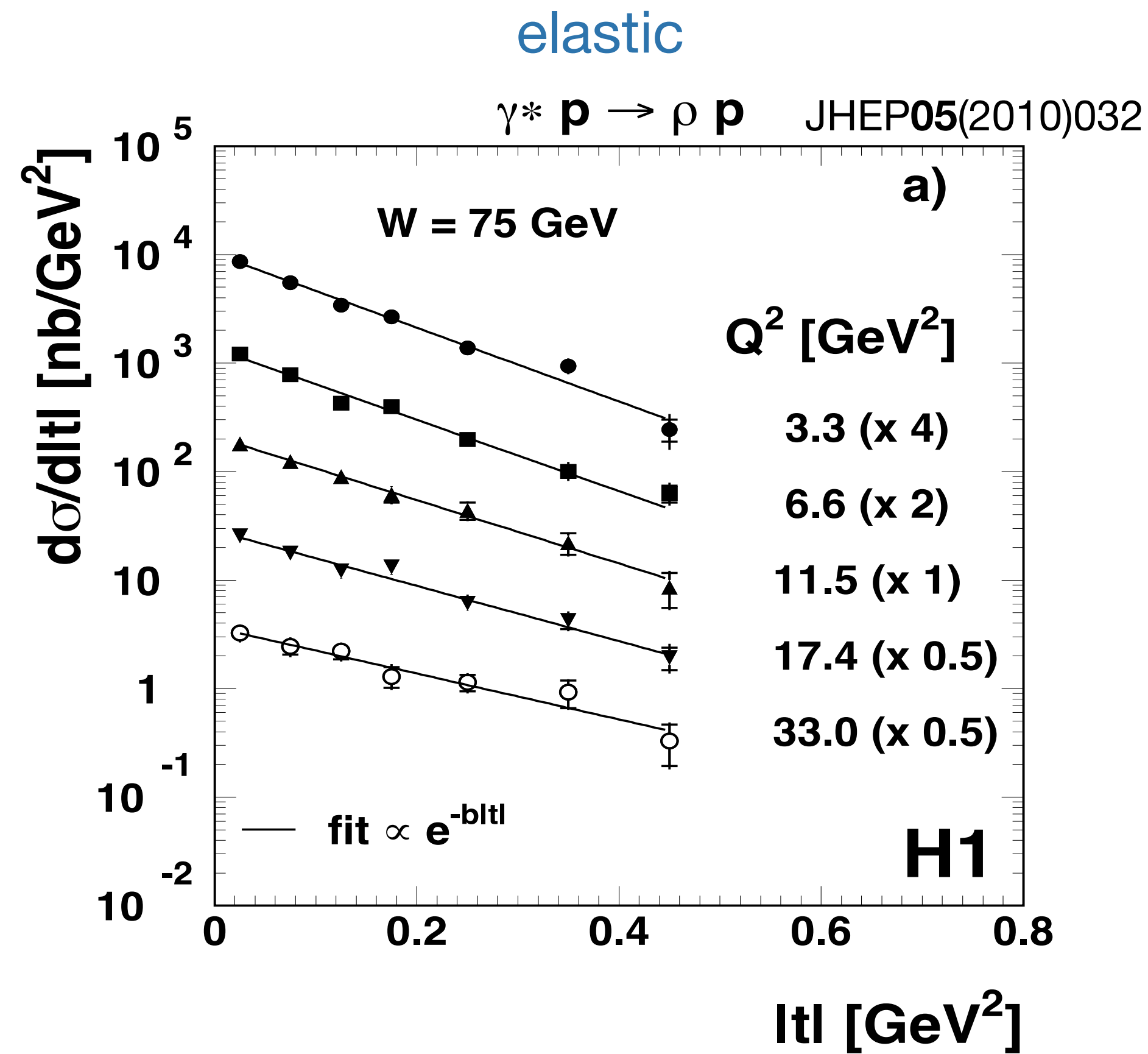
Light-meson production

t dependence

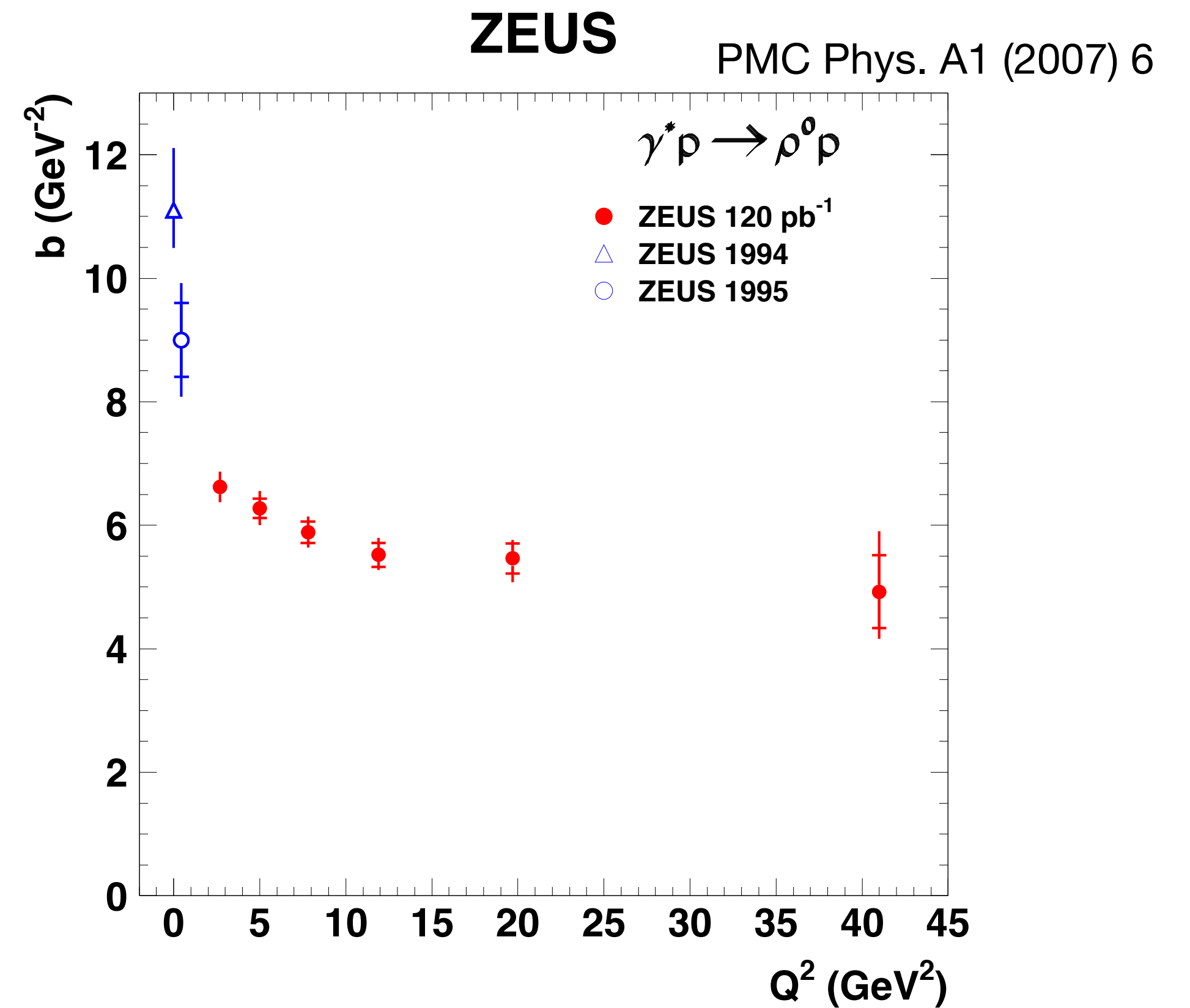


$$b = b_{VM} + b_p$$

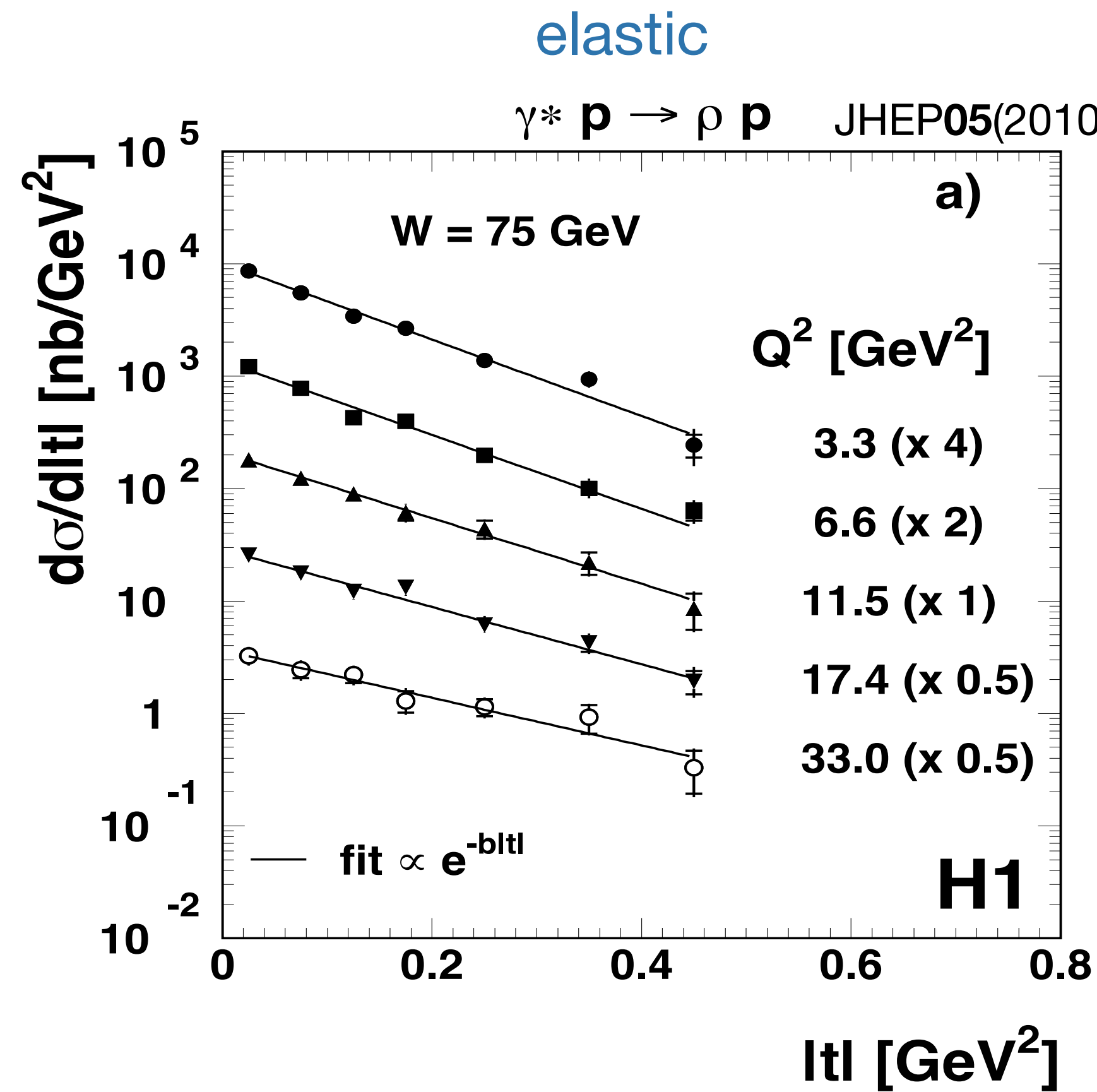
t dependence



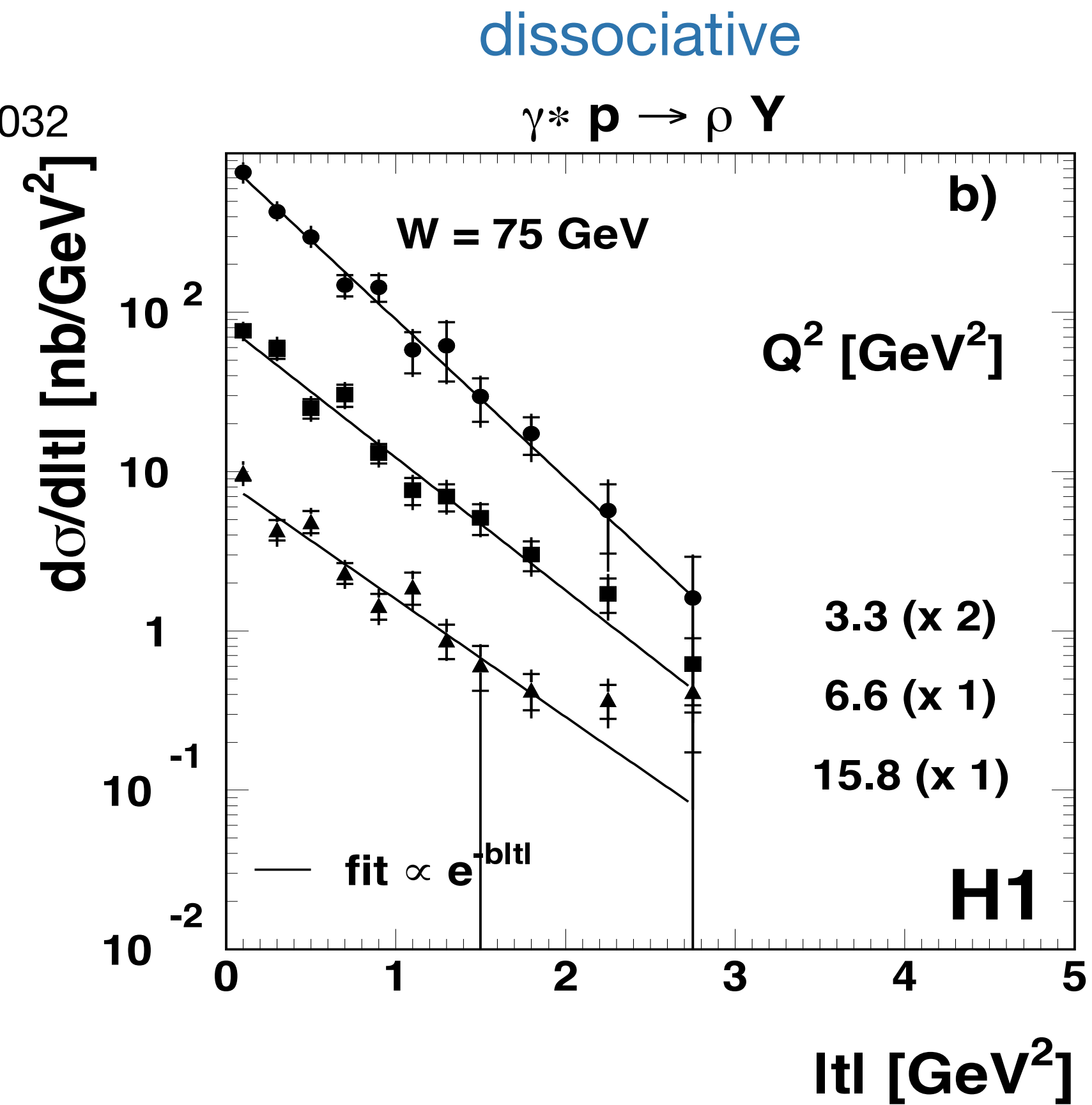
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t dependence

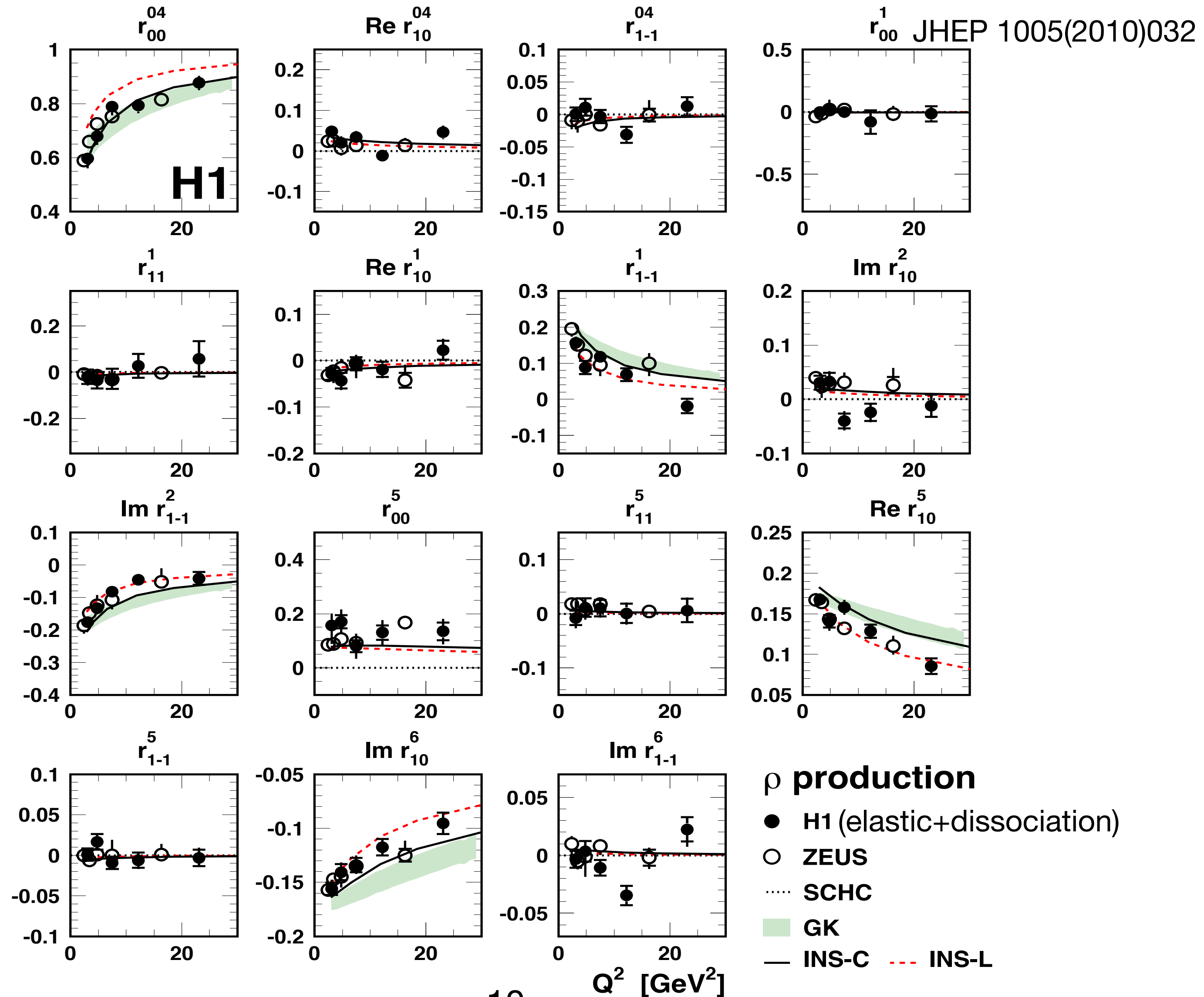


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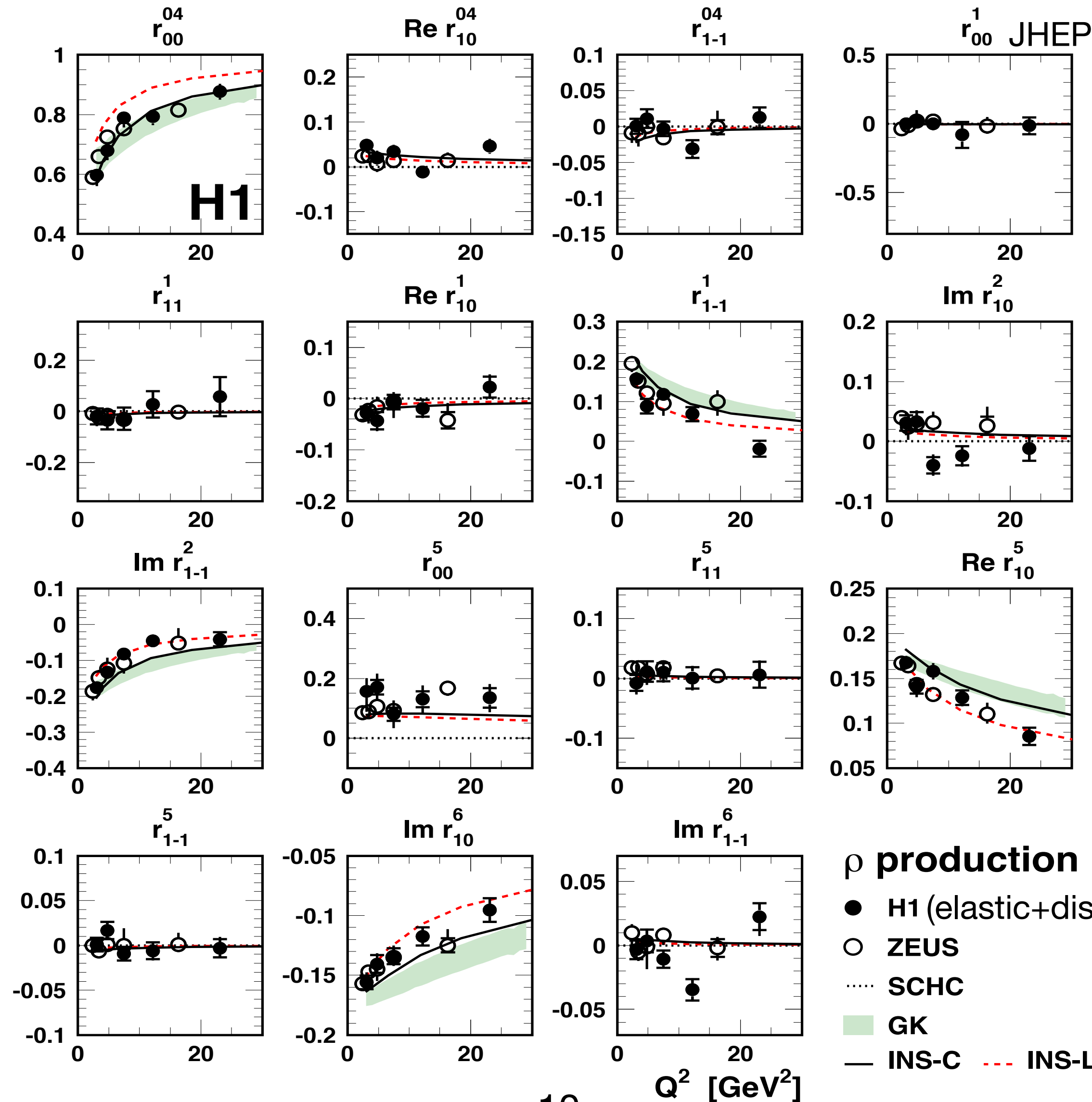


$$b = b_{VM} + b_Y$$

ρ^0 SDMEs



ρ^0 SDMEs

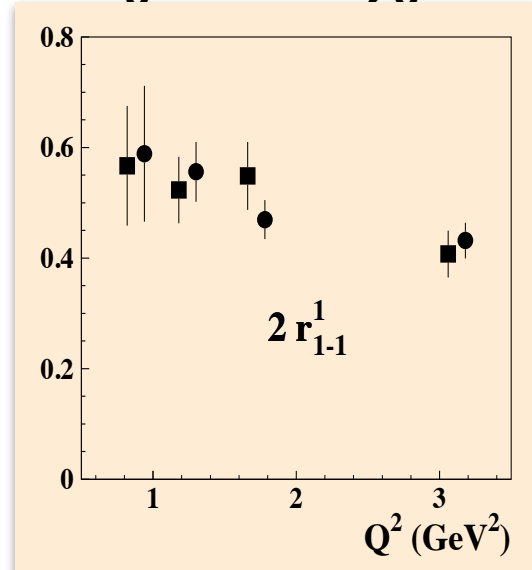
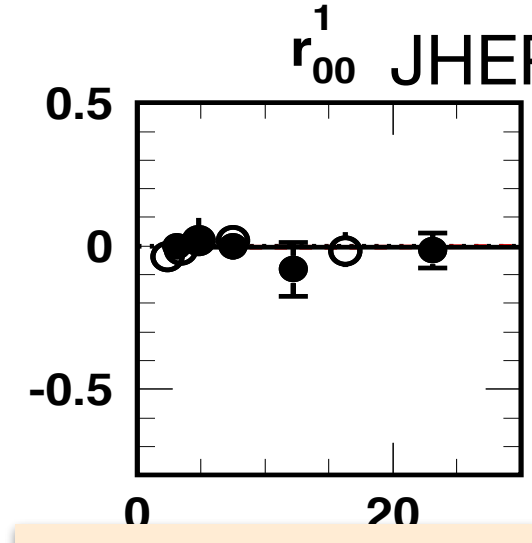
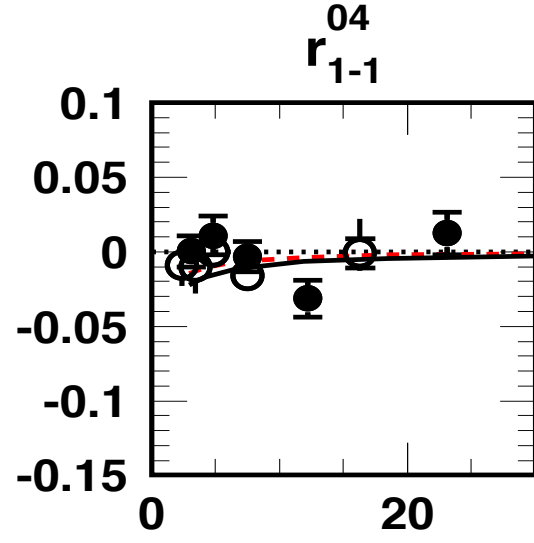
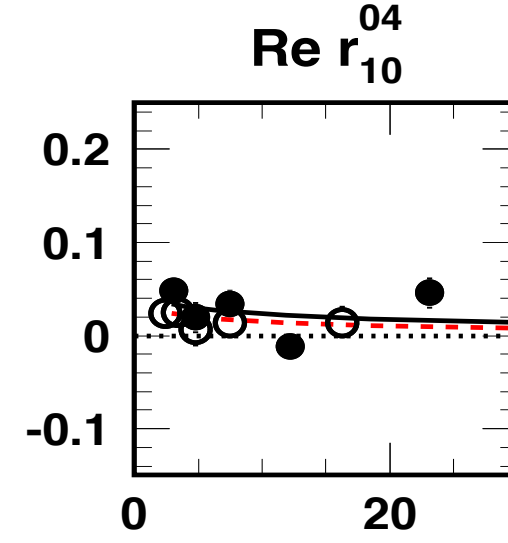
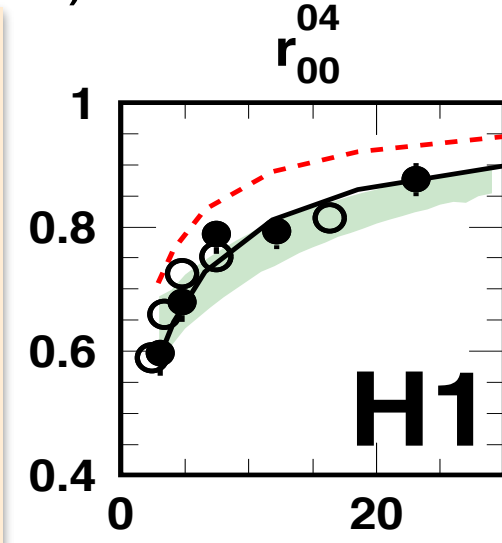
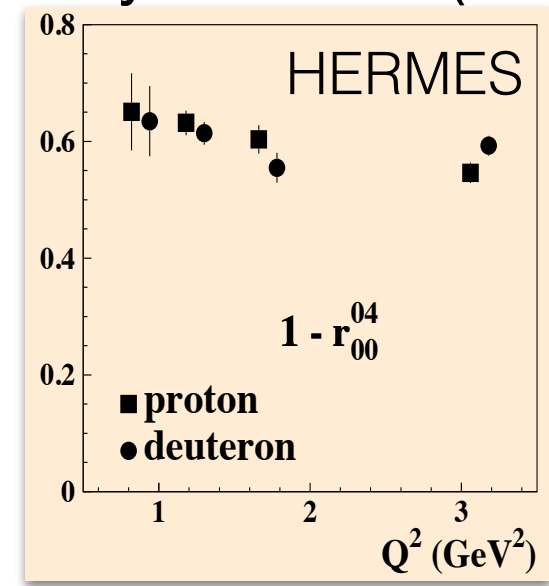


r_{00}^1 JHEP 1005(2010)032

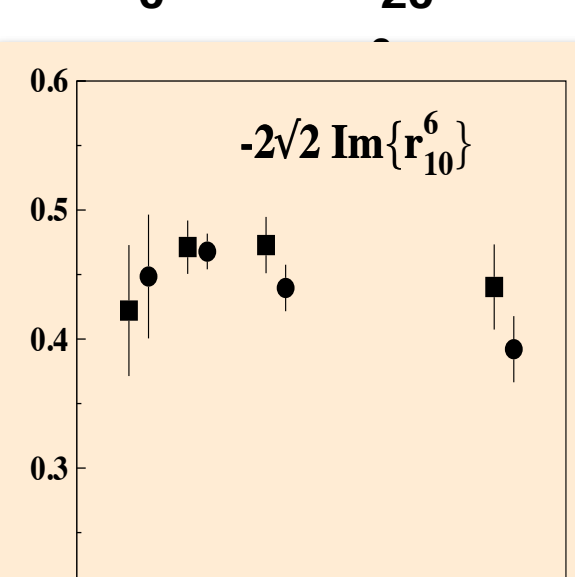
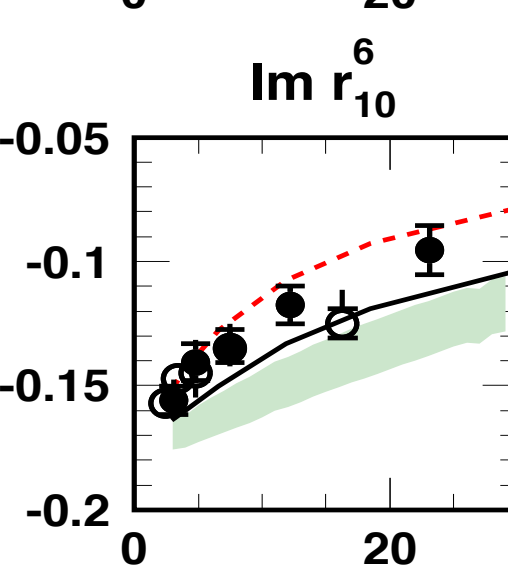
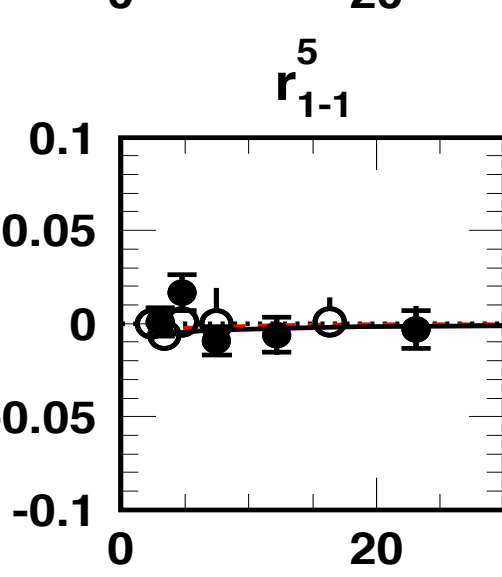
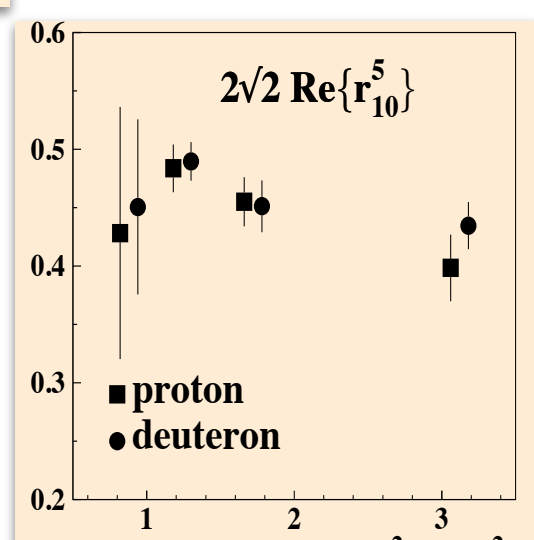
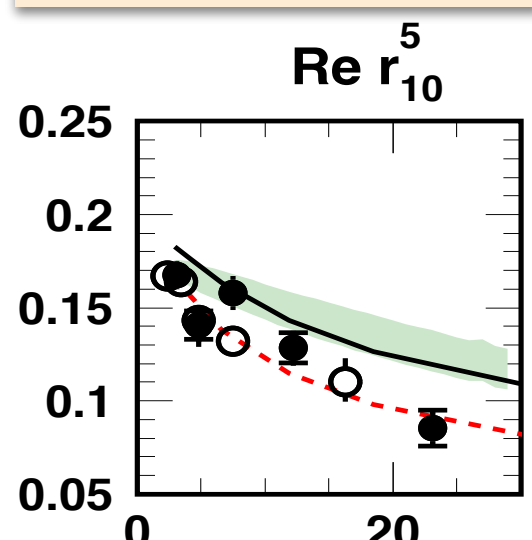
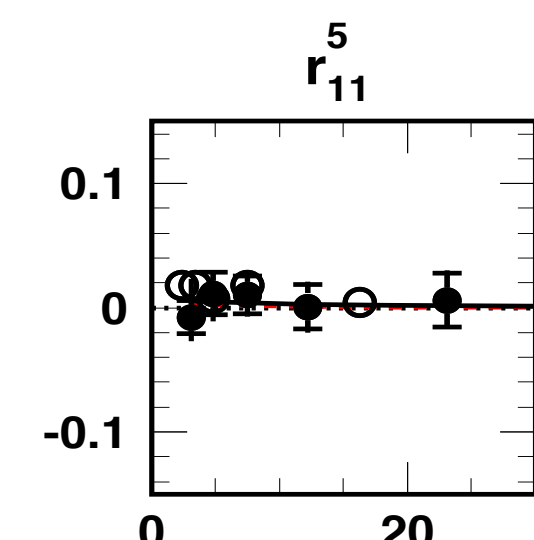
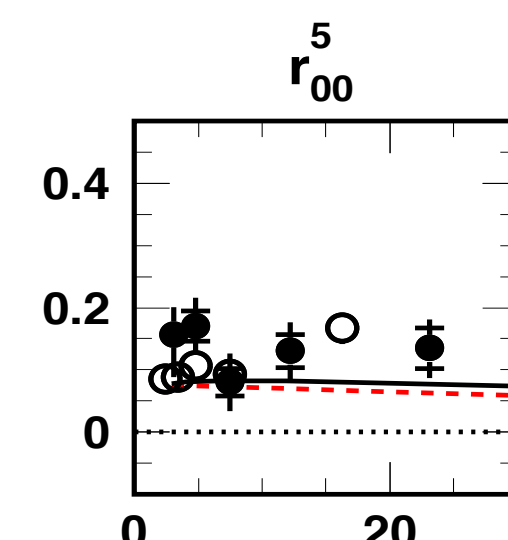
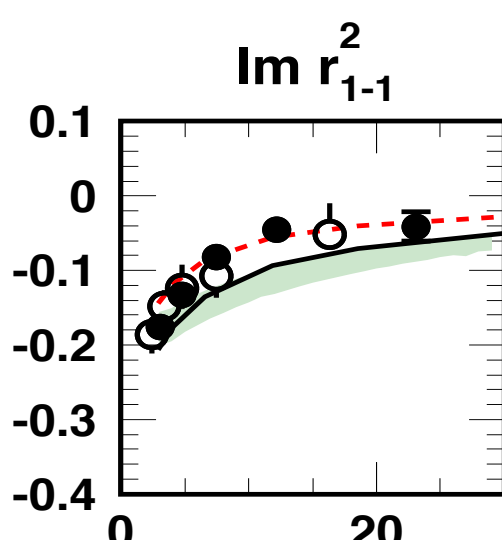
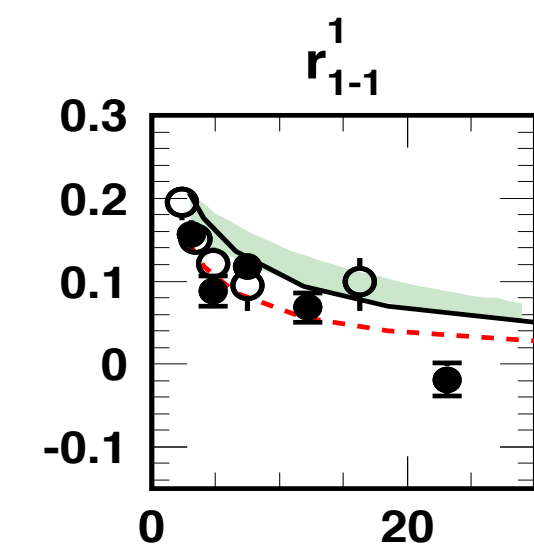
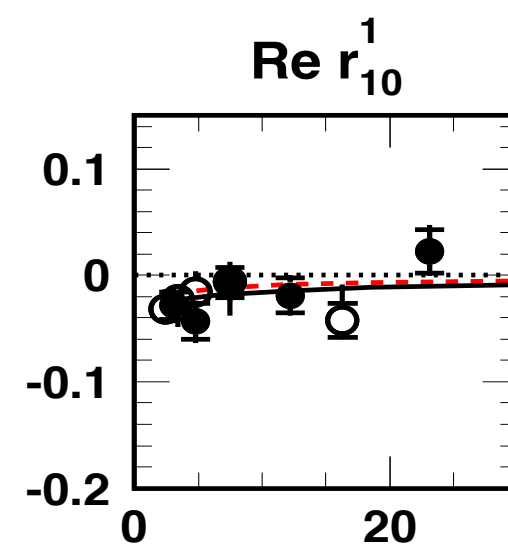
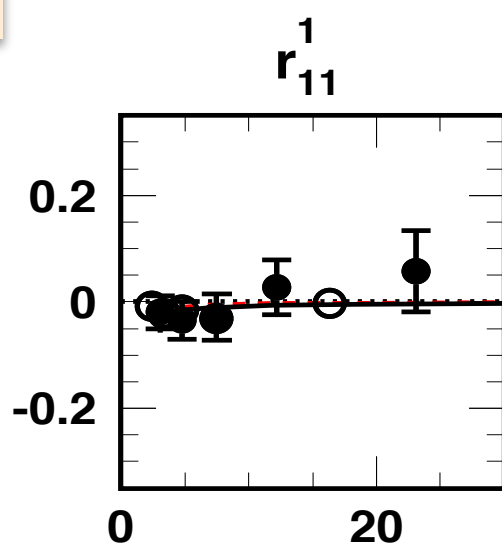
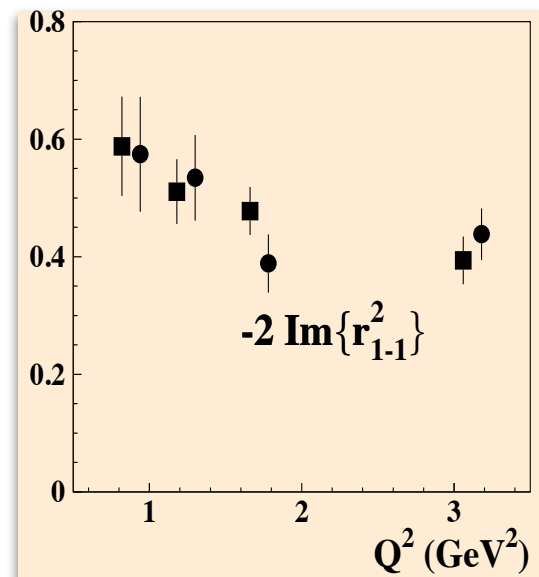
s-channel helicity conservation ($\lambda_{\gamma^*} = \lambda_{\rho}$):
 generally fulfilled;
 slight deviation from 0 for r_{00}^5

ρ^0 SDMEs

Eur. Phys. J. C62 (2009) 659-695



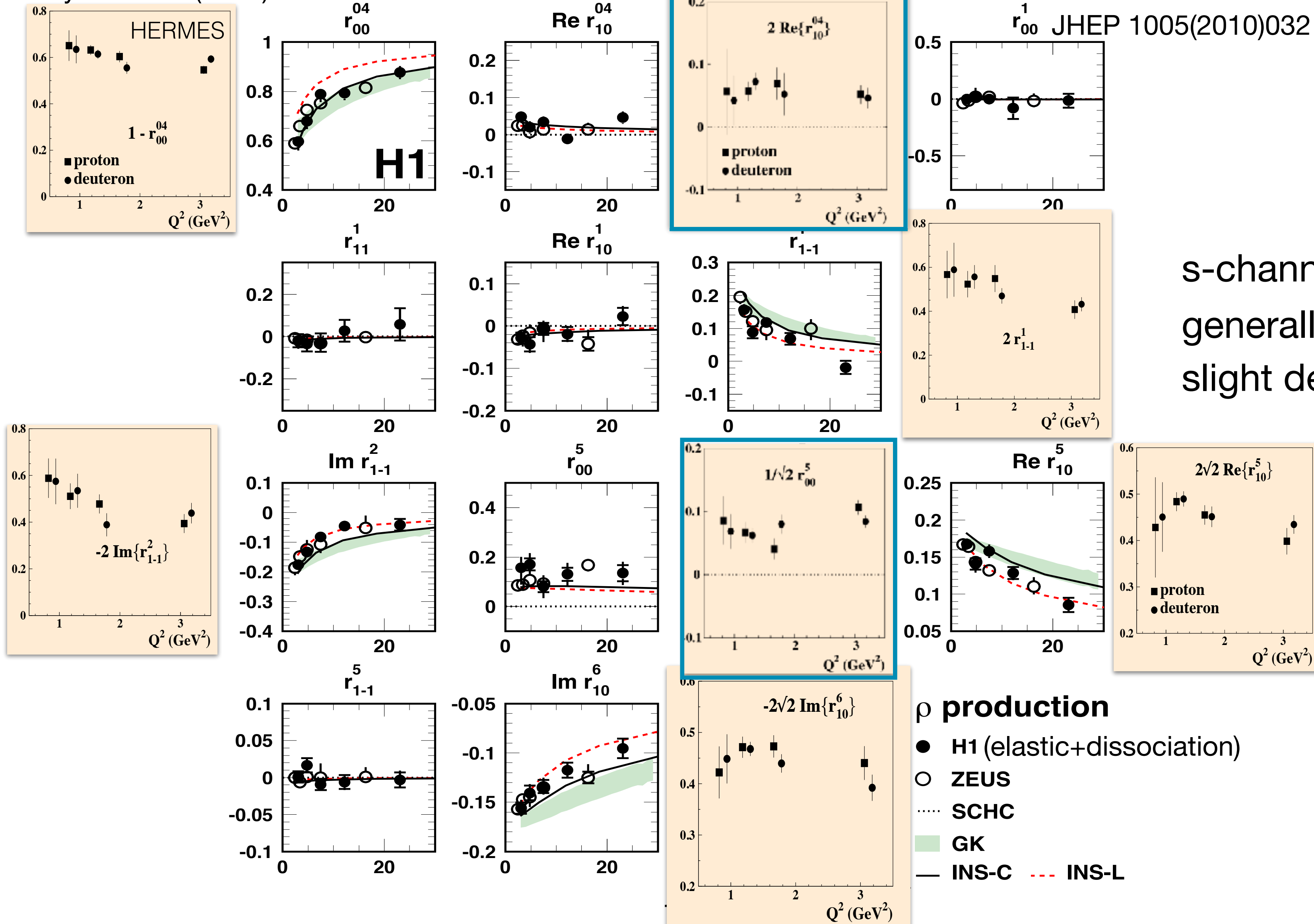
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- ρ production
- H1 (elastic+dissociation)
 - ZEUS
 - SCHC
 - GK
 - INS-C
 - - - INS-L

ρ^0 SDMEs

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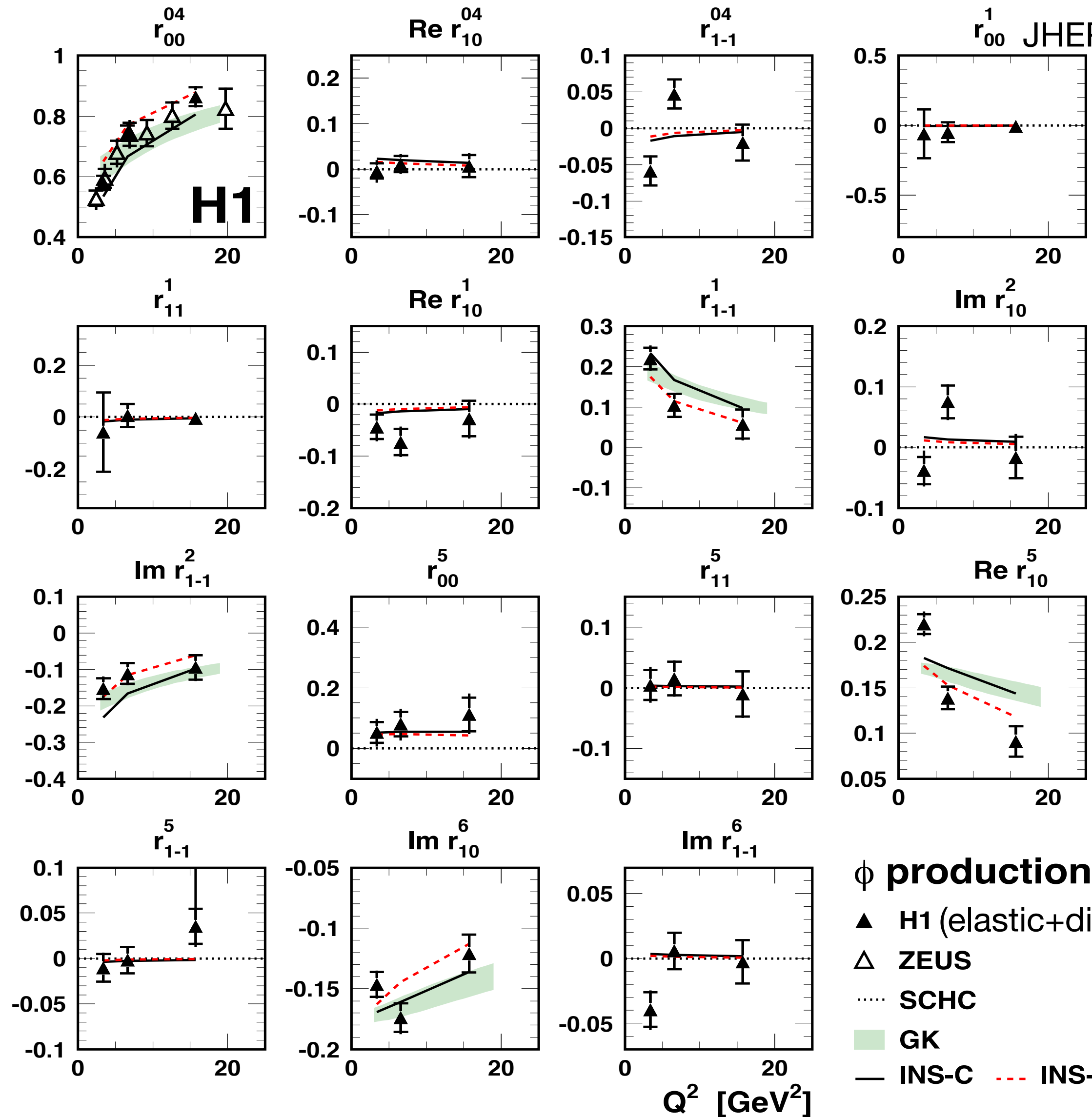


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 generally fulfilled;
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HERMES: strong violation of s-channel helicity conservation for some SDMEs:
 $r_{00}^5 \neq 0$ by 9(10) σ for $p(d)$
 $\Re r_{10}^{04} \neq 0$ by 4(4) σ for $p(d)$

$\gamma_T^* \rightarrow \rho_L$

ϕ SDMEs

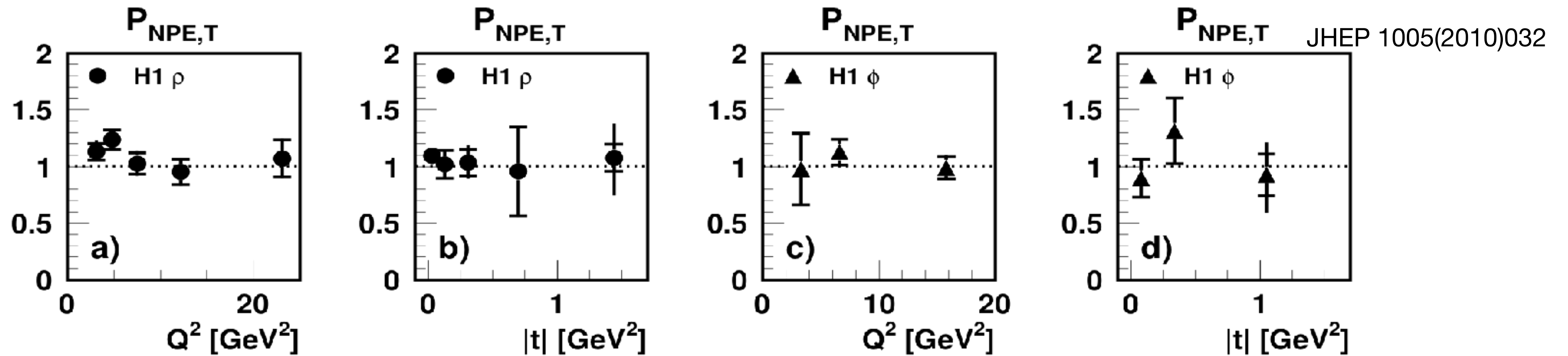


s-channel helicity conservation ($\lambda_{\gamma^*} = \lambda_{\phi}$):
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 slight deviation from 0 for r_{00}^5

Parity exchange for ρ^0 and ϕ

- Asymmetry between natural and unnatural parity exchange

$$P_{NPE,T} = \frac{\sigma_T^N - \sigma_T^U}{\sigma_T^N + \sigma_T^U} = 2 - r_{00}^{04} + 2r_{1-1}^{04} - 2r_{11}^1 - 2r_{1-1}^1$$

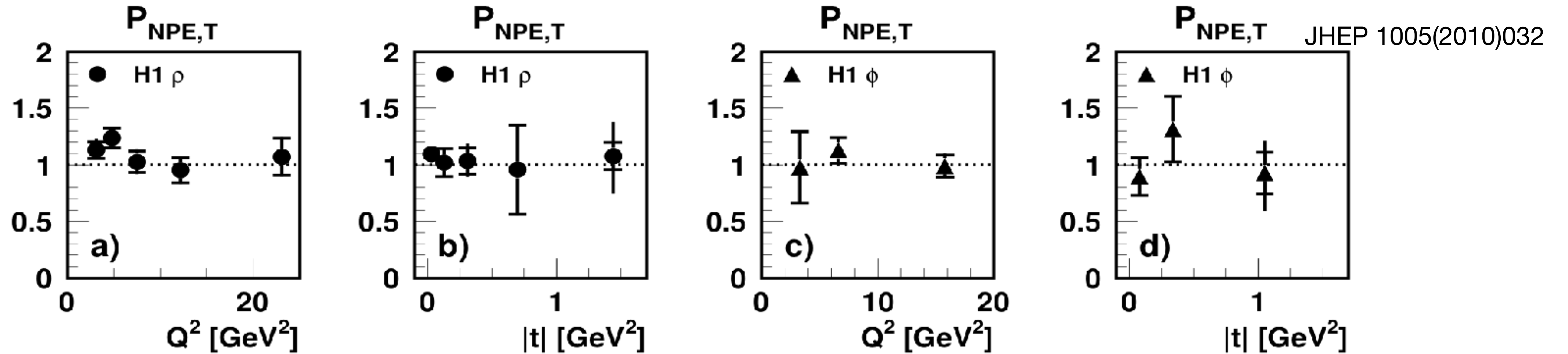


diffraction \sim 2 gluon exchange \rightarrow NPE

Parity exchange for ρ^0 and ϕ

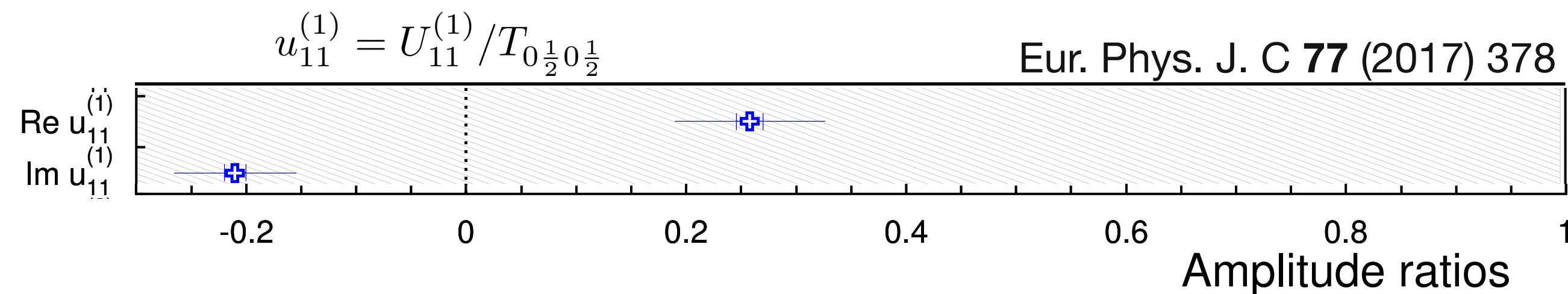
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diffraction ~ 2 gluon exchange \rightarrow NPE

- helicity amplitude ratio – HERMES



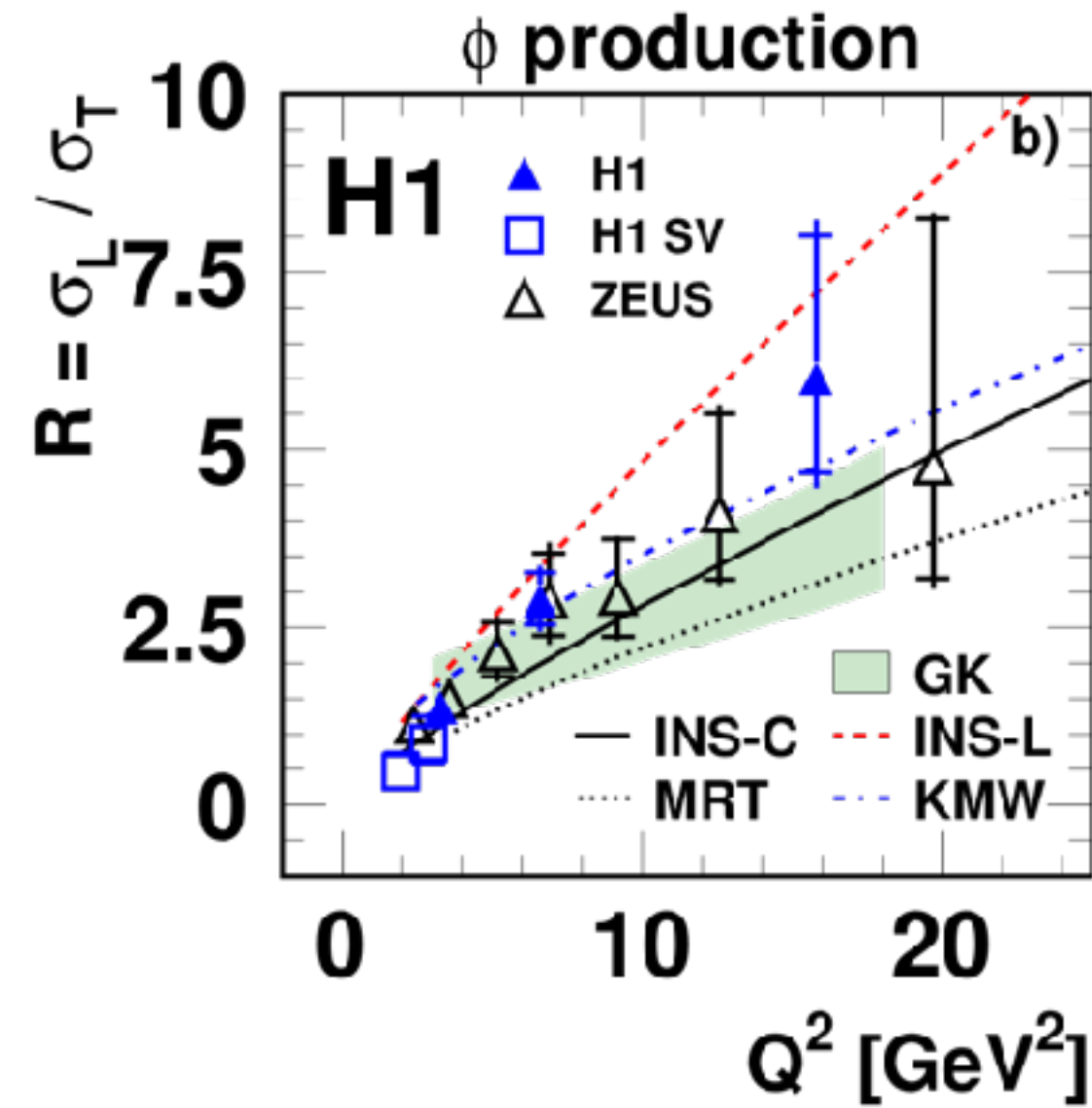
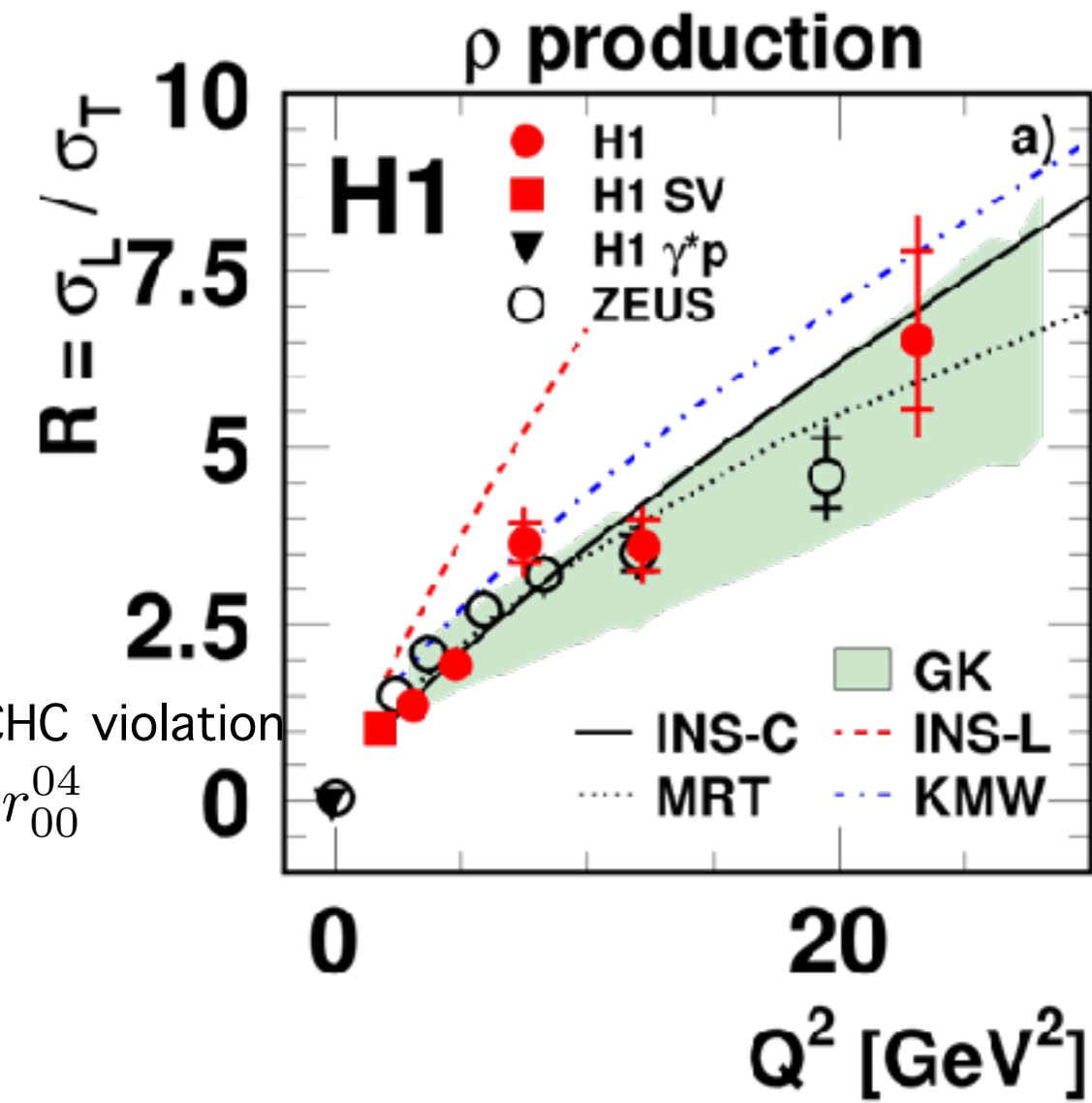
unnatural parity nucleon-helicity non-flip $\neq 0$ by 4σ
cf. quark exchange

Longitudinal-to-cross section ratio

$$R = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \frac{r_{00}^{04}}{1 - r_{00}^{04}} = \frac{d\sigma(\gamma_L^* \rightarrow V_L^*) + \frac{1}{\epsilon} d\sigma(\gamma_T^* \rightarrow V_L)}{d\sigma(\gamma_T^* \rightarrow V_T) + \epsilon d\sigma(\gamma_L^* \rightarrow V_T)}$$

$$\stackrel{\text{SCHC}}{=} \frac{d\sigma(\gamma_L^*)}{d\sigma(\gamma_T^*)}$$

● corrected for SCHC violation
seen in r_{00}^5 and r_{00}^{04}

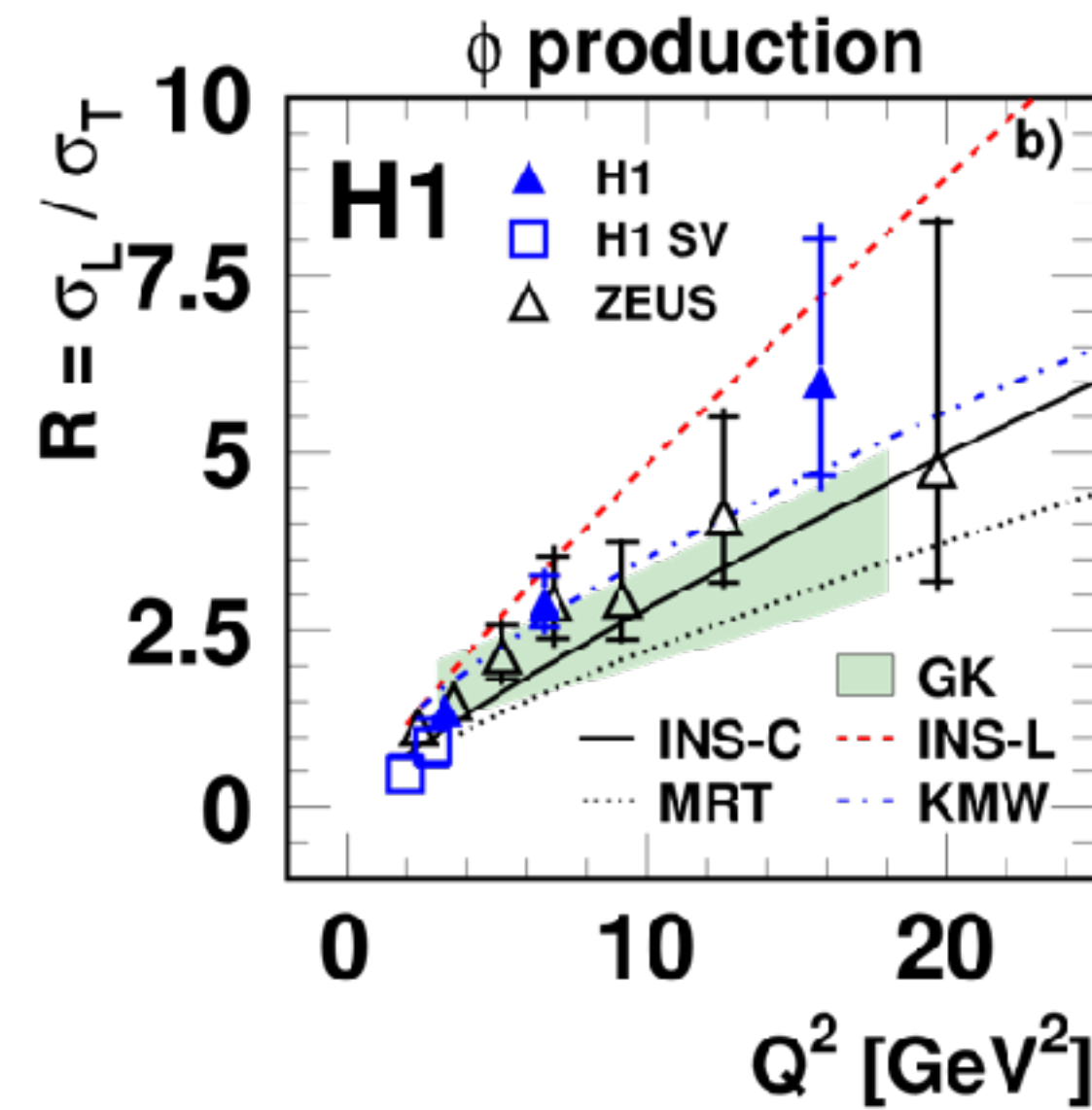
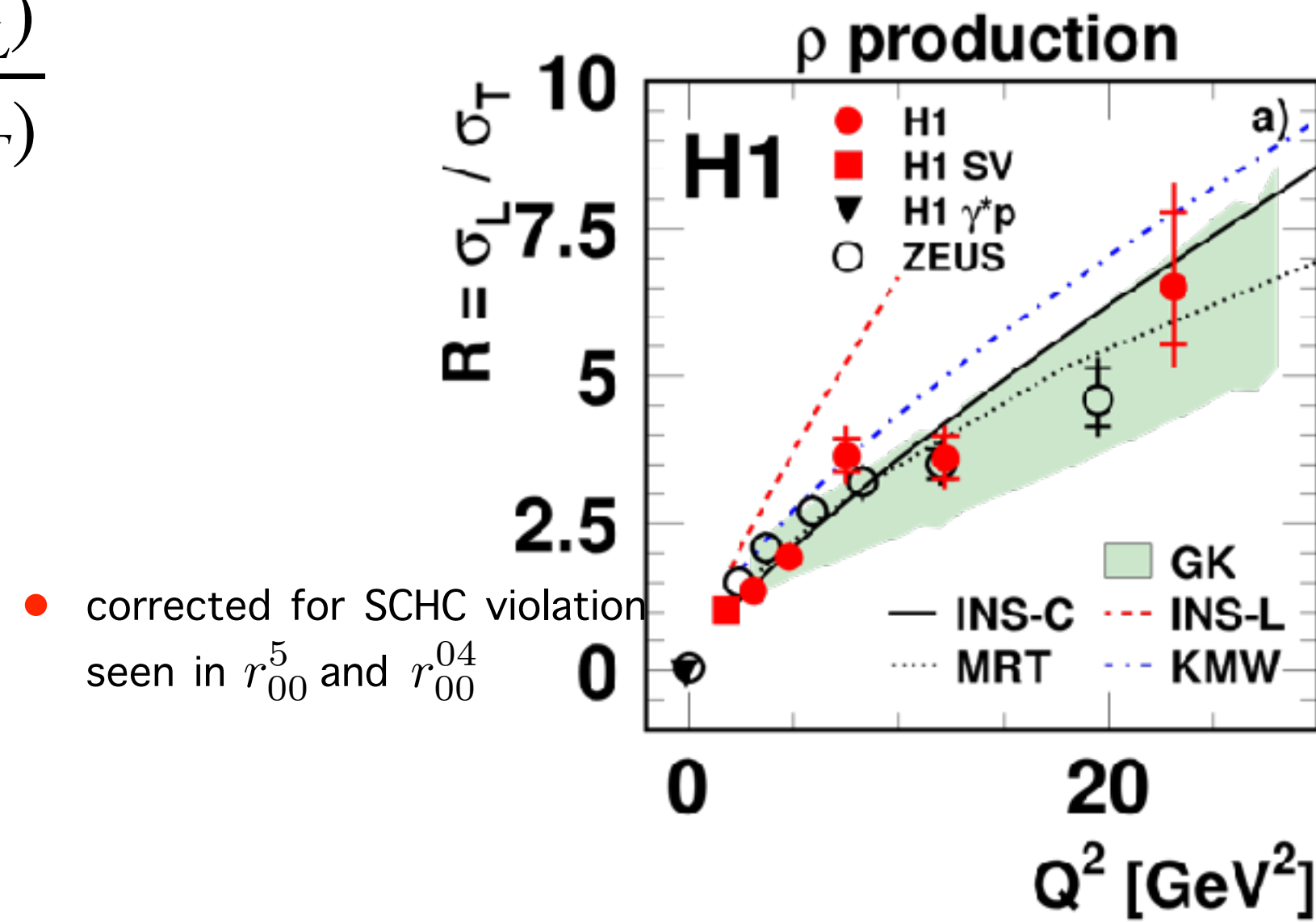


JHEP 1005(2010)032

Longitudinal-to-cross section ratio

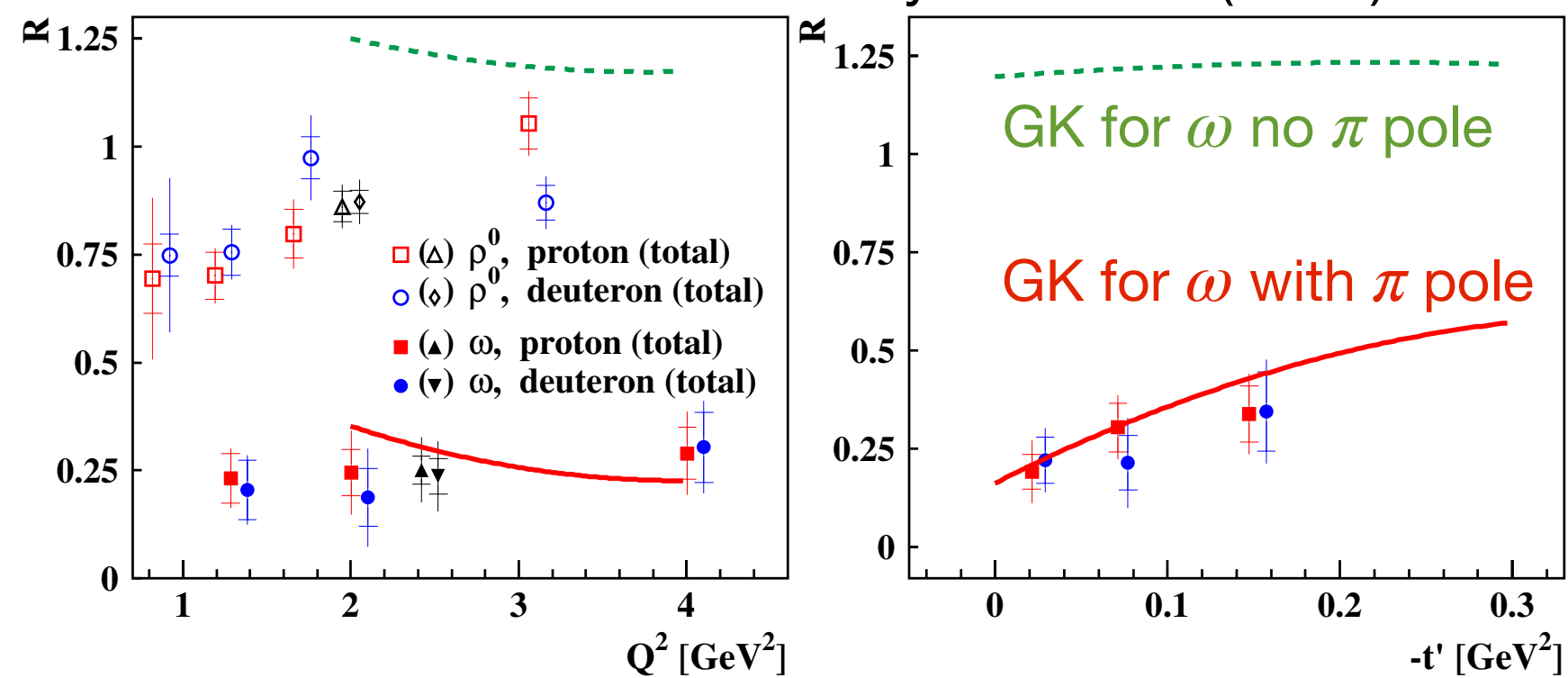
$$R = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \frac{r_{00}^{04}}{1 - r_{00}^{04}} = \frac{d\sigma(\gamma_L^* \rightarrow V_L^*) + \frac{1}{\epsilon} d\sigma(\gamma_T^* \rightarrow V_L)}{d\sigma(\gamma_T^* \rightarrow V_T) + \epsilon d\sigma(\gamma_L^* \rightarrow V_T)}$$

$$\stackrel{\text{SCHC}}{=} \frac{d\sigma(\gamma_L^*)}{d\sigma(\gamma_T^*)}$$



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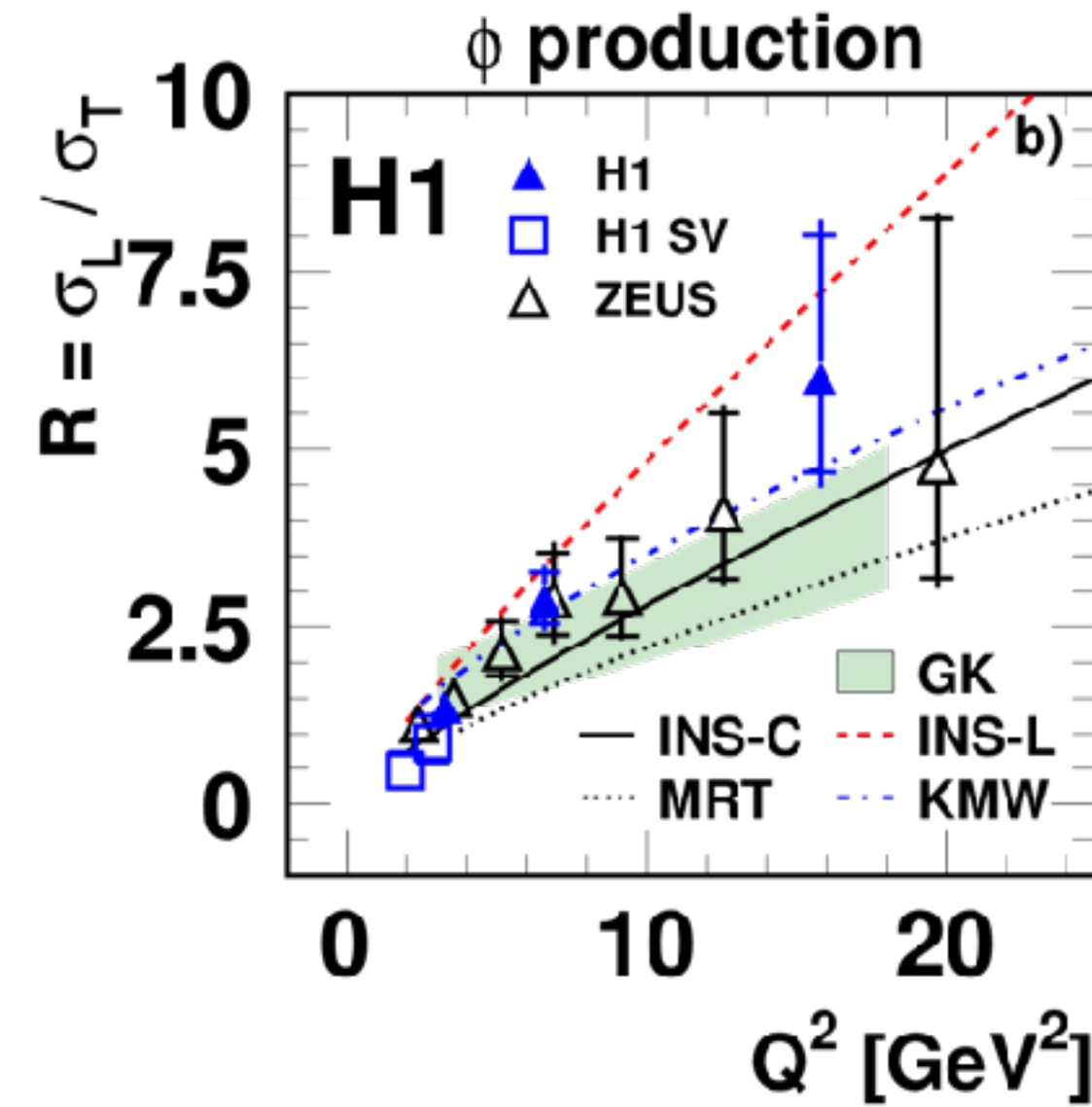
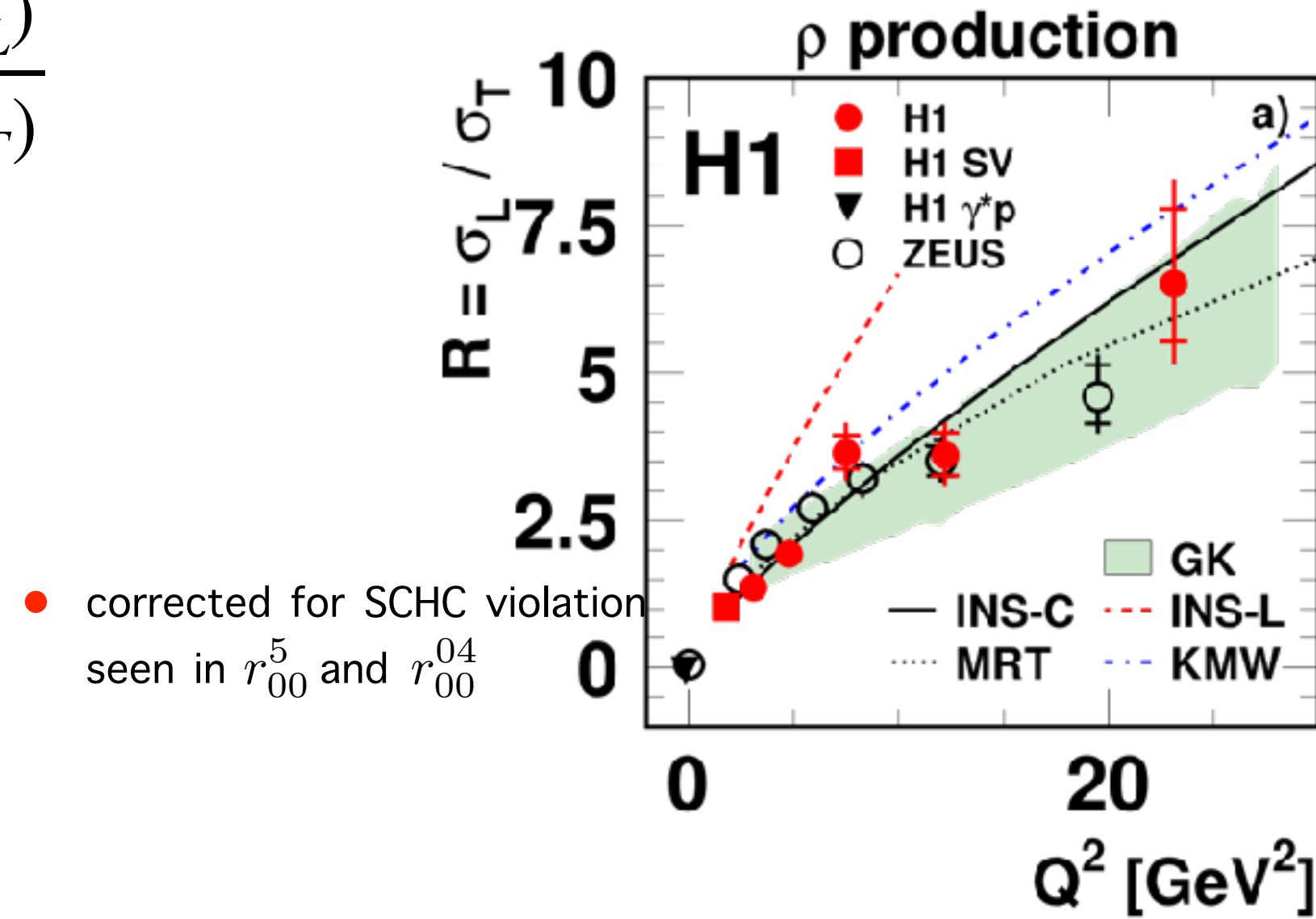
Eur. Phys. J. C 74 (2014) 3110



Longitudinal-to-cross section ratio

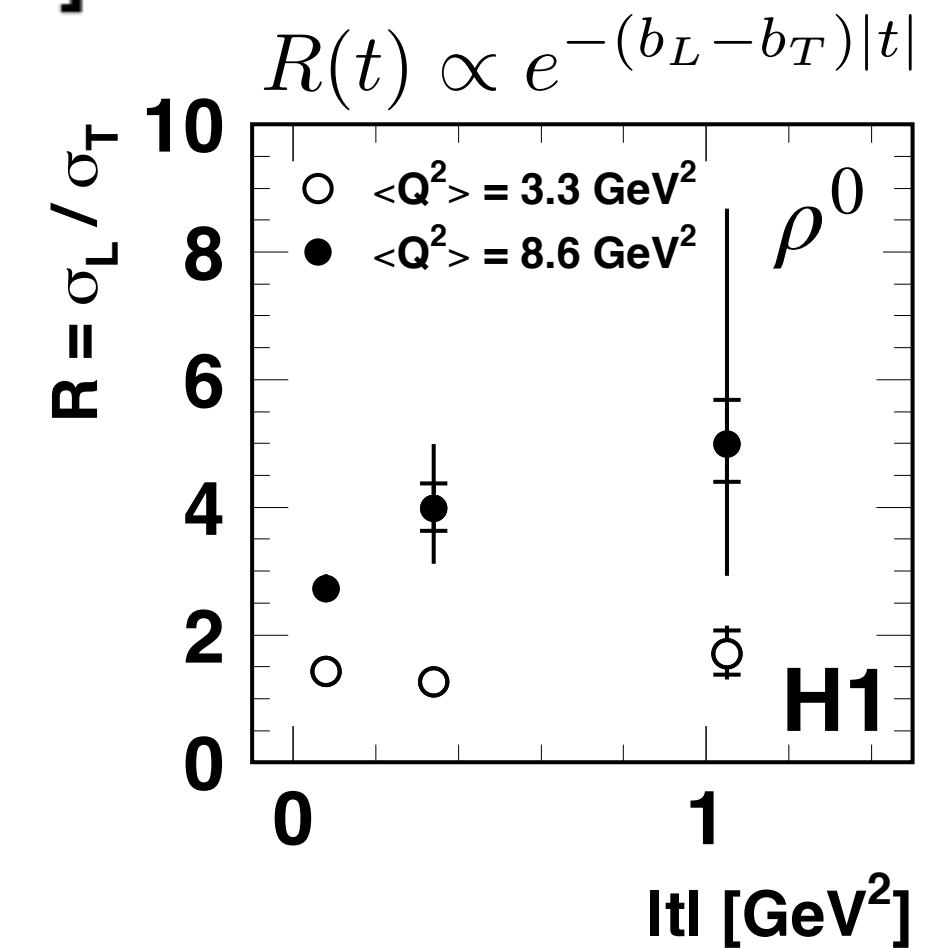
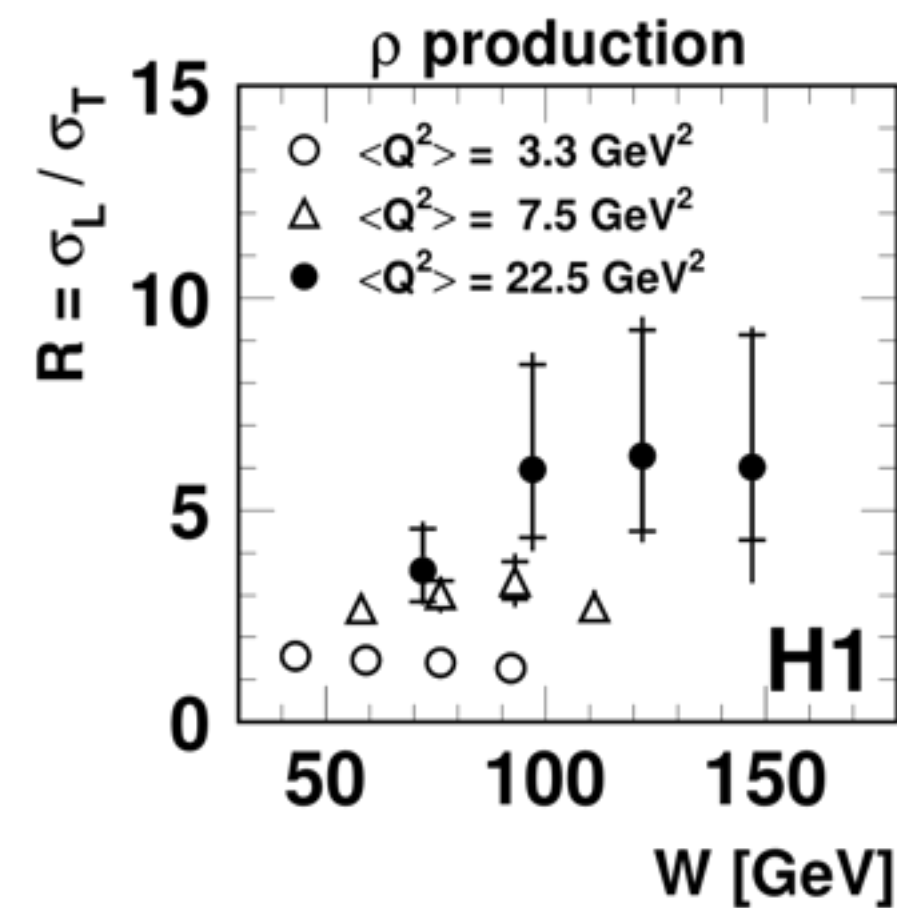
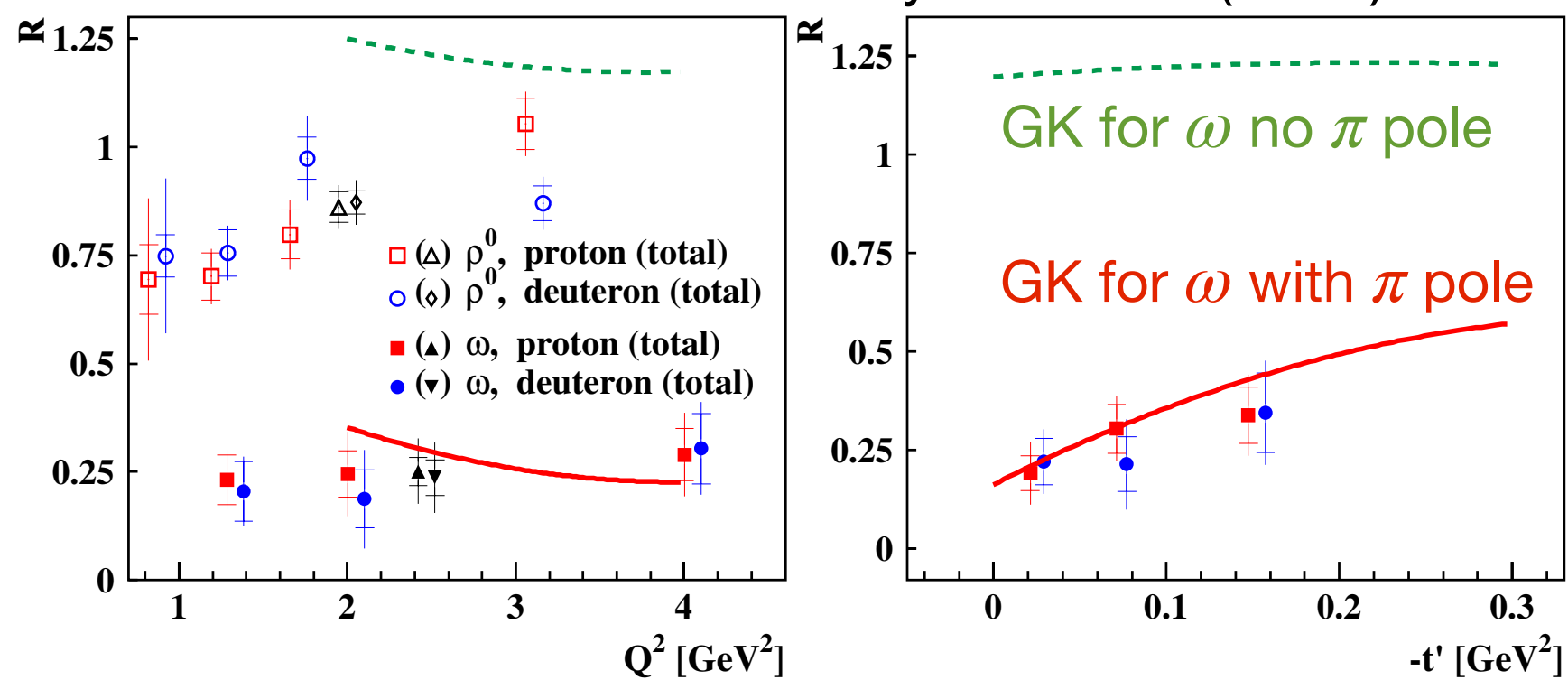
$$R = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \frac{r_{00}^{04}}{1 - r_{00}^{04}} = \frac{d\sigma(\gamma_L^* \rightarrow V_L^*) + \frac{1}{\epsilon} d\sigma(\gamma_T^* \rightarrow V_L)}{d\sigma(\gamma_T^* \rightarrow V_T) + \epsilon d\sigma(\gamma_L^* \rightarrow V_T)}$$

$$\stackrel{\text{SCHC}}{=} \frac{d\sigma(\gamma_L^*)}{d\sigma(\gamma_T^*)}$$



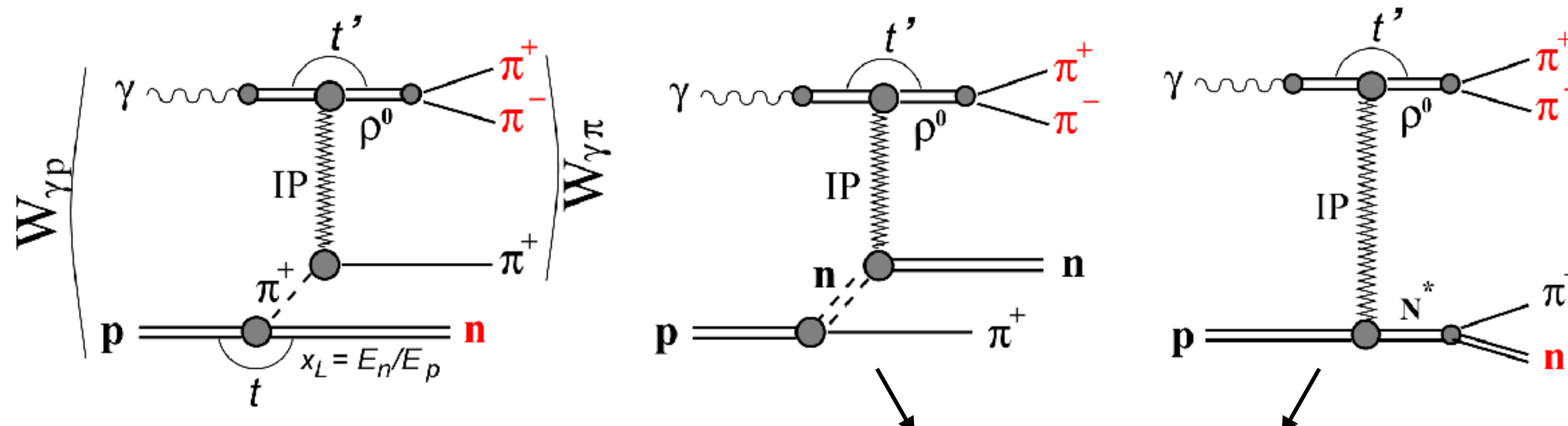
JHEP 1005(2010)032

Eur. Phys. J. C 74 (2014) 3110



JHEP 1005(2010)032

ρ photoproduction with leading neutron

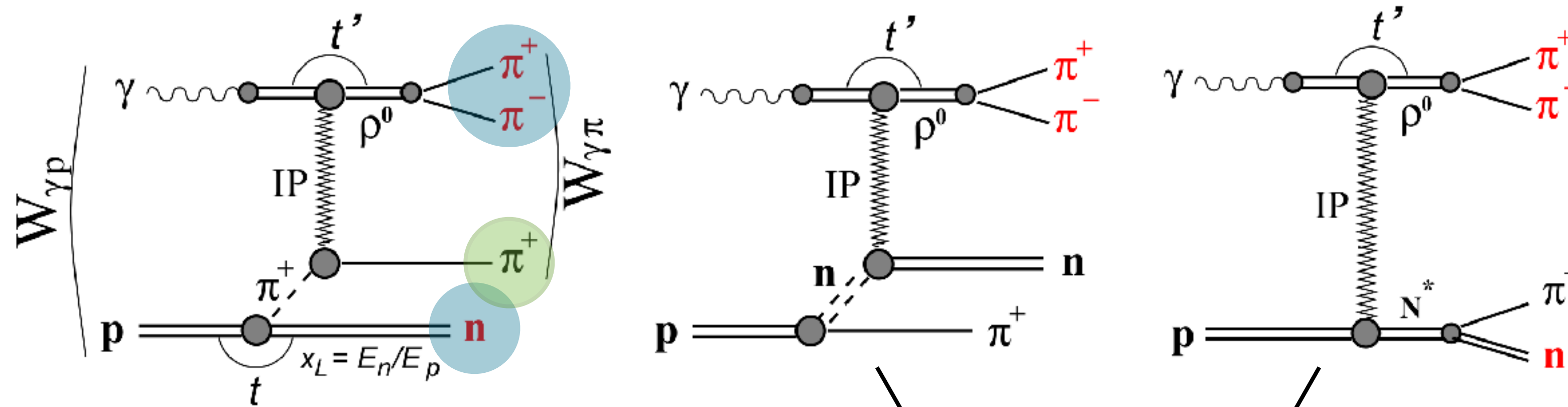


similar magnitude, but opposite sign \rightarrow cancellation, especially for $t \rightarrow 0$

V.A. Tsarev, PRD **11** (1975) 1864

L.A. Ponomarev, Proceedings XVIII Intern. Conf. High-Energy Physics, C76-07-15 (1976), pp. A1-A24

ρ photoproduction with leading neutron



detected

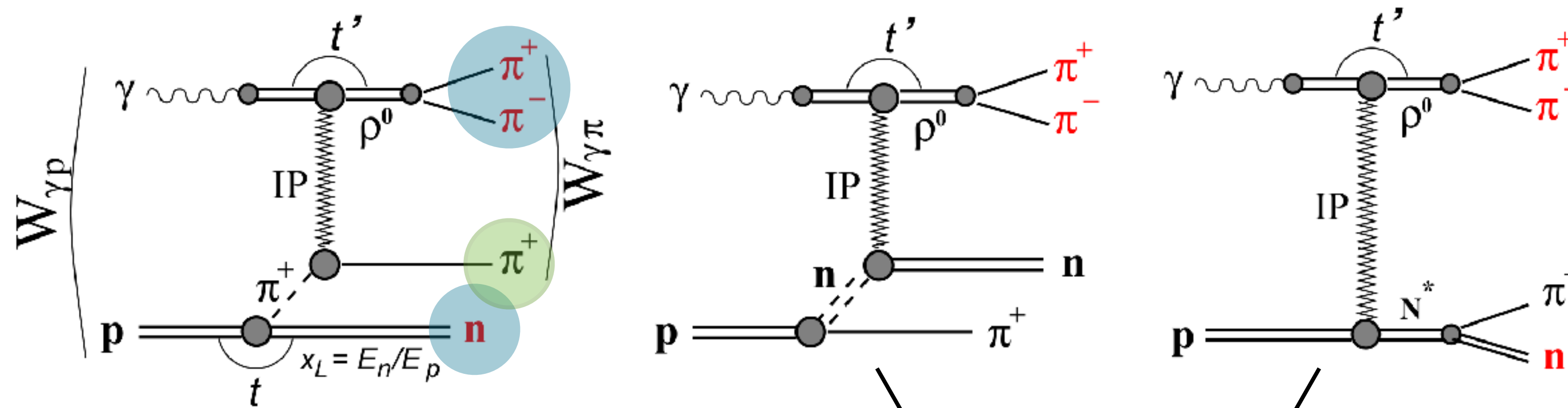
escapes along beam line

similar magnitude, but opposite sign \rightarrow cancellation, especially for $t \rightarrow 0$

V.A. Tsarev, PRD **11** (1975) 1864

L.A. Ponomarev, Proceedings XVIII Intern. Conf. High-Energy Physics, C76-07-15 (1976), pp. A1-A24

ρ photoproduction with leading neutron



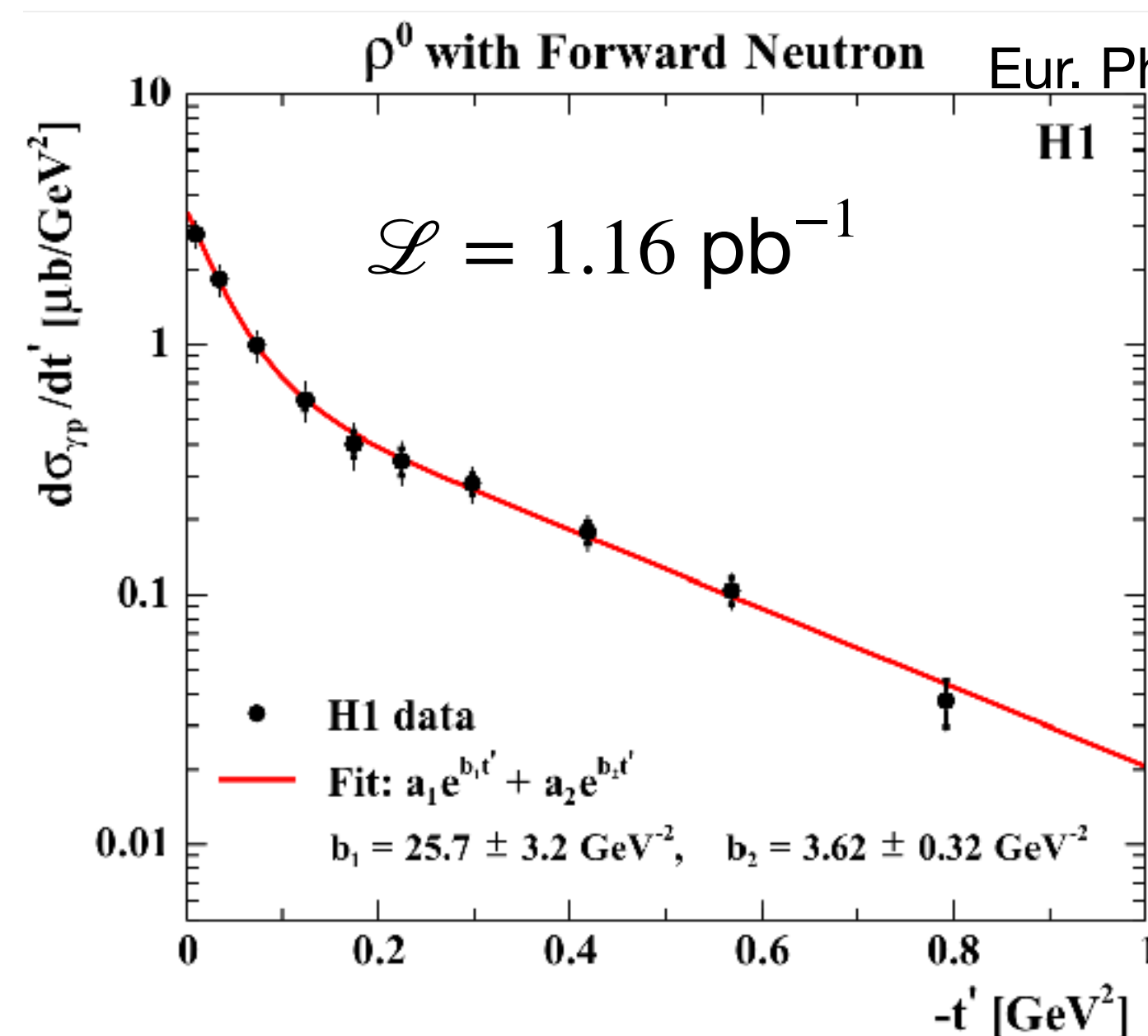
detected

escapes along beam line

similar magnitude, but opposite sign \rightarrow cancellation, especially for $t \rightarrow 0$

V.A. Tsarev, PRD **11** (1975) 1864

L.A. Ponomarev, Proceedings XVIII Intern. Conf. High-Energy Physics, C76-07-15 (1976), pp. A1-A24



geometric picture:

large $b_1 \rightarrow$ large impact parameter $\langle r^2 \rangle \approx (1.6R_p)^2$

$b_2 \rightarrow \langle r^2 \rangle \approx (0.5 \text{ fm})^2$

double peripheral process:

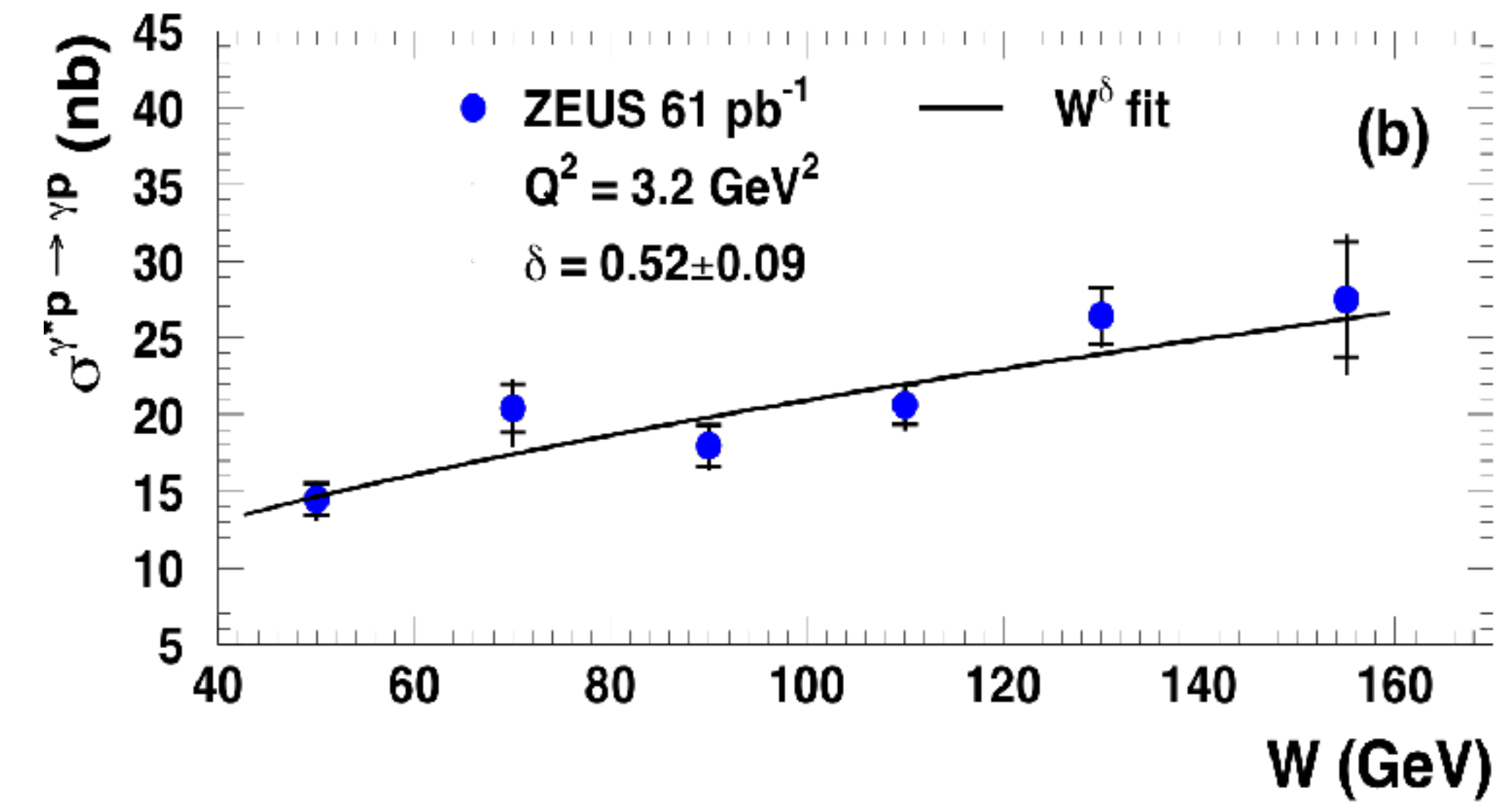
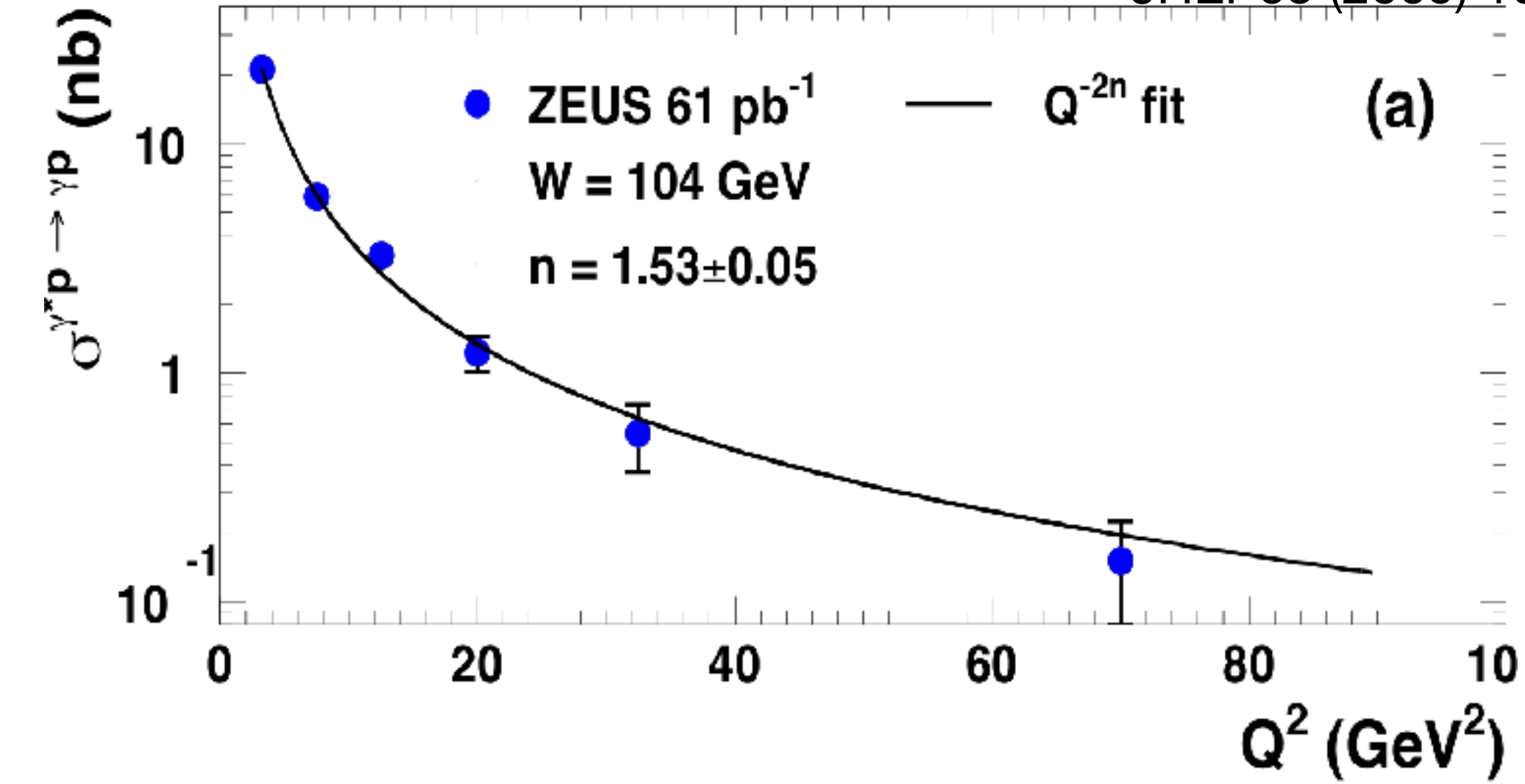
interference of three diagrams

Deeply virtual Compton scattering

Q^2 and W of cross section

ZEUS

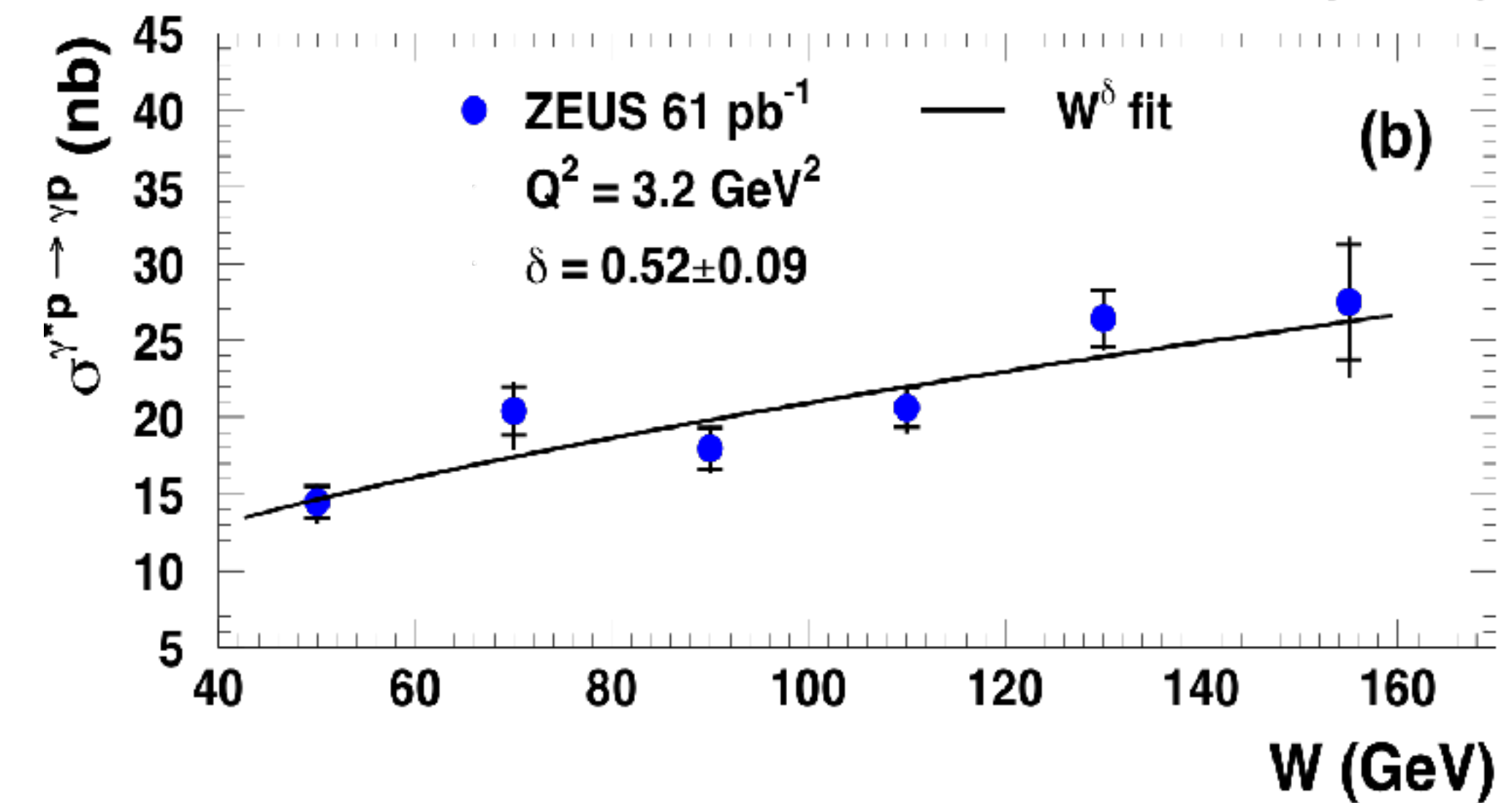
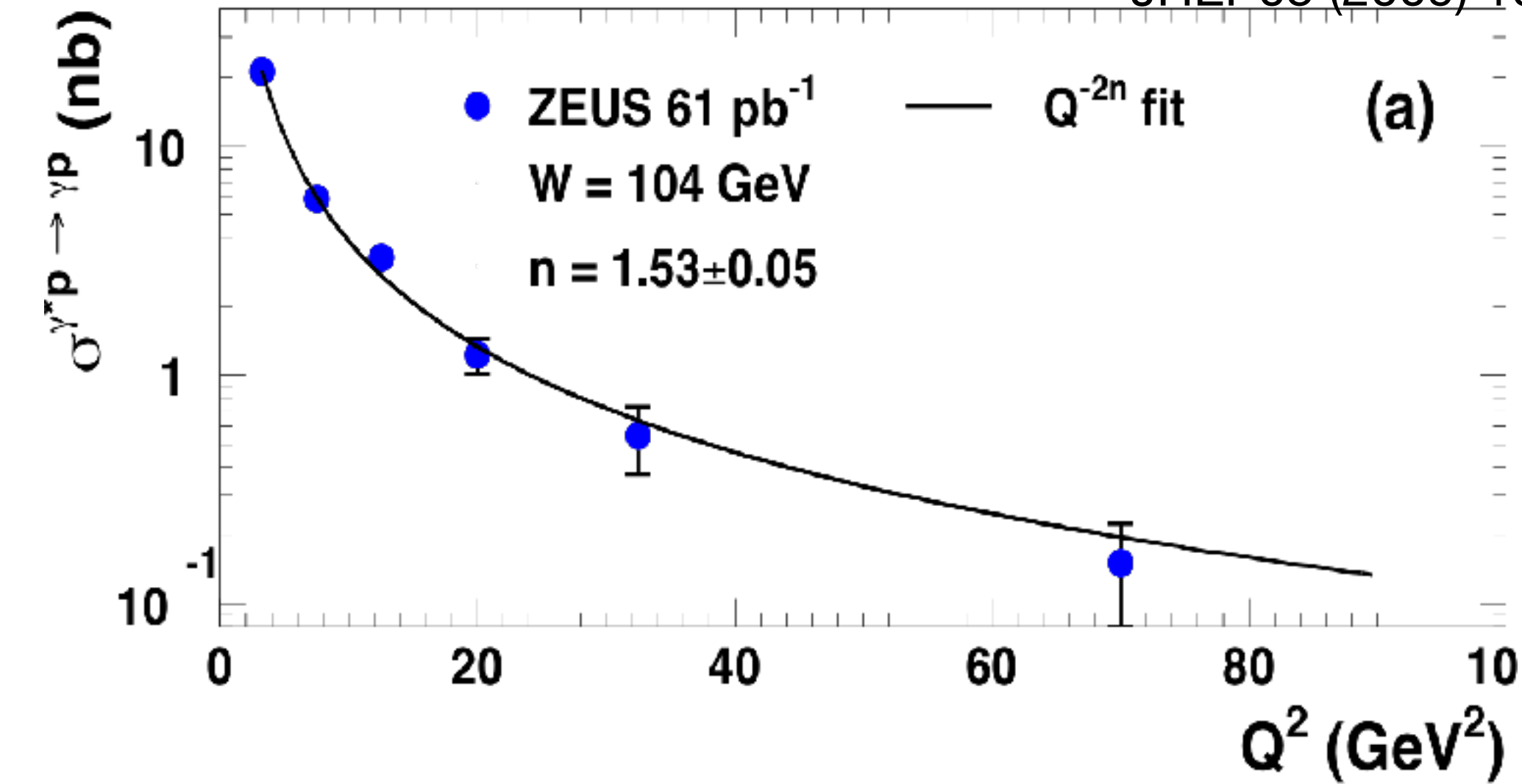
JHEP05 (2009) 108



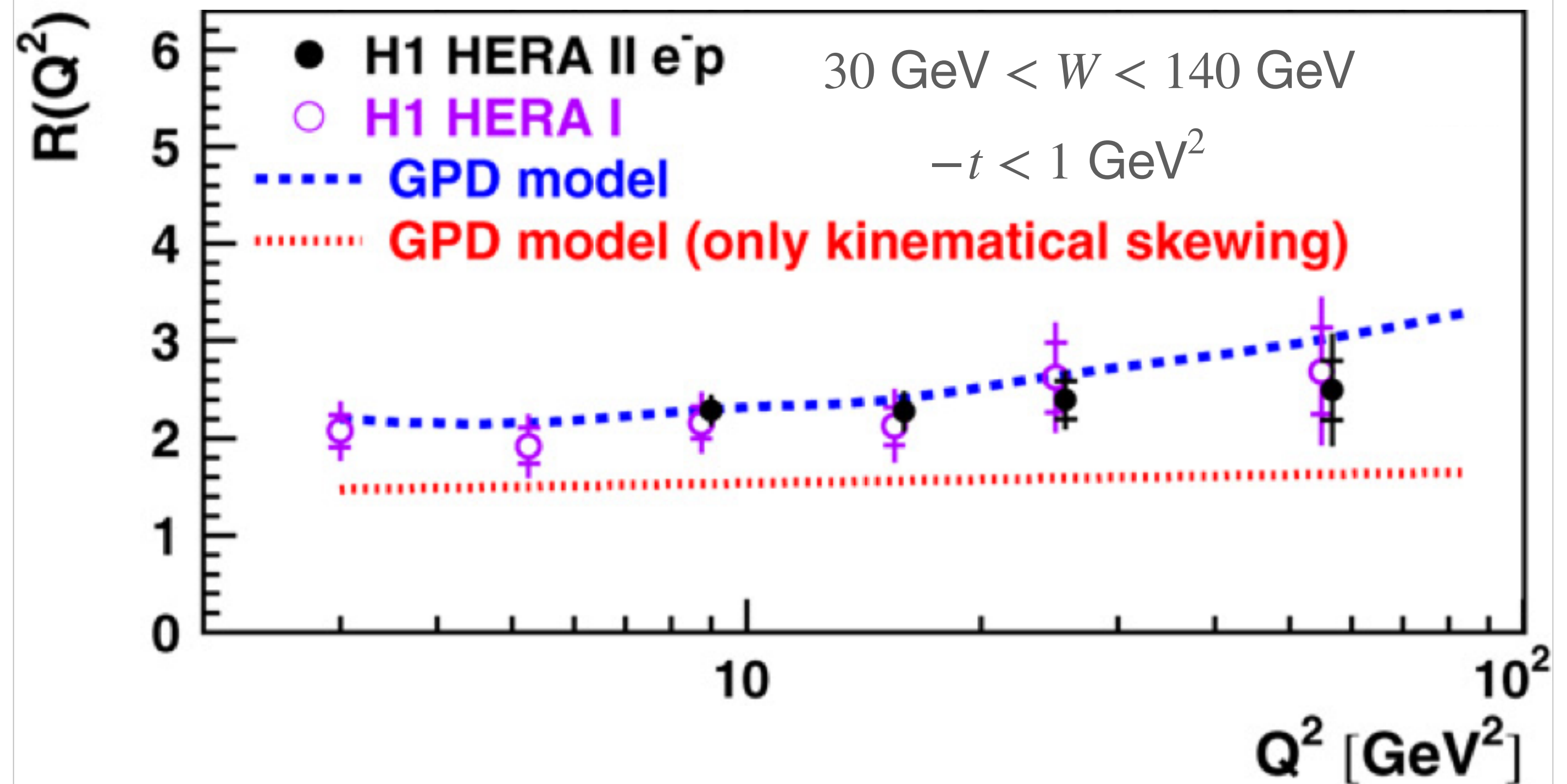
Q² and W of cross section

ZEUS

JHEP05 (2009) 108



Phys. Lett. B 659 (2008) 796



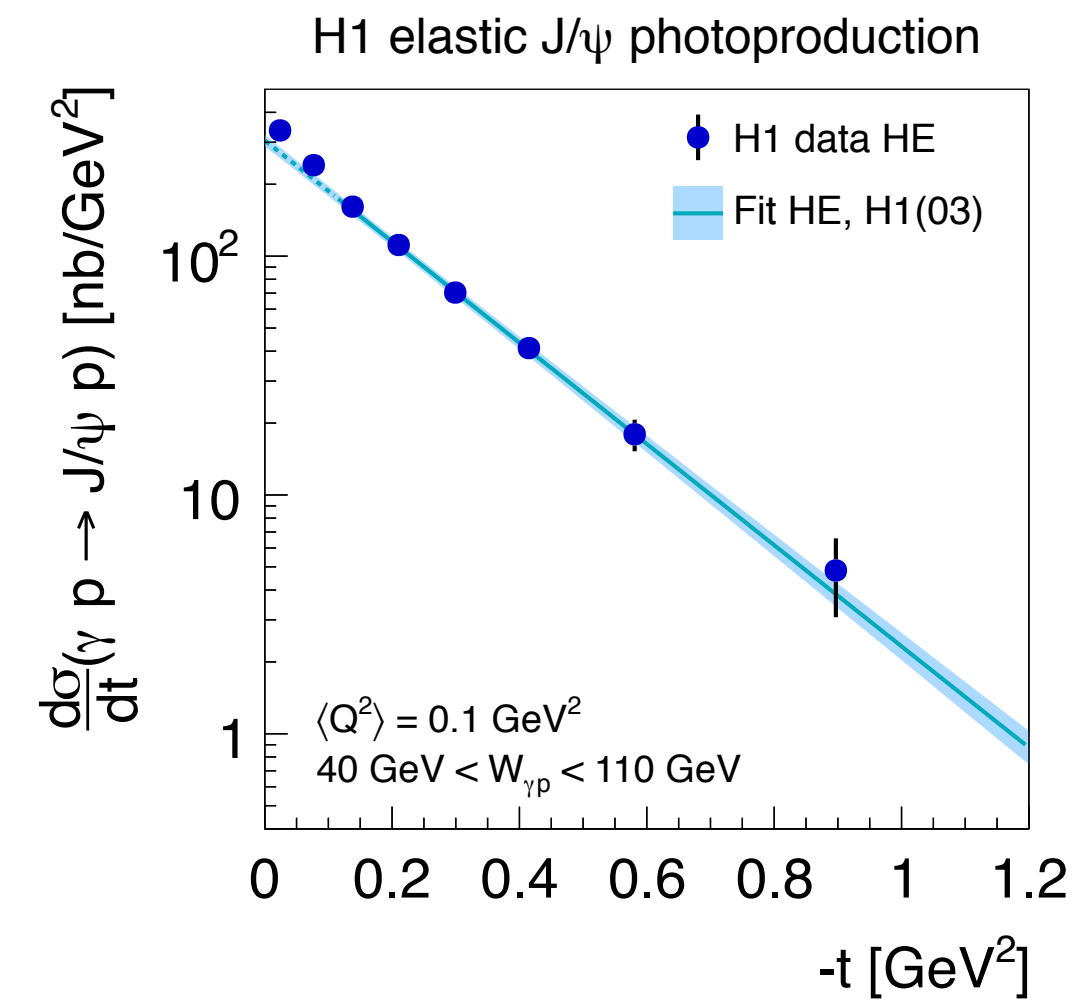
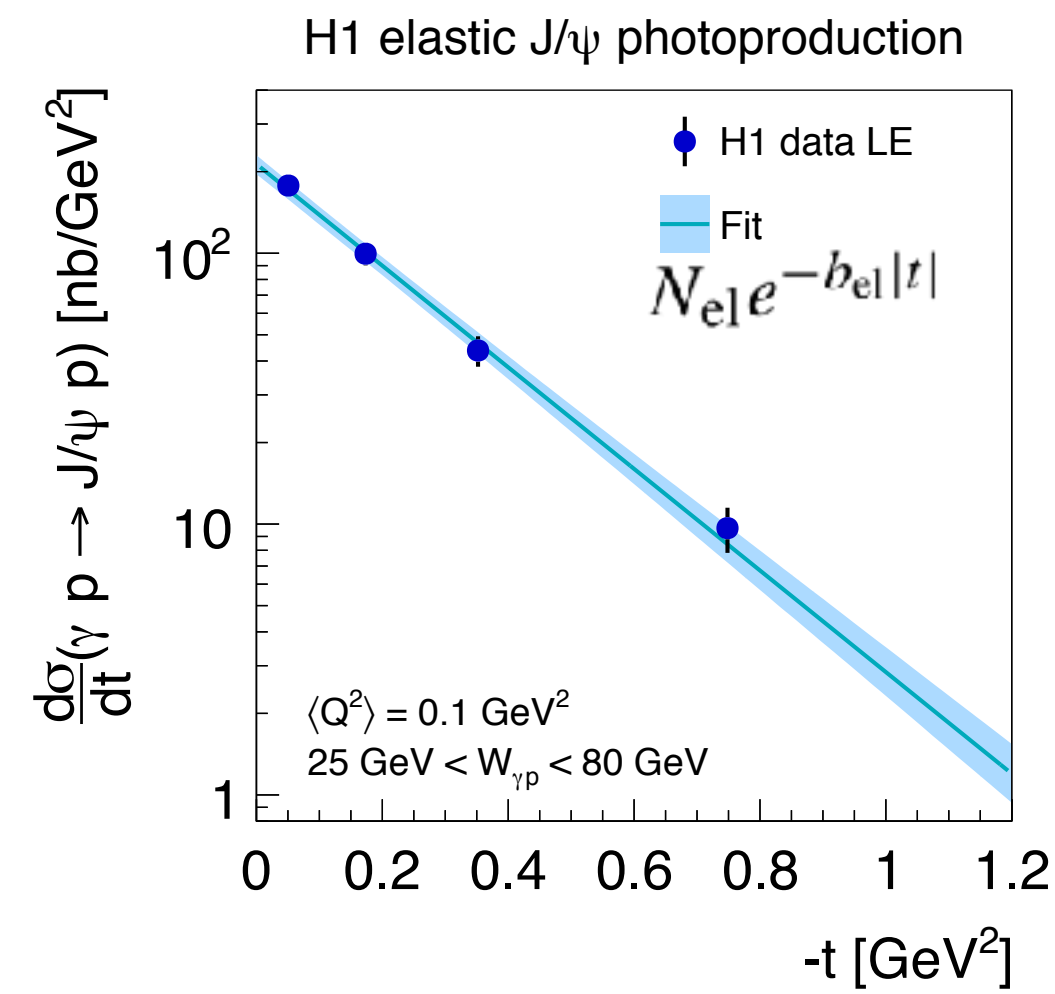
$$R = \frac{4\sqrt{\pi\sigma_{\text{DVCS}}b(Q^2)}}{\sigma_T(\gamma^*p \rightarrow X)\sqrt{(1+\rho^2)}} \stackrel{\text{LO GPD}}{\sim} \frac{\text{GPD}}{\text{PDF}}$$

Quarkonium production

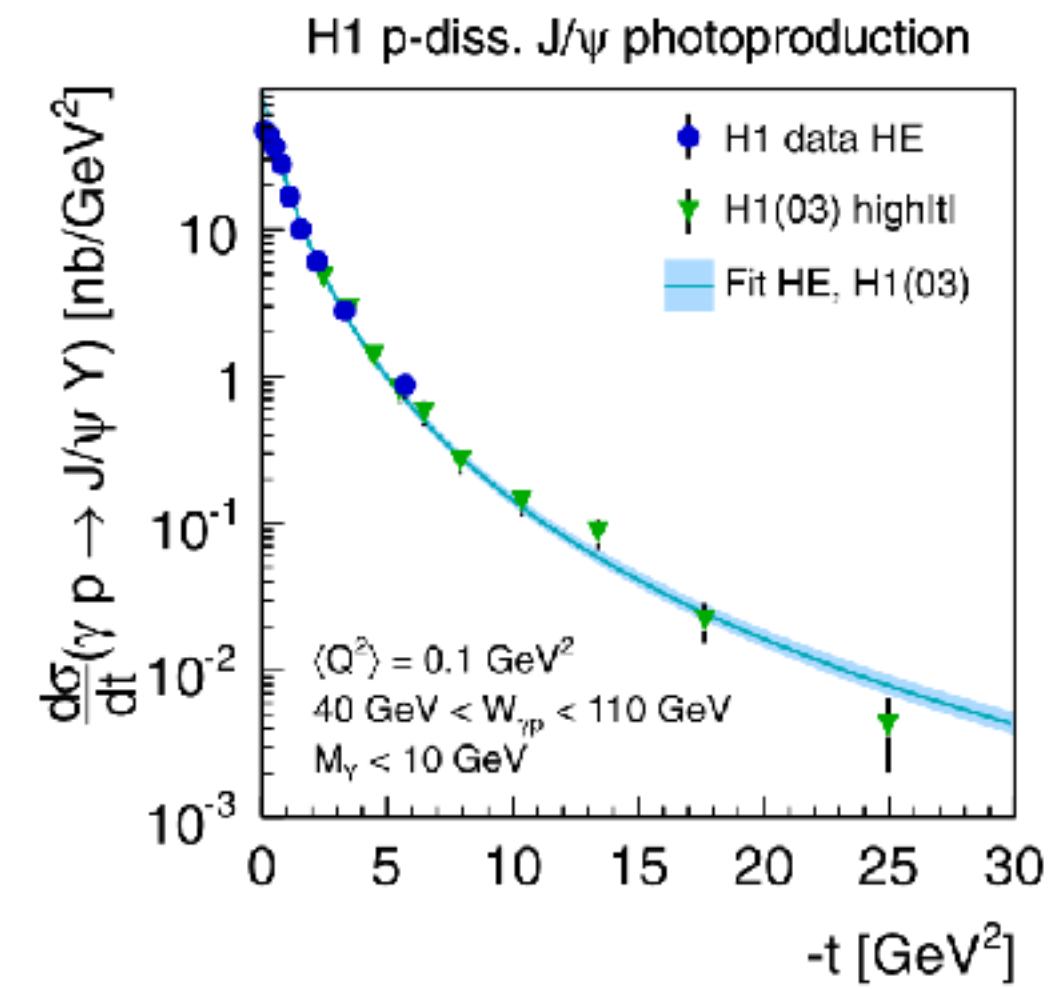
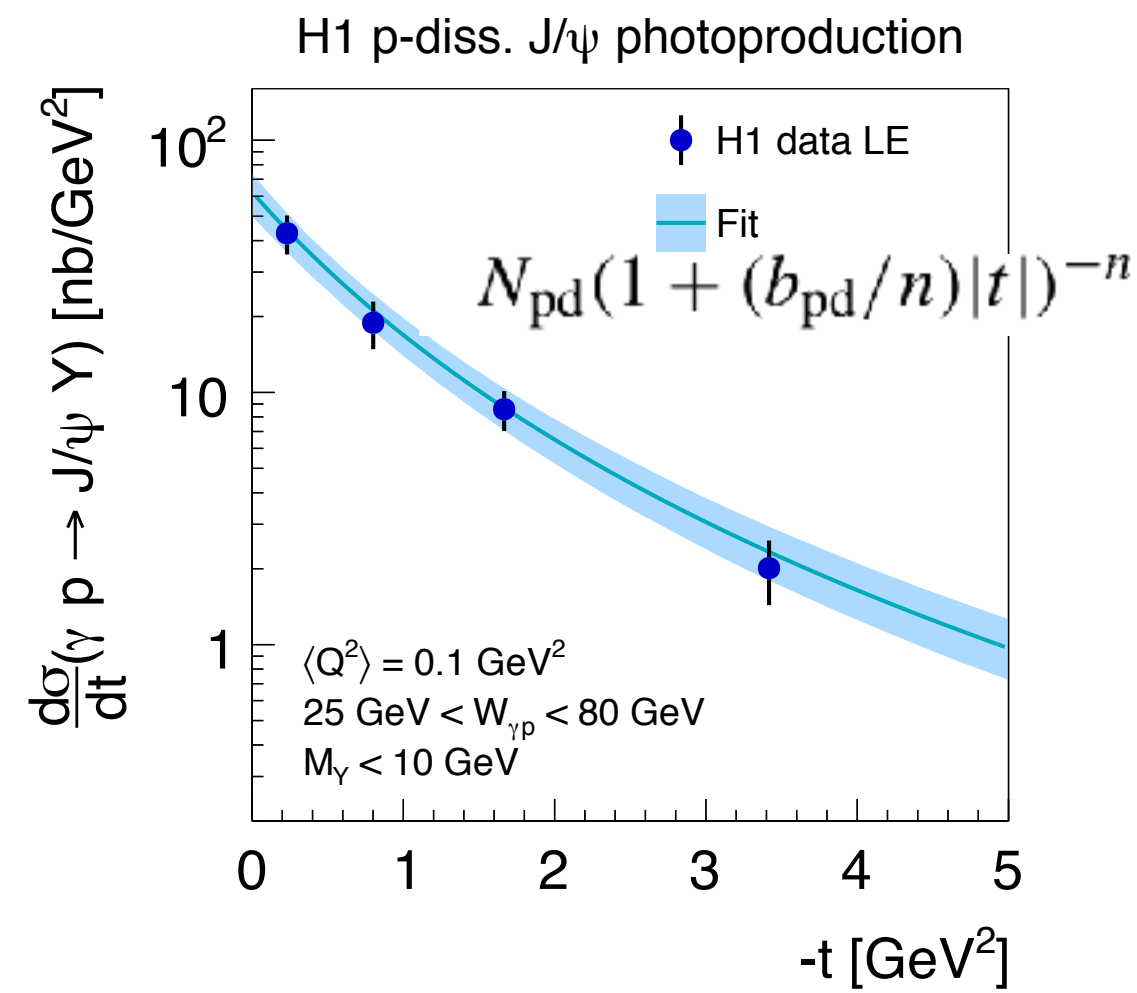
t slope

elastic

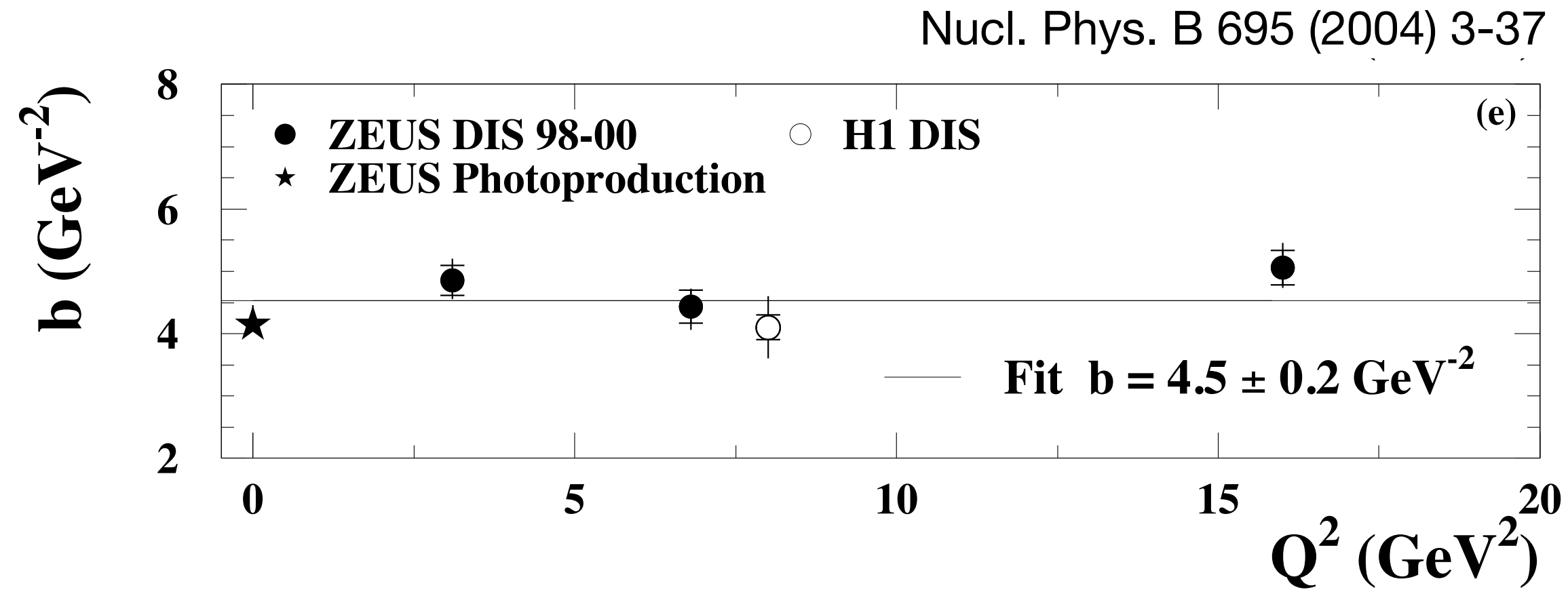
Eur. Phys. J. C73 (2013) 2466



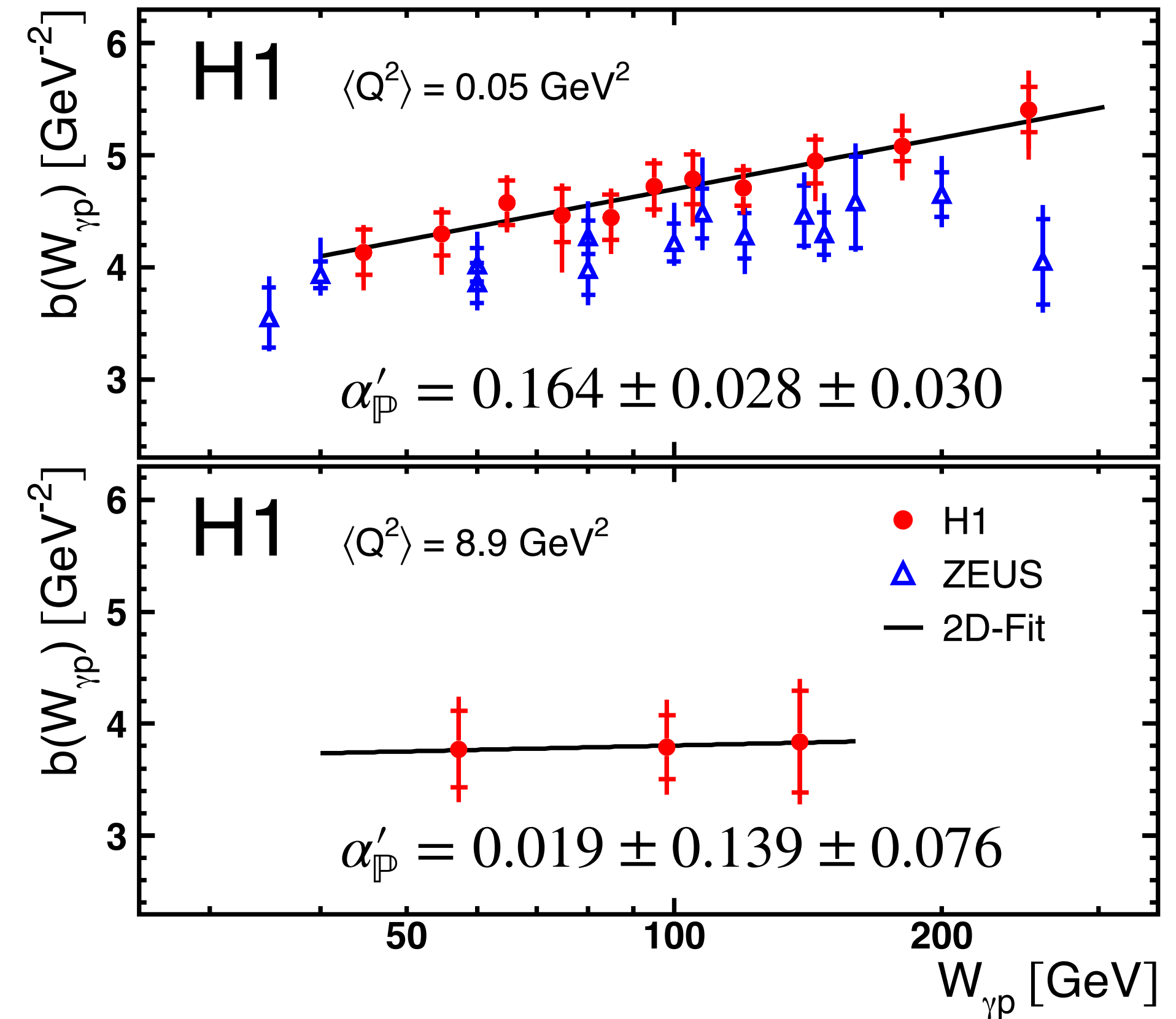
dissociative



Q^2 and W dependence of t slope



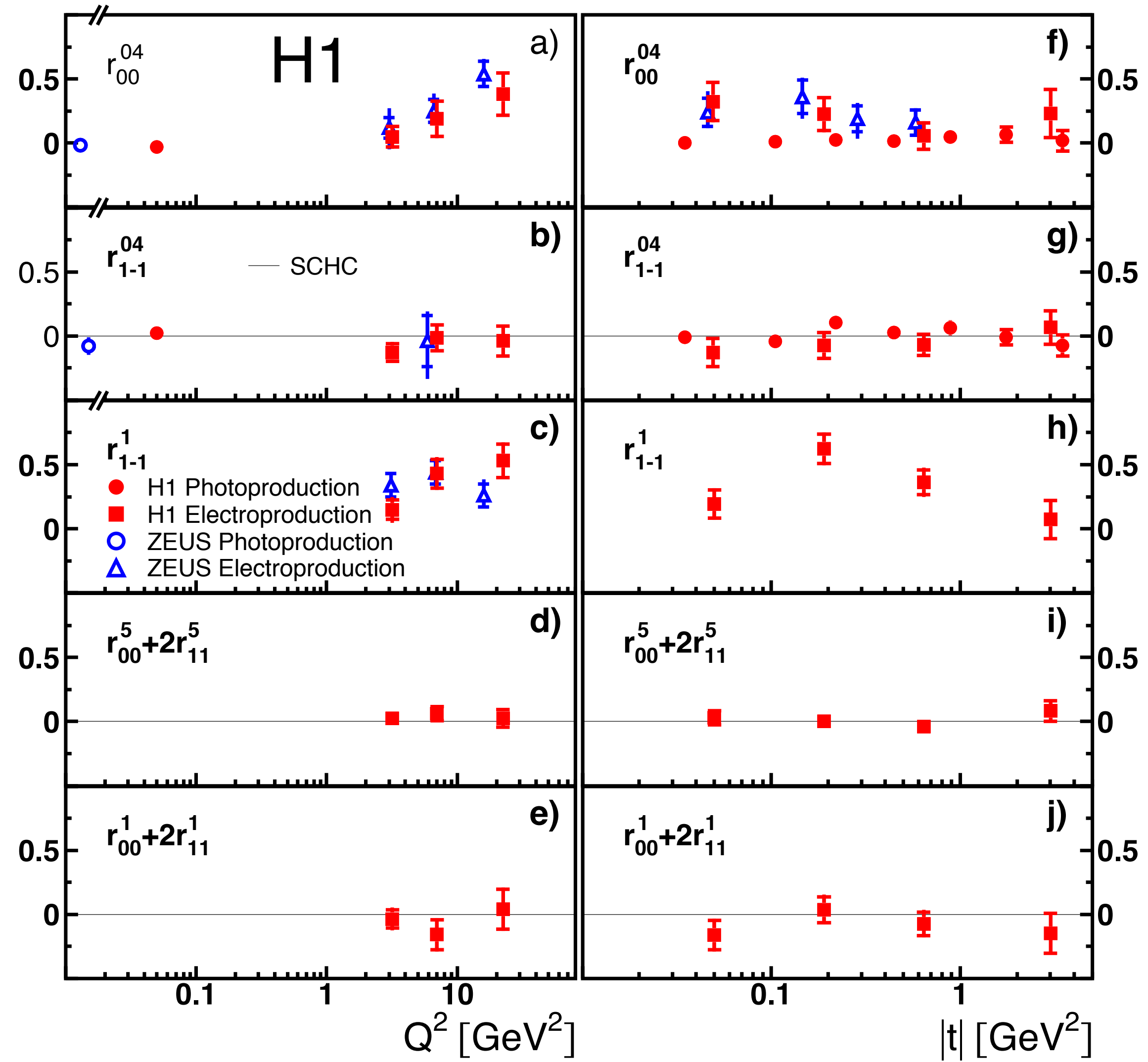
Eur. Phys. J. C 46 (2006) 585-603



$$\text{Fit: } b = b_0 + 4\alpha'_p \ln \frac{W}{W_0}$$

SDMEs

Eur. Phys. J. C 46 (2006) 585-603



SDMEs

Eur. Phys. J. C 46 (2006) 585-603

SCHC and NPE:

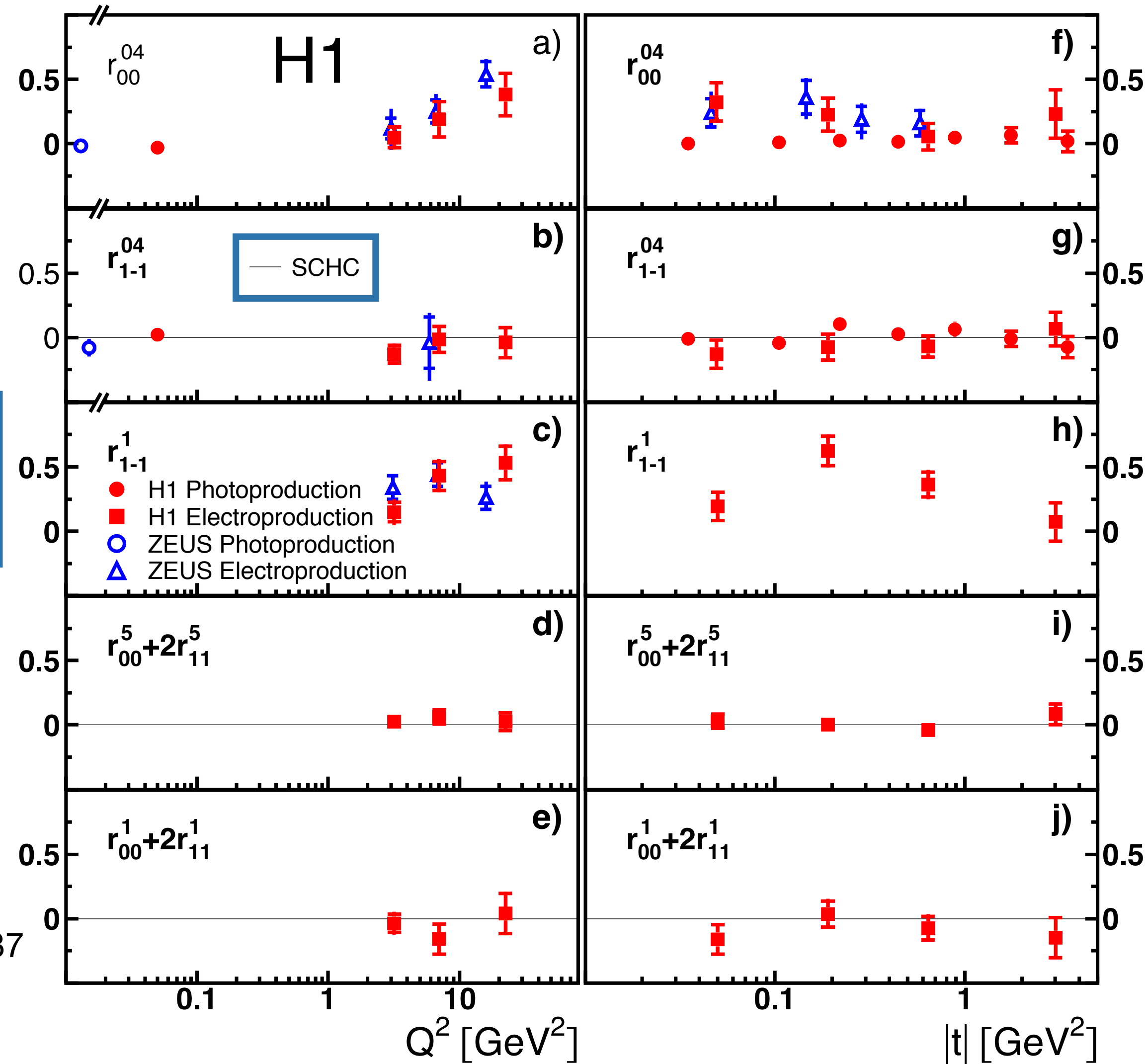
$$r_{1-1}^1 = \frac{1}{2} (1 - r_{00}^{04})$$

$$\frac{r_{1-1}^1 - \frac{1}{2} (1 - r_{00}^{04})}{-0.10 \pm 0.09_{-0.06}^{+0.08}}$$

$$0.06 \pm 0.10_{-0.06}^{+0.08}$$

$$0.03 \pm 0.11_{-0.02}^{+0.07}$$

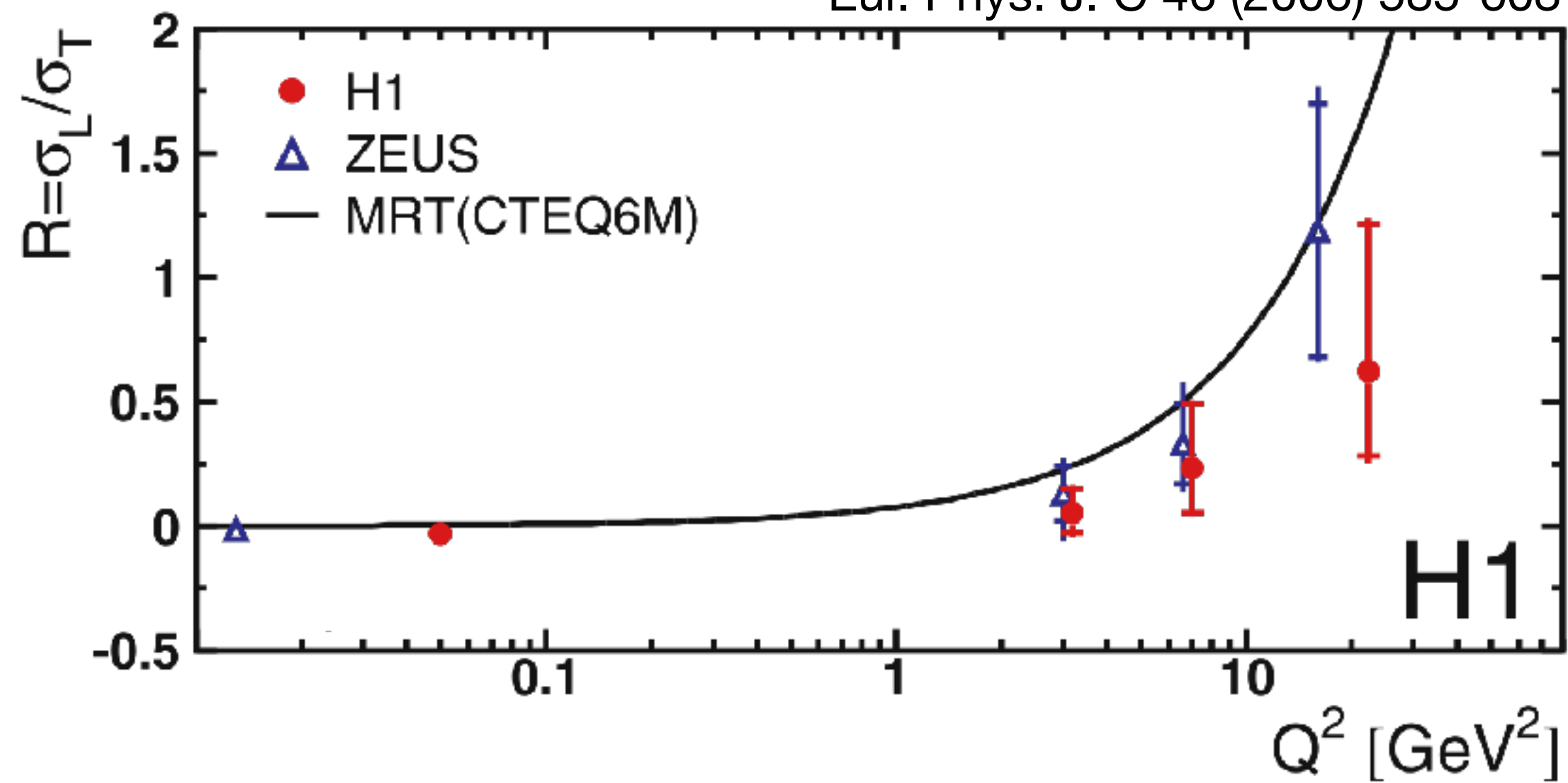
Nucl. Phys. B 695 (2004) 3-37



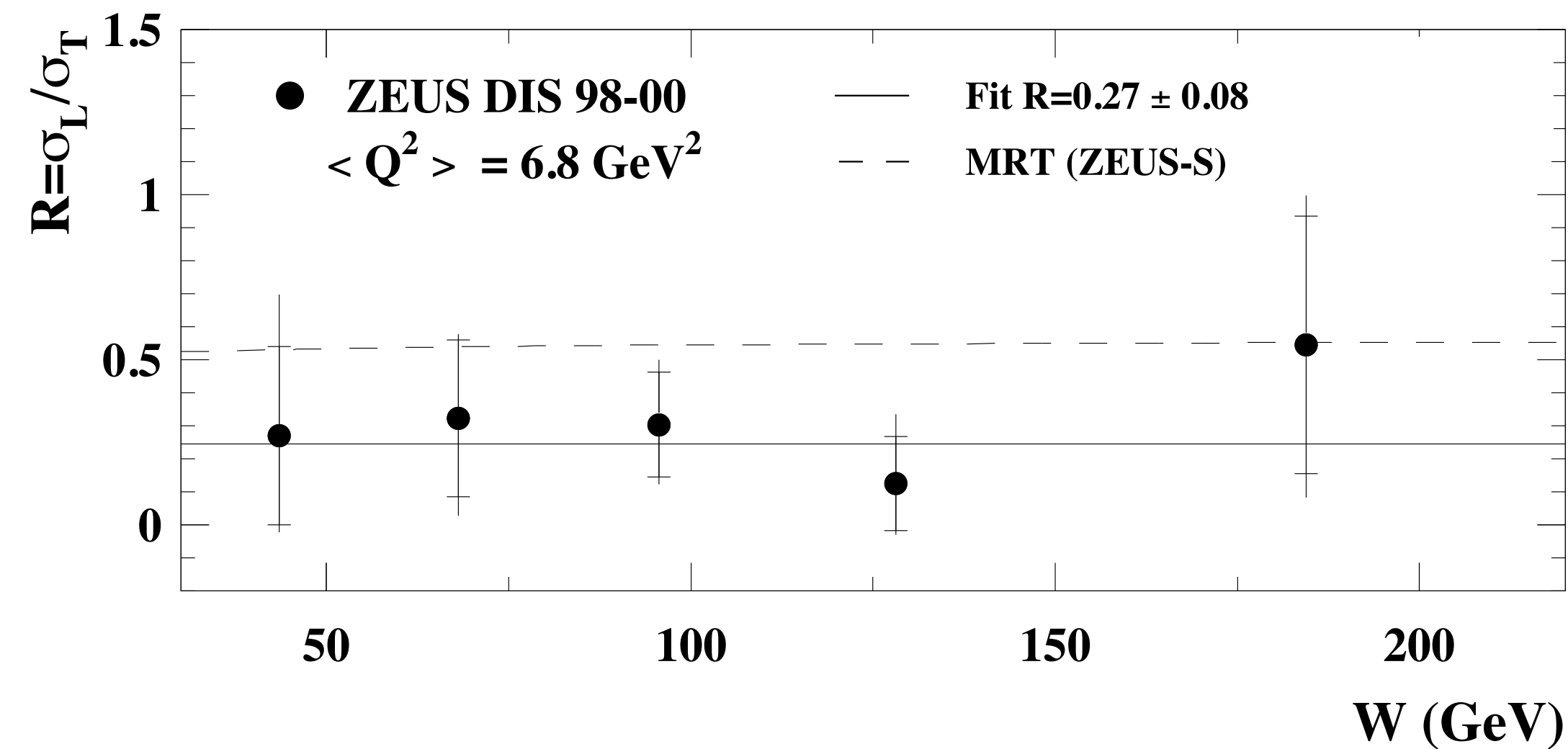
$$R = \sigma_L / \sigma_T$$

$$R = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \frac{r_{00}^{04}}{1 - r_{00}^{04}} \Big|_{\text{SCHC}}$$

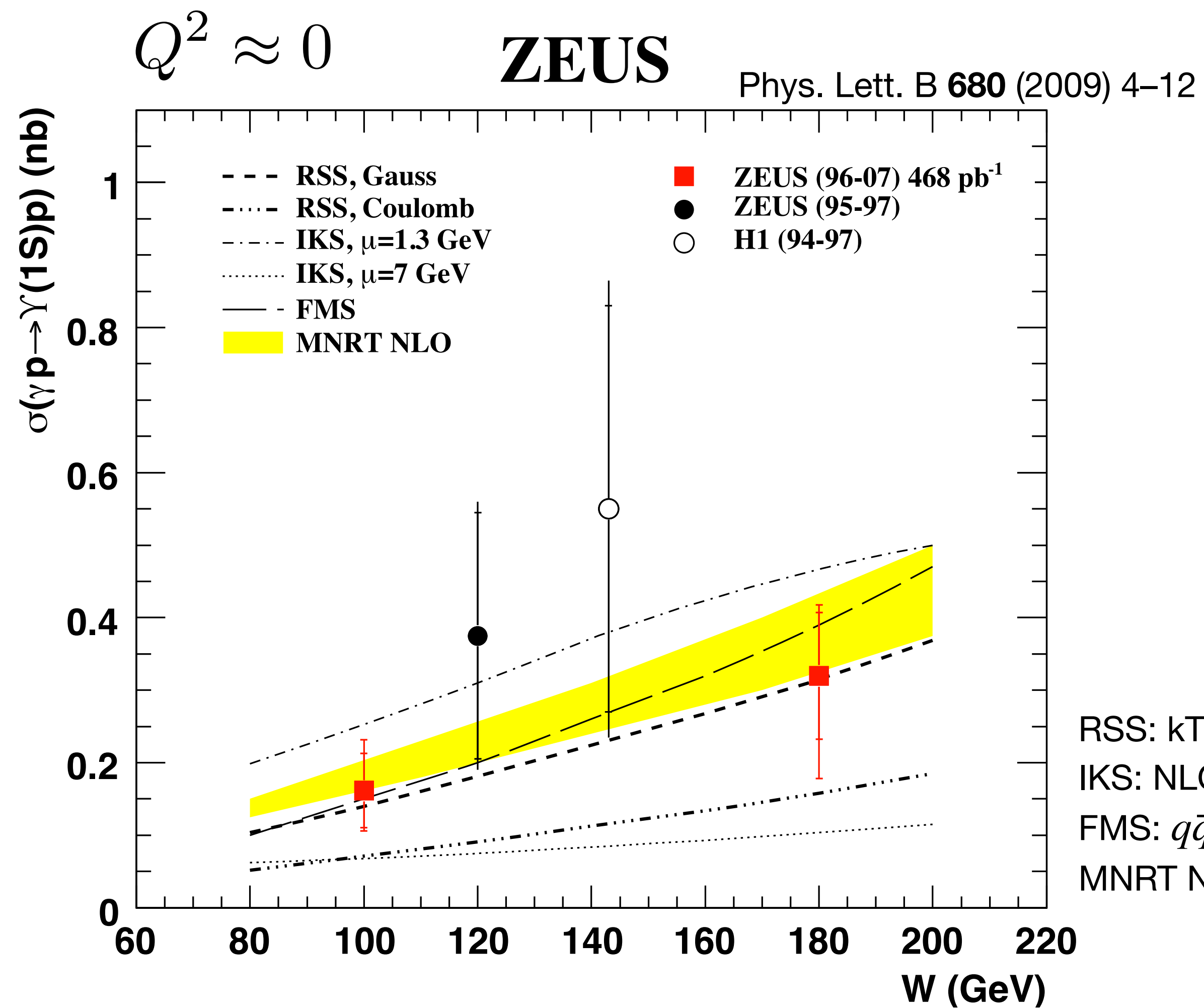
Eur. Phys. J. C 46 (2006) 585-603



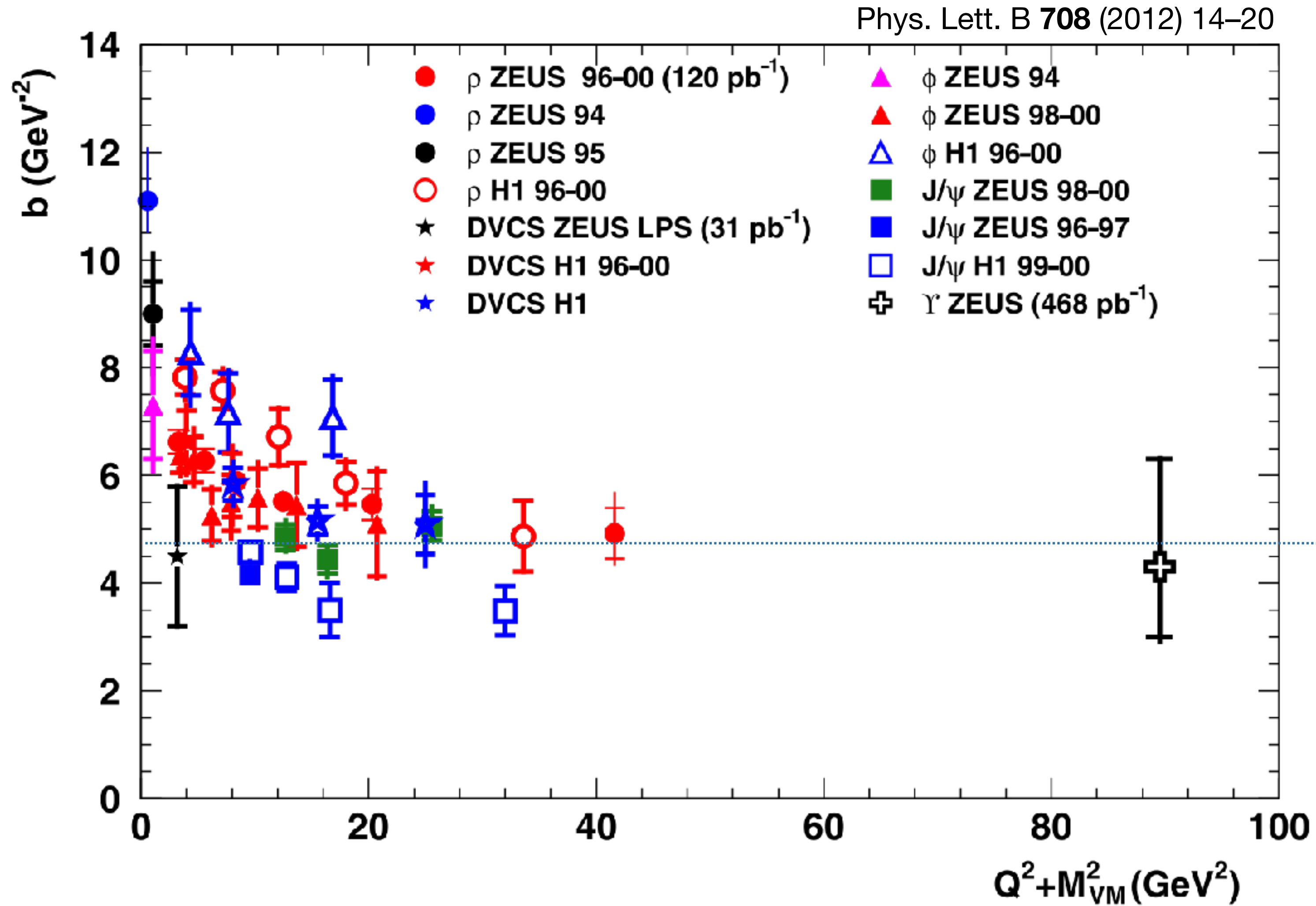
Nucl. Phys. B 695 (2004) 3-37



Υ : W dependence



Q^2+M^2 dependence of b : elastic



$$b = b_{VM} + b_p$$

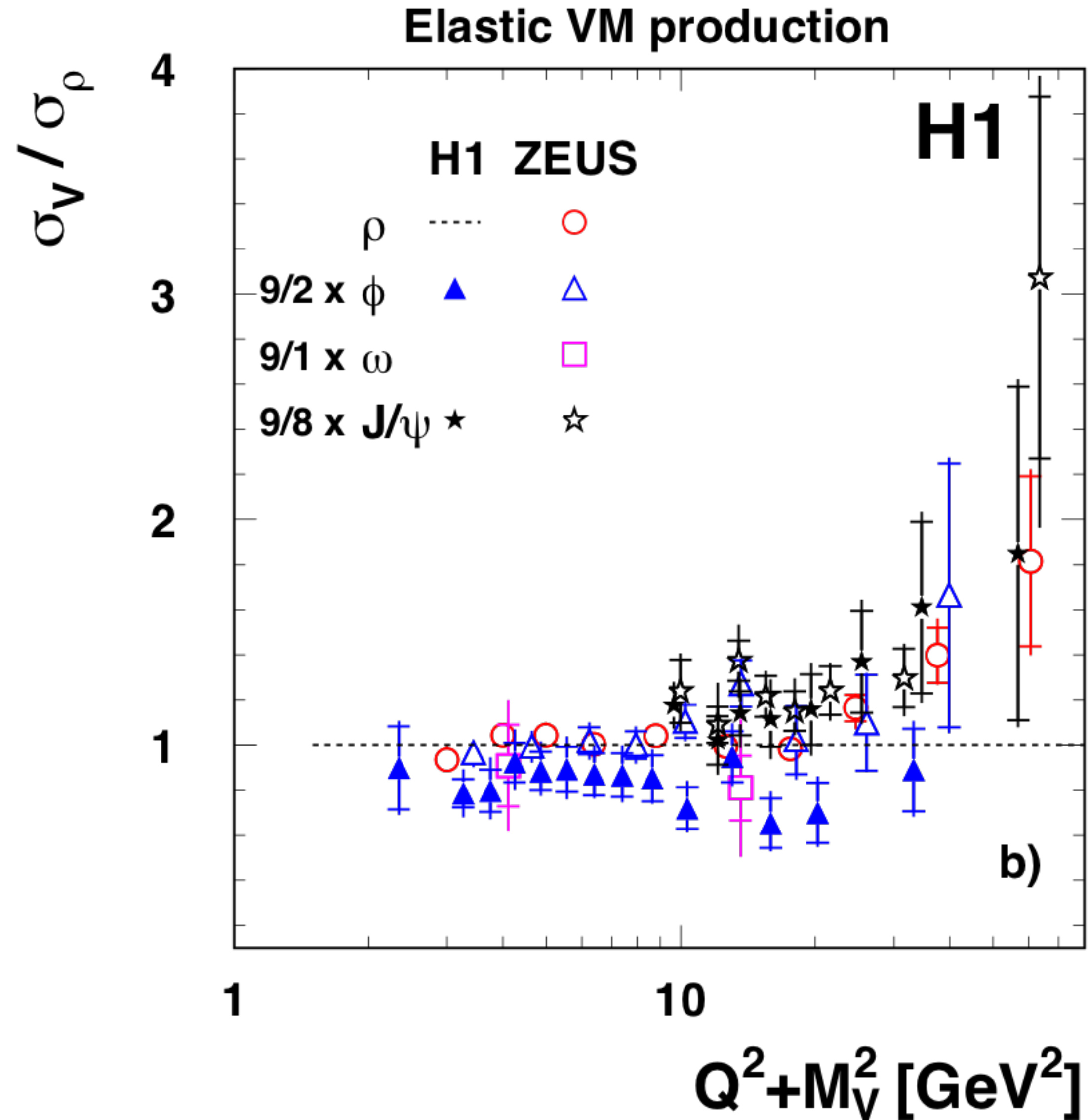
$$b_{VM} \sim \frac{1}{Q^2 + M_{VM}^2}$$

$b_p \rightarrow$ size of gluon area $\langle r \rangle_g$

$$\langle r_g \rangle \approx 0.6 \text{ fm}$$

< proton radius (0.84 fm)

Flavour dependence: universality



Summary

- W dependence: soft and hard interactions
- Diffractive electroproduction of ρ , ω , ϕ , J/ψ , $\psi(2S)$, and Υ : NPE and global SCHC
- Disentanglement of longitudinal and transverse cross section:
rise of longitudinal cross section with Q^2
- $Q^2 + M_V^2$ evolution of vector mesons:
towards sole sensitivity of proton size with increasing $Q^2 + M_V^2$