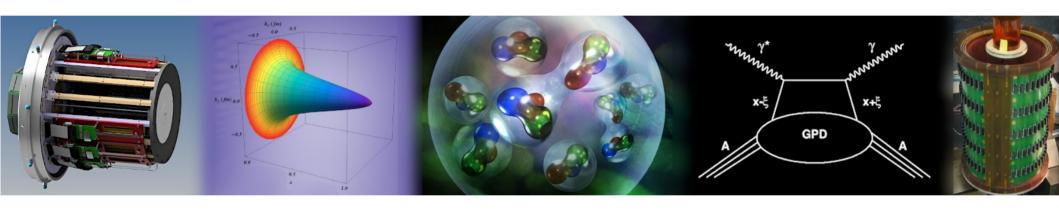


ALERT and Tagged measurements at JLab



Raphaël Dupré



Univ. Paris-Saclay





Tagging at JLab and beyond

Deuterium (polarized or not)

- Study pion and kaon content (TDIS @ JLab)
- Study the unpolarized neutron (Bonus @ JLab)
- Study nuclear effects and SRC (BAND @ JLab)

Helium-4

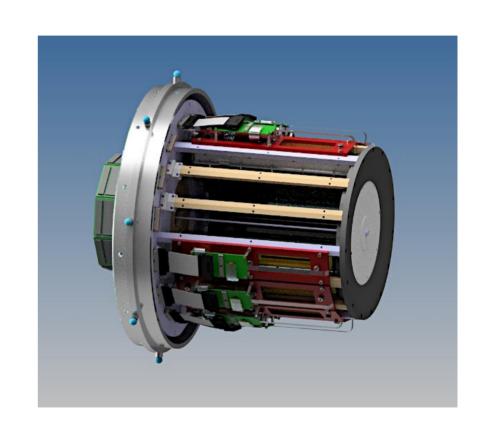
- Study bound nucleons (ALERT @ JLab)
- Study of EMC and SRC (ALERT @ JLab)

Heavy targets

- Centrality tagging, SRCs...

Important part of the EIC program!

- Based on very little actual experience





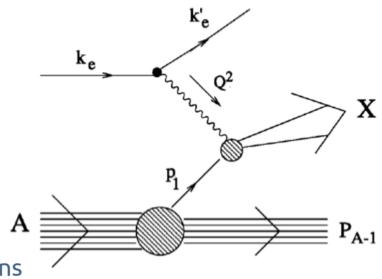
More About Tagging

Why are the tagged processes special?

- They are semi-inclusive hard processes (>GeV scale)
- In which we detect nuclear fragments (MeV scale)
 - Selecting the optimal kinematics to isolate our process
- They give unique information on the state of the nucleus right at the hard interaction

What do we use it for?

- Also to avoid nuclear effects and get quasi-free neutrons
 - We want to tag a backward proton at the lowest possible energy
- Select special configuration of the nucleus
- Can be very useful to understand nuclear effects
 - Highest possible energy if you want to look at SRCs





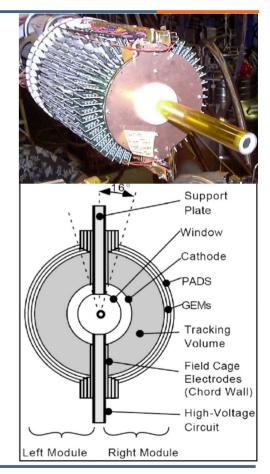
The Original Bonus Experiment

At JLab with the CLAS spectrometer

- Electron beam at 5.3 GeV and a large acceptance spectrometer
 - But no way to measure protons below 200 MeV/c

The BONUS detector

- A small radial TPC placed right around a gaseous deuterium target
- All materials kept to a minimum
- Capable to detect as low as 60 MeV/c protons





Tagging Nuclear Reactions

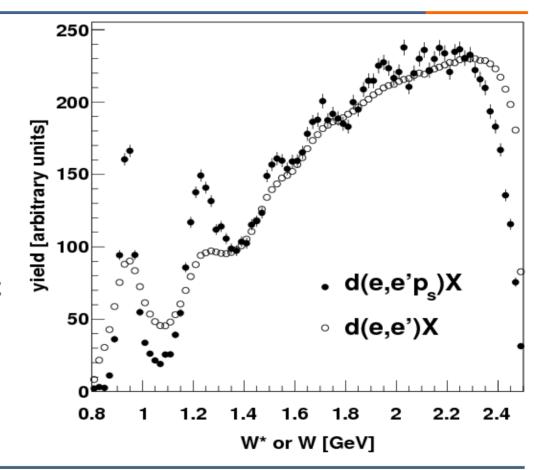
Does tagging actually works?

- To control final state interaction
 - To validate our calculations
 - Then to select ideal kinematics

W. Cosyn and M. Sargsian, Phys. Rev. C84 (2011) 014601

- To control the initial state
 - Access to the nucleon's kinematic
 - Access to the nucleon's virtuality
 - And correct for it!

Yes!





Bonus Results

Measure of the neutron F2

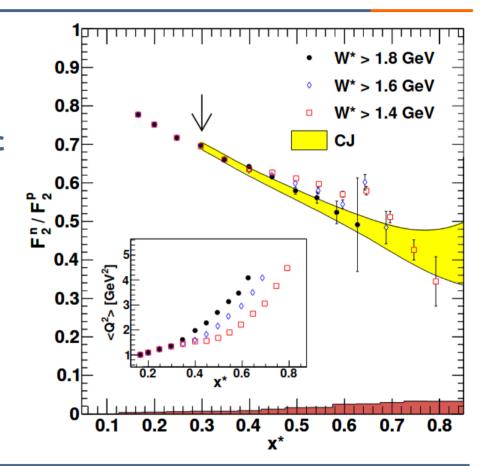
- As a fonction of x*
 - Corrected for the proton kinematic
- With pretty loose W* cut
 - Due to a lack of data

N. Baillie et al. CLAS Coll. Phys.Rev.Lett. 108 (2012) 142001

Contribution to PDF fits

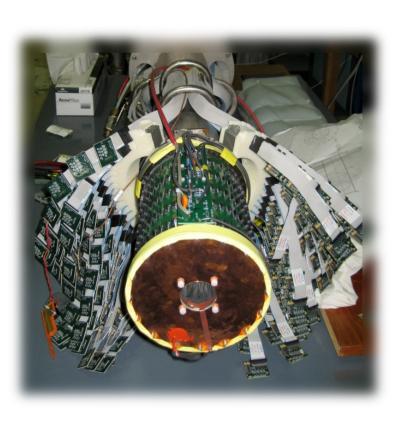
- Unique data for PDF fits
 - Free of nuclear effects

A. Accardi et al. Phys.Rev.D 93 (2016) 11, 114017





A New RTPC for CLAS



RTPC can also be used for light nuclei

- They usually do not event make it out of the target...

How to handle that?

- Use a light nuclei : Helium-4 for instance
- Use a light target: a straw
 - Filled at 5 Atm with 50 µm thick walls
- Get very close to it : Radial TPC
 - 3 cm away from the target

Another CLAS +RTPC experiment ran in 2009

 Most of the scientific program was outside the topics of this workshop, but...



Incoherent Helium DVCS

Measurement with CLAS at Jefferson Lab

Proton bound in helium target

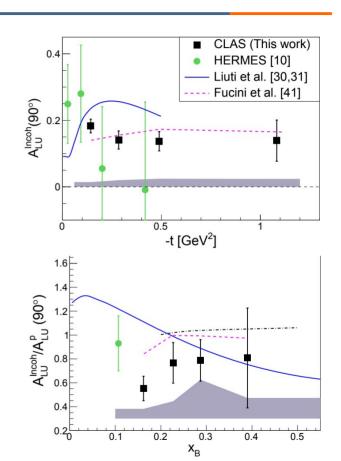
Gives a "generalized" EMC

- Strongly suppressed
- Strange behavior compared to the models

M. Hattawy et al. (CLAS Coll.) Phys. Rev. Lett., 123(3):032502, 2019.

More work is ongoing on these questions

- On the theoretical side for a better description
- On the experimental side with tagging





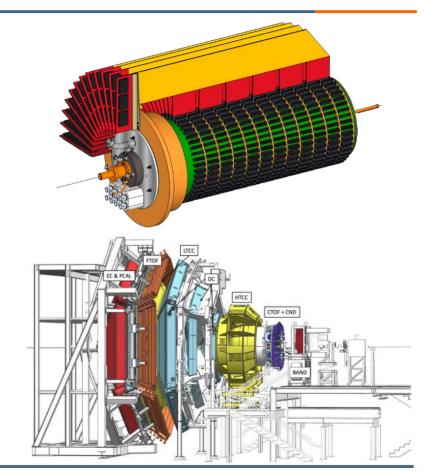
Going to Bonus12

The same detector but better

- No more structure inside
 - GEMs are self supported
- Longer target and detector
- Faster electronics
 - To get more statistics

The same JLab but better

A newly ugraded JLab and CLAS12





Running the Bonus12 experiment

The experiment ran in 2020

- With a short pause in the middle
- Accumulated ~5B triggers

Data analysis is in progress

- Detector calibration is done
- Bonus specific reconstruction is now in place
- We are starting the extraction of the final observables

Sadly, no early pick at the data is available yet





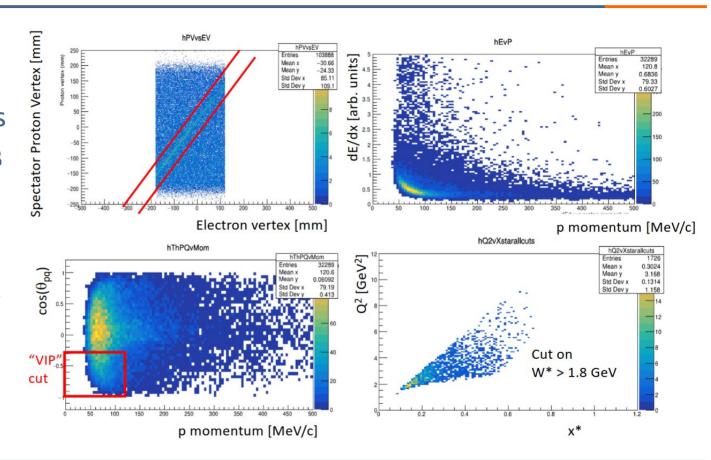
Running the Bonus12 experiment

The experiment ran in 2020

- In difficult conditions
- We accumulated ~5B triggers

Data analysis is in progress

- See here a sample of the data at 10.4 GeV
- Illustrates the coverage we have





Can we tag other processes?

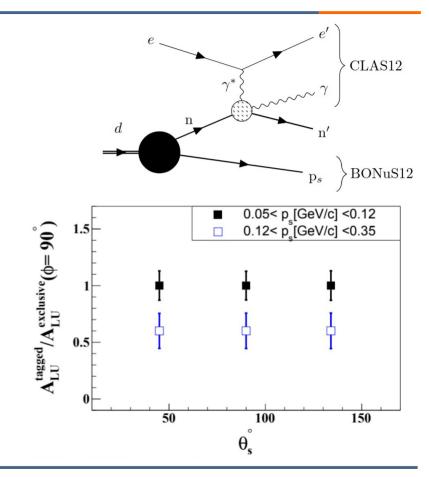
We can and we will!

- DVCS on neutron is also of interest
- It has been measured through D minus p
- It can also be detected in the final state
 - Experiment with CLAS12

But tagging is the cleanest

- Accounts for all missing energies and momenta to check exclusivity
- Controls the nuclear effects
 - Can those be large?

Talk from Mathieu yesterday





The ALERT Detector

Going beyond the RTPC!

- Capability to differenciate various light nuclei
- Handle higher luminosity

A Low Energy Recoil Tracker

- Hyperbolic drift chamber
- Time-of-Flight array

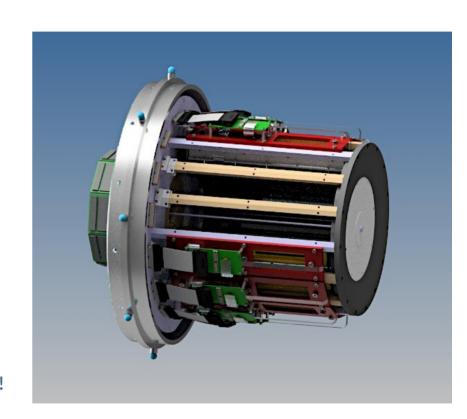
Collaborative effort within CLAS12

- ANL, IJCLab, JLab, NMSU, Mississippi SU, ODU and Temple
- We tested a prototype with a nuclear beam in the Fall at the ALTO facility (Orsay, France)

We are scheduled to take data in July 2024

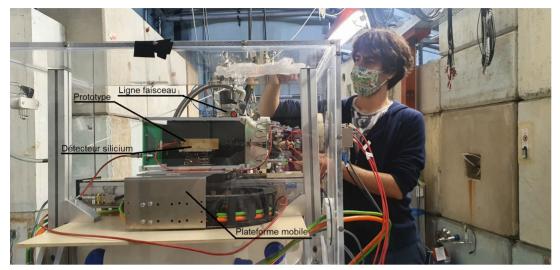
- R&D and administrative approval were long processes
- Detector construction started, stringing starts in September!
- Plan to deliver to Jlab in Jan/Feb

July 20, 2023





Many Prototypes of ALERT

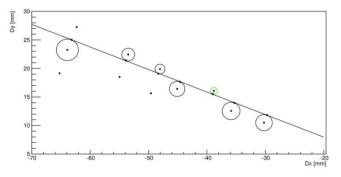


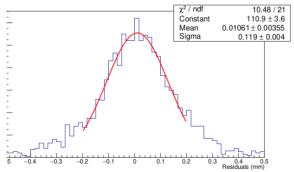
2020

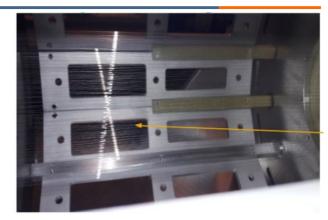


2023













Tagging to Access Offshellness

Tagging connects EMC to nucleon kinematics

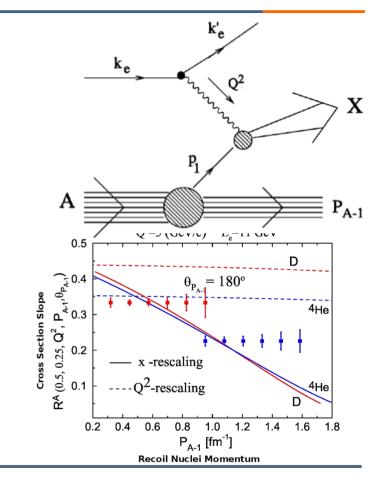
- Linked through virtuality of the nucleon
- Can differentiate mean field from SRC nucleons

This will test models and more

- Comparison between deuterium and helium
- It unequivocally resolve the link between the EMC effect and nucleon momentum

Different nuclei

- Cover different momentum ranges
- Mean field vs SRC





Understanding the Incoherent DVCS

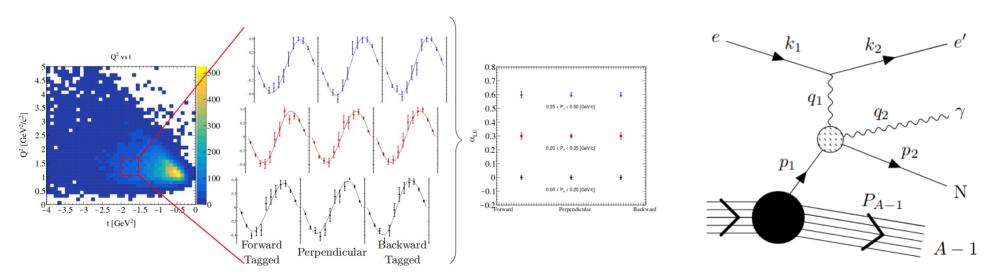
Tagging the incoherent DVCS

- A tagged measurement can pin down the origin of the strong BSA suppression in incoherent DVCS
- By better controling the initial and final states independently

Proposed for JLab 12 GeV

July 20, 2023

- This is probably an important addition for all incoherent processes in the future





Summary

Bonus experiments used tagging as an effective neutron target

- Demonstration that the process works well
- Bonus paved the way for many more tagging experiments
 - The Bonus12 experiment is completed (including tagging DVCS on neutrons)

Tagging can be used to understand nuclear effects

- ALERT detector will be the next major experiment of tagging
 - New results for low and intermediate momentum of protons out of D
 - Expend the tagging program to helium-4
- Construction is in progress at Orsay and Argonne
 - Scheduled to start running the (whole?) second half of 2024

Farther in the future... EIC

- The importance of tagging in the EIC program is impressive

