

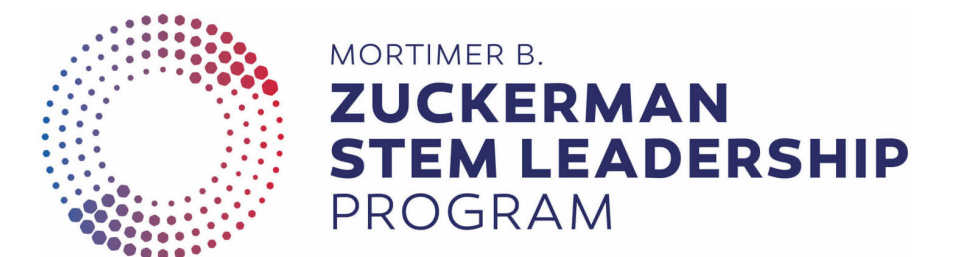
Nucleon structure with tagged DIS

Tyler Kutz
MIT/TAU

ECT* Workshop

Short-distance nuclear structure and PDFs

Trento, Italy
July 20, 2023



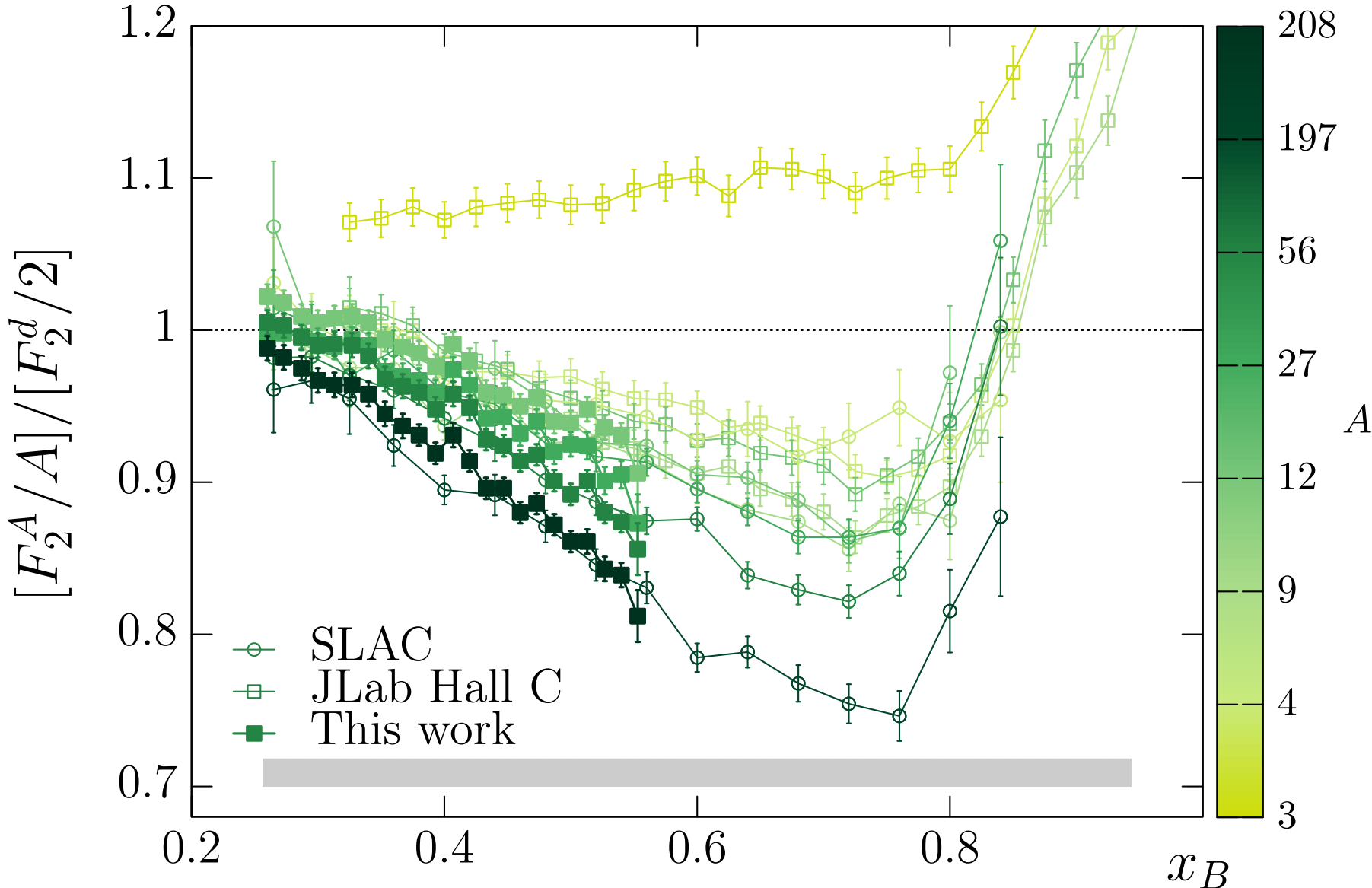
Bound nucleons are modified...so what?

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Fundamental:

What nucleons are modified?

What mechanism drives modification?



Bound nucleons are modified...so what?

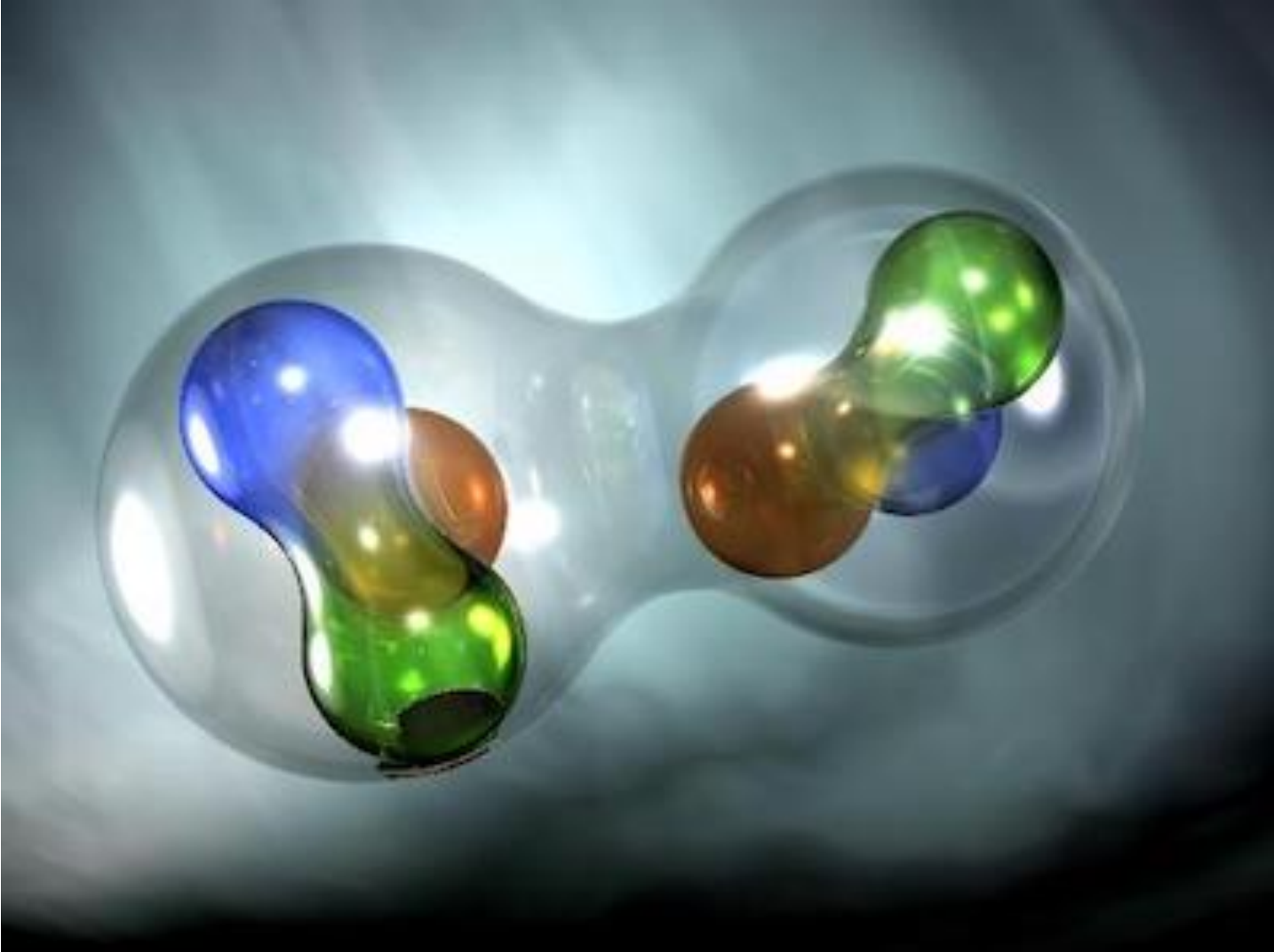
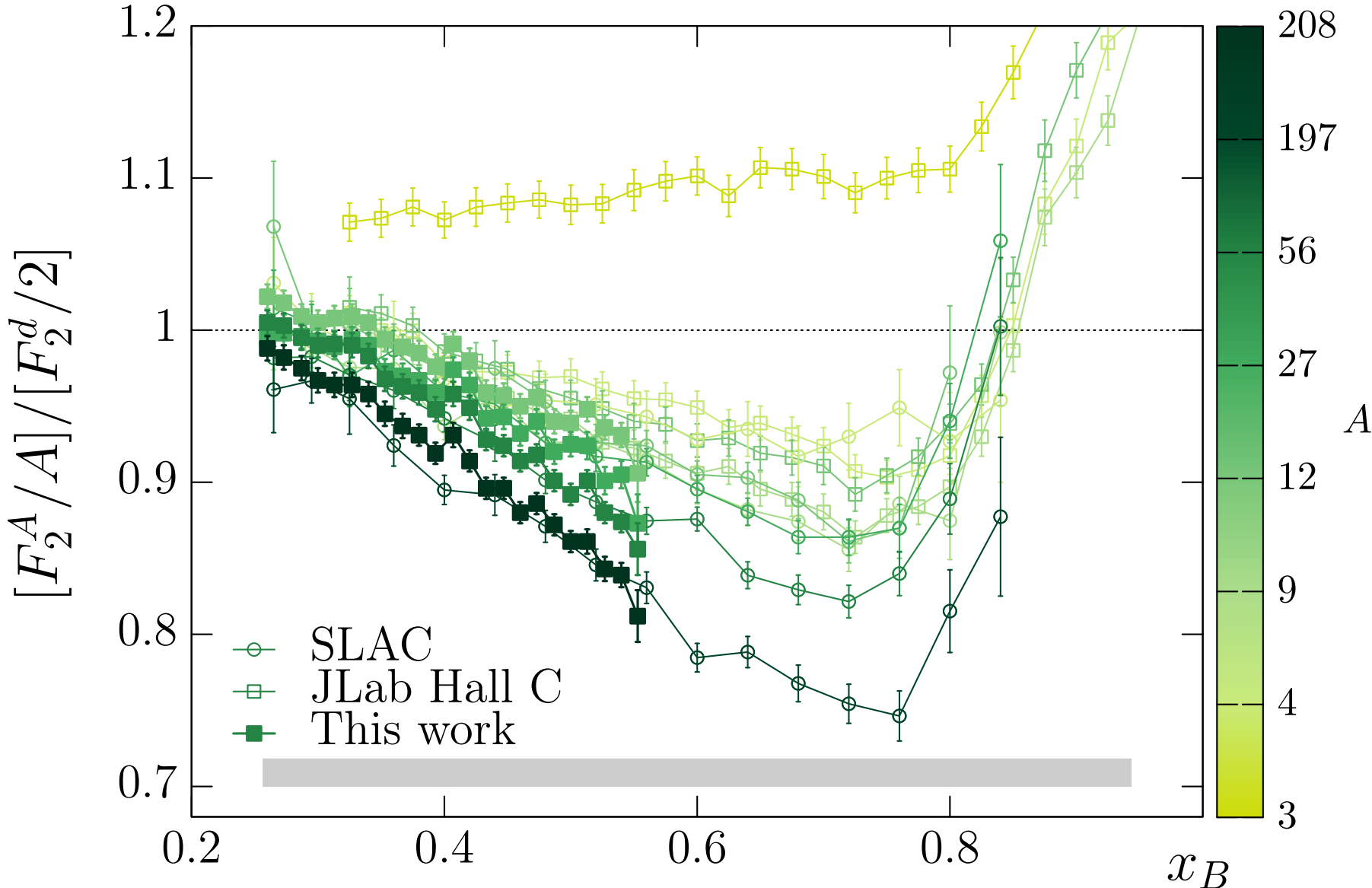
Fundamental:

What nucleons are modified?

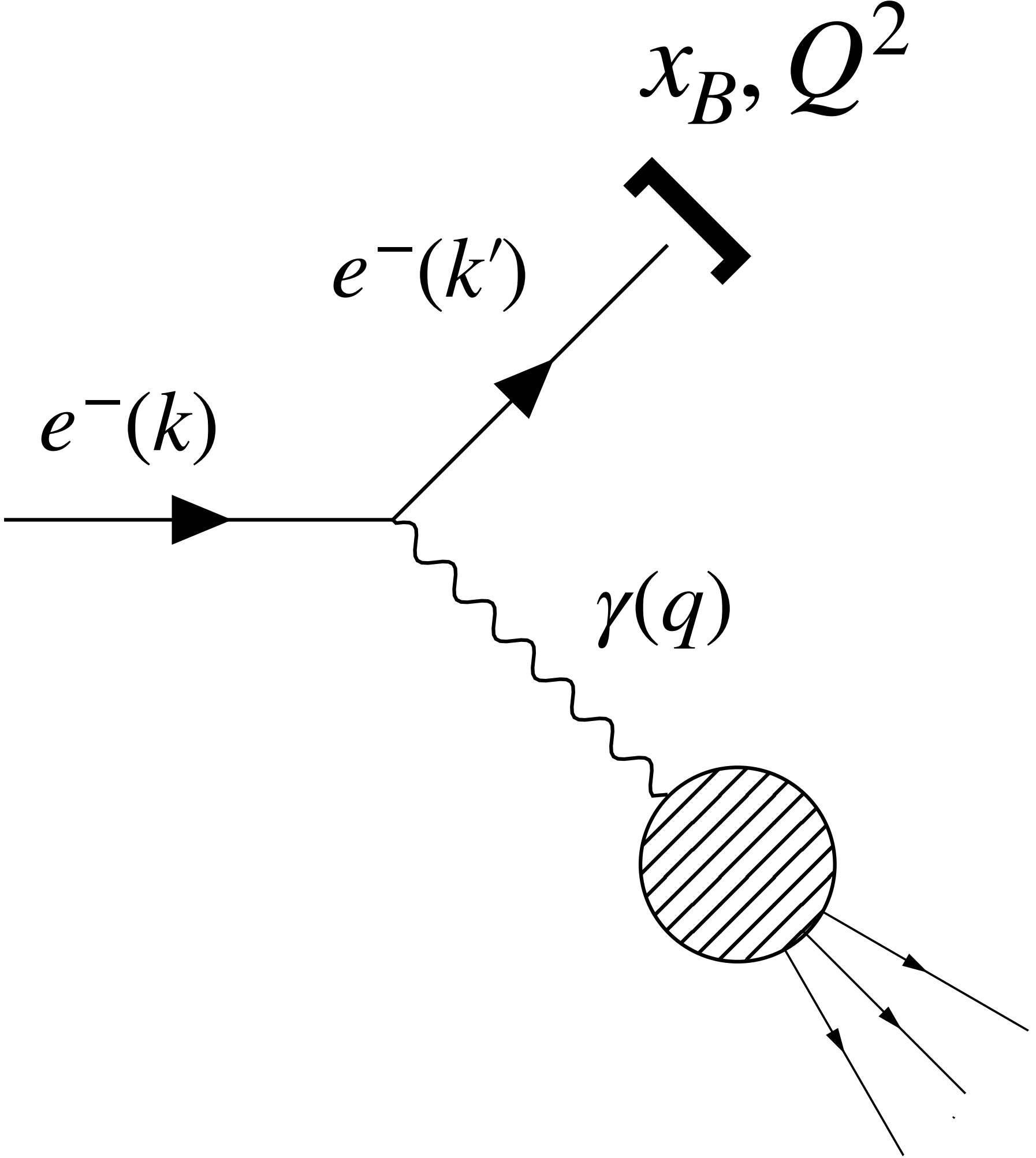
What mechanism drives modification?

Practical:

What is the structure of the free neutron?



Inclusive DIS gives average structure of nucleus

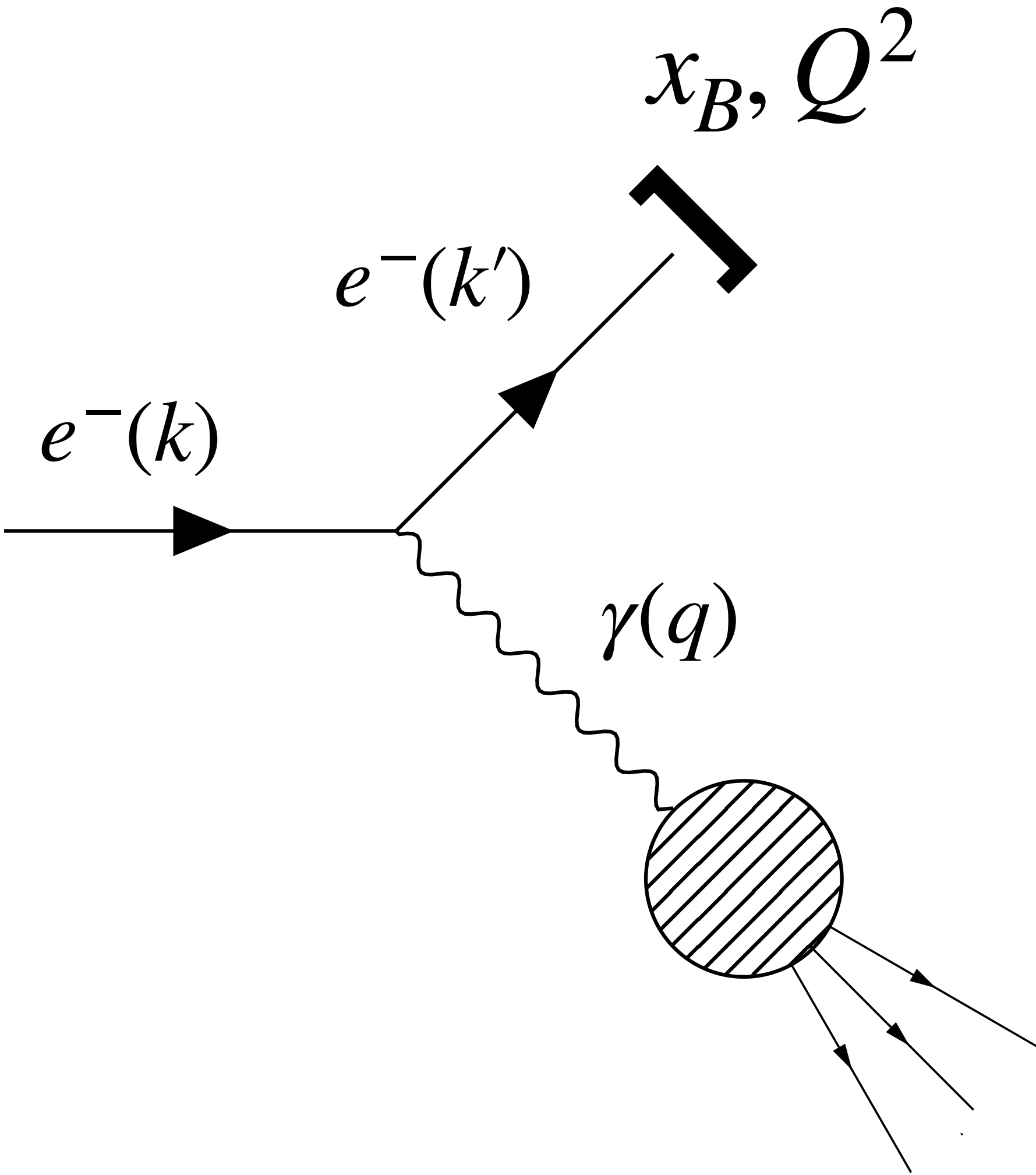


- Detect scattered electron

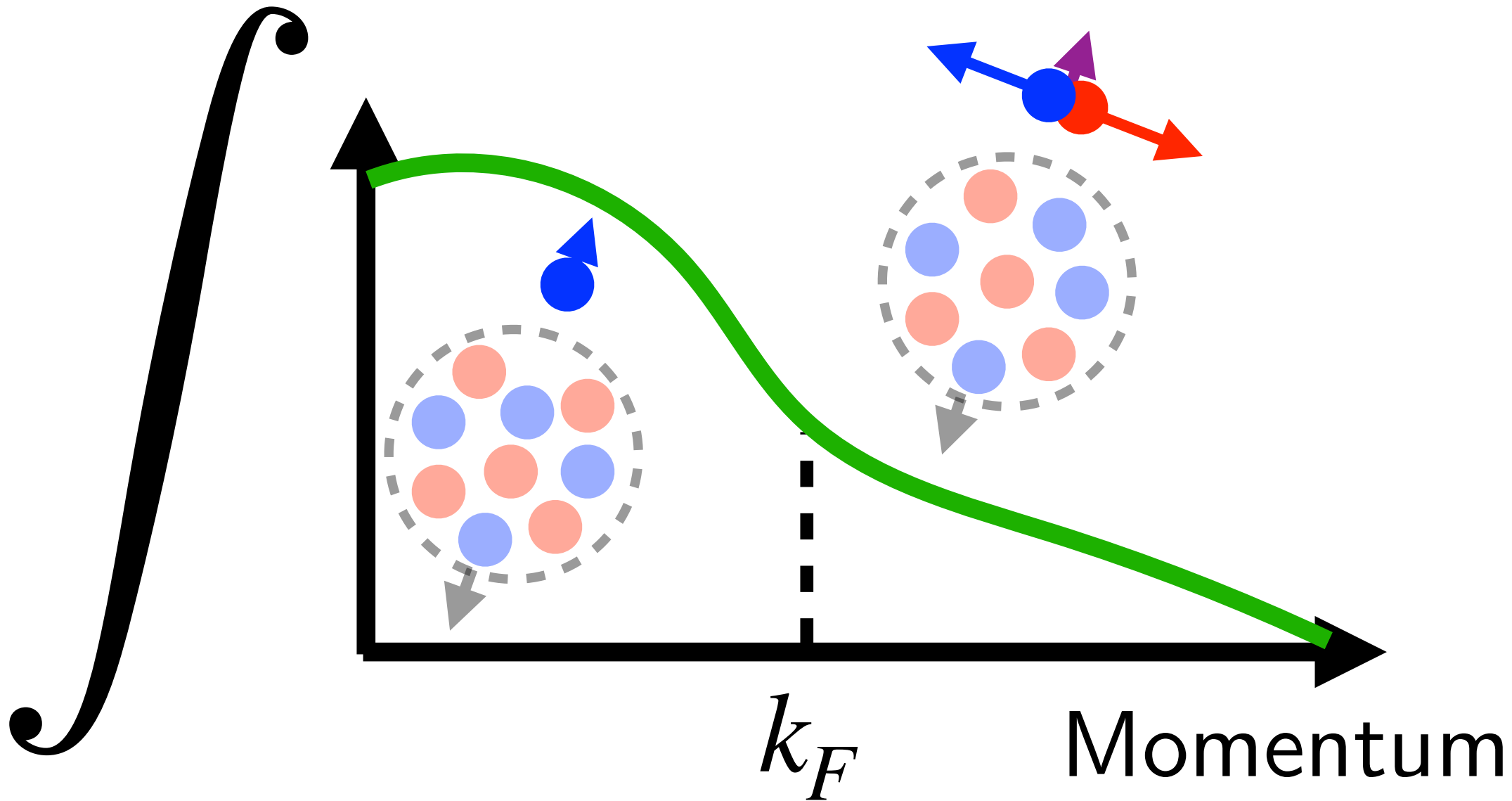
$$Q^2 = 2EE'(1 - \cos \theta)$$

$$x_B = Q^2 / 2M\nu$$

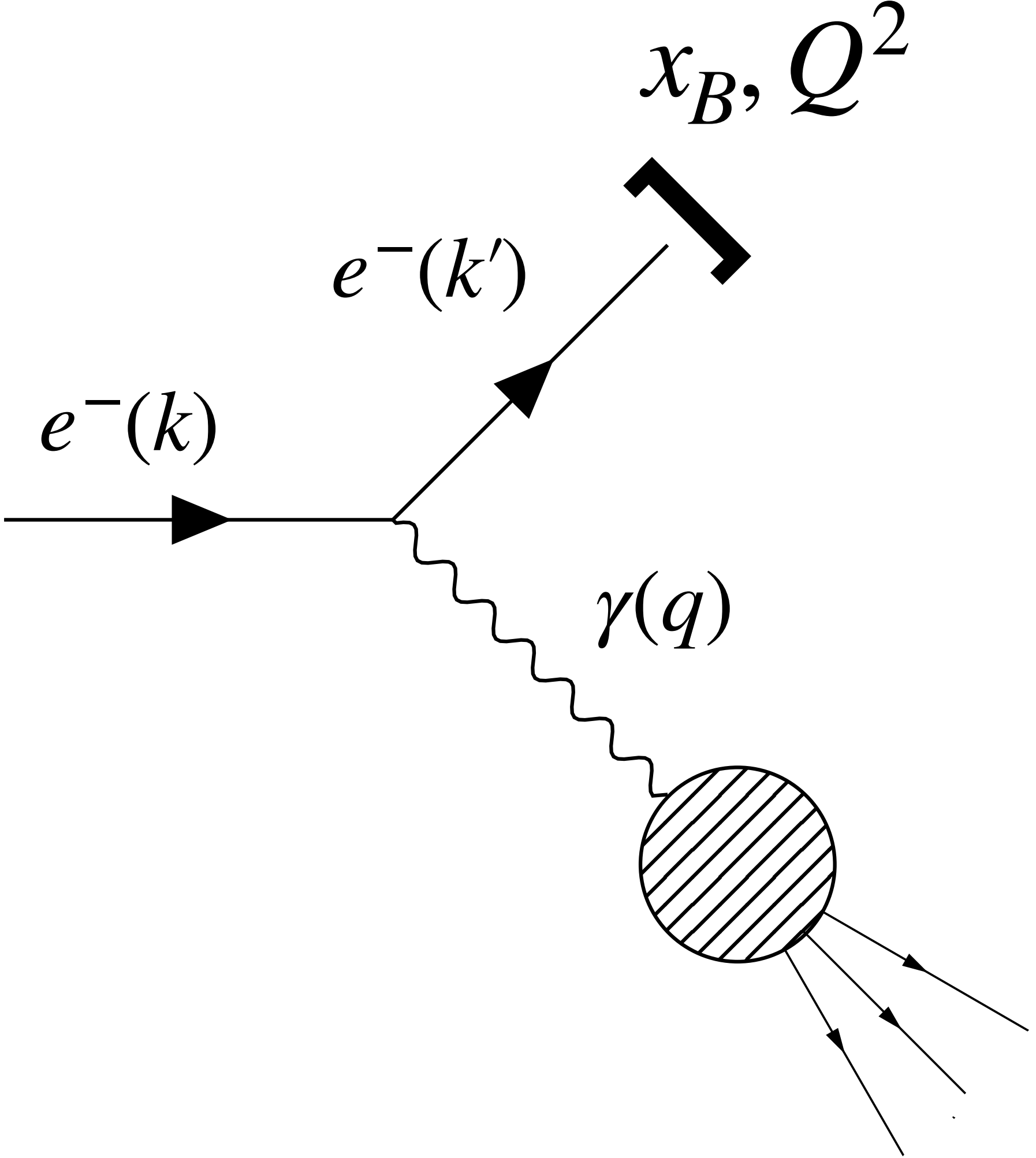
Inclusive DIS gives average structure of nucleus



- Detect scattered electron
$$Q^2 = 2EE'(1 - \cos \theta)$$
$$x_B = Q^2 / 2M\nu$$
- Integrates over entire nucleus



Inclusive DIS gives average structure of nucleus

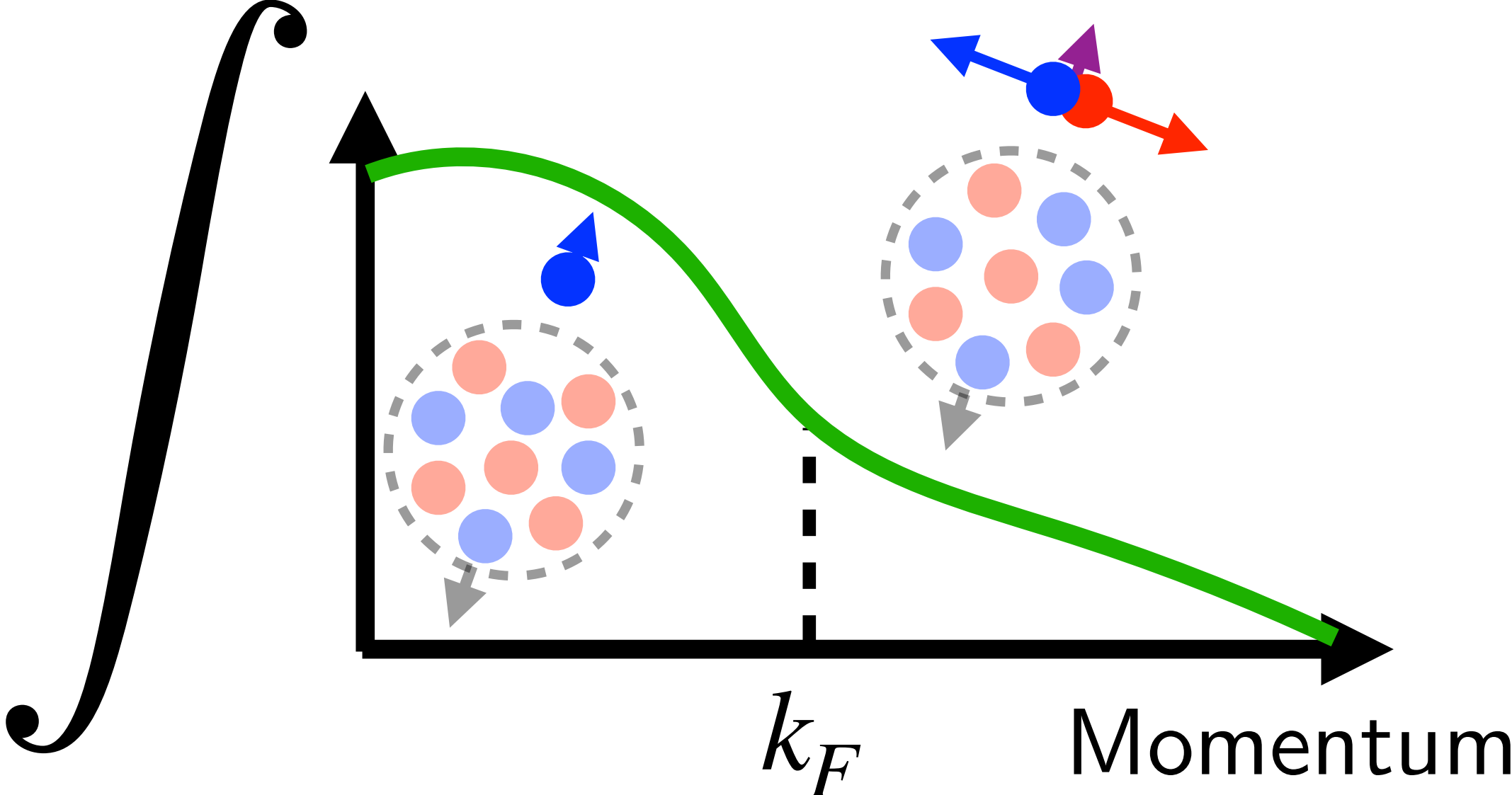


- Detect scattered electron

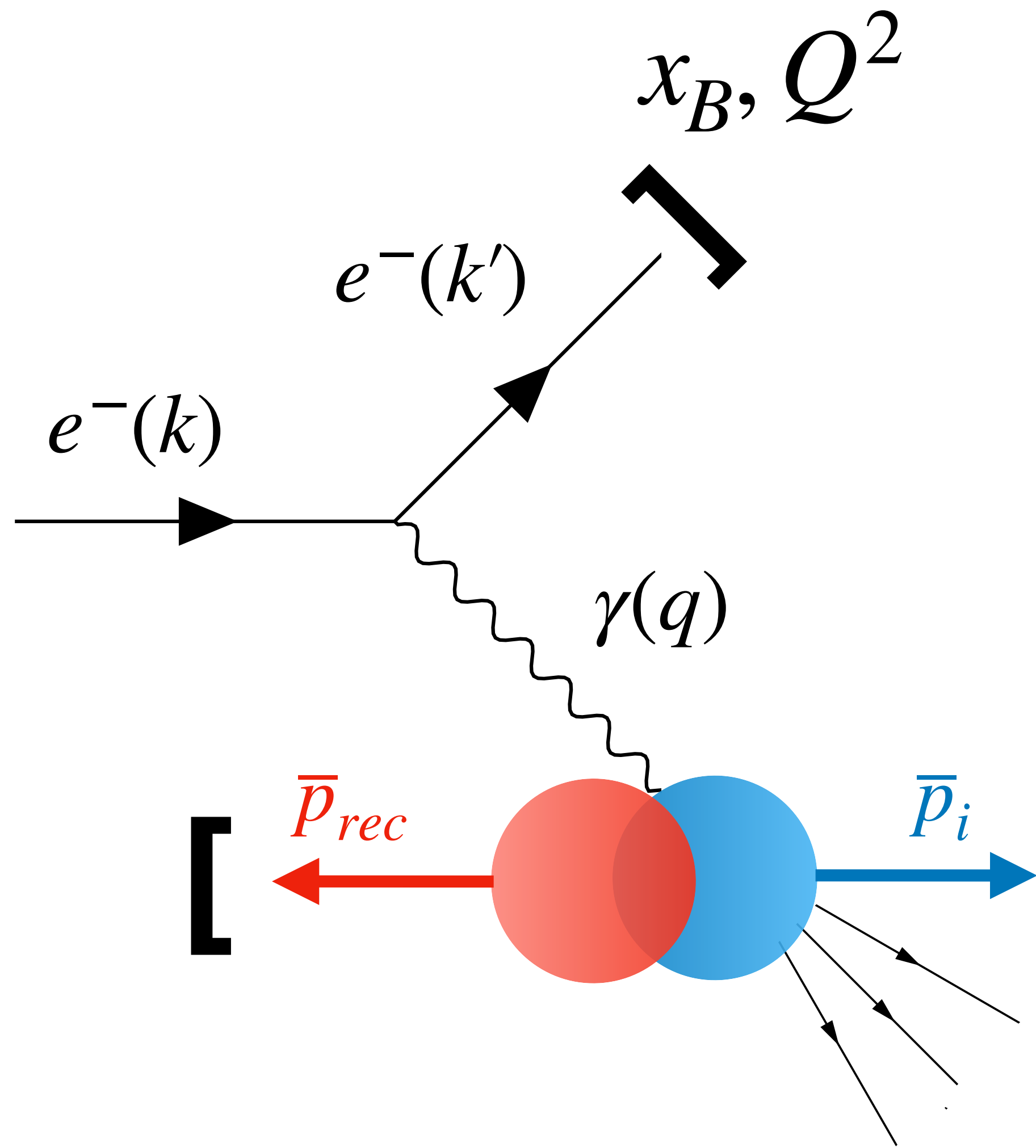
$$Q^2 = 2EE'(1 - \cos \theta)$$

$$x_B = Q^2 / 2M\nu$$

- Integrates over entire nucleus
- Variables smeared by Fermi motion

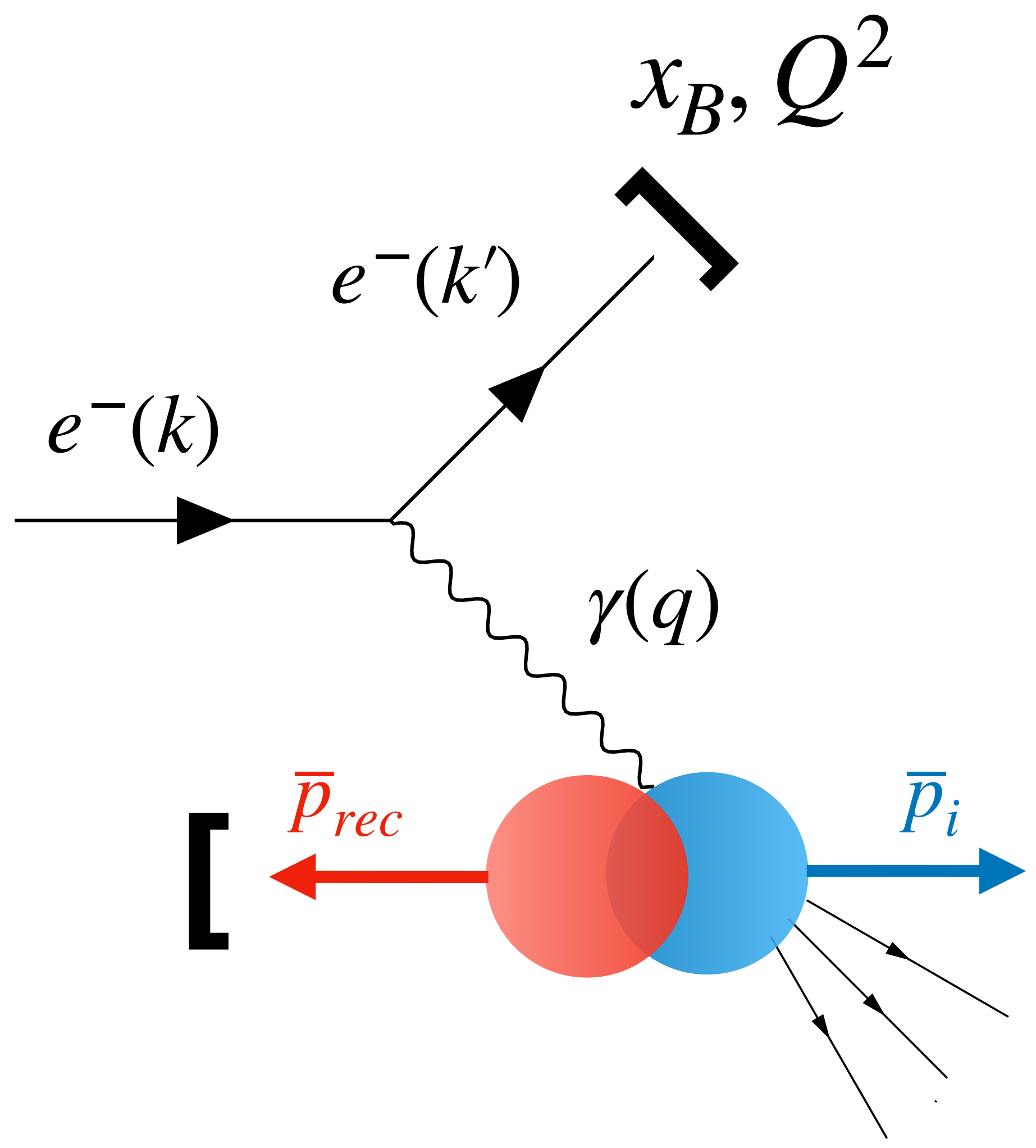


Tagged DIS can provide the remedy

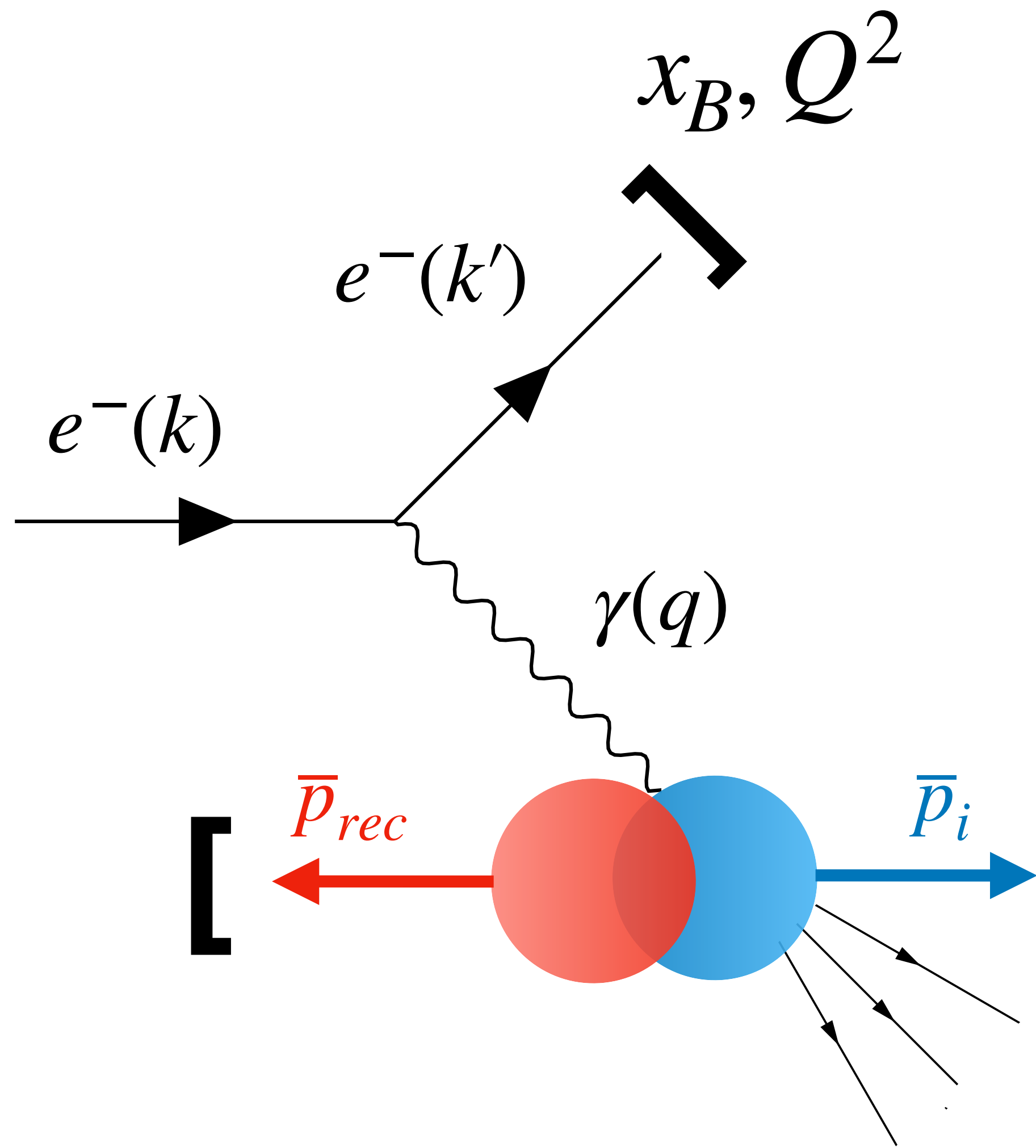


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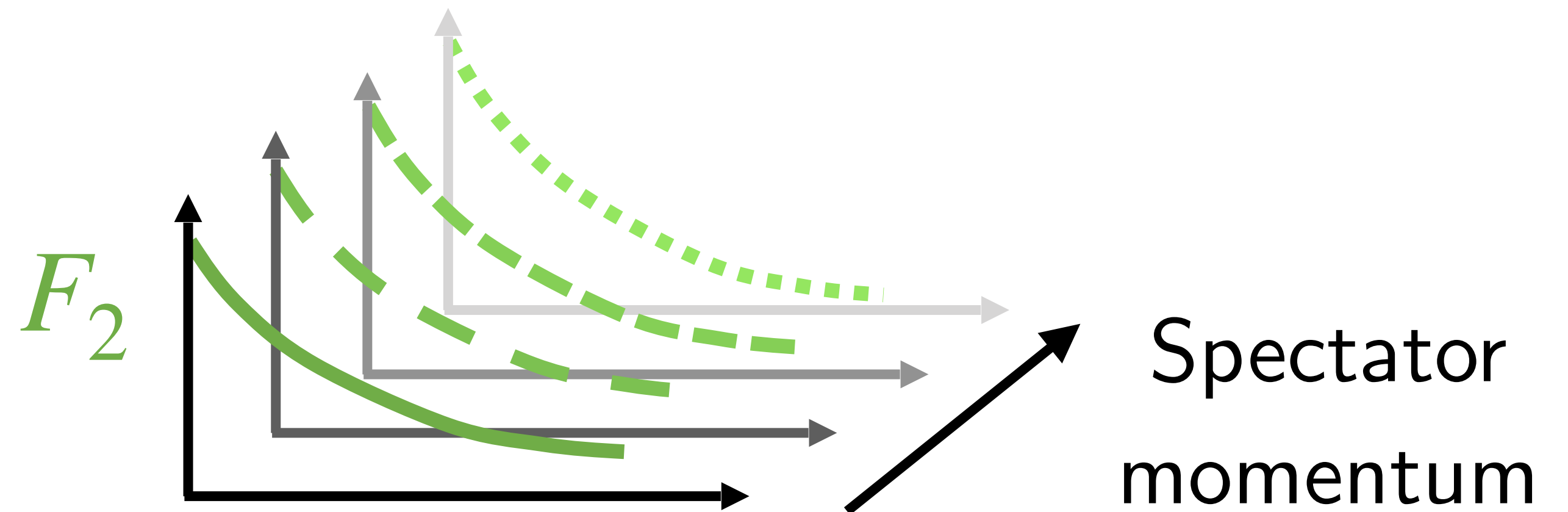
- Detect scattered electron *and* spectator nucleon



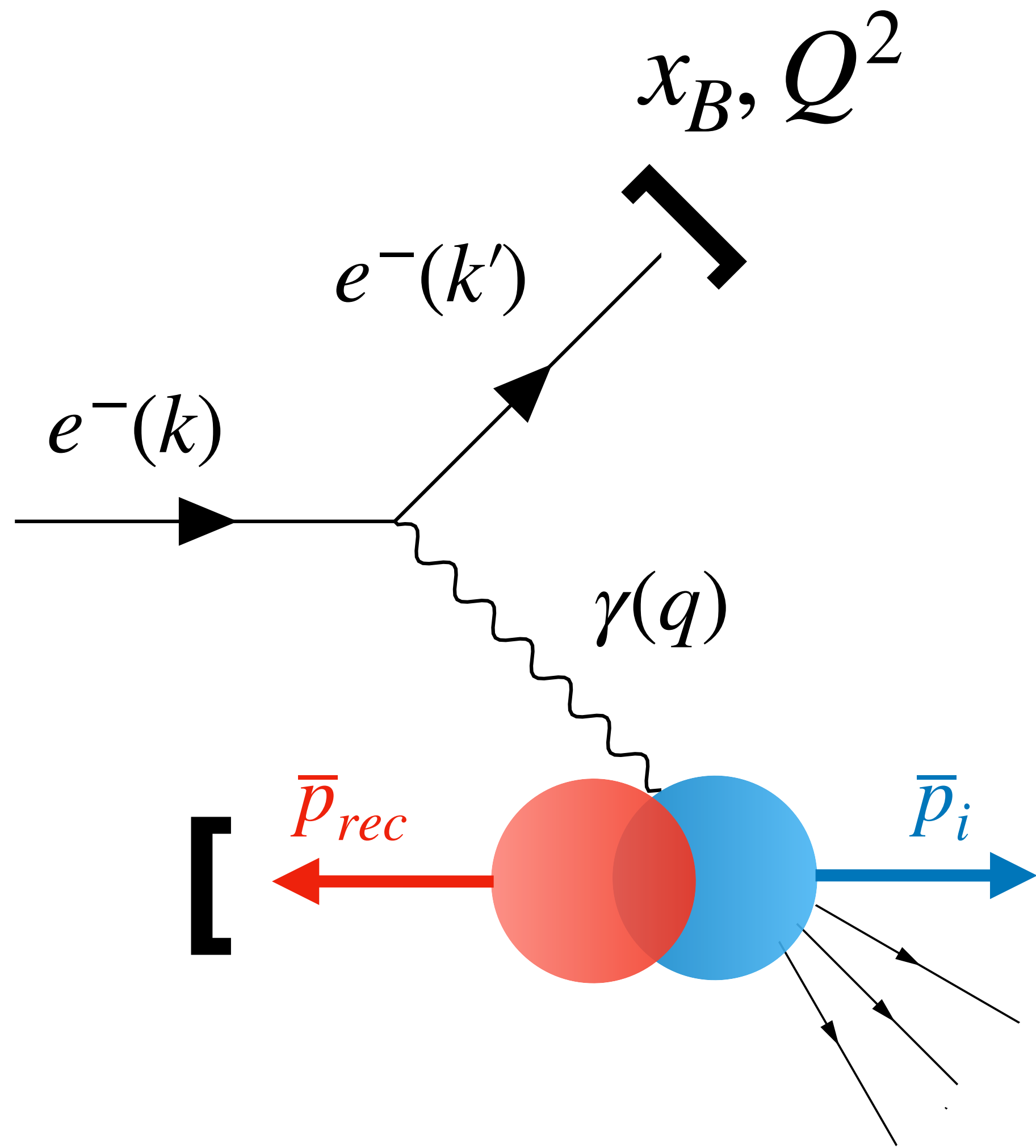
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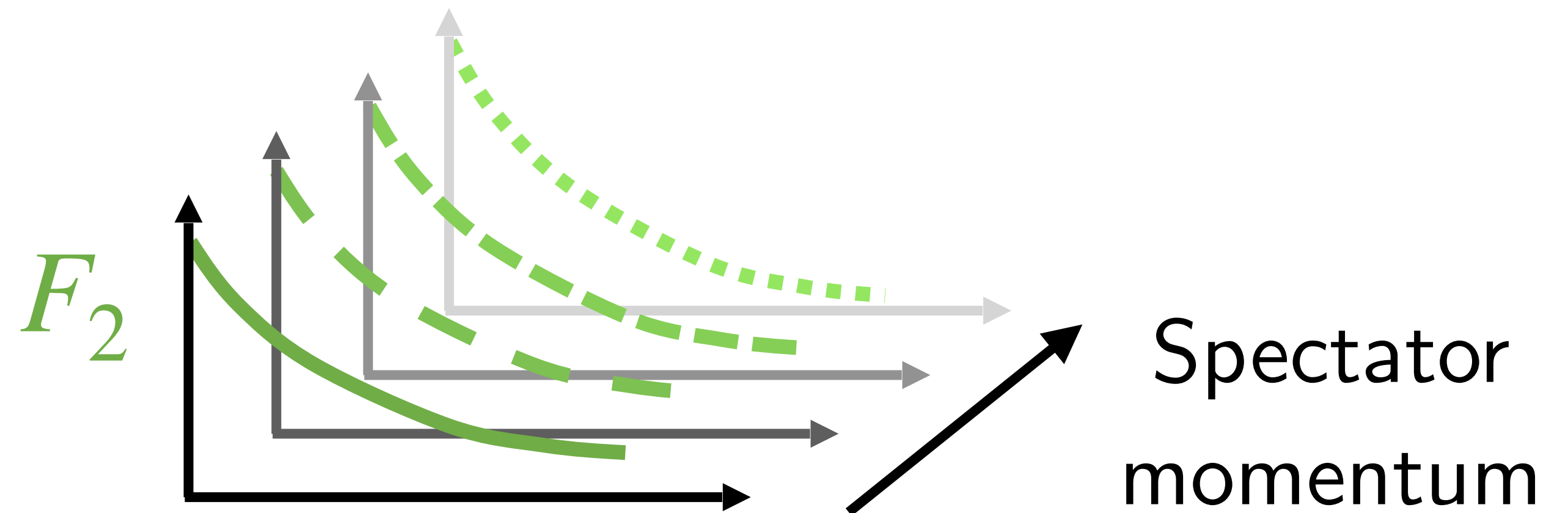
- Detect scattered electron *and* spectator nucleon
- Measure structure as function of nuclear state



Tagged DIS can provide the remedy



- Detect scattered electron *and* spectator nucleon
- Measure structure as function of nuclear state



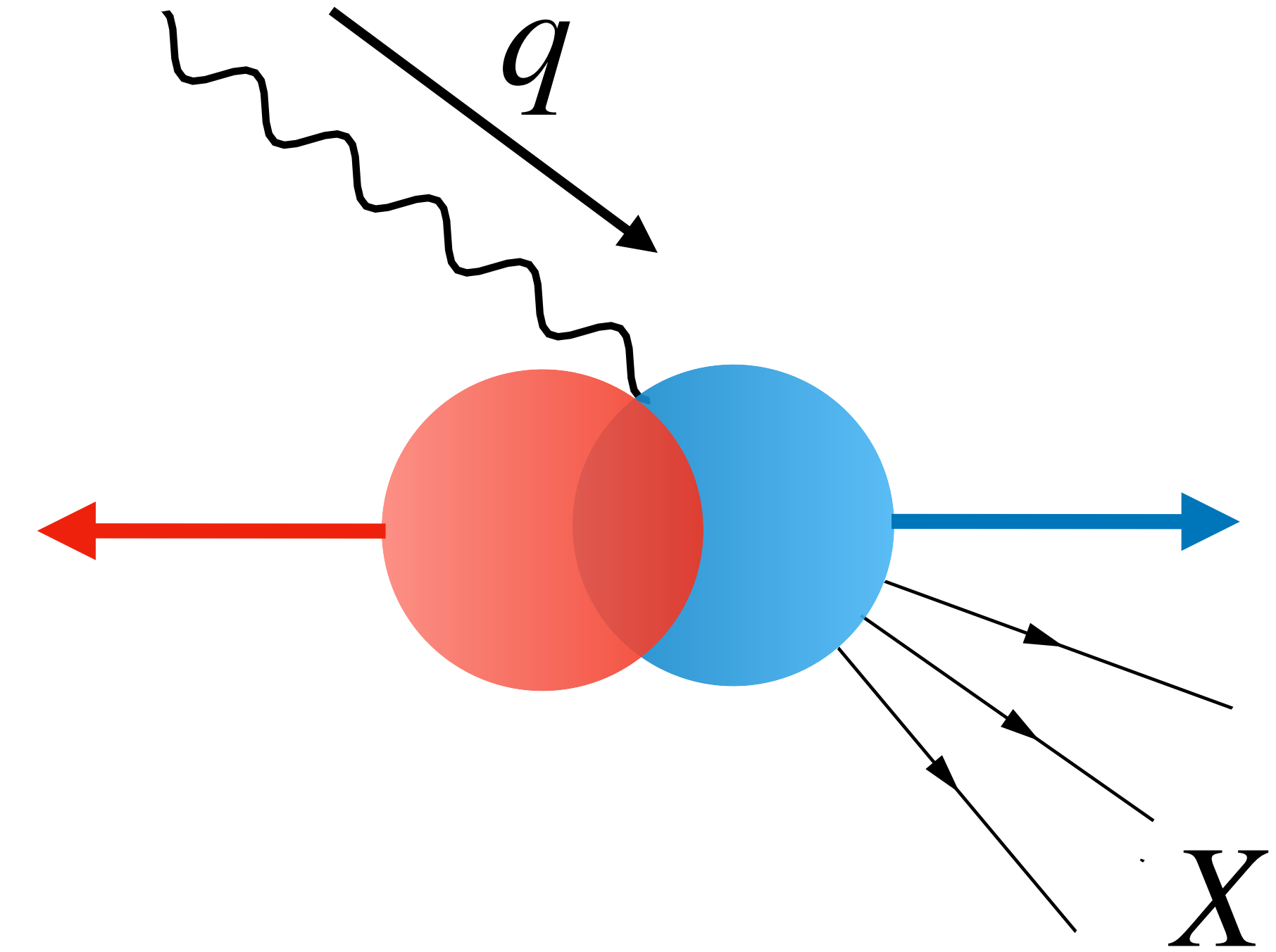
- Account for nucleon motion

$$\alpha_S = \left(E_s - p_s^{\parallel} \right) / M$$

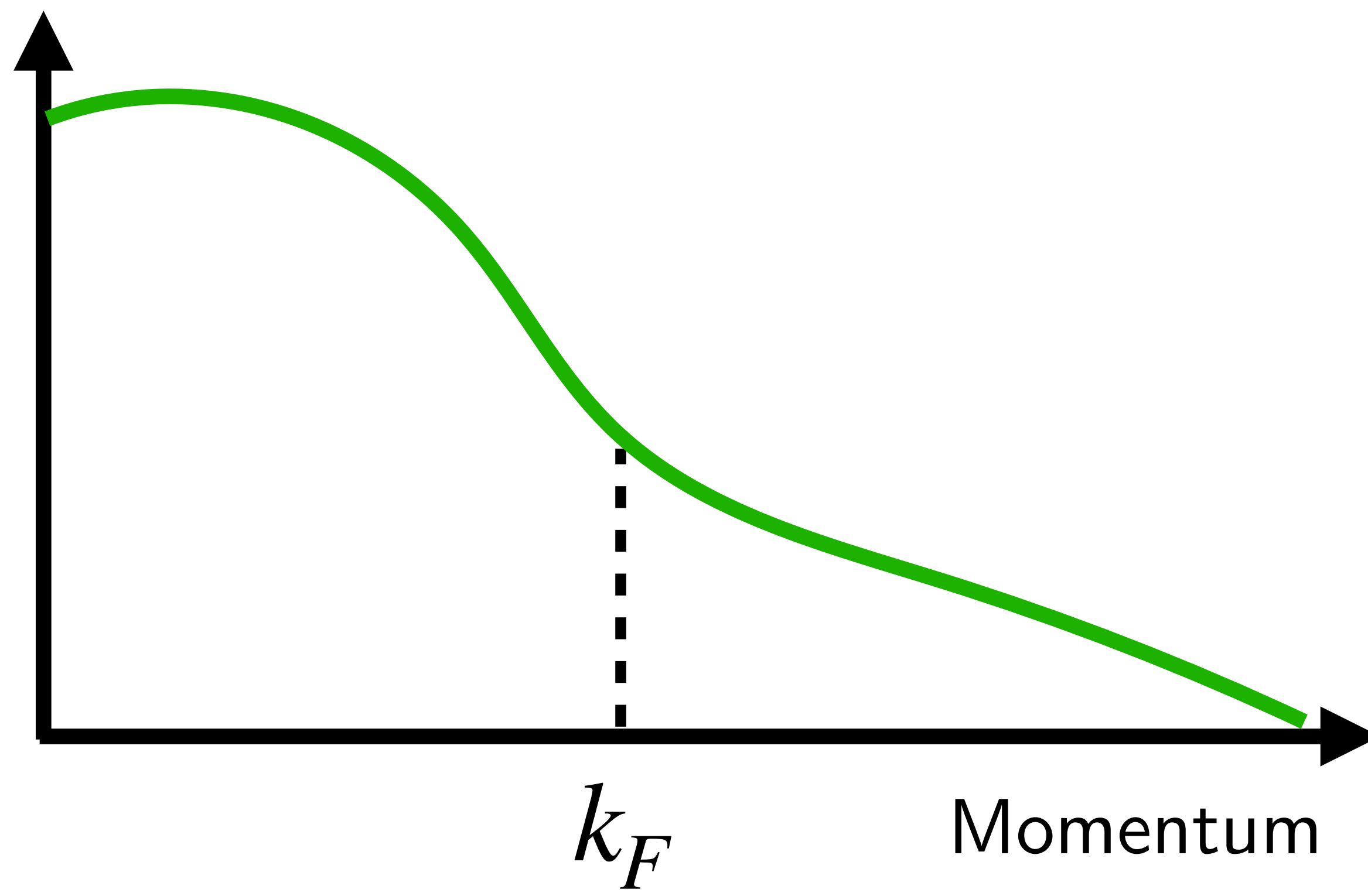
$$W \rightarrow W' = (P + q), P = (\vec{p}_s, E_s)$$

$$x_B \rightarrow x' = Q^2 / (2P \cdot q) \approx x_B / (2 - \alpha_S)$$

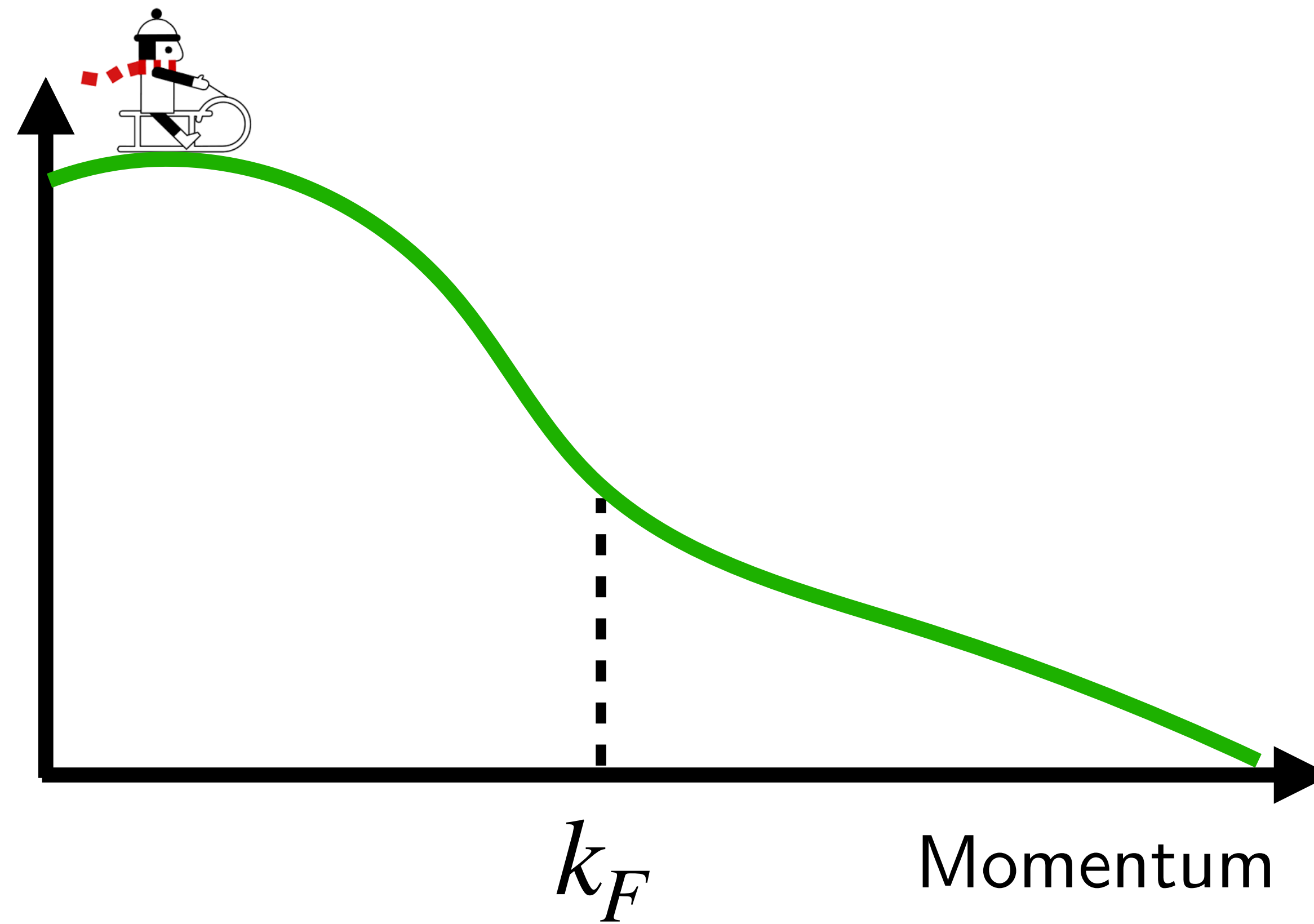
Mitigating final state interactions



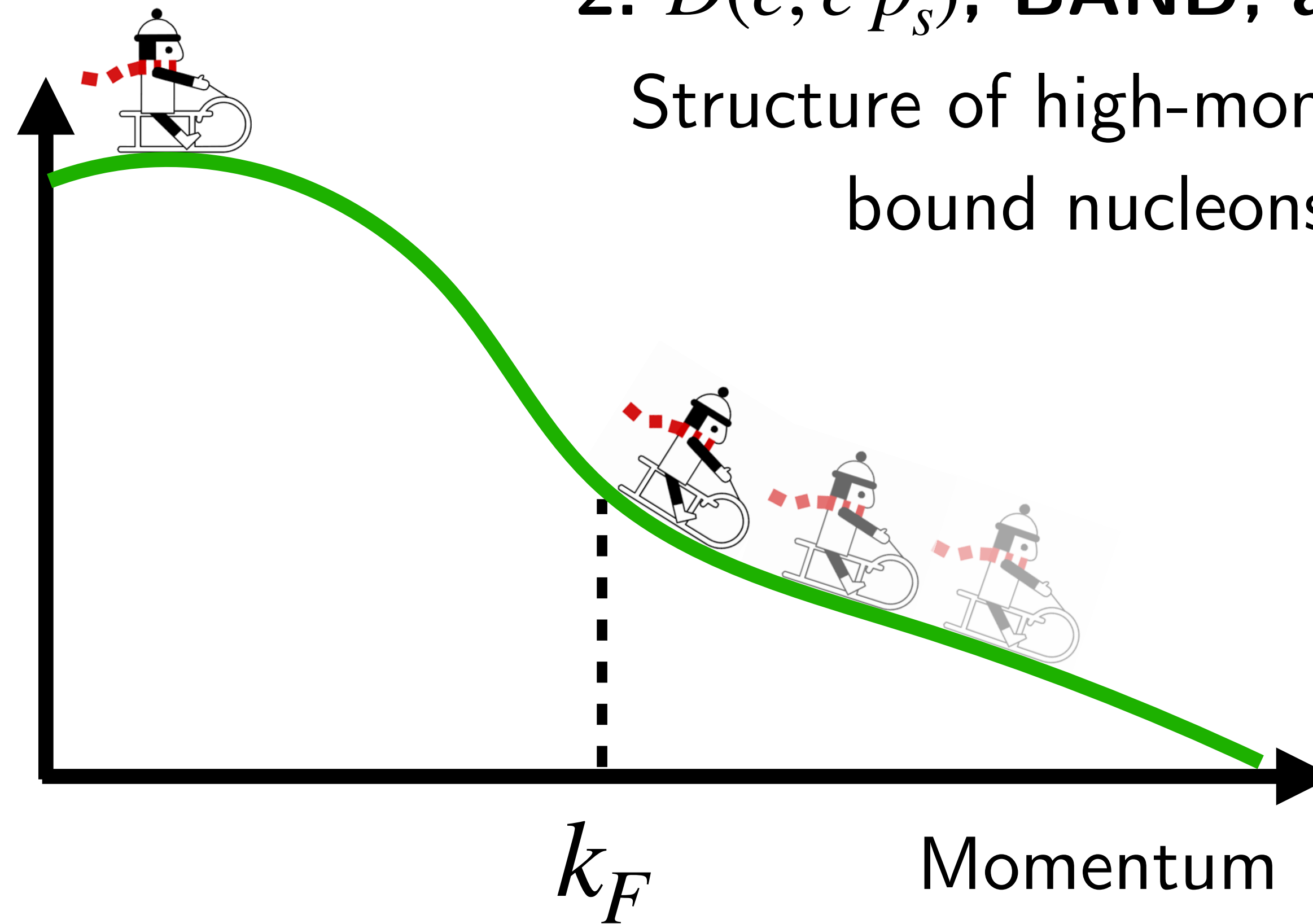
- Final state X goes in direction of q
→ Look at backward-going spectators
- FSI grows with W' , largely independent of x' (?)
→ Form ratios in x'



1. BoNuS
Free nucleon
structure function
ratio F_2^n / F_2^p

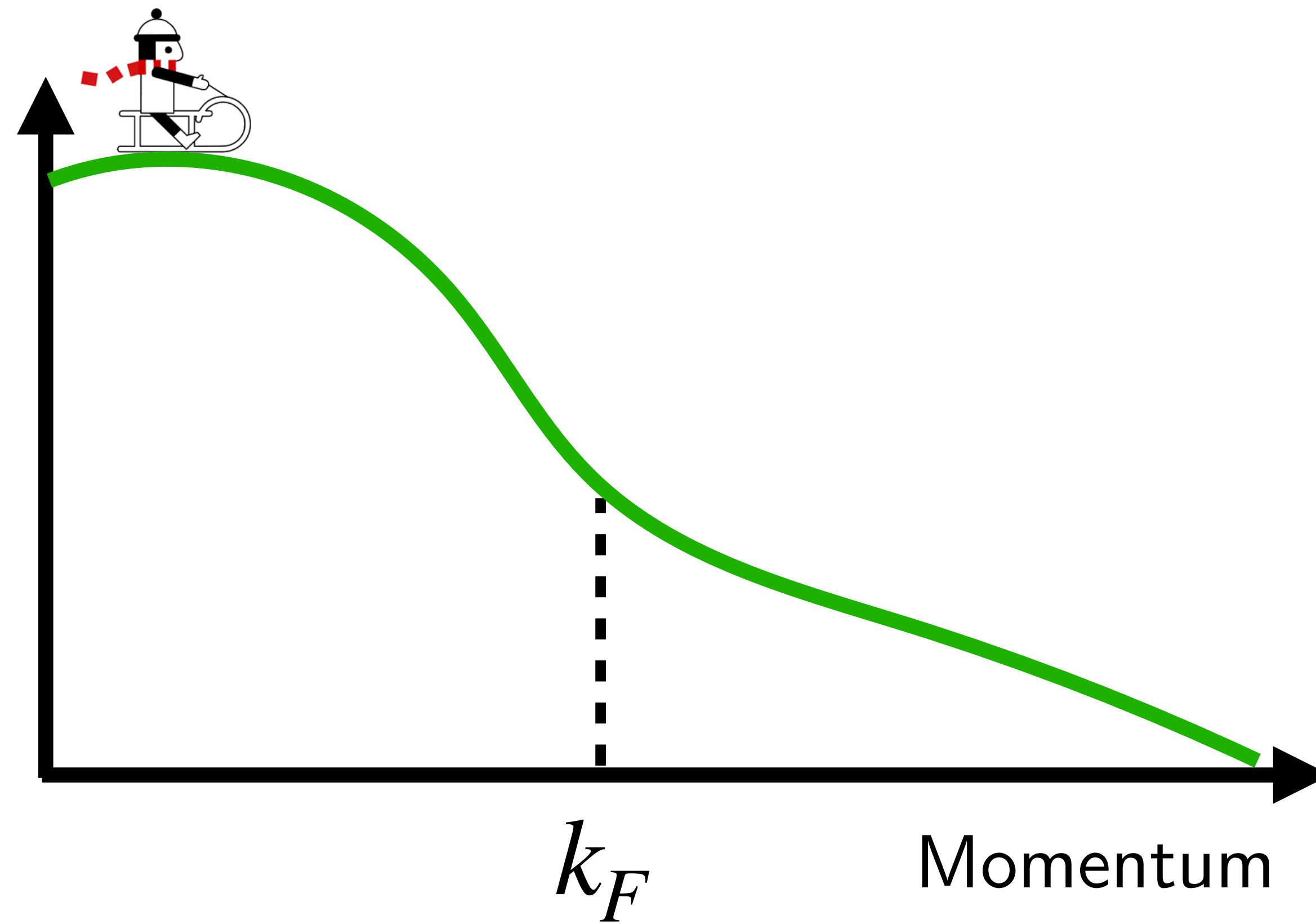


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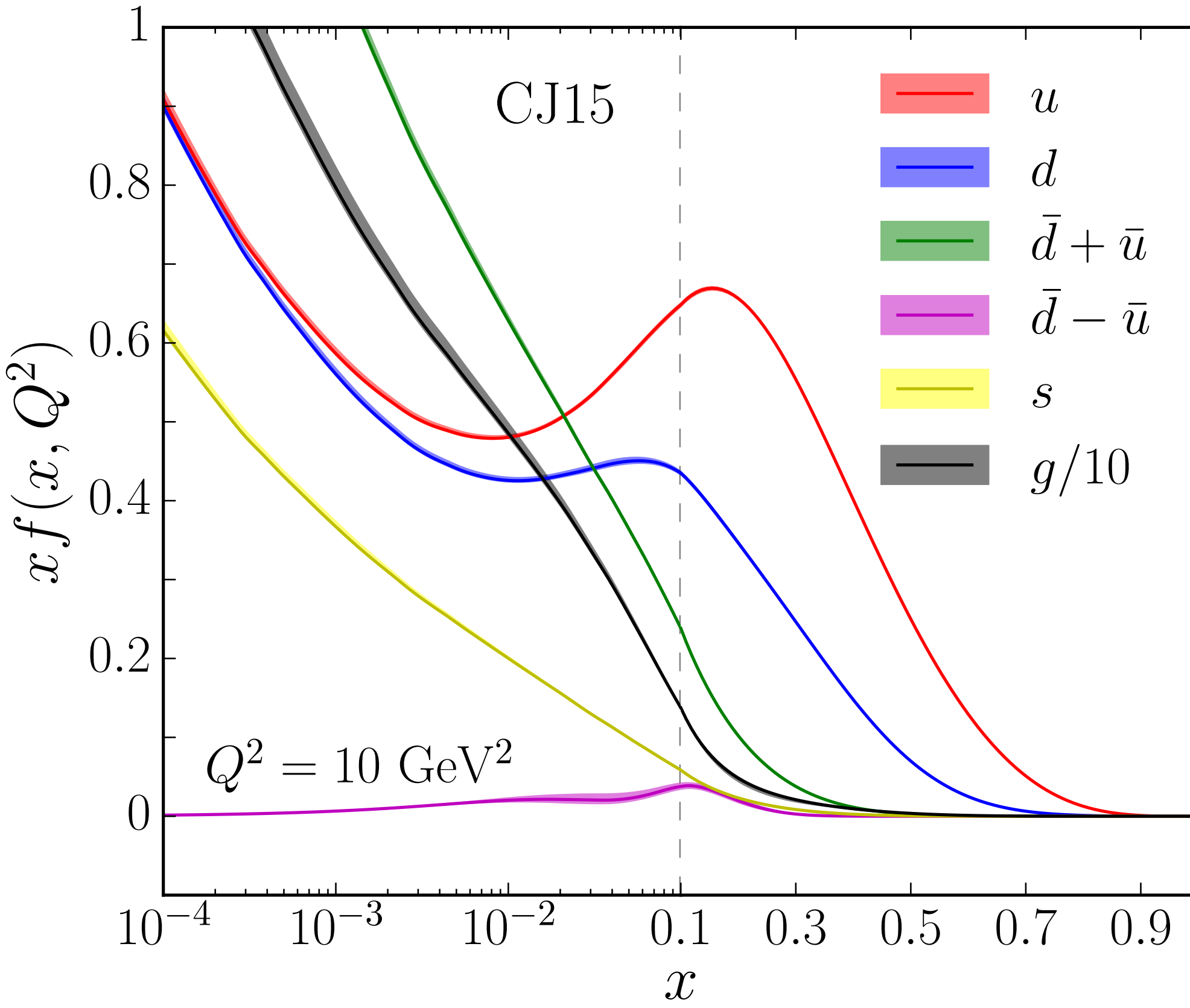
2. $D(e, e'p_s)$, BAND, and LAD
Structure of high-momentum
bound nucleons

1. BoNuS
Free nucleon
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ratio F_2^n / F_2^p



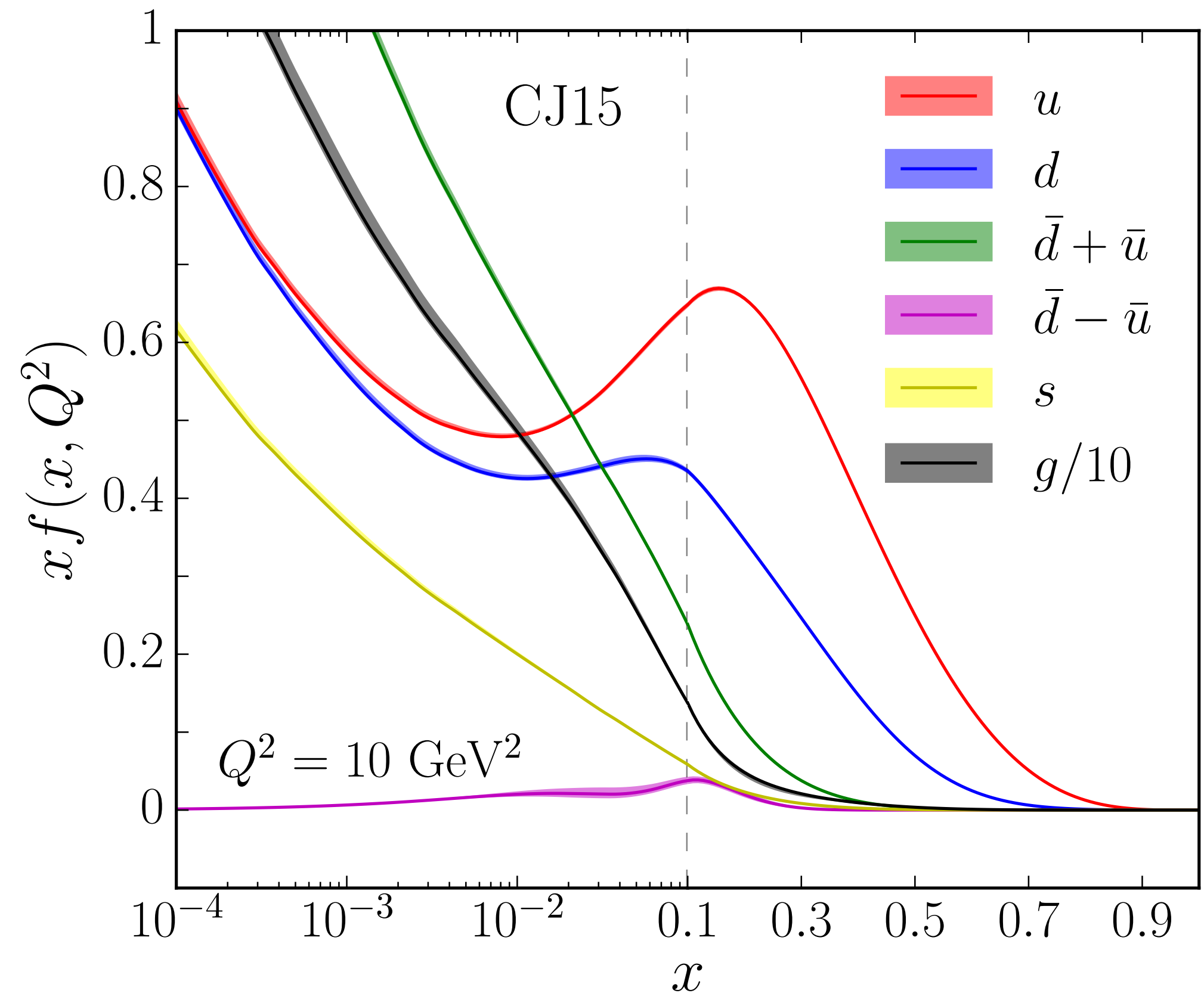
Free structure function ratio F_2^n/F_2^p

- Limit of d/u as $x_B \rightarrow 1$ sensitive to spin-flavor symmetry breaking mechanism
- Constraints on PDFs



Free structure function ratio F_2^n/F_2^p

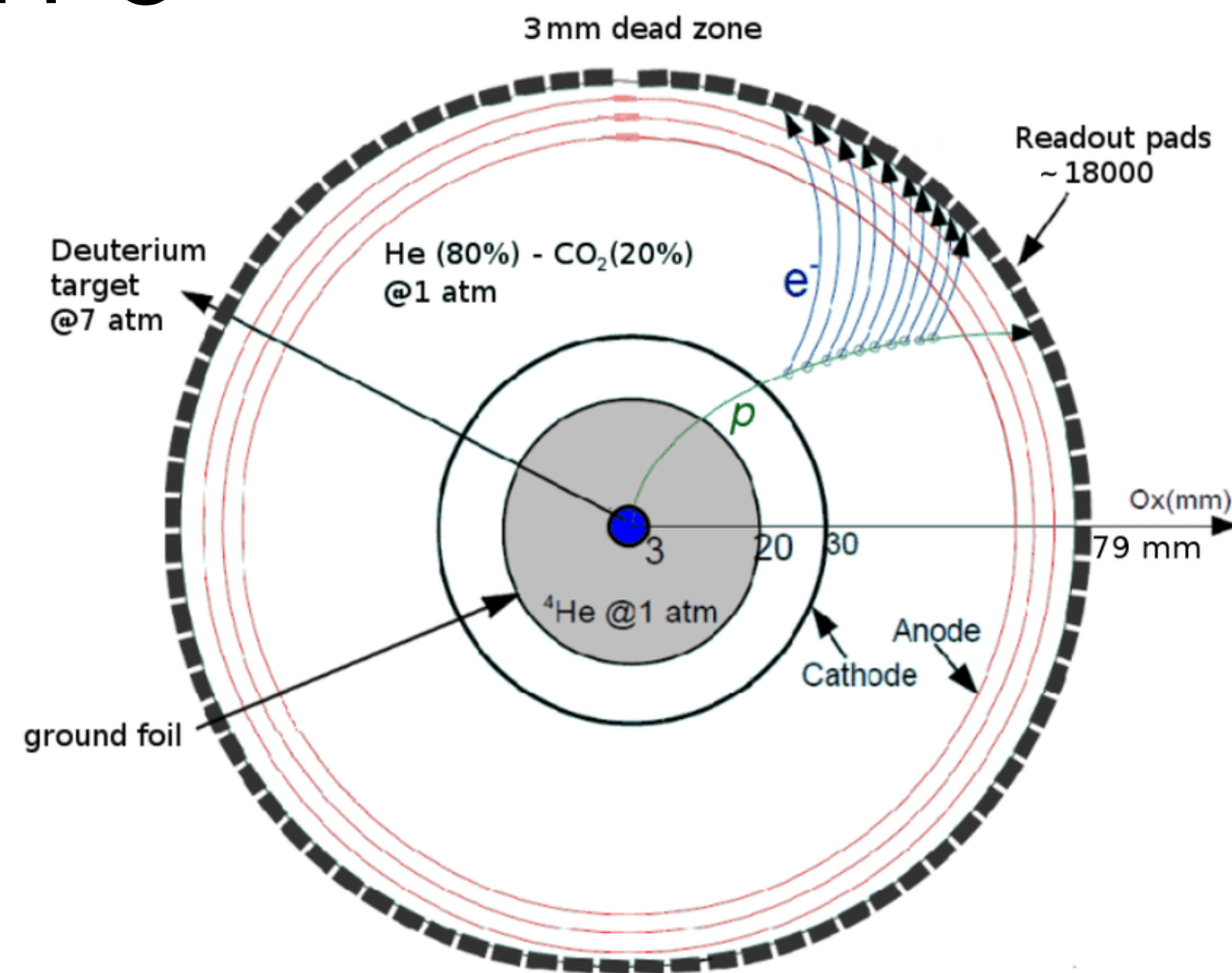
- Limit of d/u as $x_B \rightarrow 1$ sensitive to spin-flavor symmetry breaking mechanism
- Constraints on PDFs



- Methods:
 - Extract from nuclear structure functions with nuclear corrections
 - Use tagged DIS to extract structure of barely-off-shell neutrons in deuterium

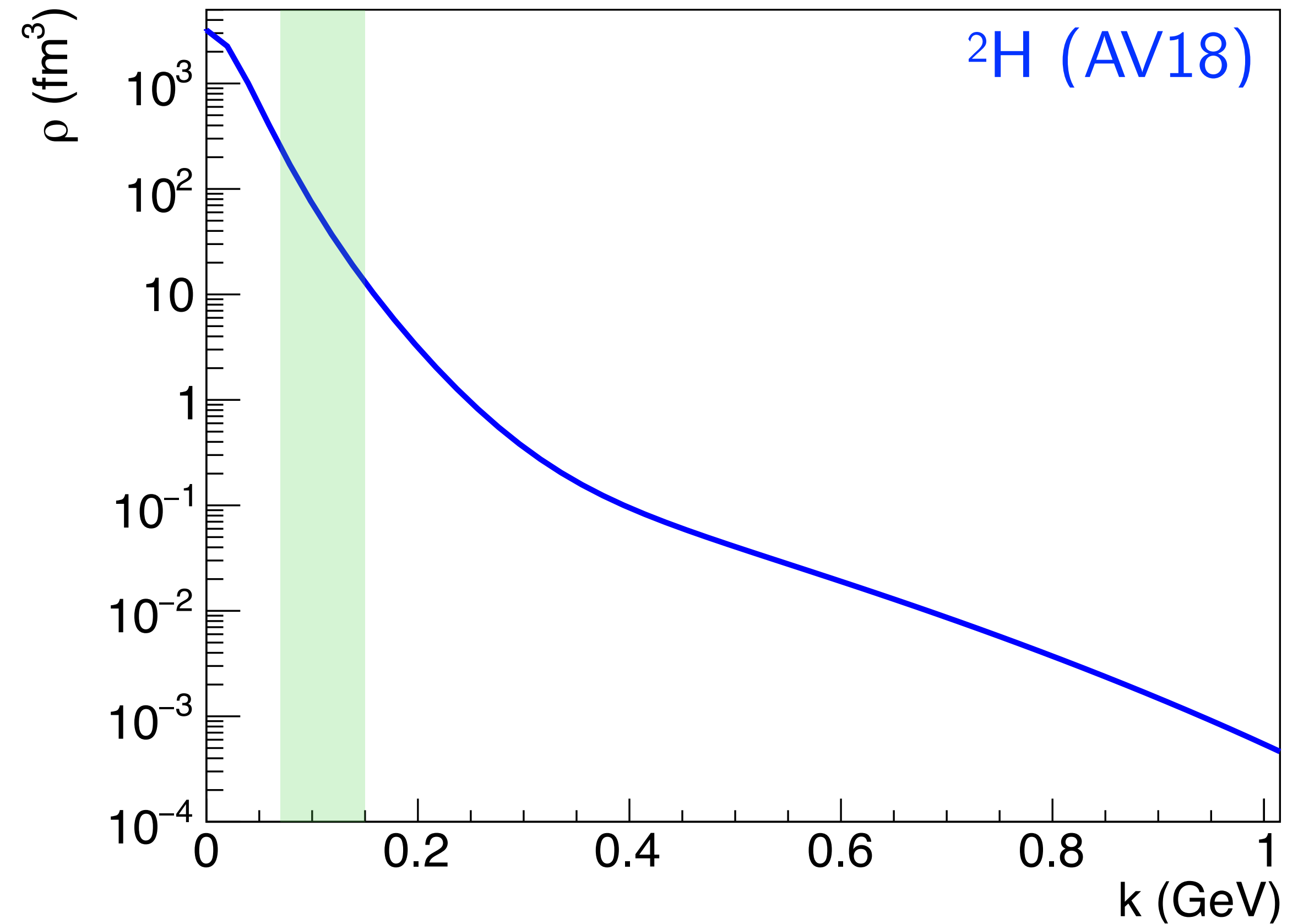
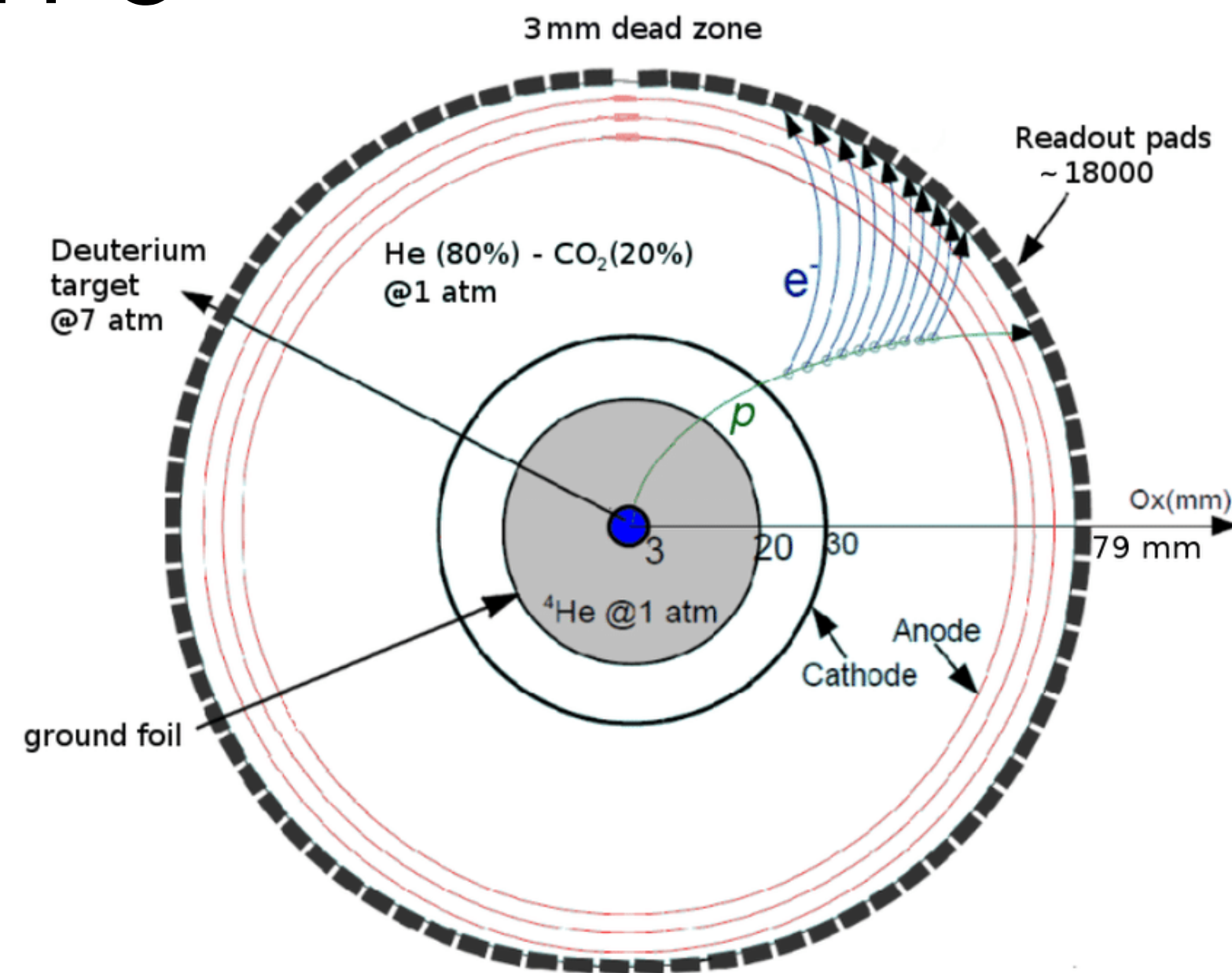
BoNuS (barely off-shell nucleon structure)

- JLab (6 GeV) Hall B
- 2.1, 4.2, and 5.3 GeV electrons on thin 2H gas
- Detect scattered electron in CLAS
- Detect recoiling spectator proton in RTPC

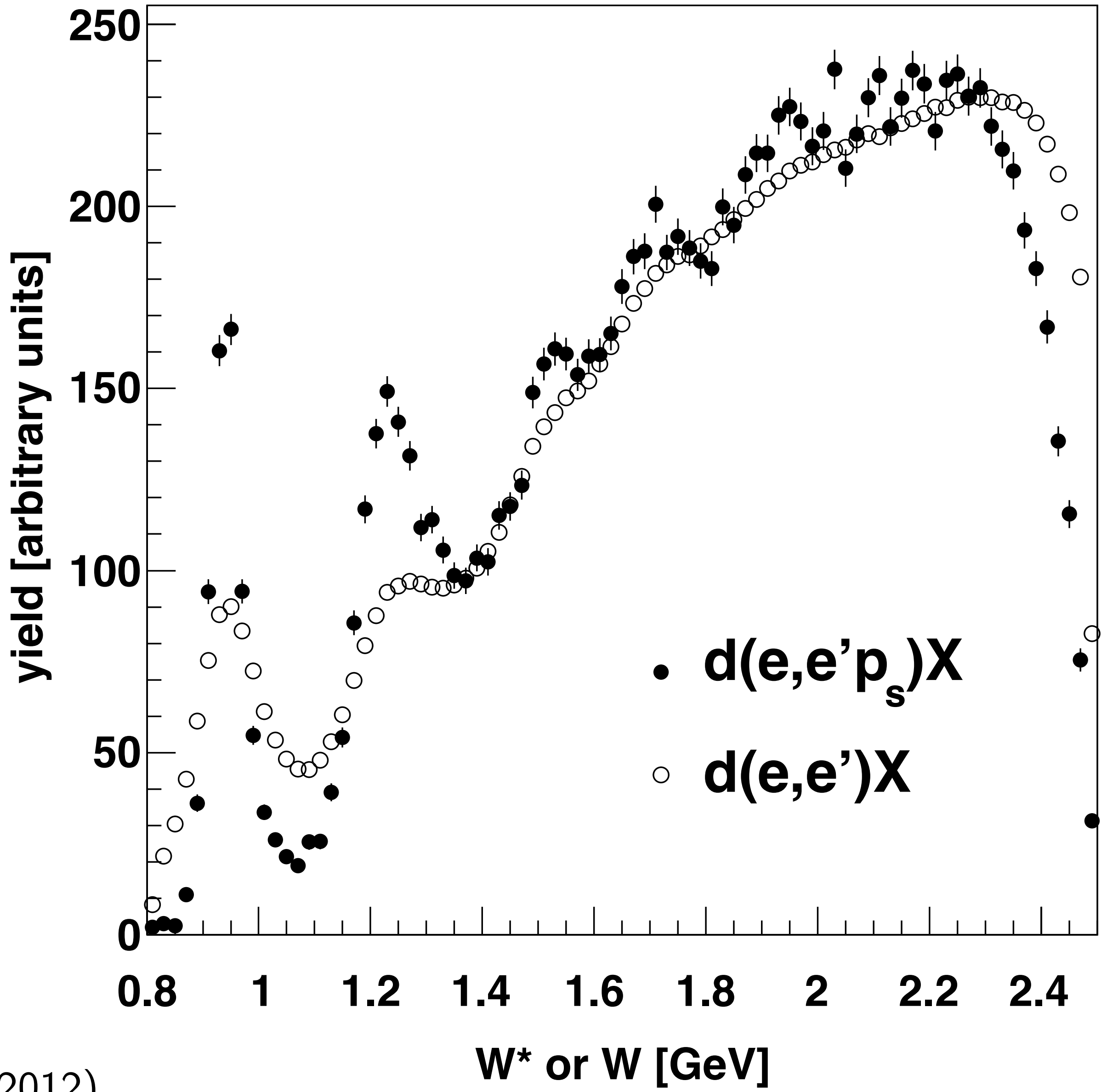


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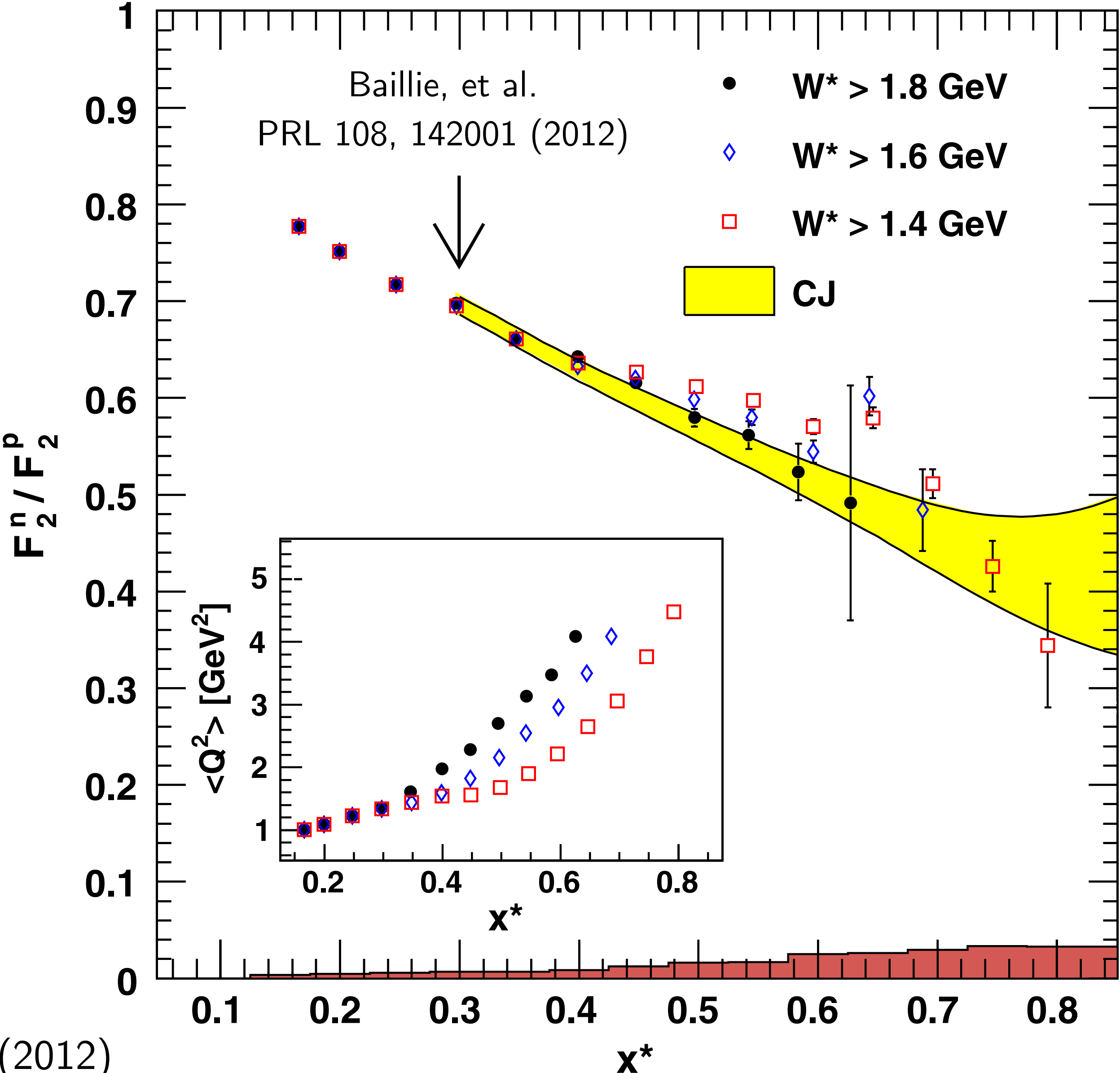
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BoNuS invariant mass with/without tagging

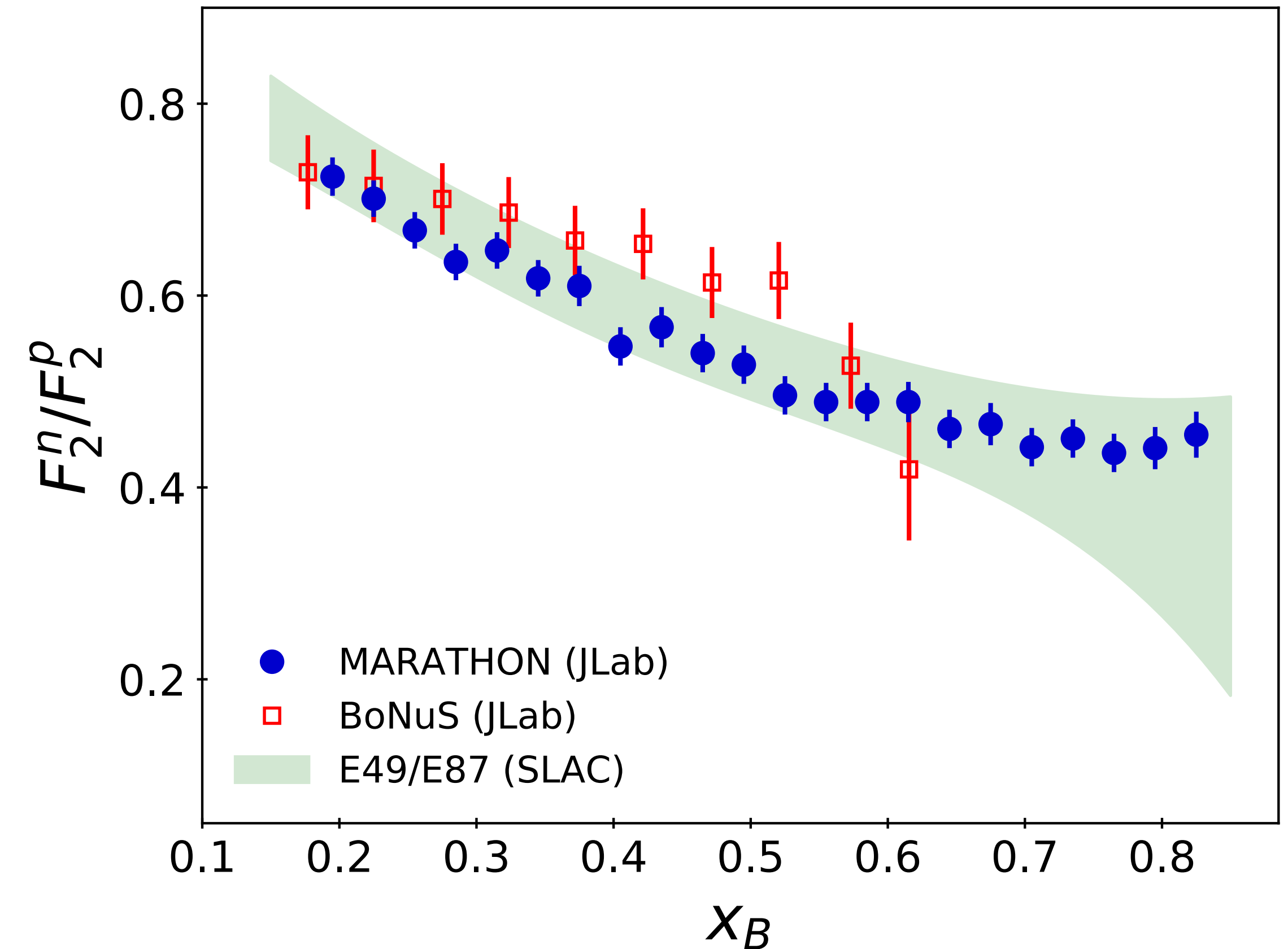
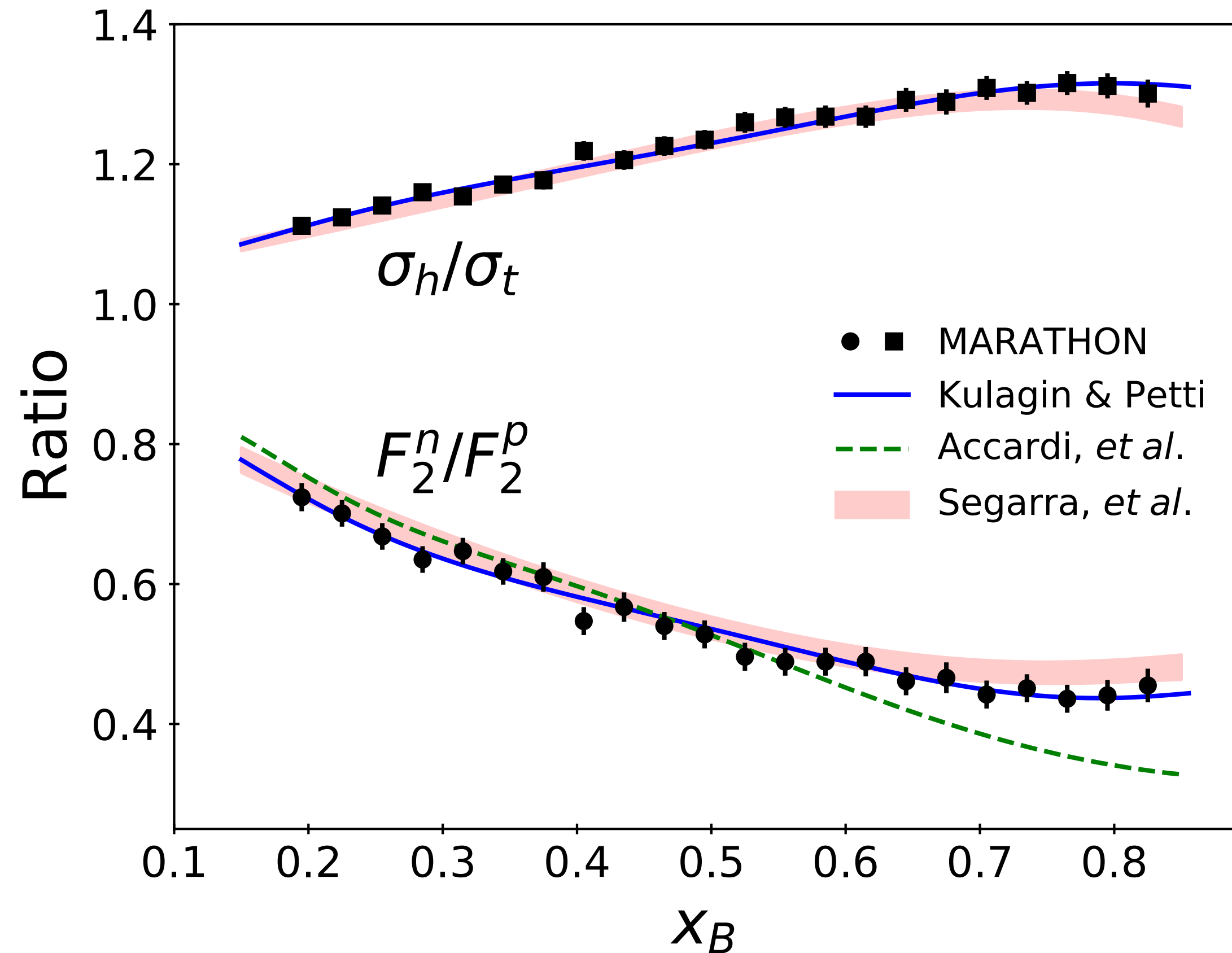


BoNuS results



Compared to latest nuclear correction extraction

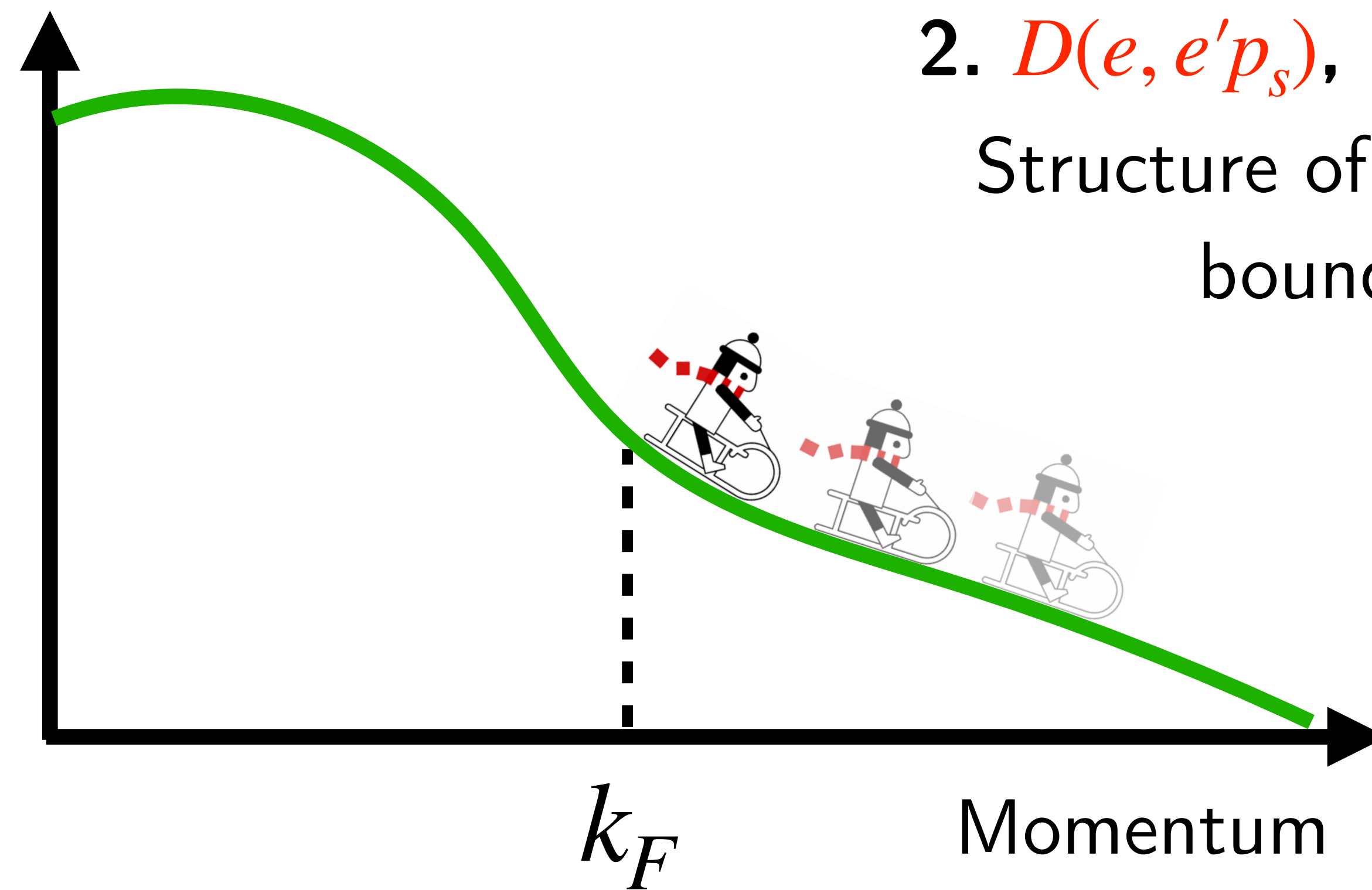
Adapted from Abrams, et al. PRL 128, 132003 (2022)



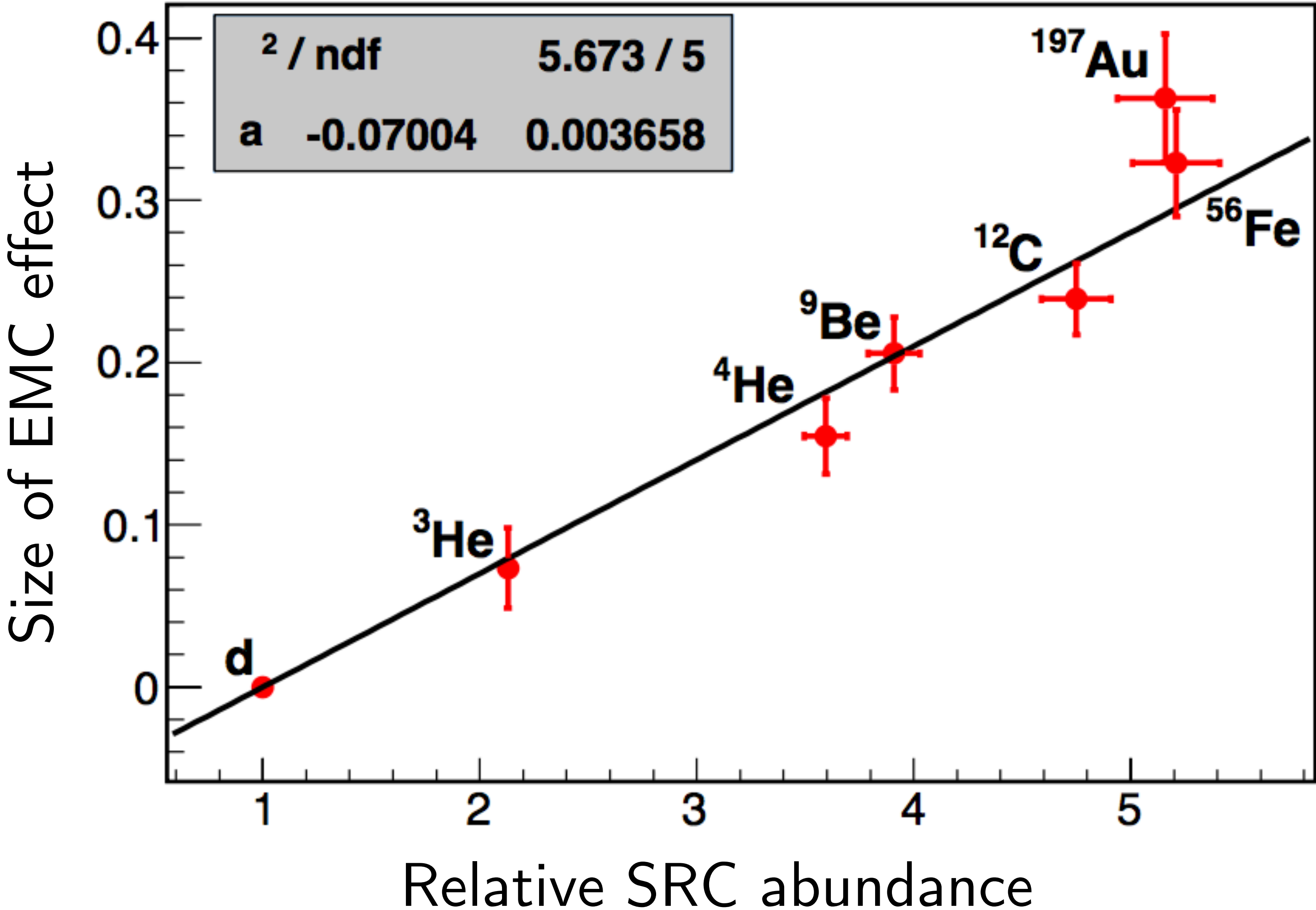
- MARATHON extraction from ${}^3\text{He}/{}^3\text{H}$ ratio
- Only need to account for relative nuclear corrections in $A = 3$ nuclei

2. $D(e, e'p_s)$, BAND, and LAD

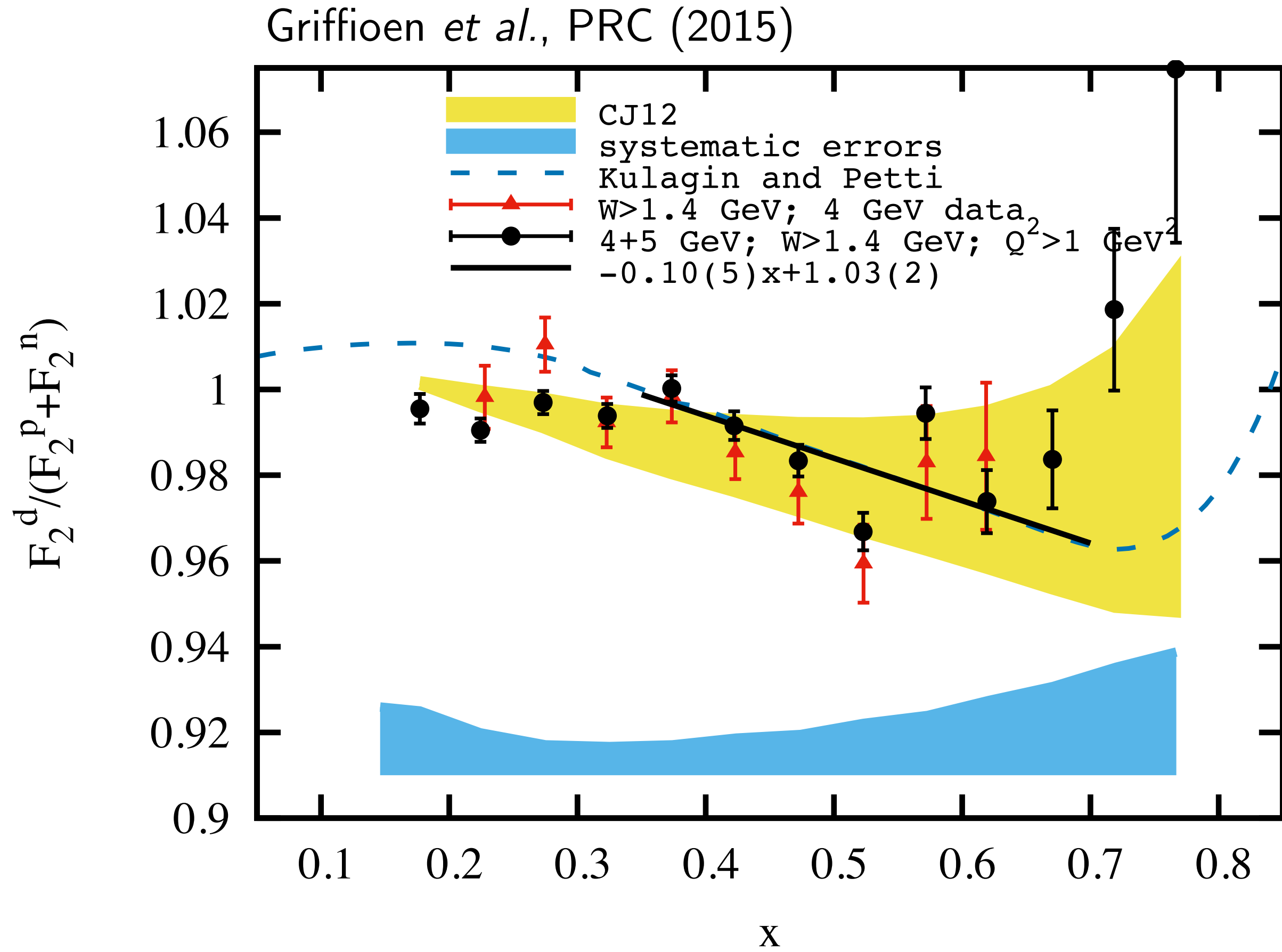
Structure of high-momentum bound nucleons



SRC abundance and EMC magnitude are correlated

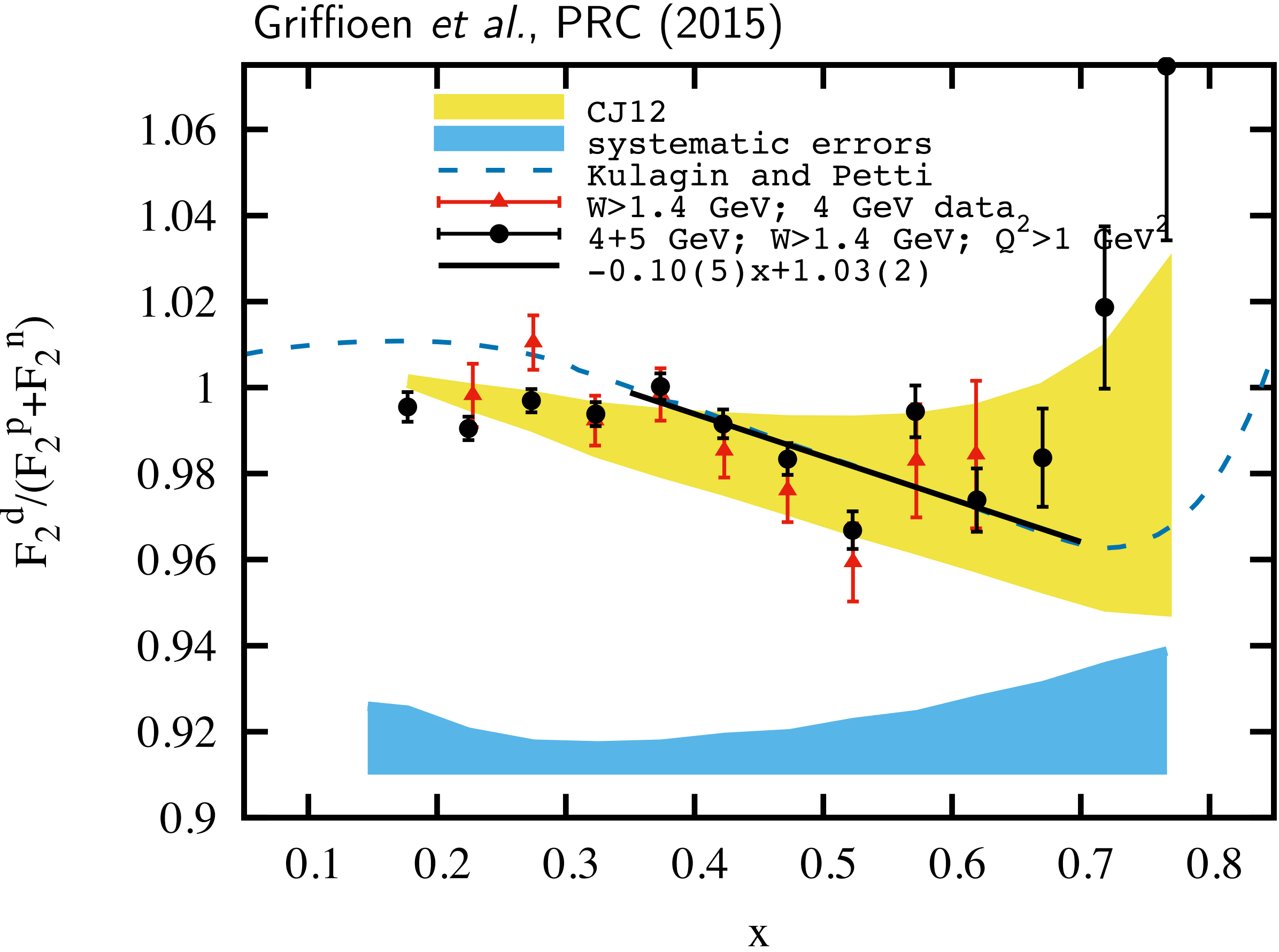


Tagged DIS can definitively test SRC-EMC hypothesis



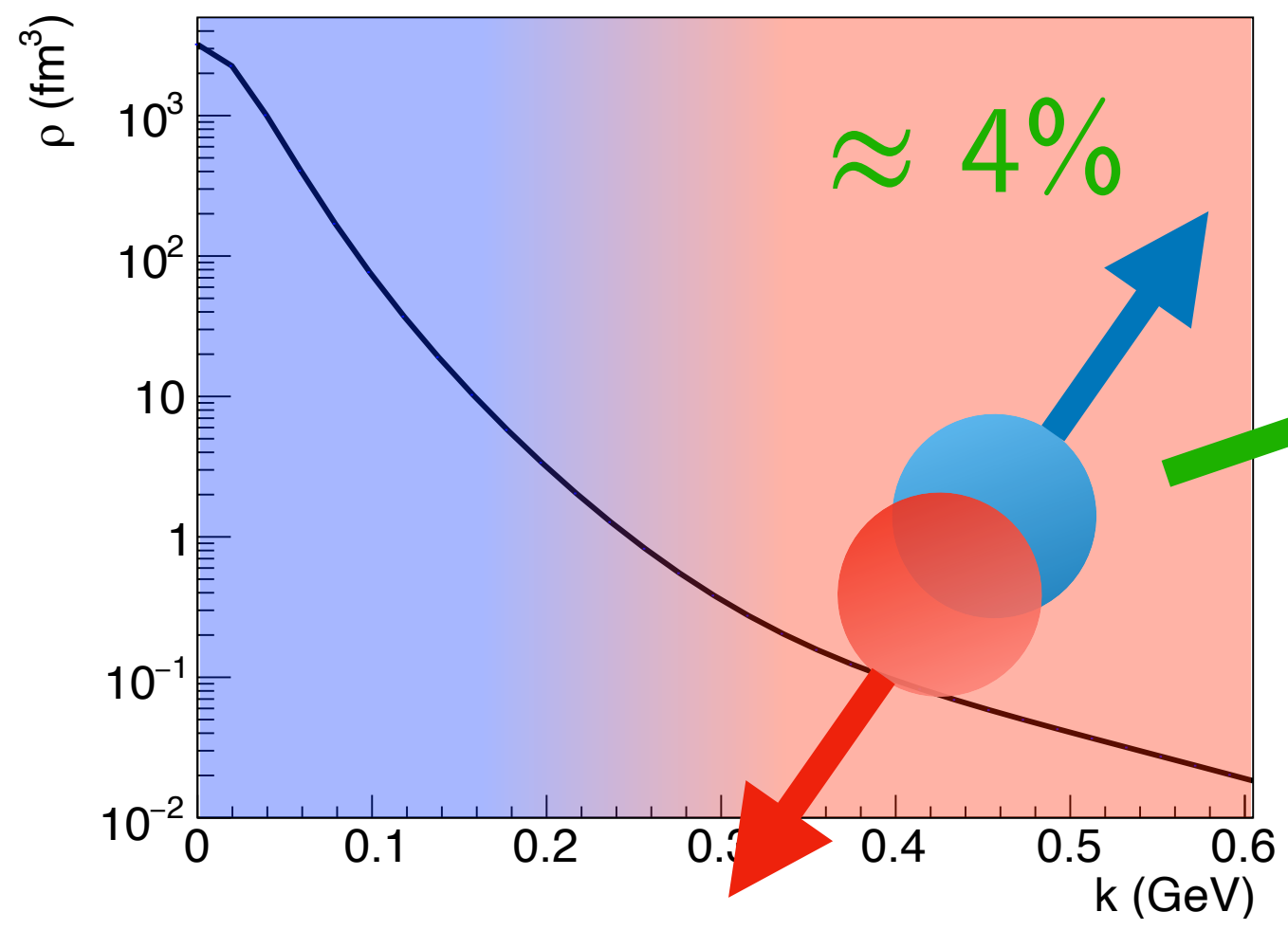
Tagged DIS can definitively test SRC-EMC hypothesis

- EMC effect in deuterium is small

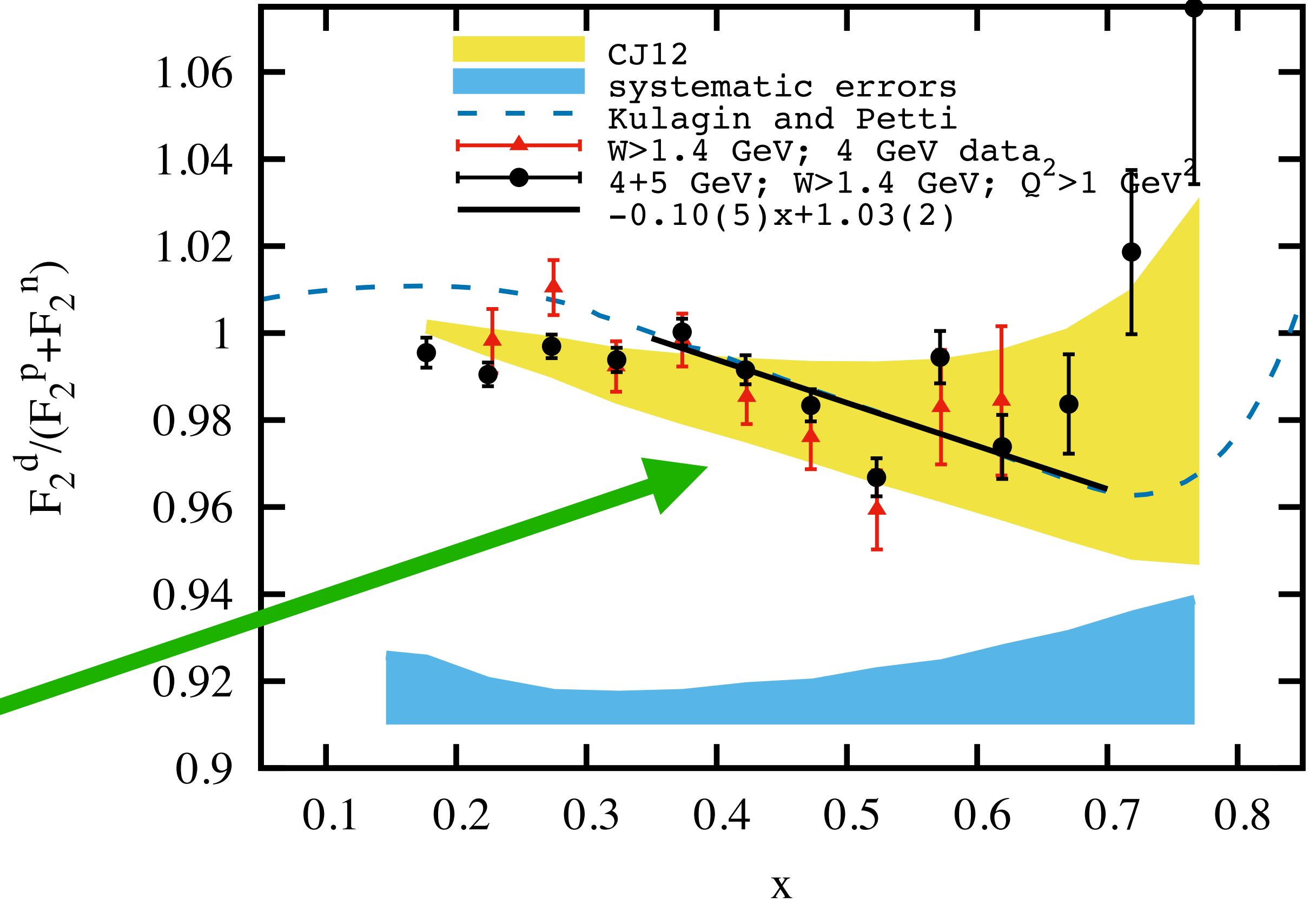


Tagged DIS can definitively test SRC-EMC hypothesis

- EMC effect in deuterium is small
- But SRC states are rare!
- Expect large effect in these states

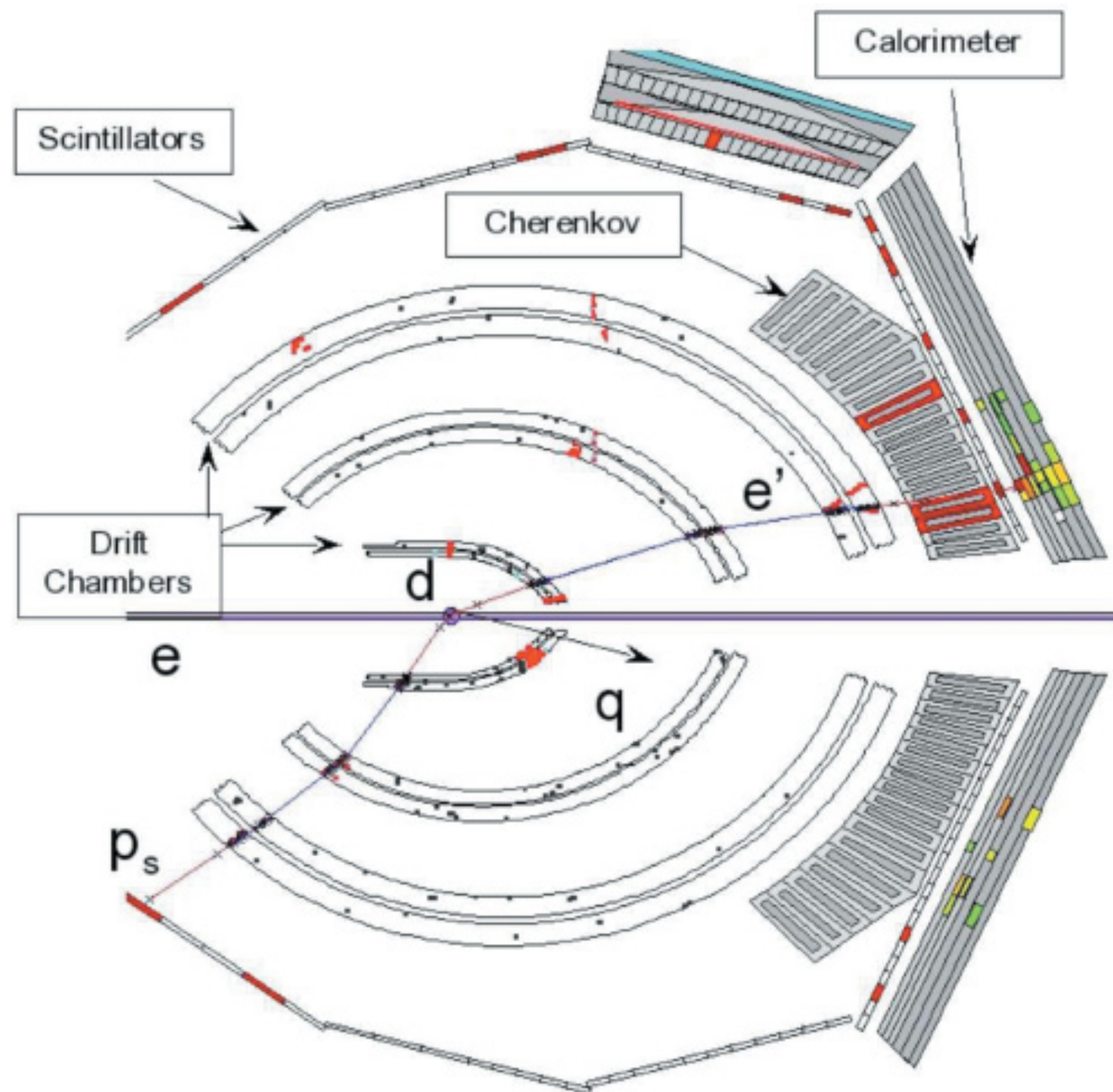


Griffioen *et al.*, PRC (2015)



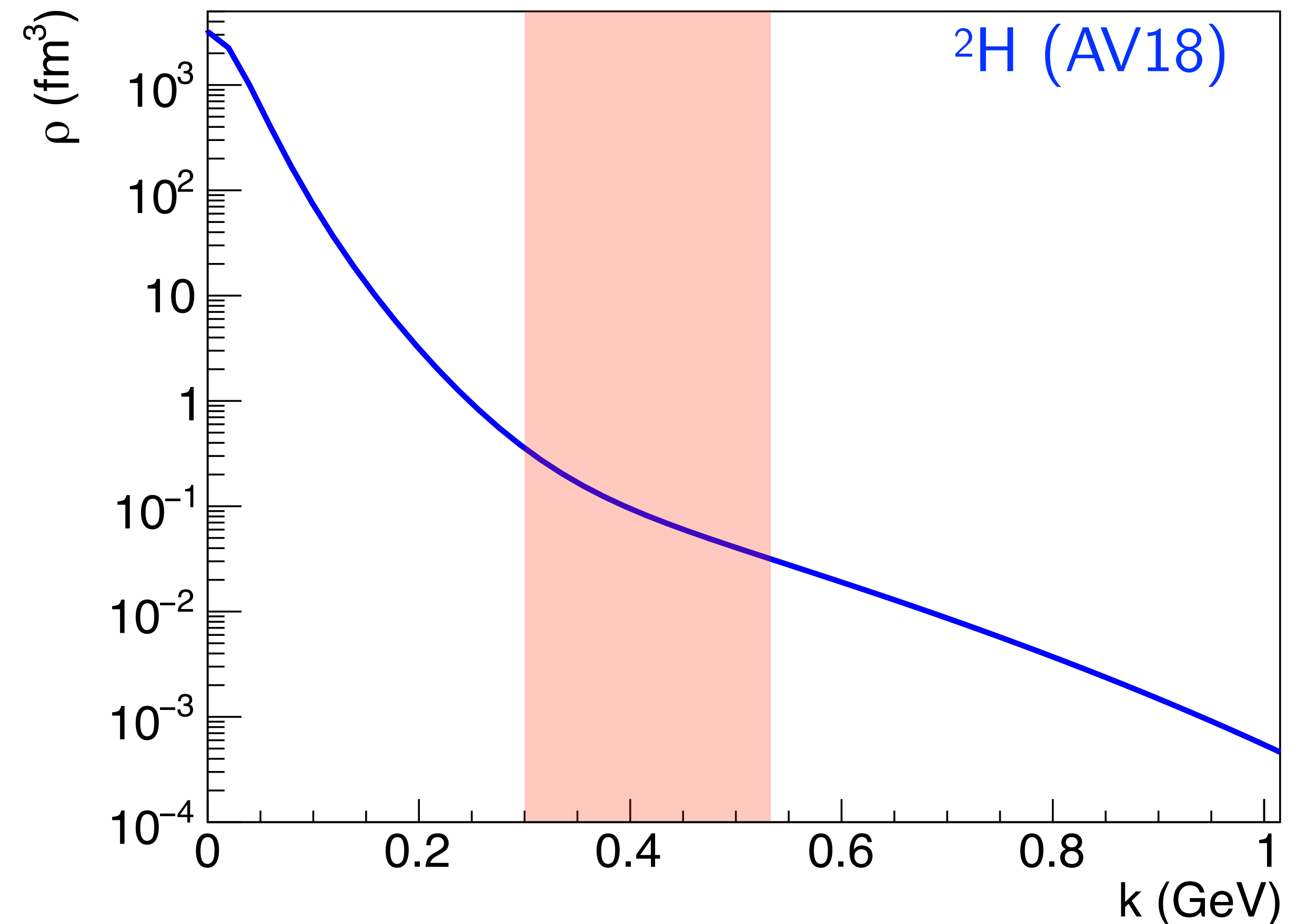
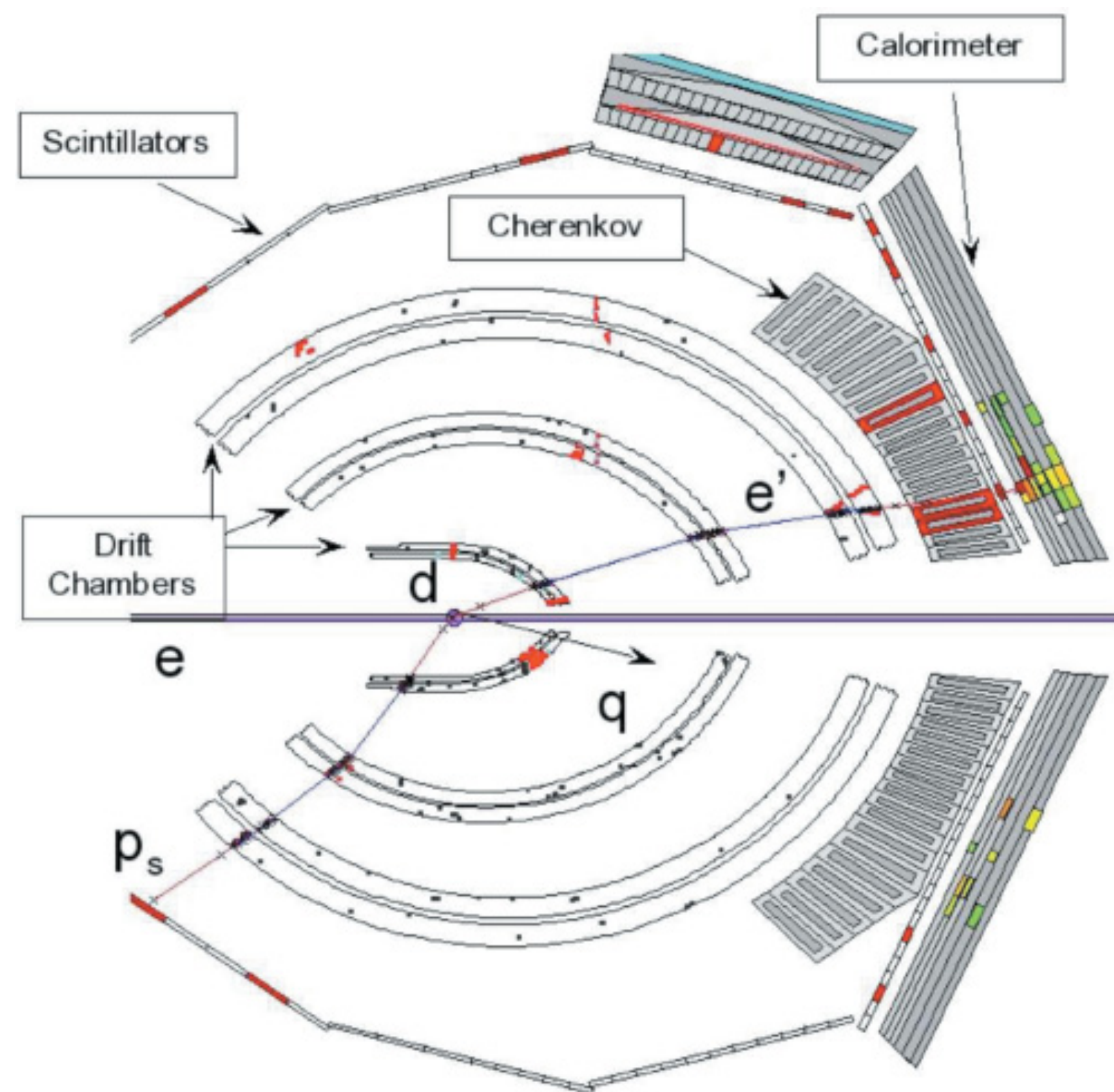
$D(e, e'p_s)$

- Pioneering tagged DIS experiment
- 5.75 GeV electrons on 5cm LD2
- Detect scattered electron and backward proton in CLAS detector

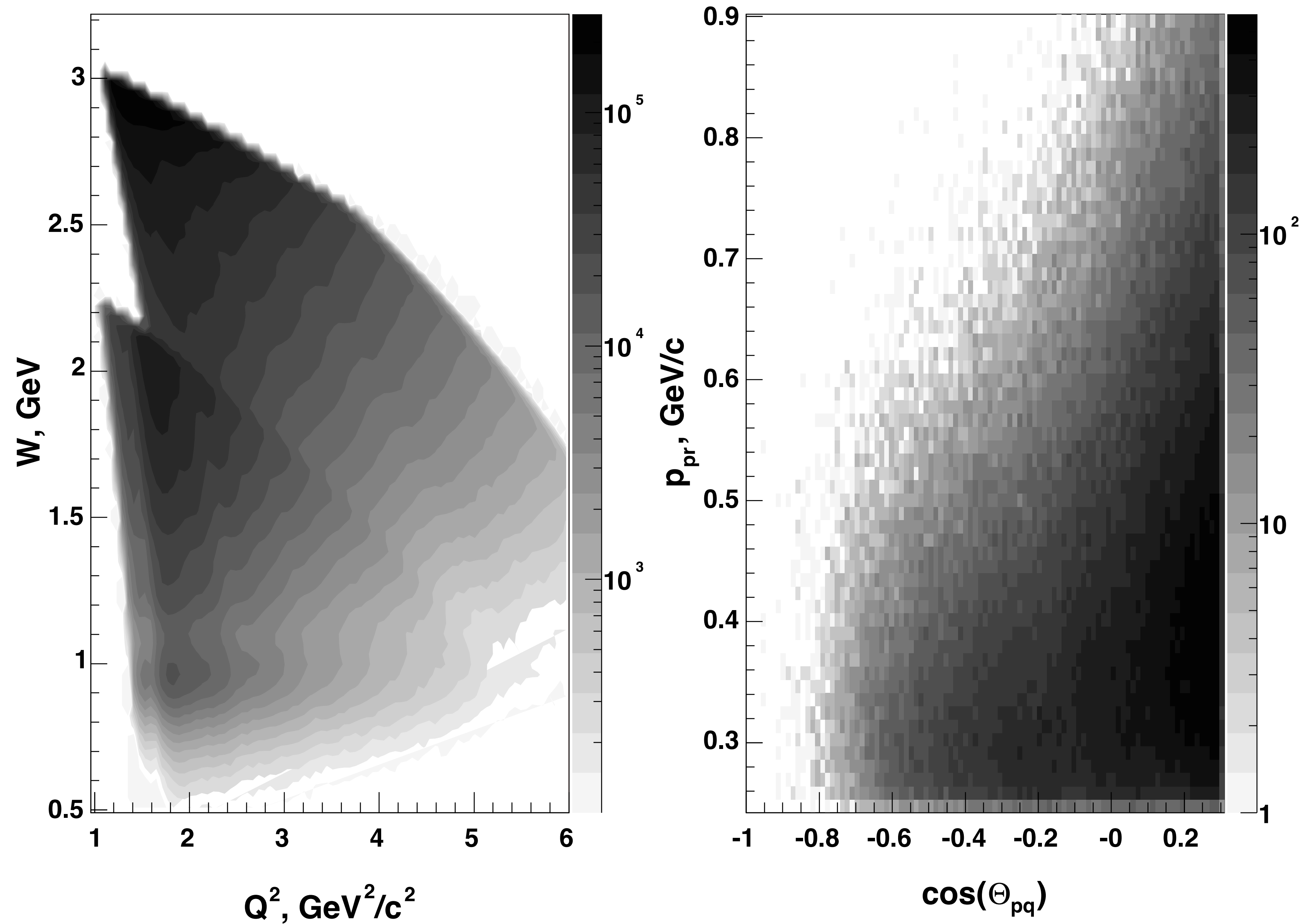


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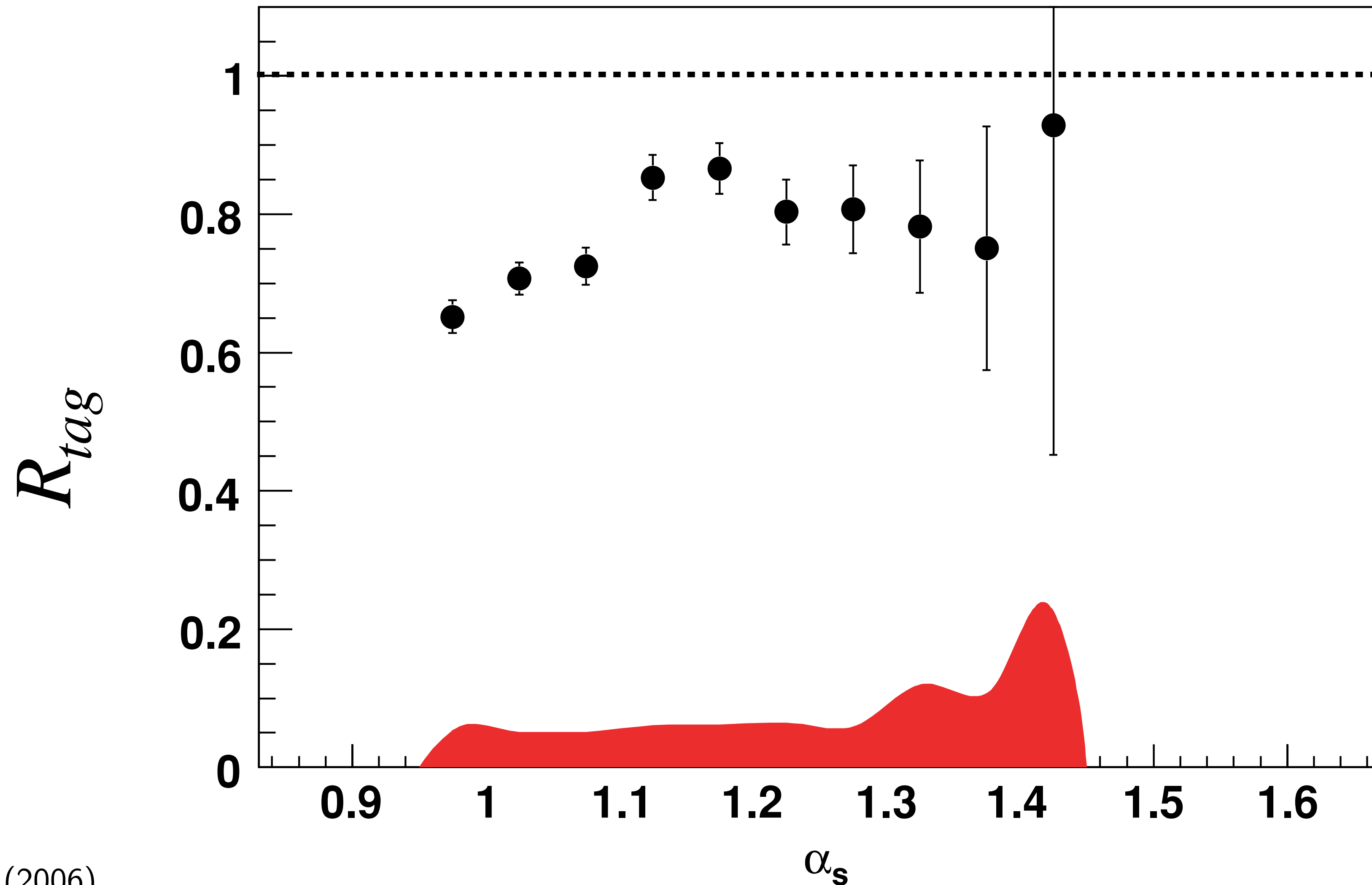


$D(e, e'p_s)$ kinematic coverage was limited

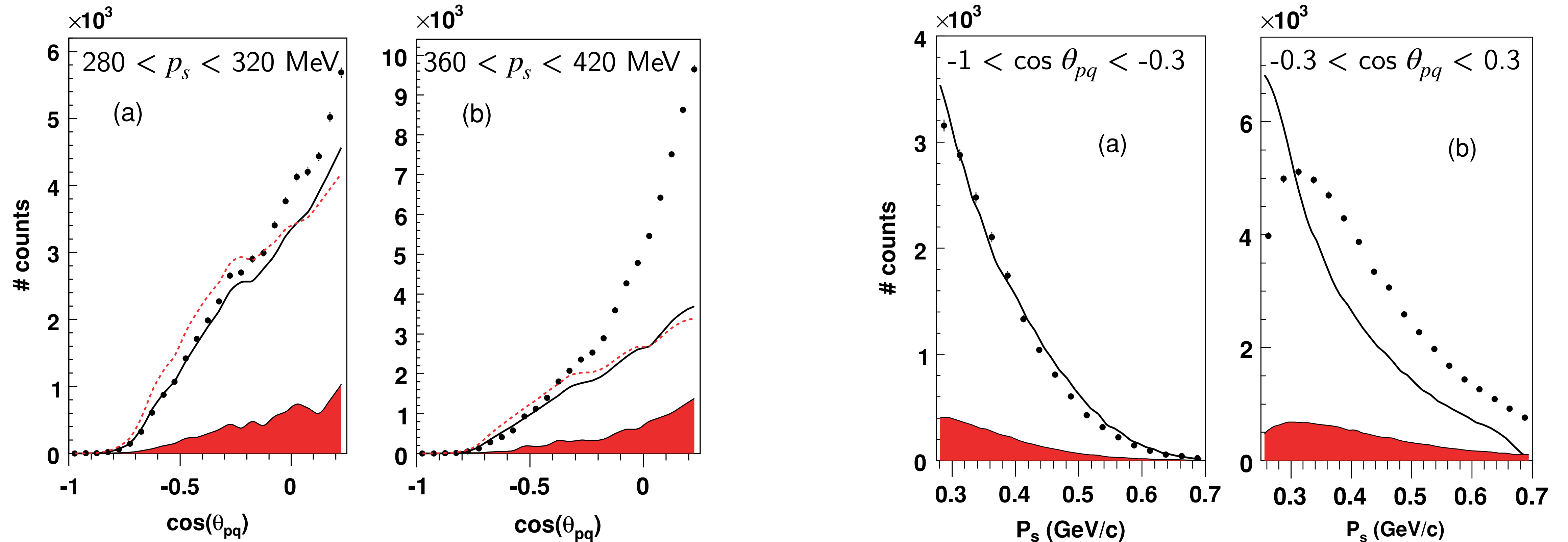


$D(e, e'p_s)$ results

$$R_{tag} = \frac{F_2^n^*(x = 0.55) / F_2^n^*(x = 0.25)}{F_2^n(x = 0.55) / F_2^n(x = 0.25)}$$



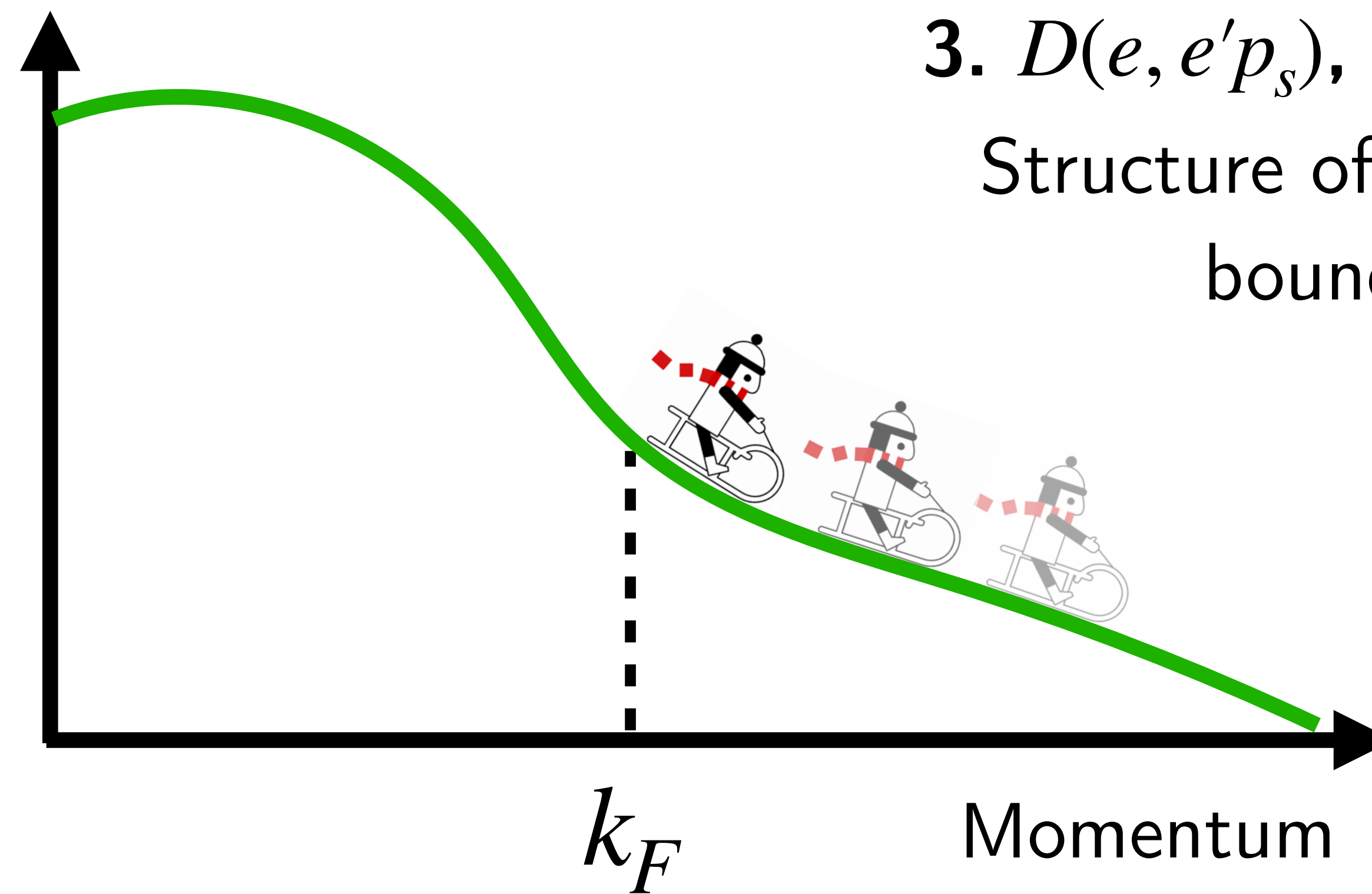
$D(e, e'p_s)$ seemed to validate FSI assumptions



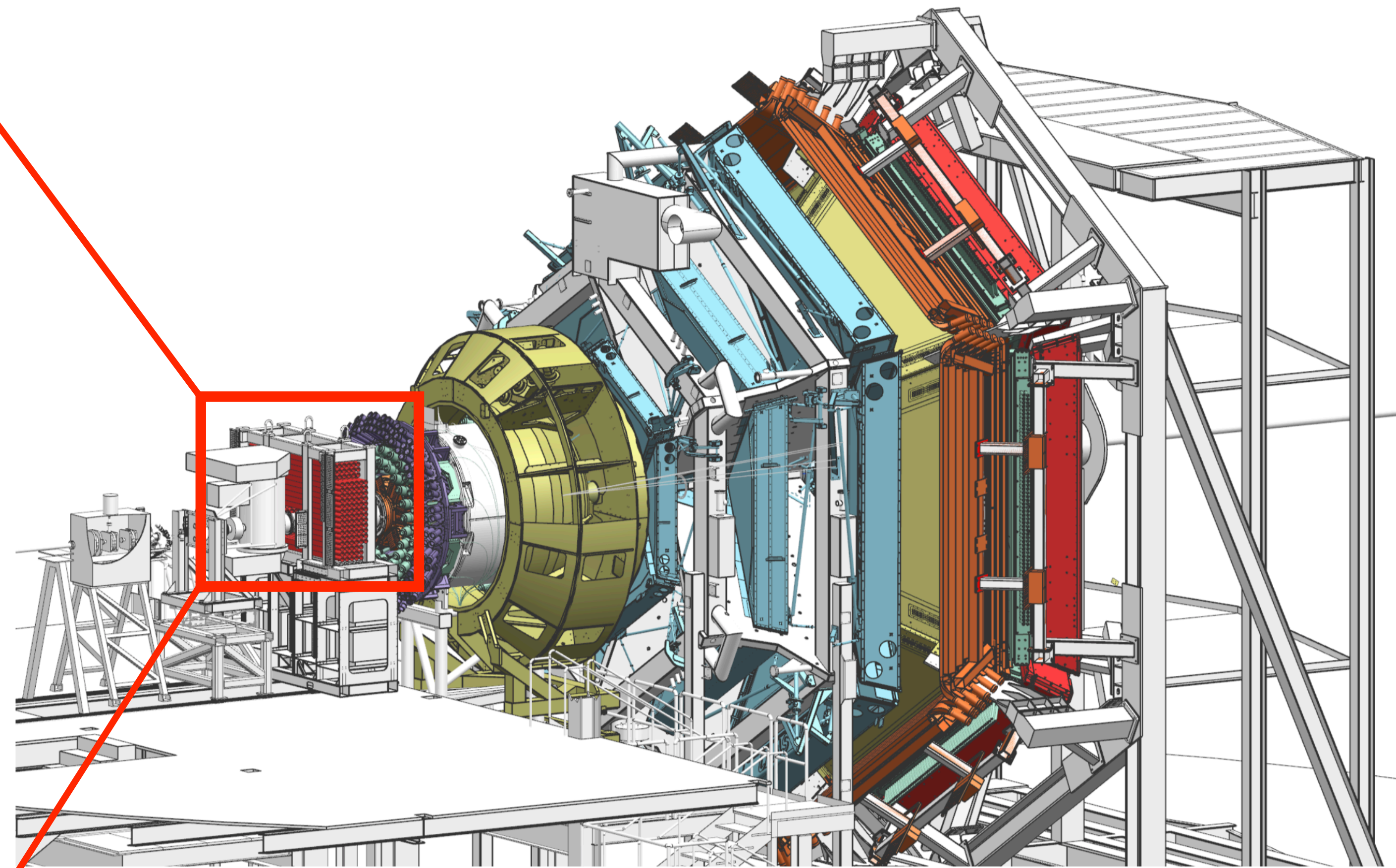
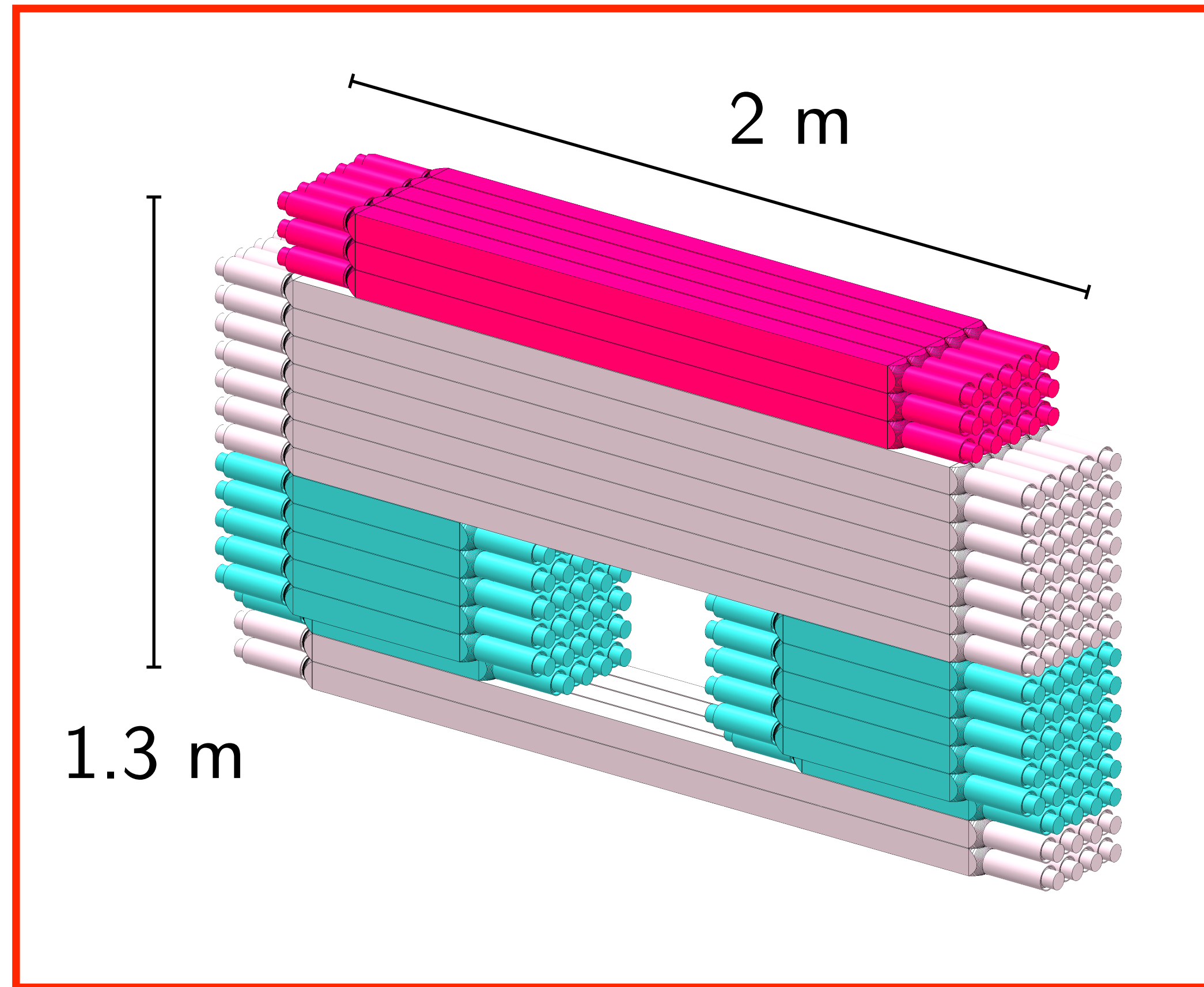
- Good agreement between data and PWIA at backward angles
- Enhancement in data (due to FSI?) at perpendicular angles

3. $D(e, e'p_s)$, **BAND**, and LAD

Structure of high-momentum bound nucleons



BAND (Backward Angle Neutron Detector)



- 116 plastic scintillator bars + veto layer
- ≈ 3 m upstream of target

Segarra et al., NIMA 978, 164356 (2020)

Denniston et al., NIMA 973 164177 (2020)

Collected data with
CLAS12 Run Group B
(2019-2020)

$$E_{beam} = 10.2-10.6 \text{ GeV}$$

neutron

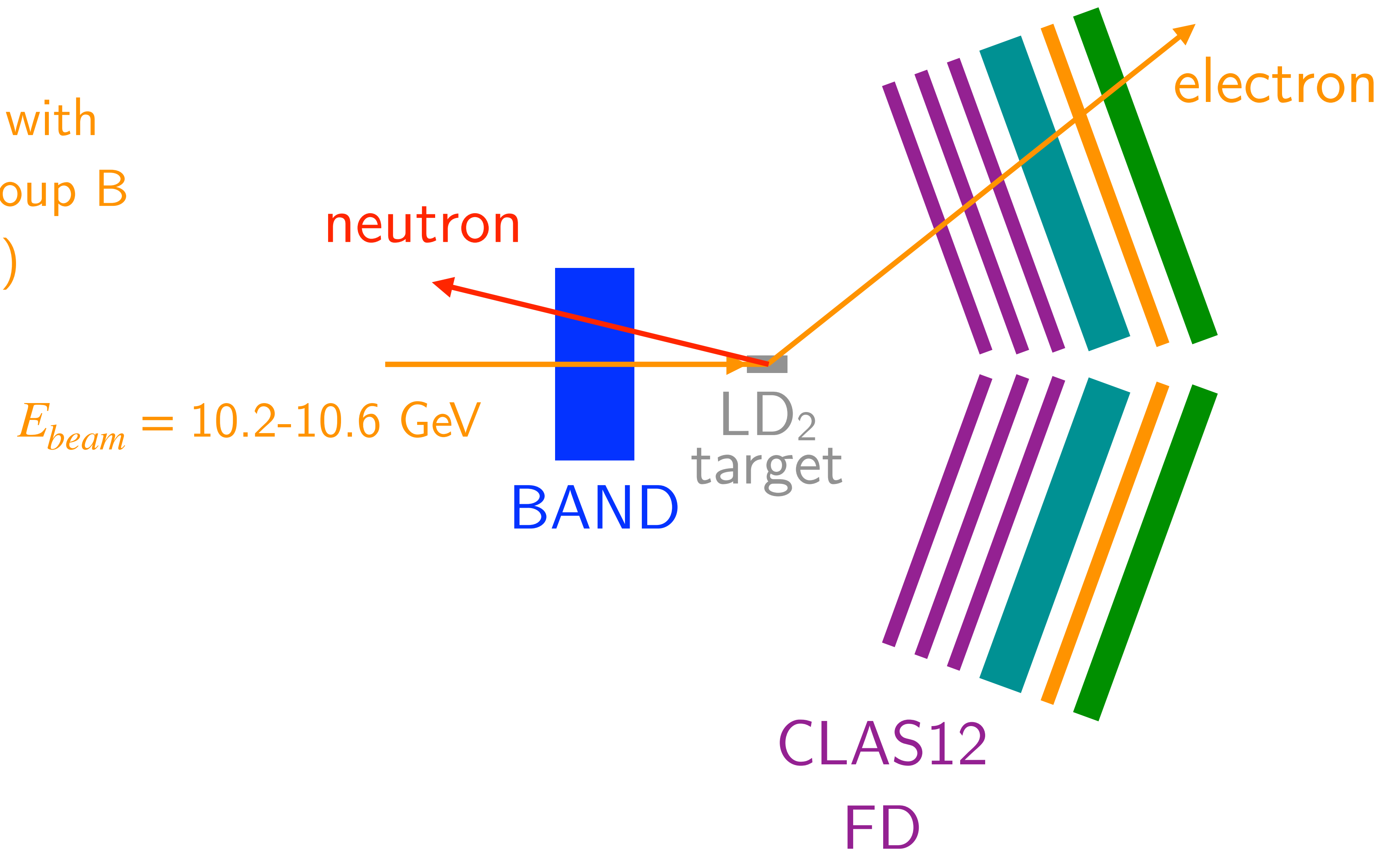
BAND

LD₂
target

electron

CLAS12

FD



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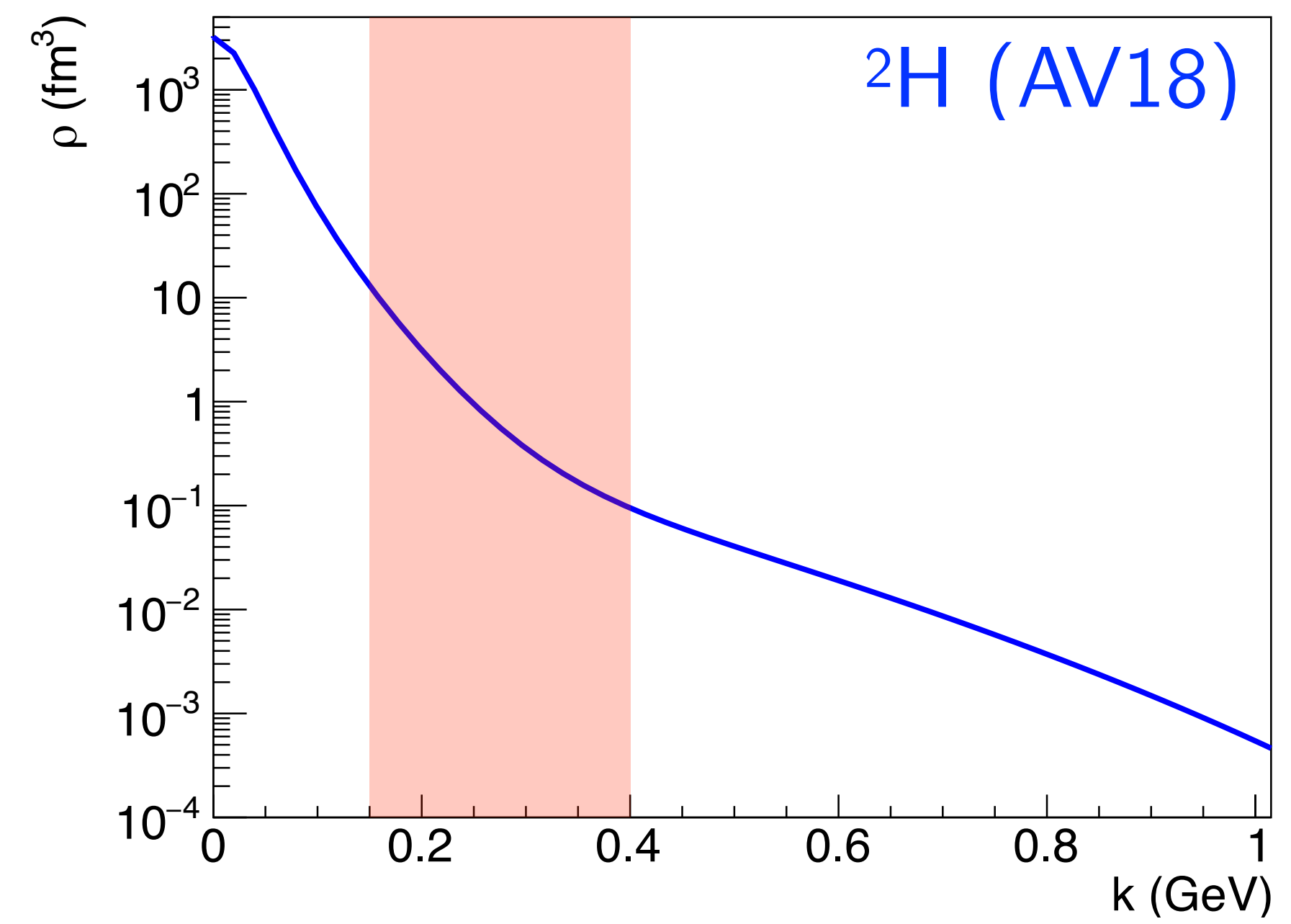
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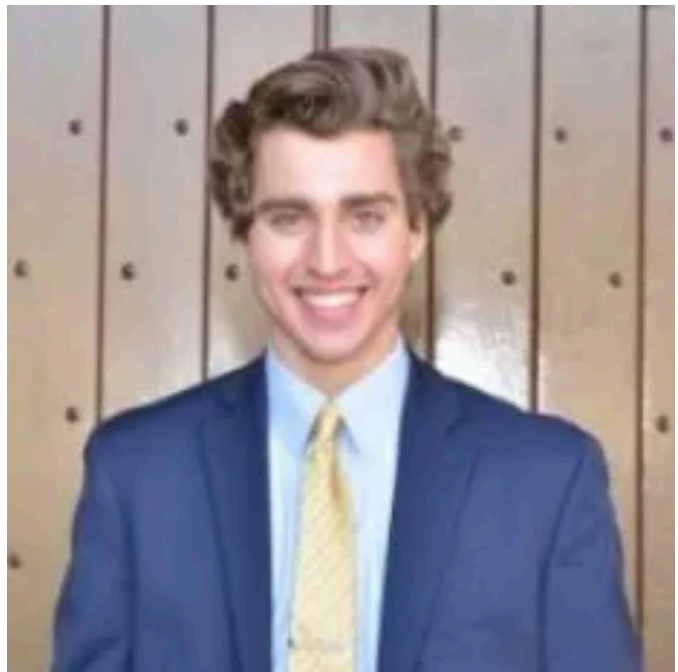
BAND

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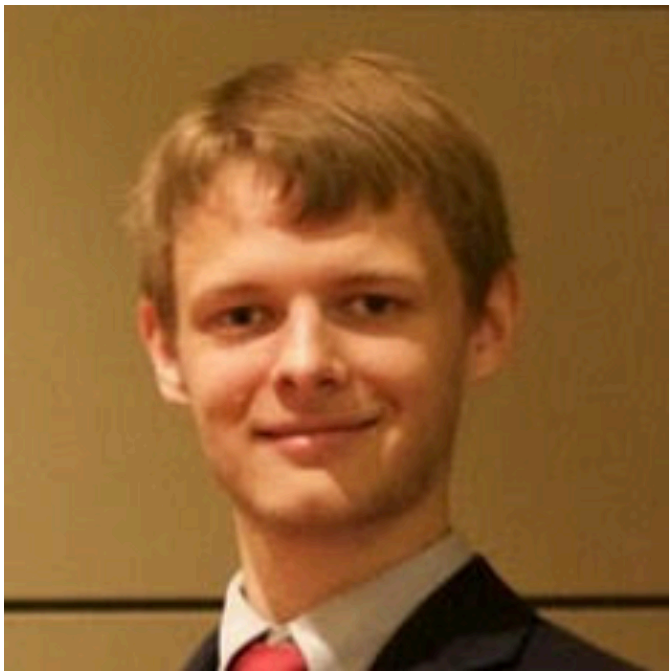
BAND analysis team



Efrain Segarra



Florian Hauenstein



Jackson
Pybus



Natalie
Wright



Jason
Phelan



Sara
Ratliff

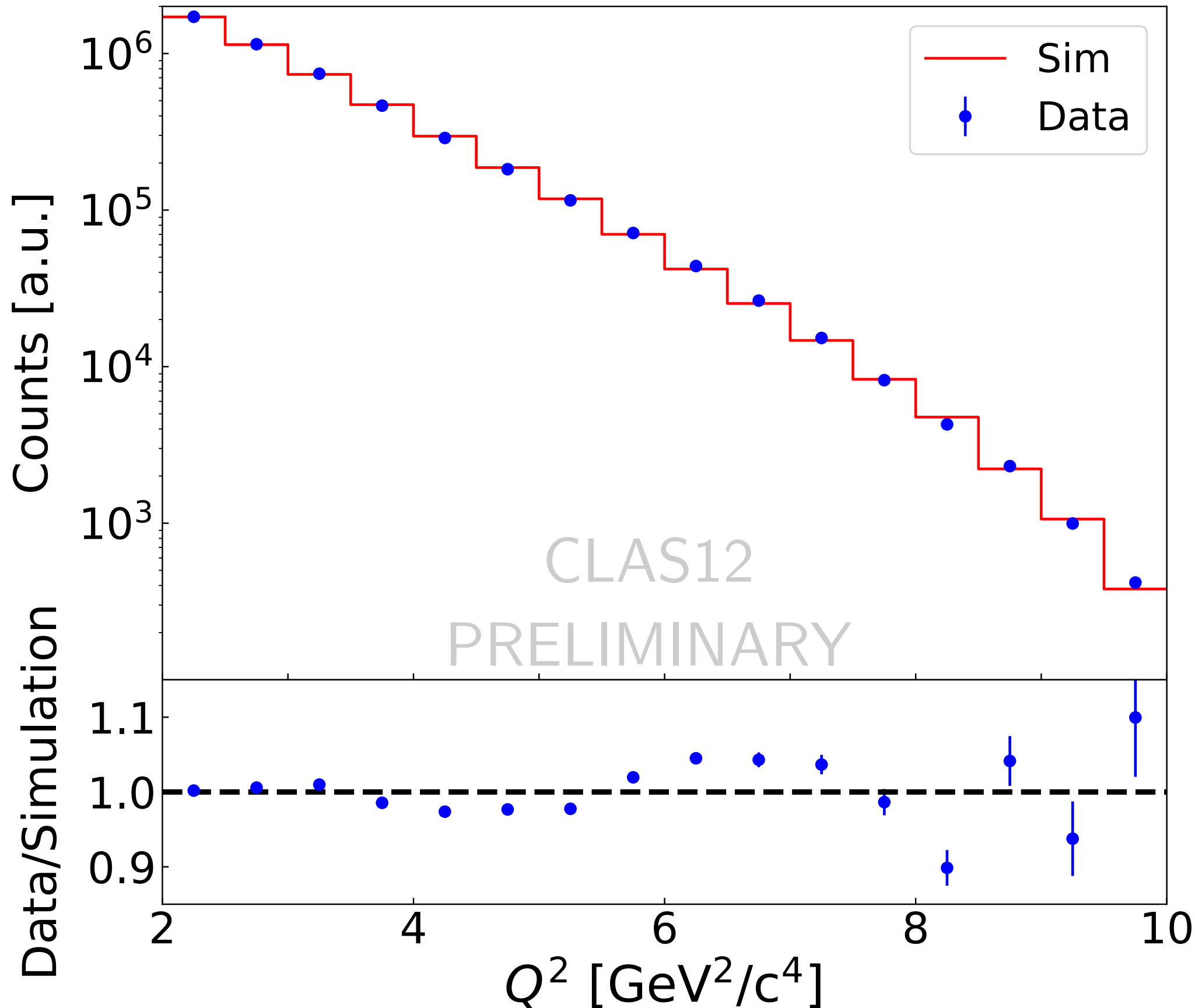
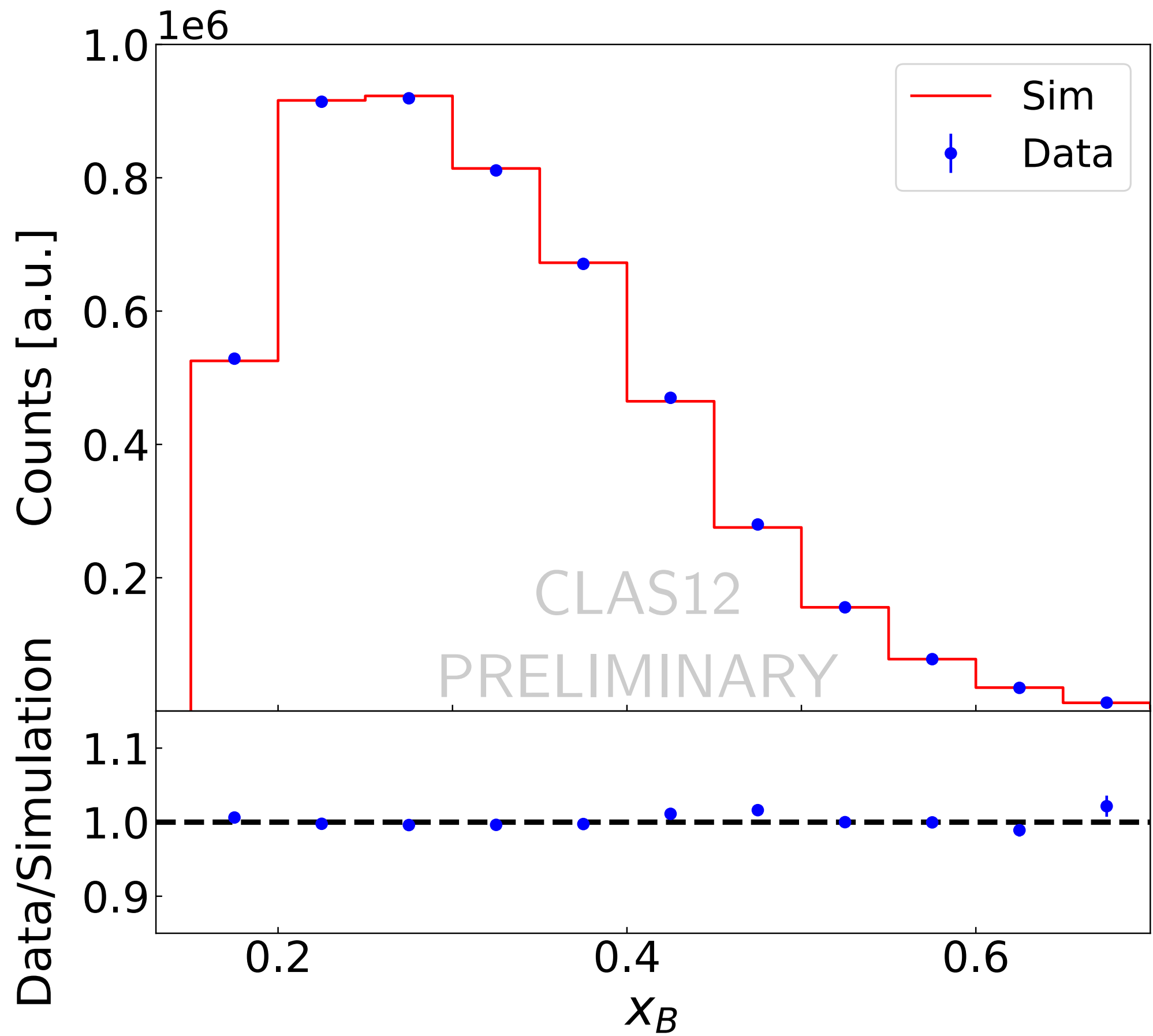
Theory calculation for tagged DIS

- Cross section model by M. Strikman & C. Weiss (PRC 97, 035209 (2018)):

$$d\sigma[eD \rightarrow e'n_s X] = K \frac{2S(\alpha_s, p_{sT})}{2 - \alpha_s} \times F_2$$

- Kinematic factors
- Deuterium spectral function (momentum distribution of bound protons)
- Free proton structure functions (no EMC modification!)
- Simulate generated events (with QED radiation) in GEANT4

Inclusive DIS results

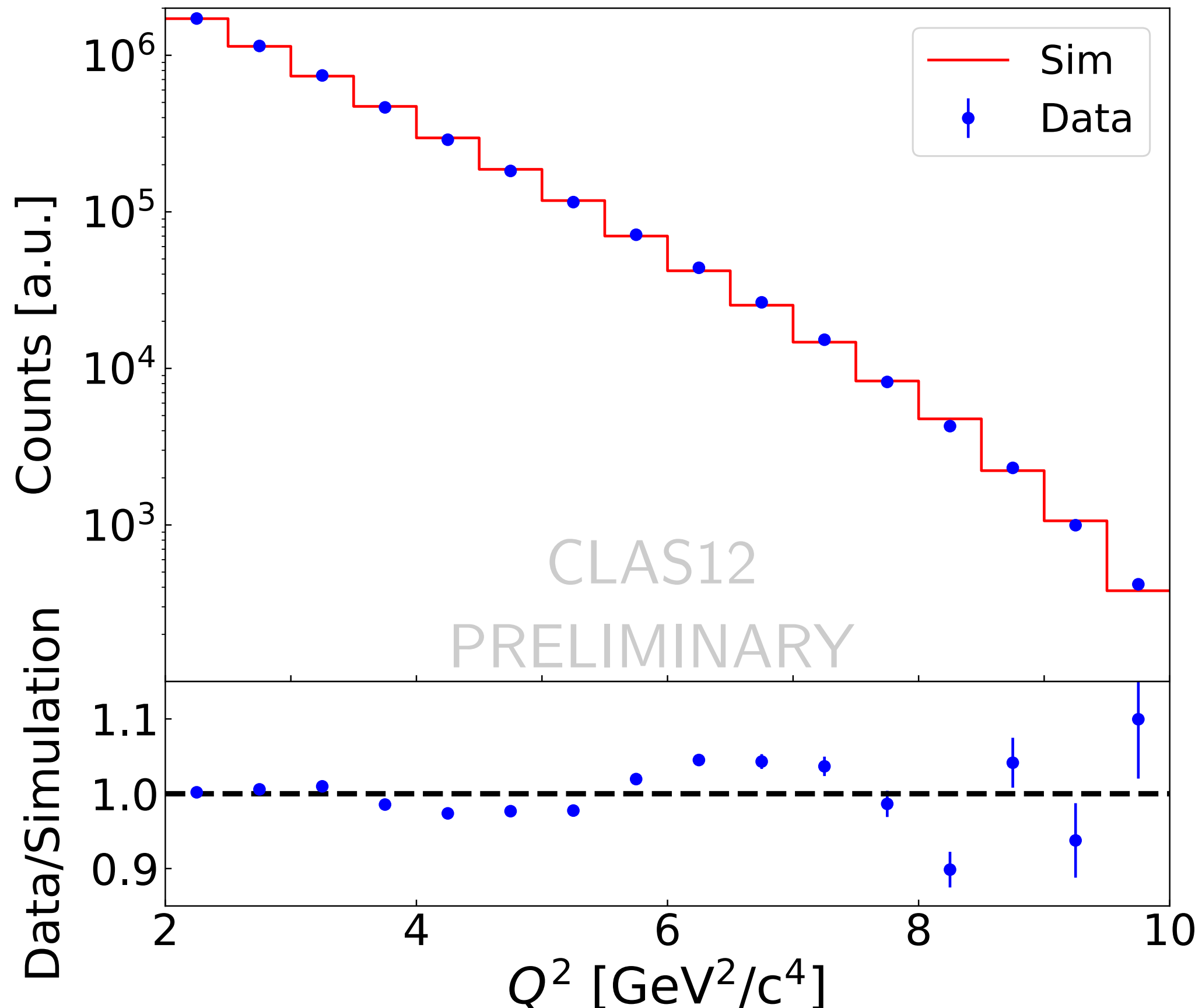
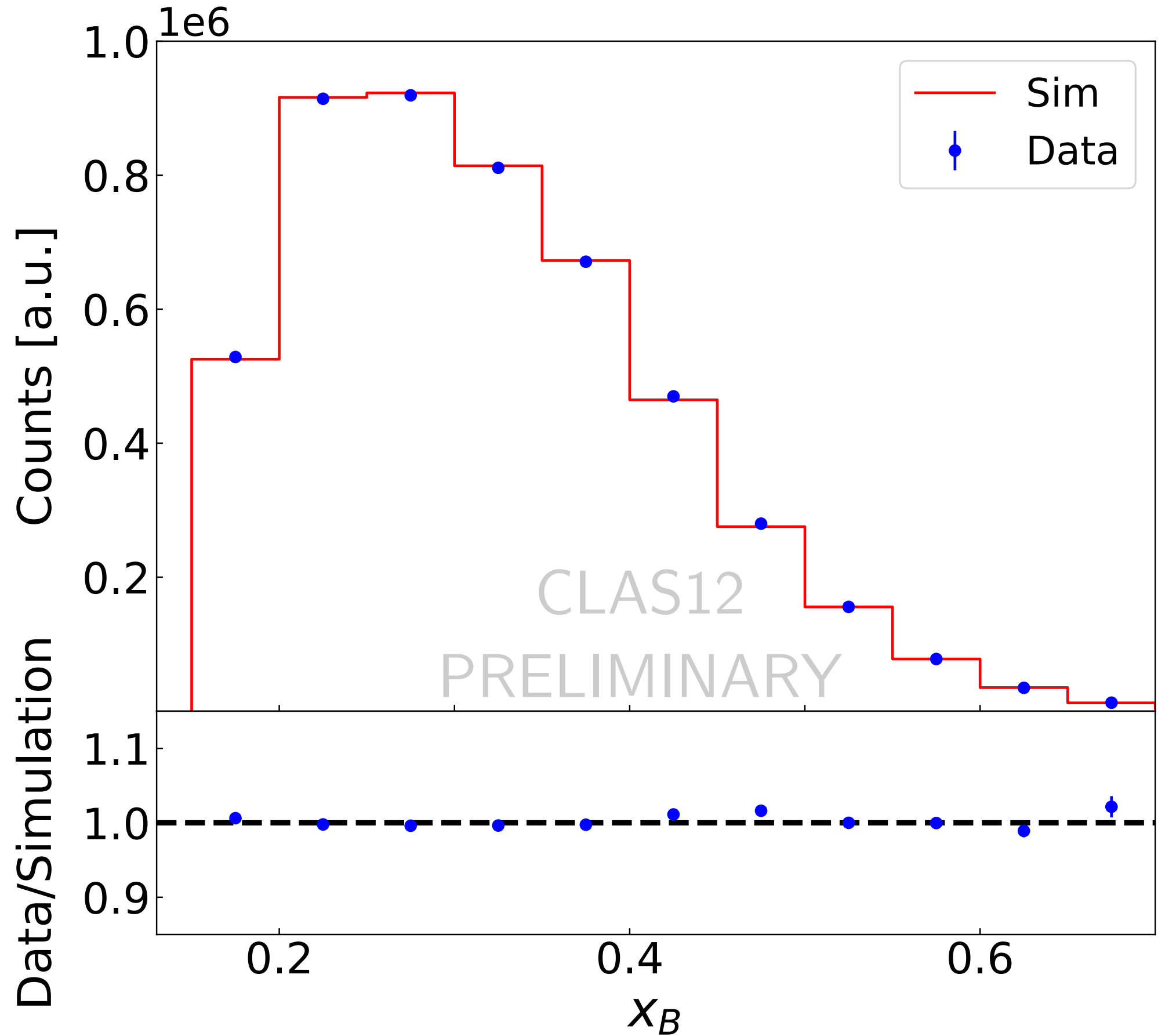


$$Q^2 > 2 \text{ GeV}^2.$$

$$W^2 > 4 \text{ GeV}^2.$$

$$y < 0.7$$

Inclusive DIS results



$Q^2 > 2 \text{ GeV}^2.$
 $W^2 > 4 \text{ GeV}^2.$
 $y < 0.7$

✓ Validates simulation of electron in CLAS12

Tagged double ratio

Tagged double ratio

$$\mathcal{R} = \frac{Y_{exp}(x')/Y_{exp}(x' = x'_0)}{Y_{sim}(x')/Y_{sim}(x' = x'_0)} = \frac{\sigma_{exp}(x')/\sigma_{exp}(x' = x'_0)}{\sigma_{theory}(x')/\sigma_{theory}(x' = x'_0)}$$

- Form double ratio for bins in α_S

Tagged double ratio

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- Form double ratio for bins in α_S
- Ratio gives cancellation of systematics

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- Choose to normalize to $x'_0 = 0.3$

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- Form double ratio for bins in α_S
- Ratio gives cancellation of systematics
- Choose to normalize to $x'_0 = 0.3$
- Sensitive to ratio of **bound** to **free proton** structure

$$\mathcal{R} \propto \frac{F_2^* (Q^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x') / F_2 (Q^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x')}{F_2^* (Q^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x' = x_0) / F_2 (Q^2, p_T, \alpha_S, x' = x_0)}$$

Tagged DIS

$$E_{dep} > 10 \text{ MeVee}$$

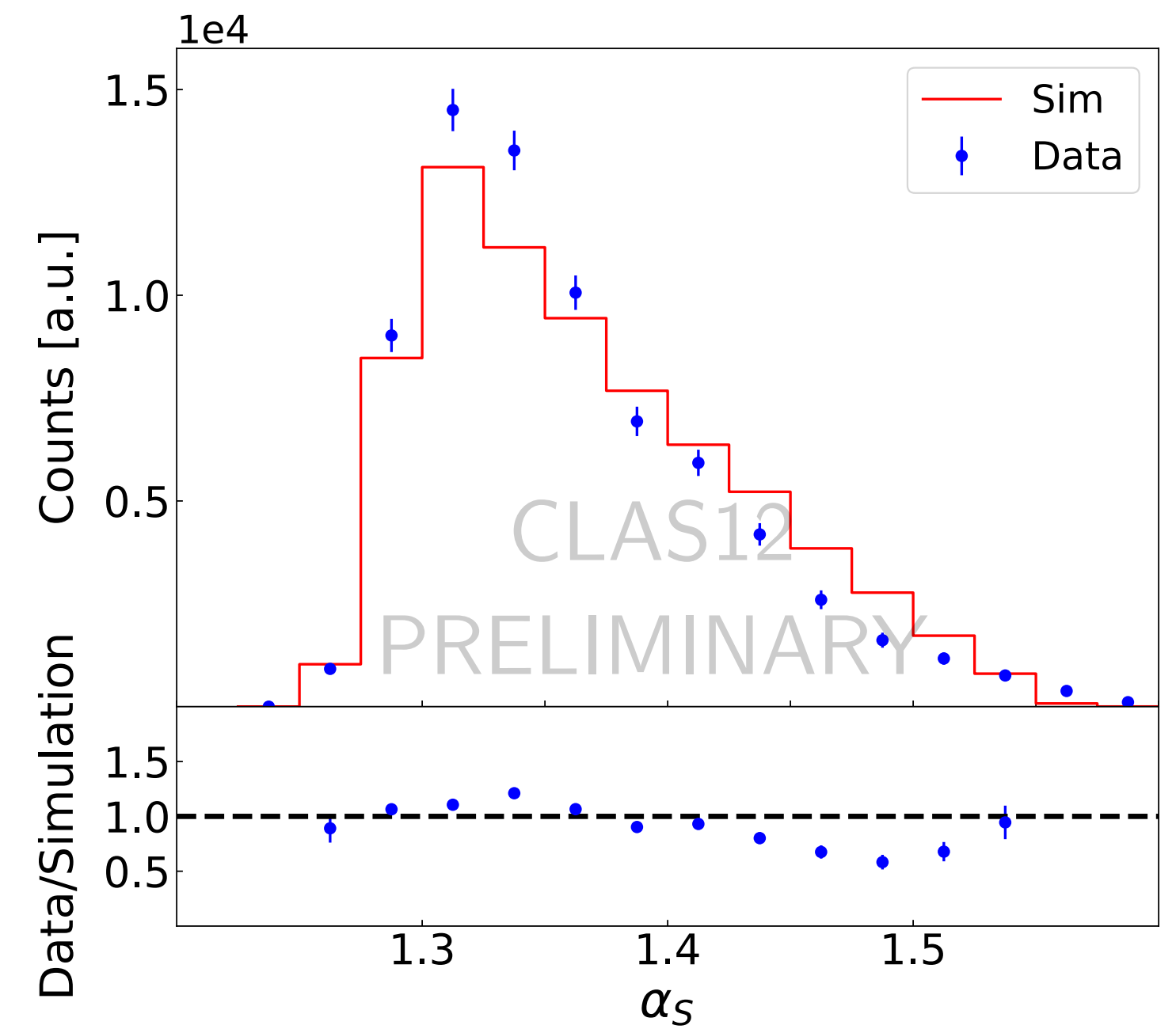
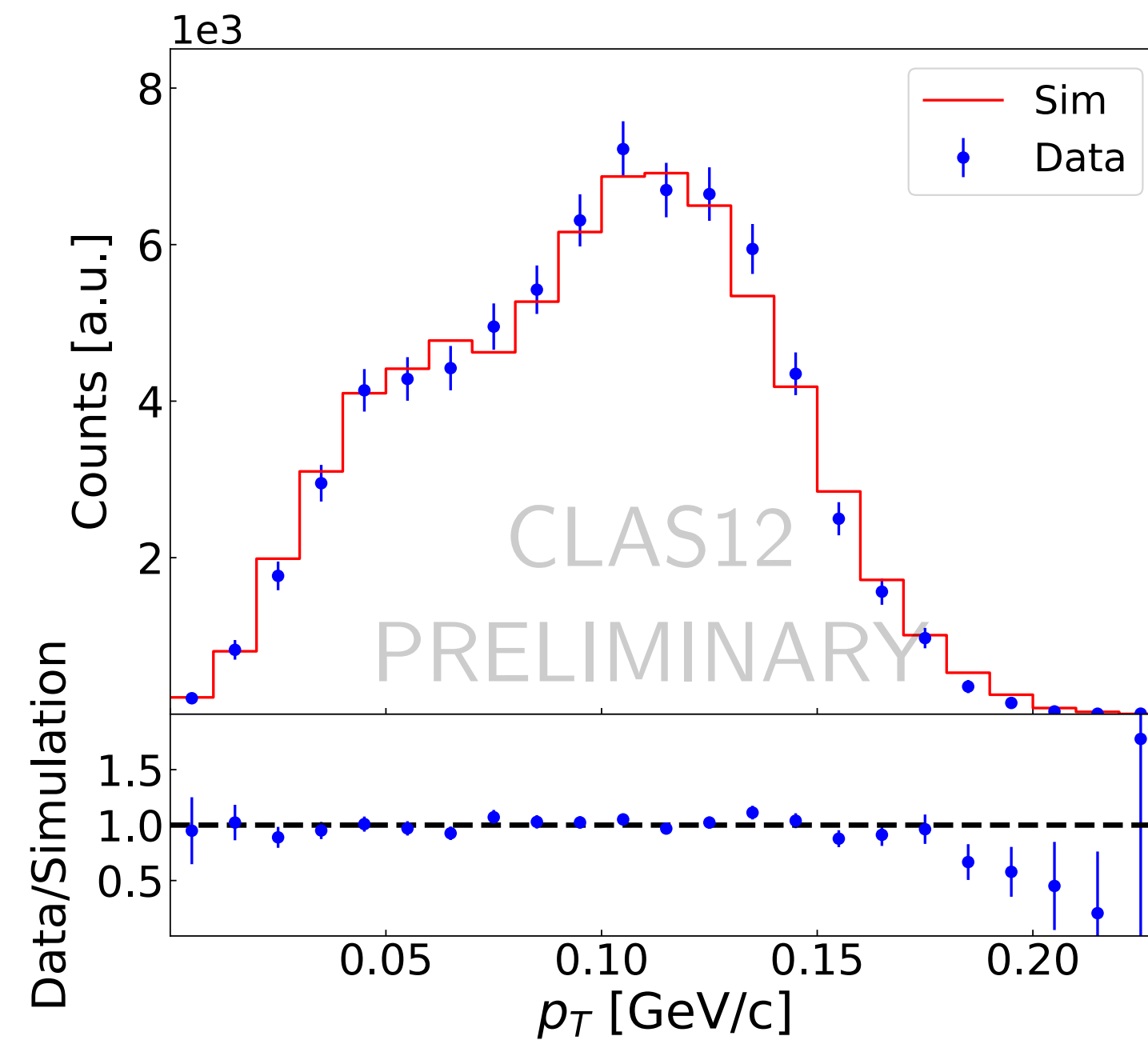
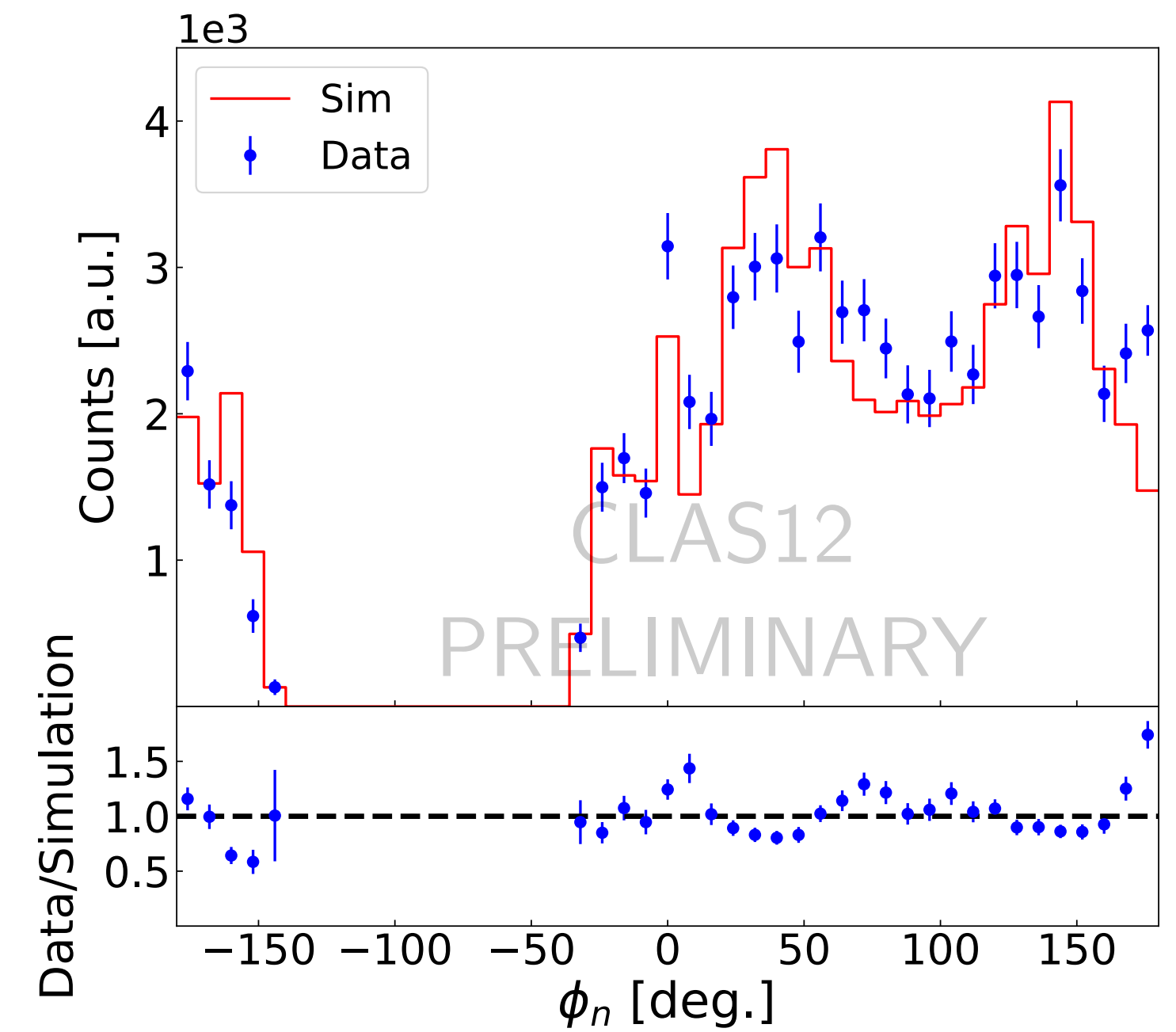
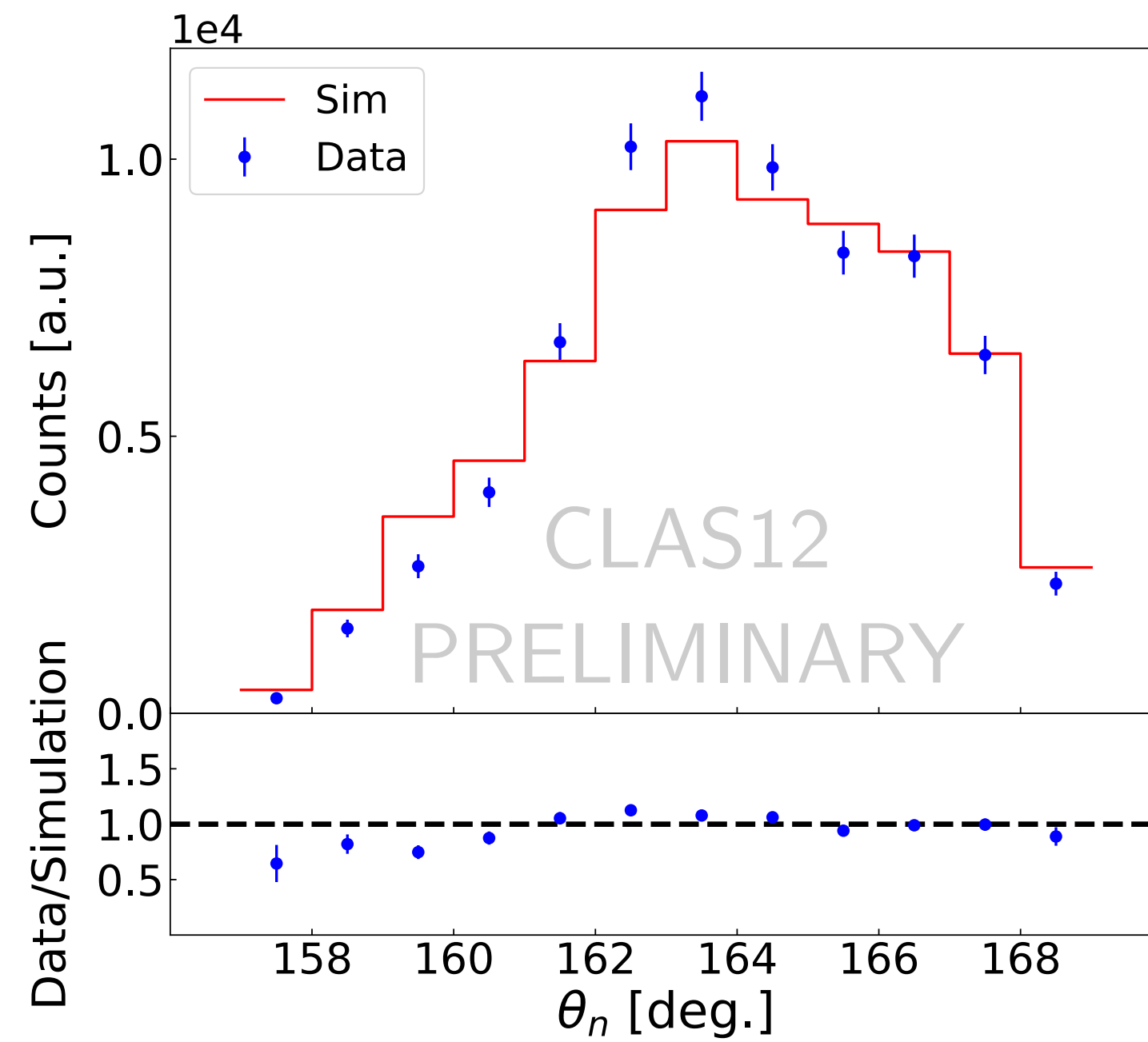
$$p_n > 0.25 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\theta_n < 168.5^\circ$$

$$W' > 1.8 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\alpha_s > 1.2$$

$$\cos \theta_{nq} < -0.8$$



BAND invariant mass with/without tagging

(2 GeV deuterium data from RG-M)

BAND invariant mass with/without tagging

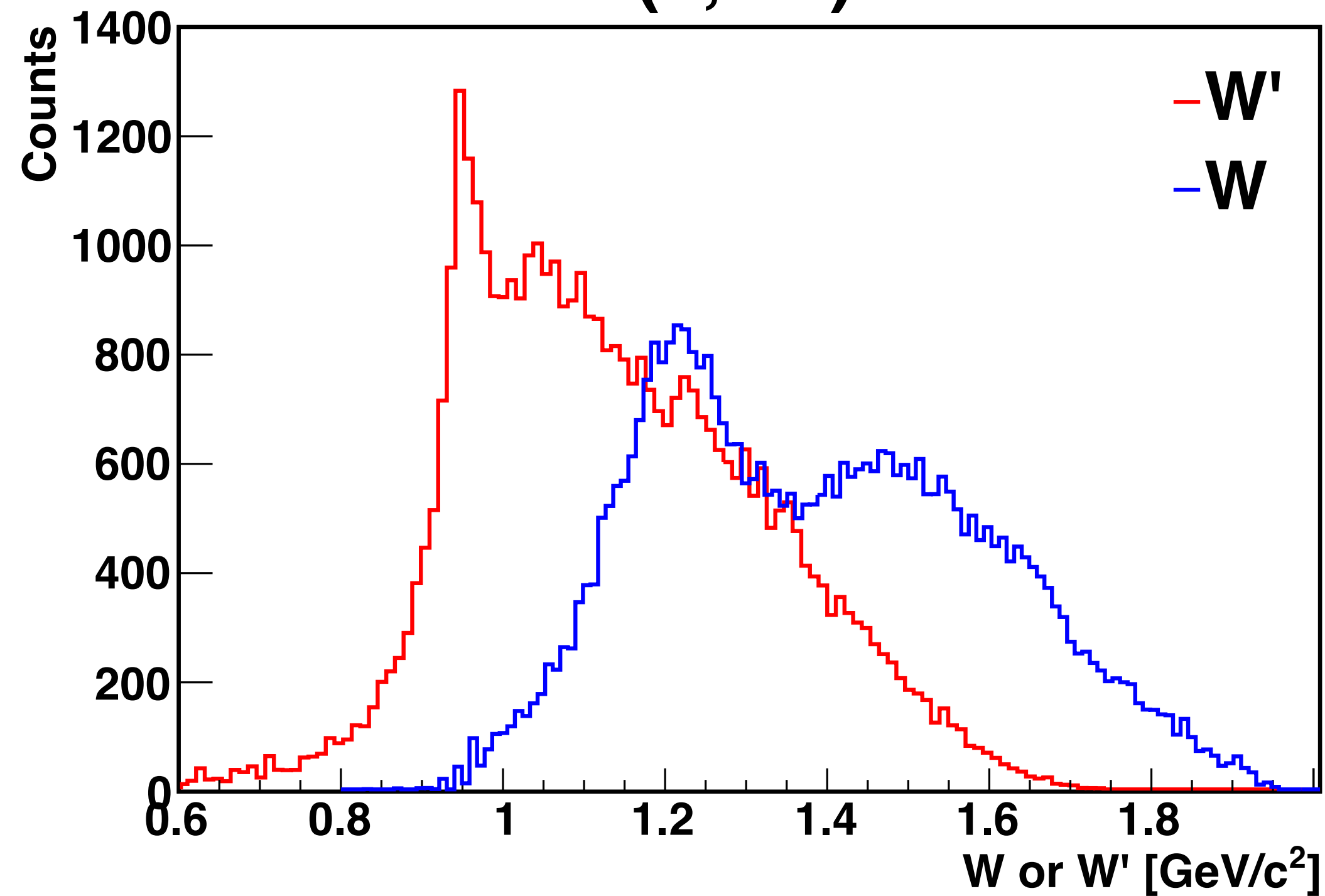
(2 GeV deuterium data from RG-M)

- Two big differences from BoNuS:
 - Higher spectator momentum
 - Larger range in spectator momentum

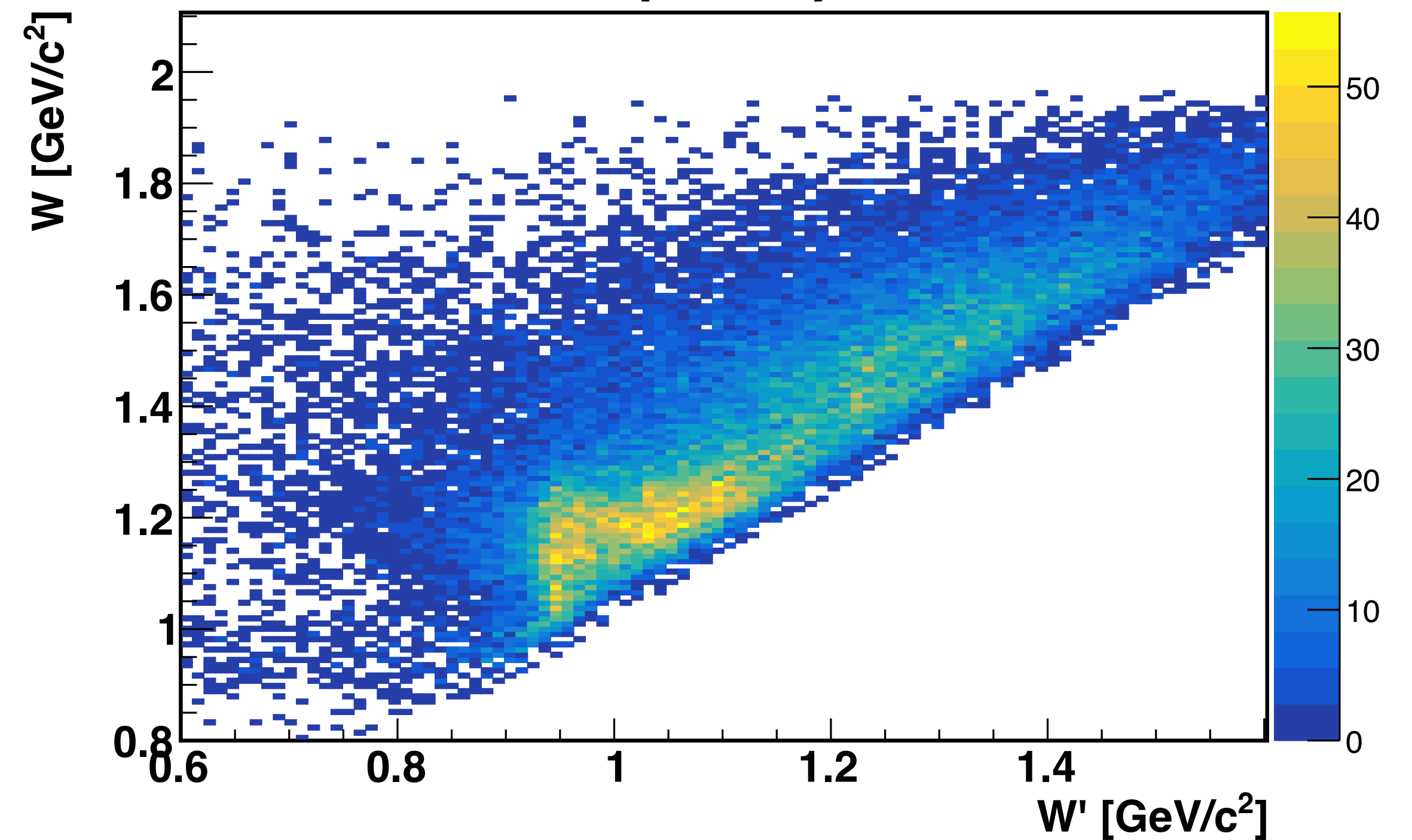
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d(e,e'n)

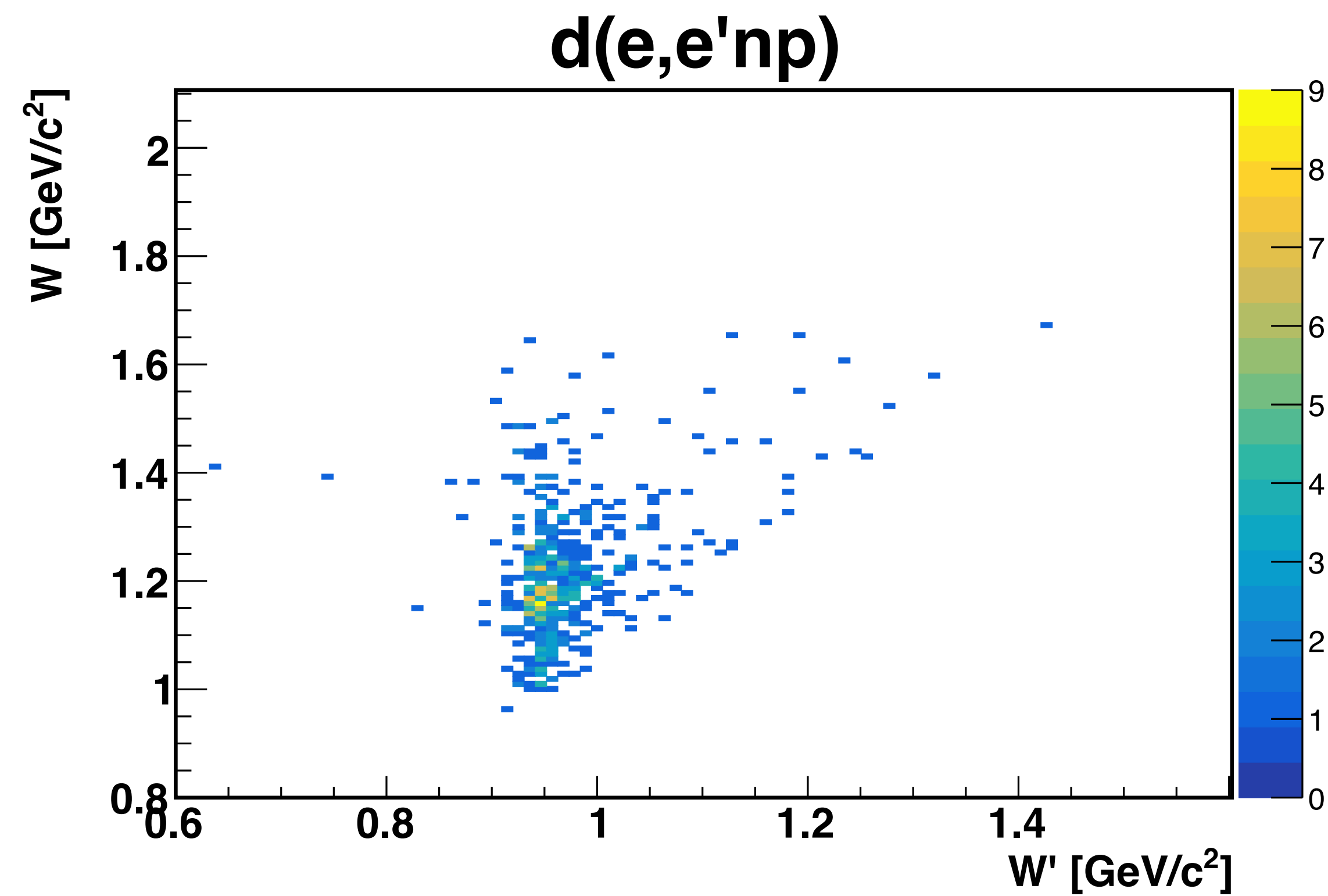
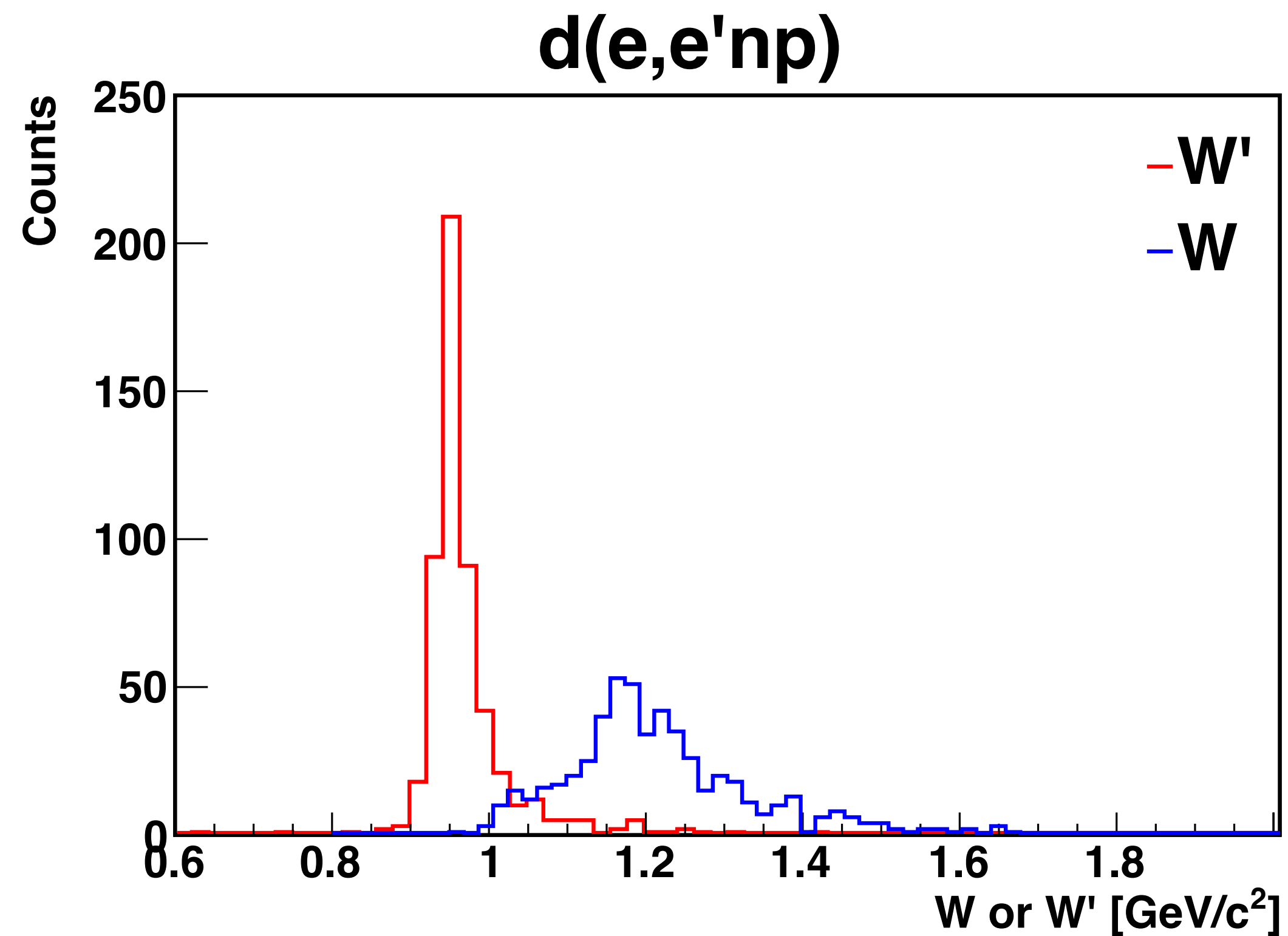


d(e,e'n)

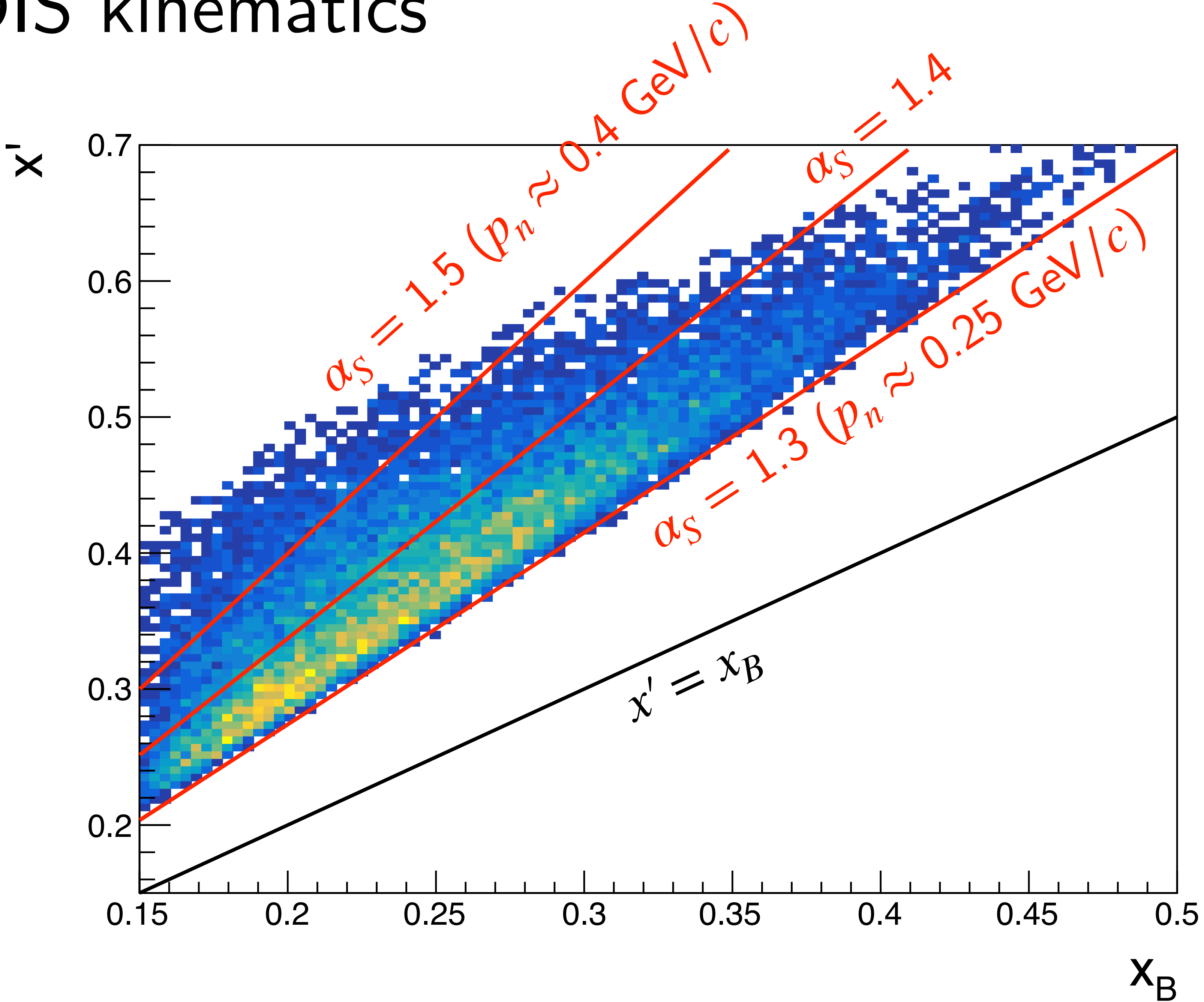


BAND invariant mass with/without tagging

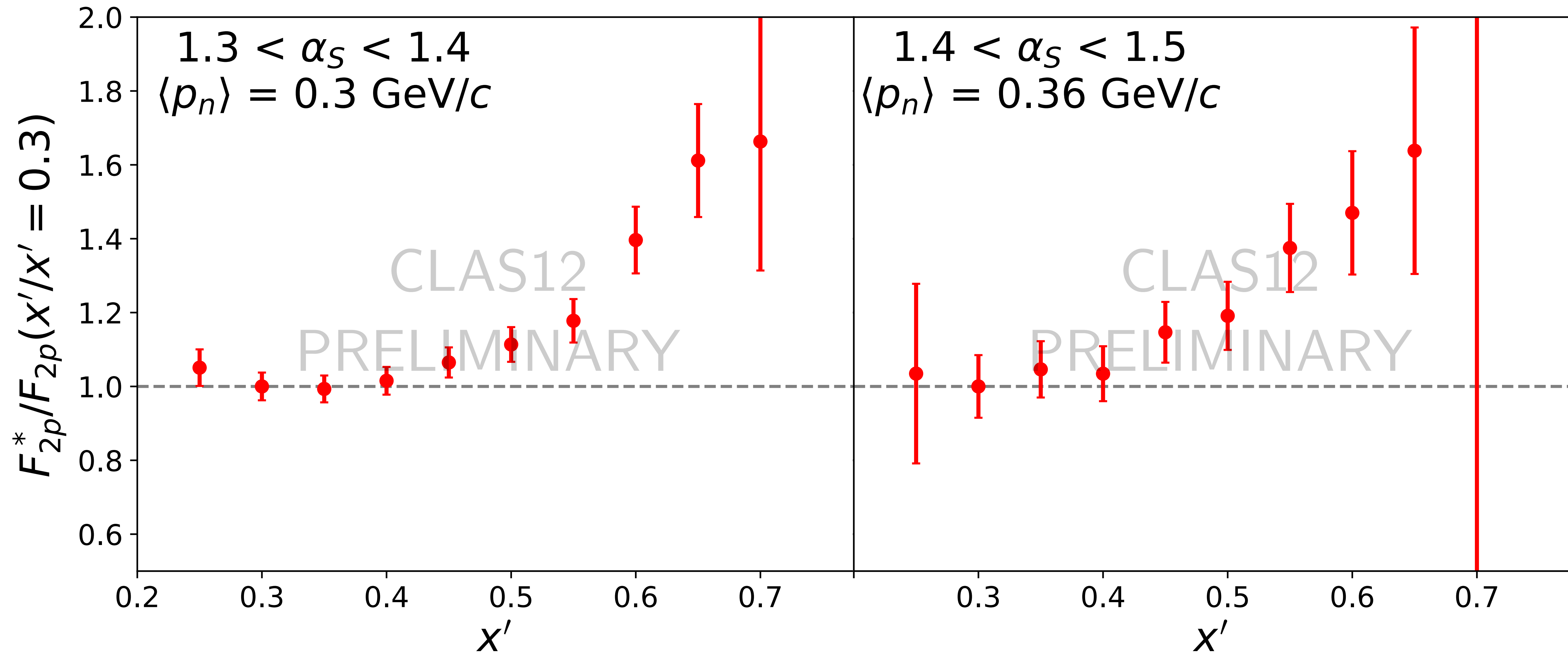
(2 GeV deuterium data from RG-M)



Tagged DIS kinematics

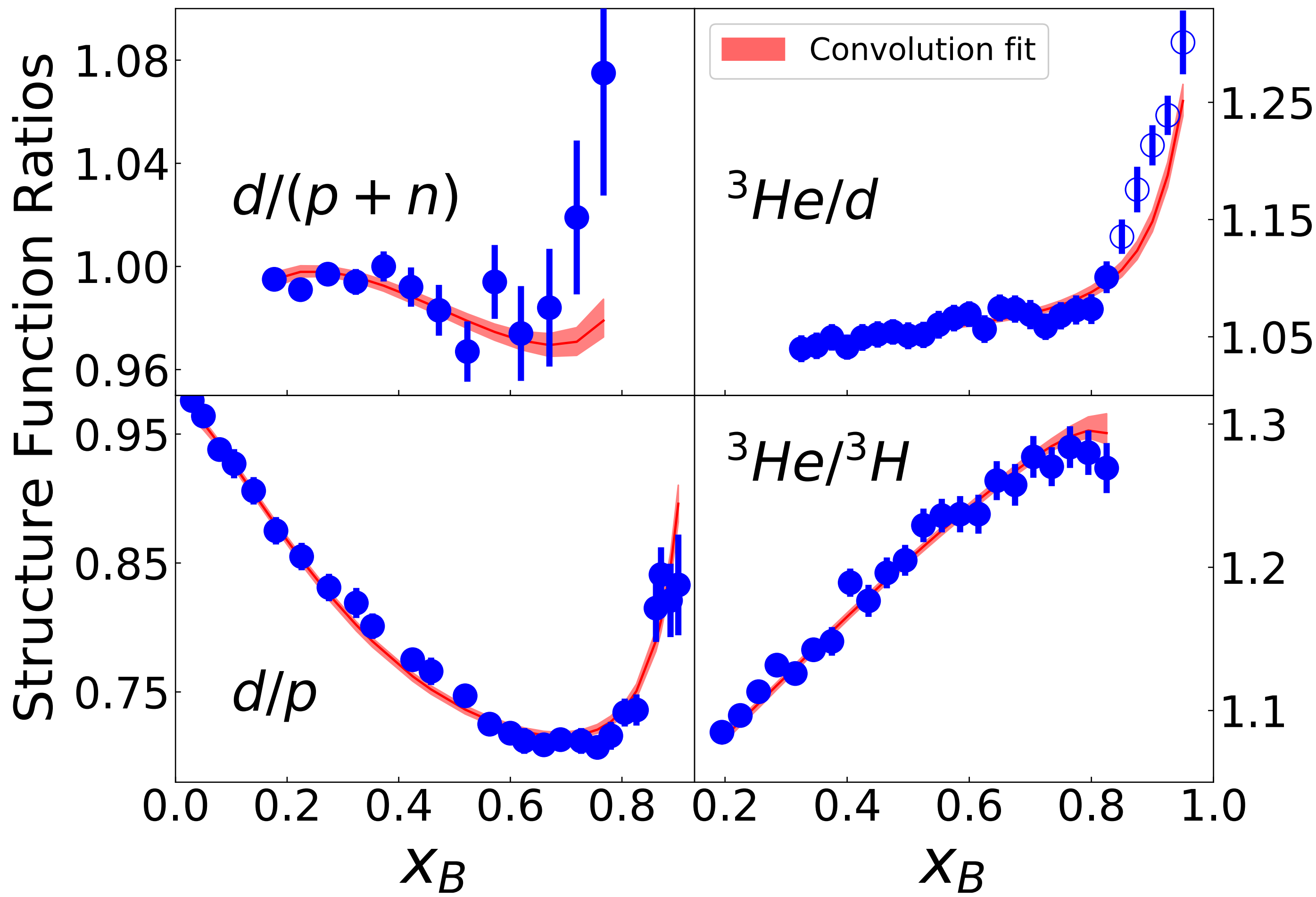
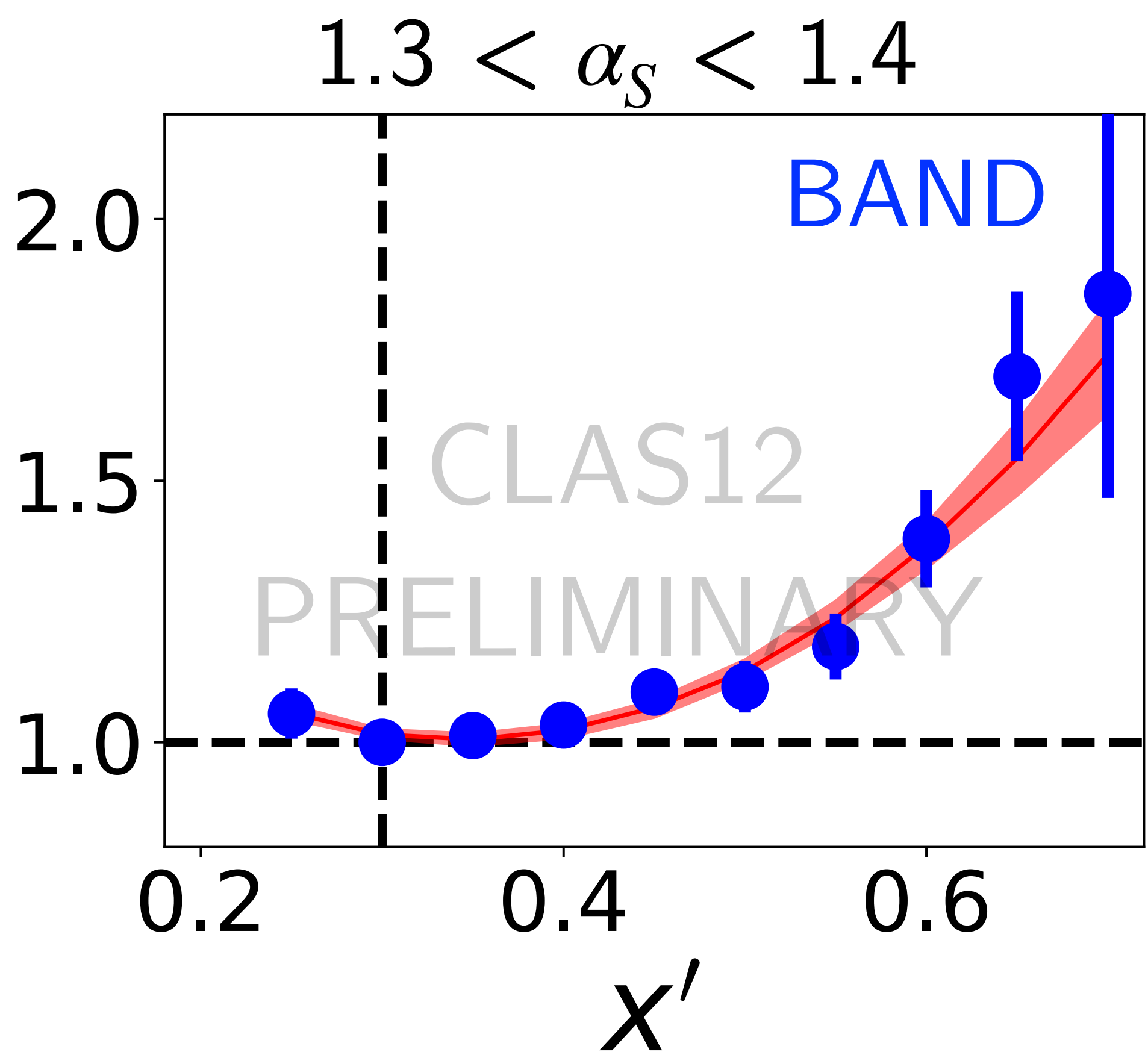


Tagged DIS double ratio



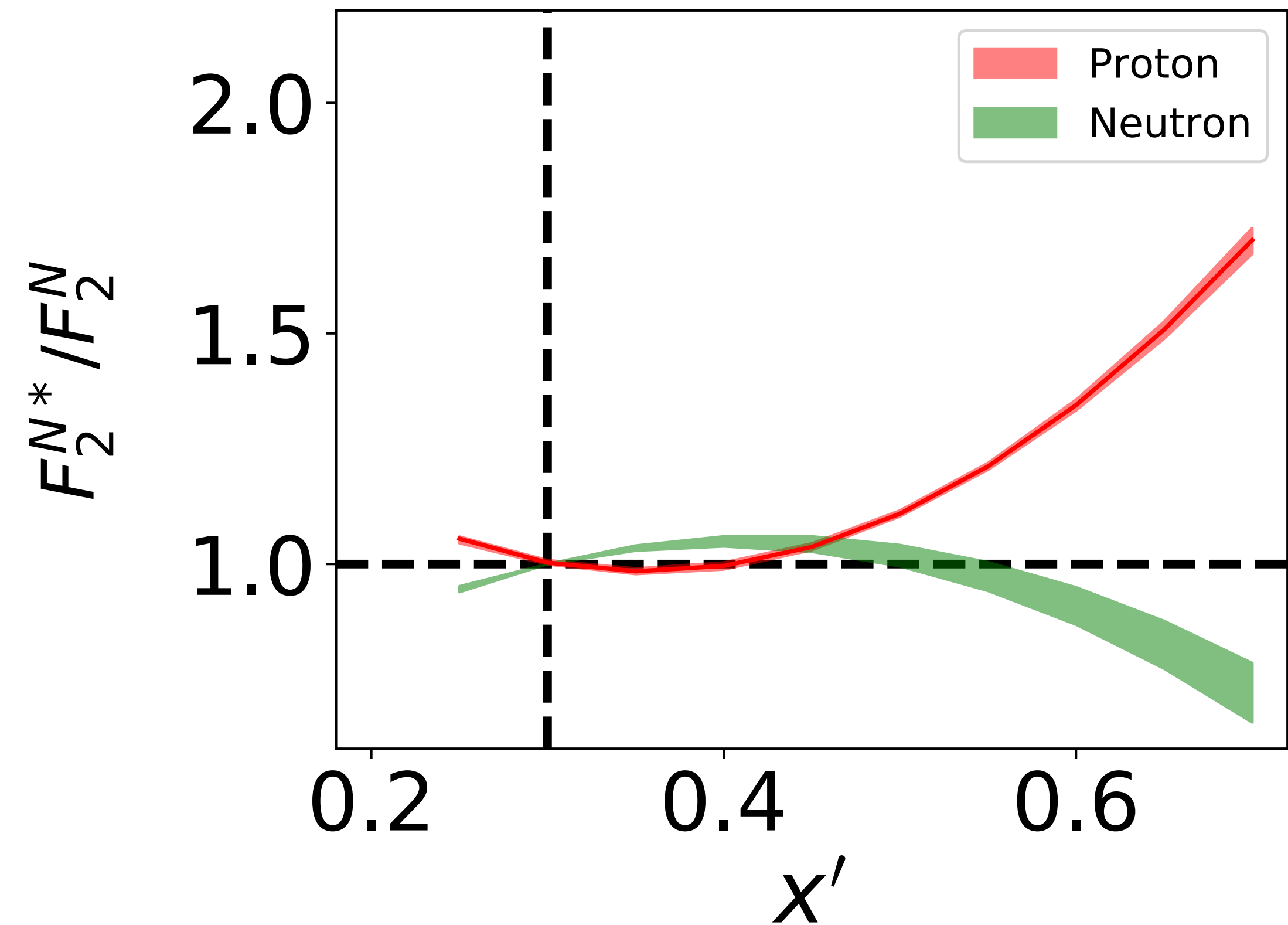
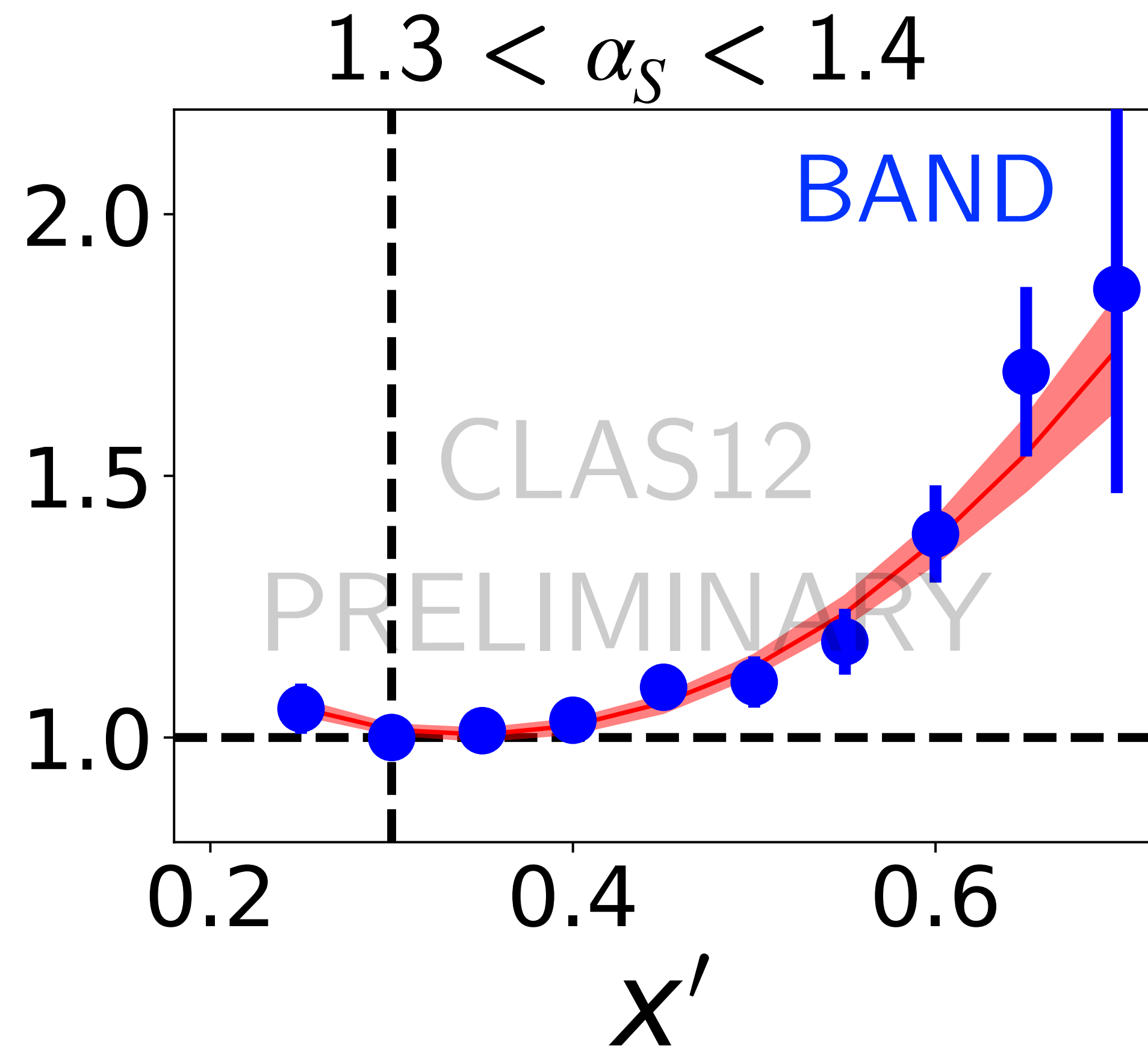
Large, x' -dependent effect in high- α_S protons

Result consistent with inclusive measurements of light nuclei...



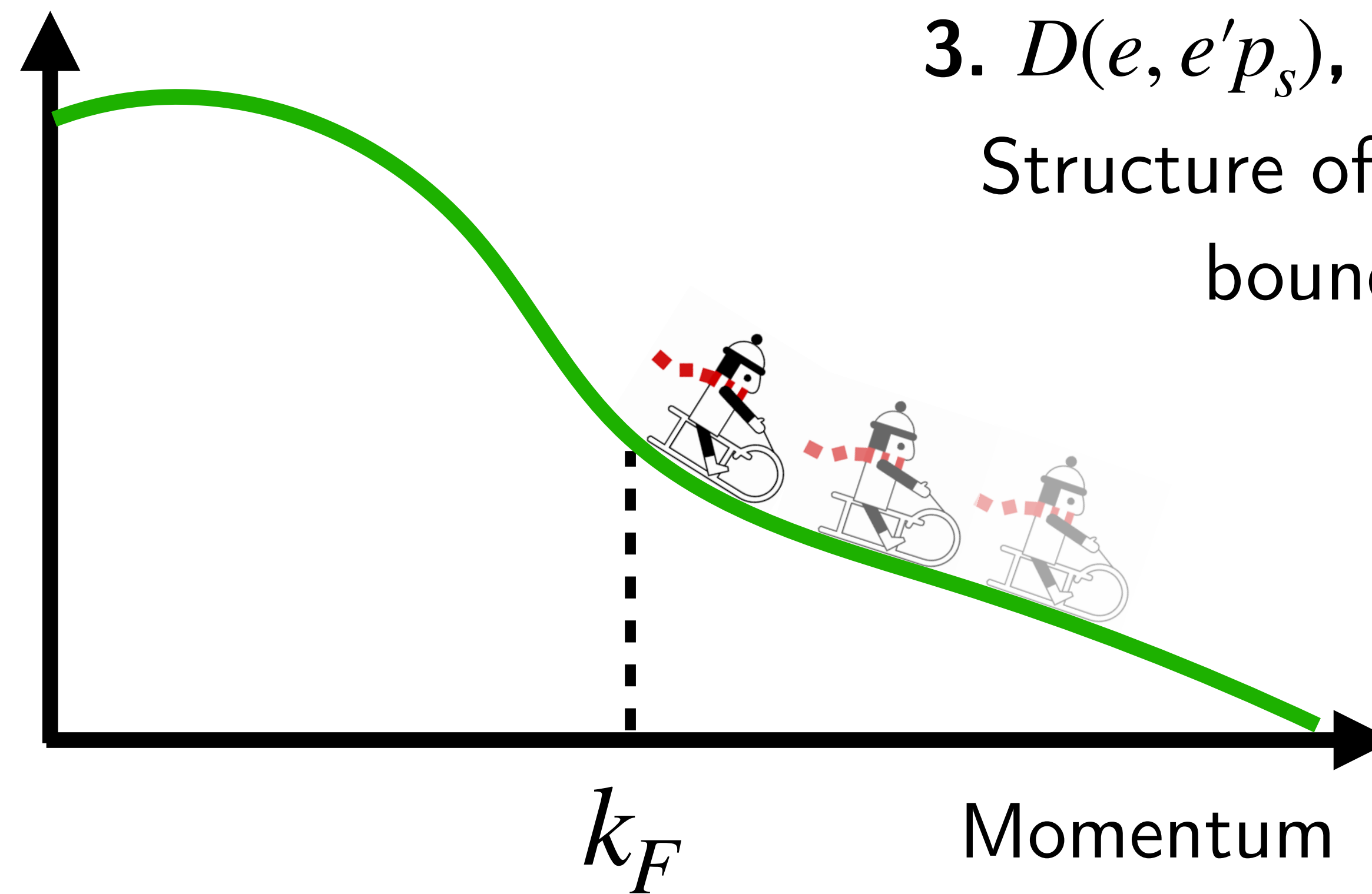
$$F_2^A(x_B) = \frac{1}{A} \int_{x_B}^A \frac{d\alpha}{\alpha} \int_{-\infty}^0 dv F_2^P(x') \left[Z\rho_p(\alpha, v) + N\rho_n(\alpha, v) \frac{F_2^n(x')}{F_2^P(x')} \right] \times (1 + v f^{os}(x'))$$

...and gives a prediction for bound *neutron* structure!

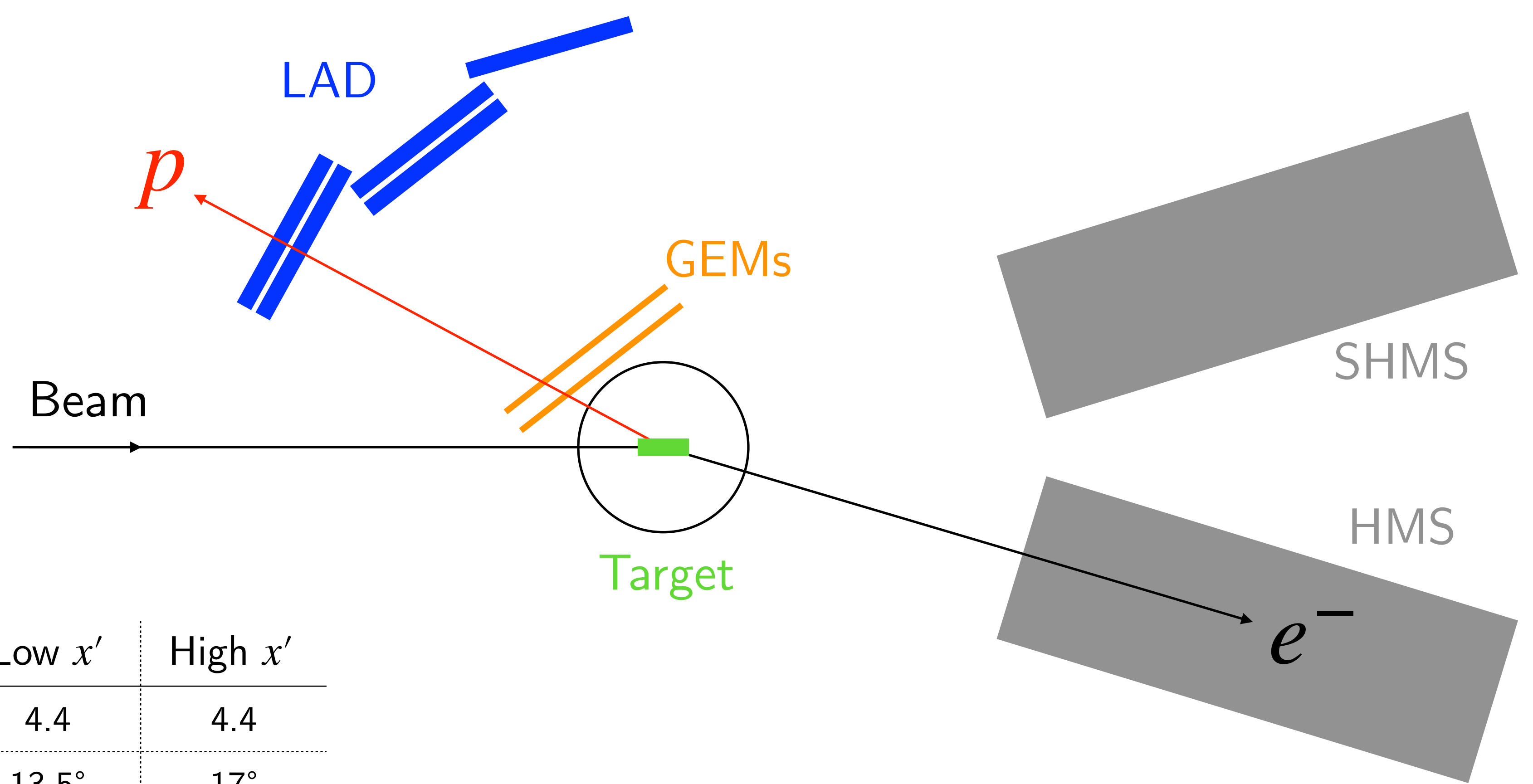


3. $D(e, e'p_s)$, BAND, and LAD

Structure of high-momentum bound nucleons



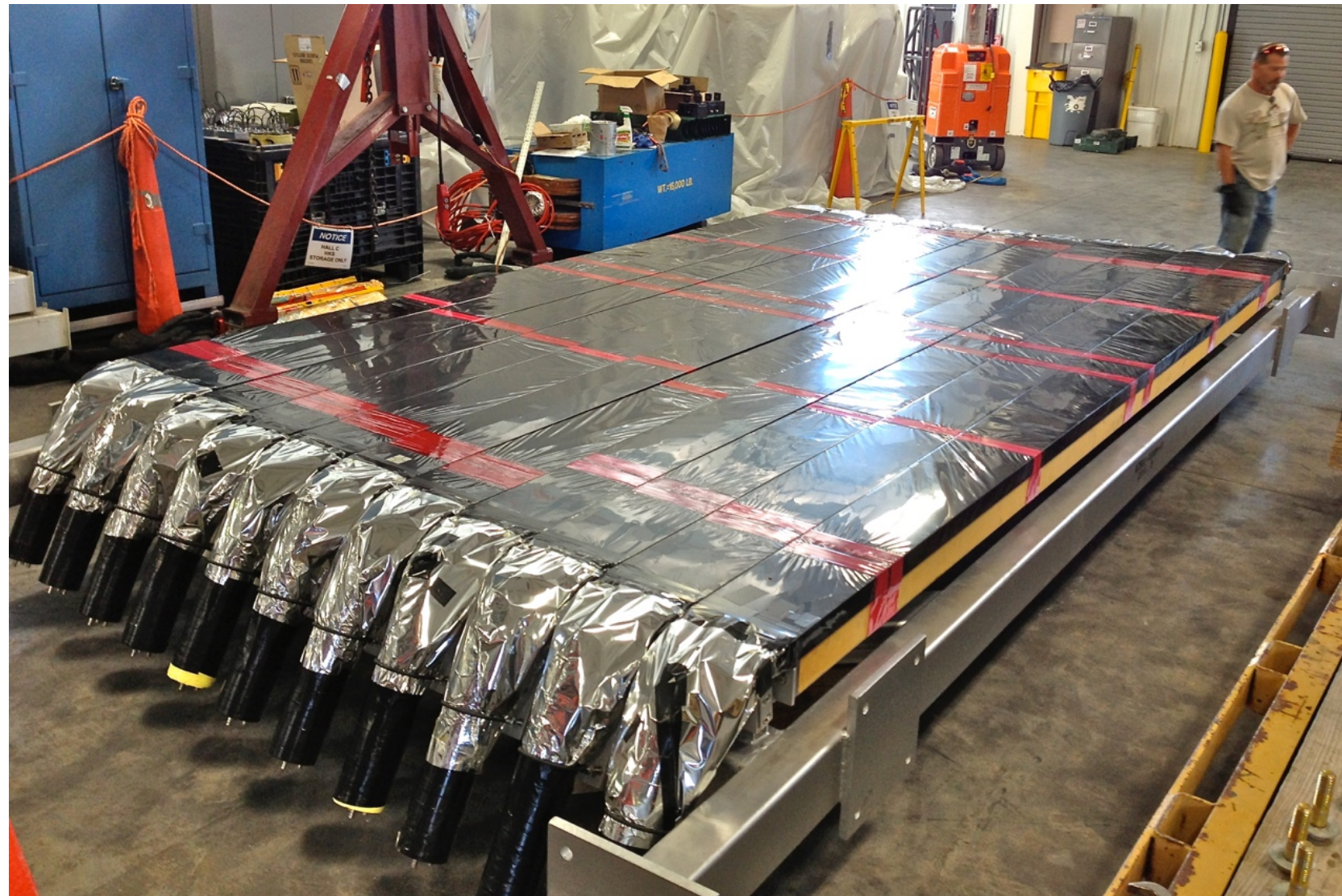
Large Angle Detector (LAD) in Hall C



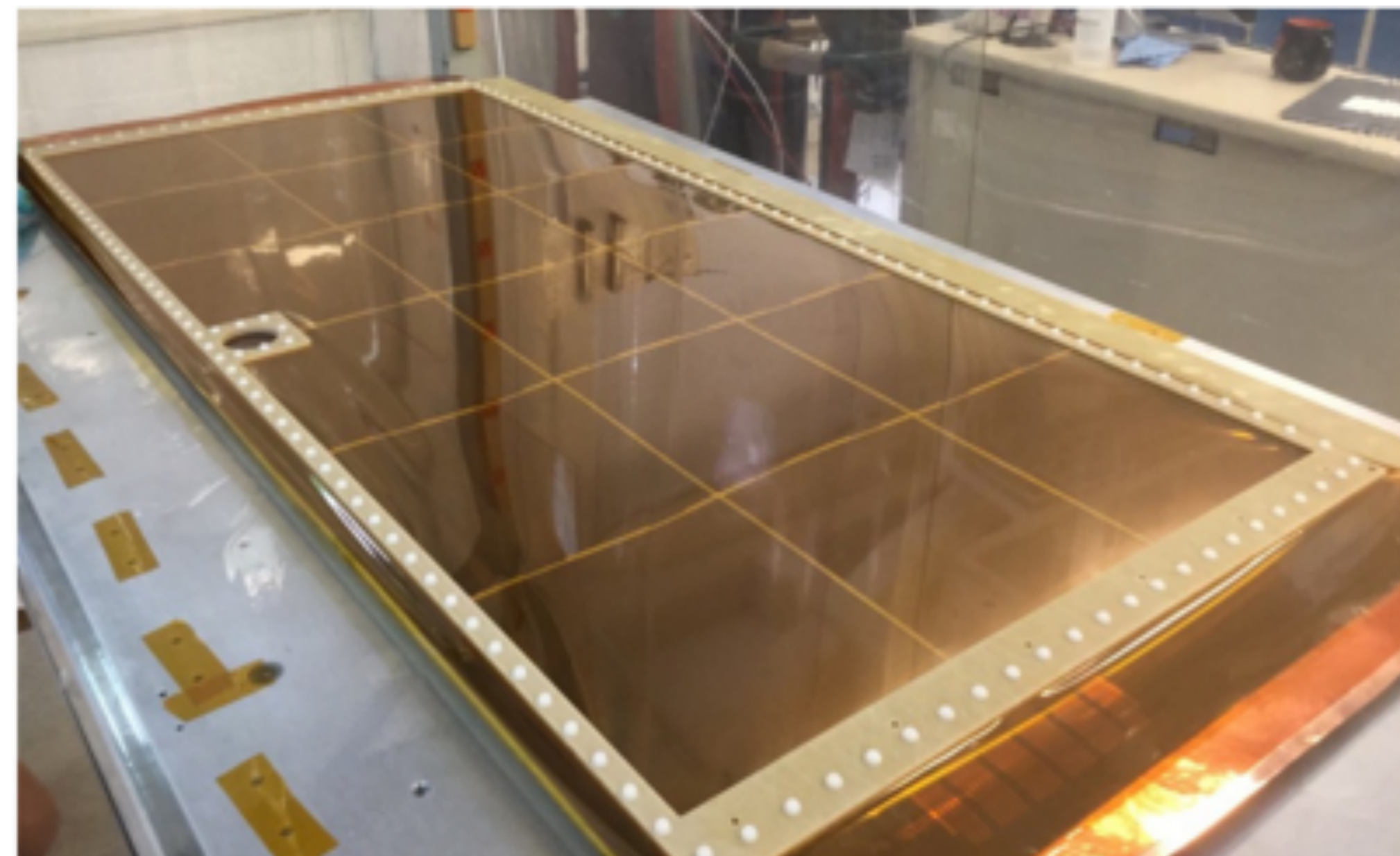
	Low x'	High x'
E' (GeV)	4.4	4.4
θ_e	13.5°	17°
Q^2 (GeV ²)	2.7	4.2
x_B	0.22	0.34

- 1 μA at 10.9 GeV
- Scattered electron to HMS/SHMS
- Recoil proton to LAD

LAD hardware

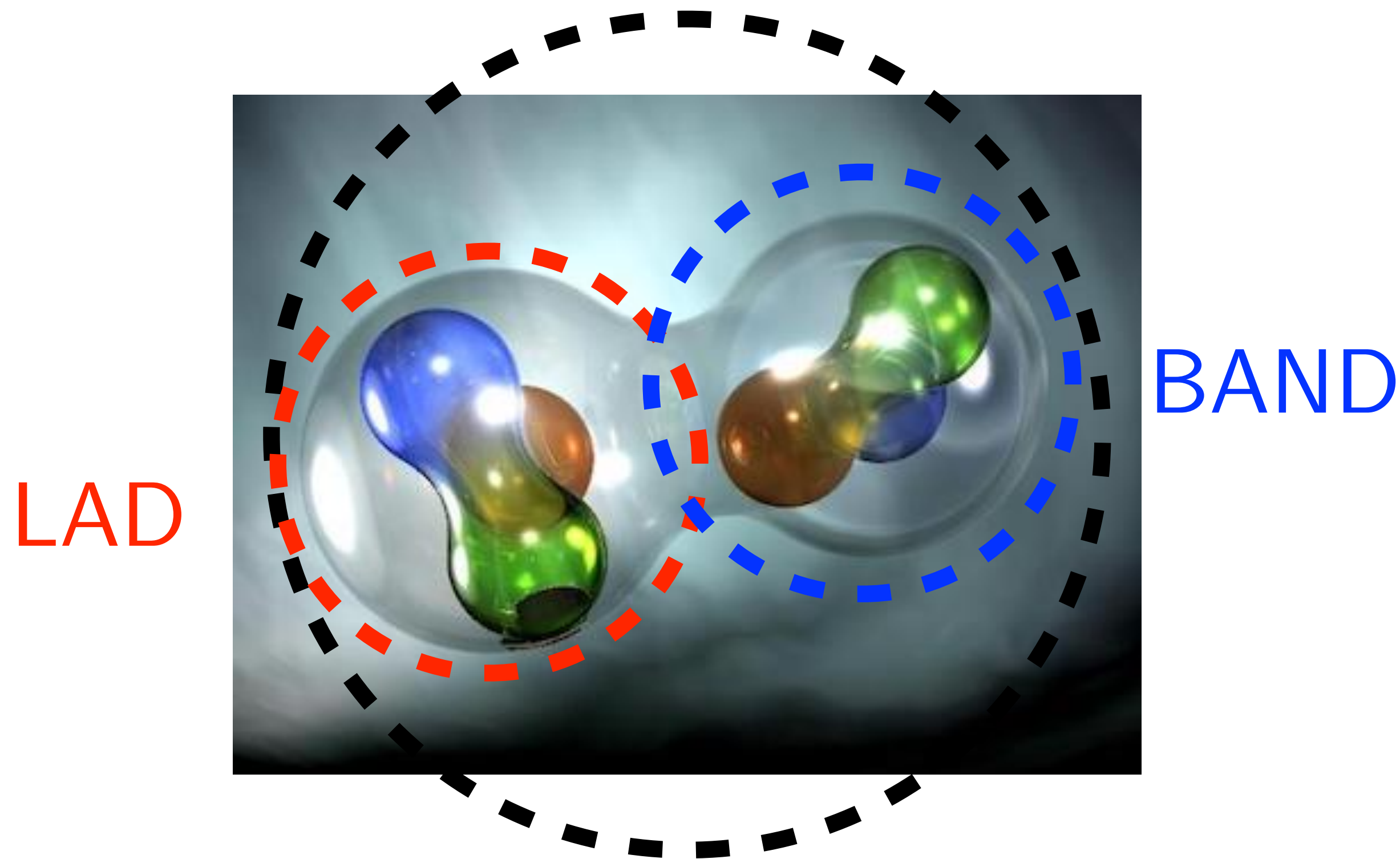


- Proton detection:
 - 5 panels of refurbished CLAS TOF scintillators
 - Proton ID using dE/dX vs. TOF
 - Proton momentum from TOF
- Proton vertexing:
 - Repurposed PRad GEMs
 - Active area $120 \times 55 \text{ cm}^2$



LAD is critical cross check of tagged measurements

Inclusive



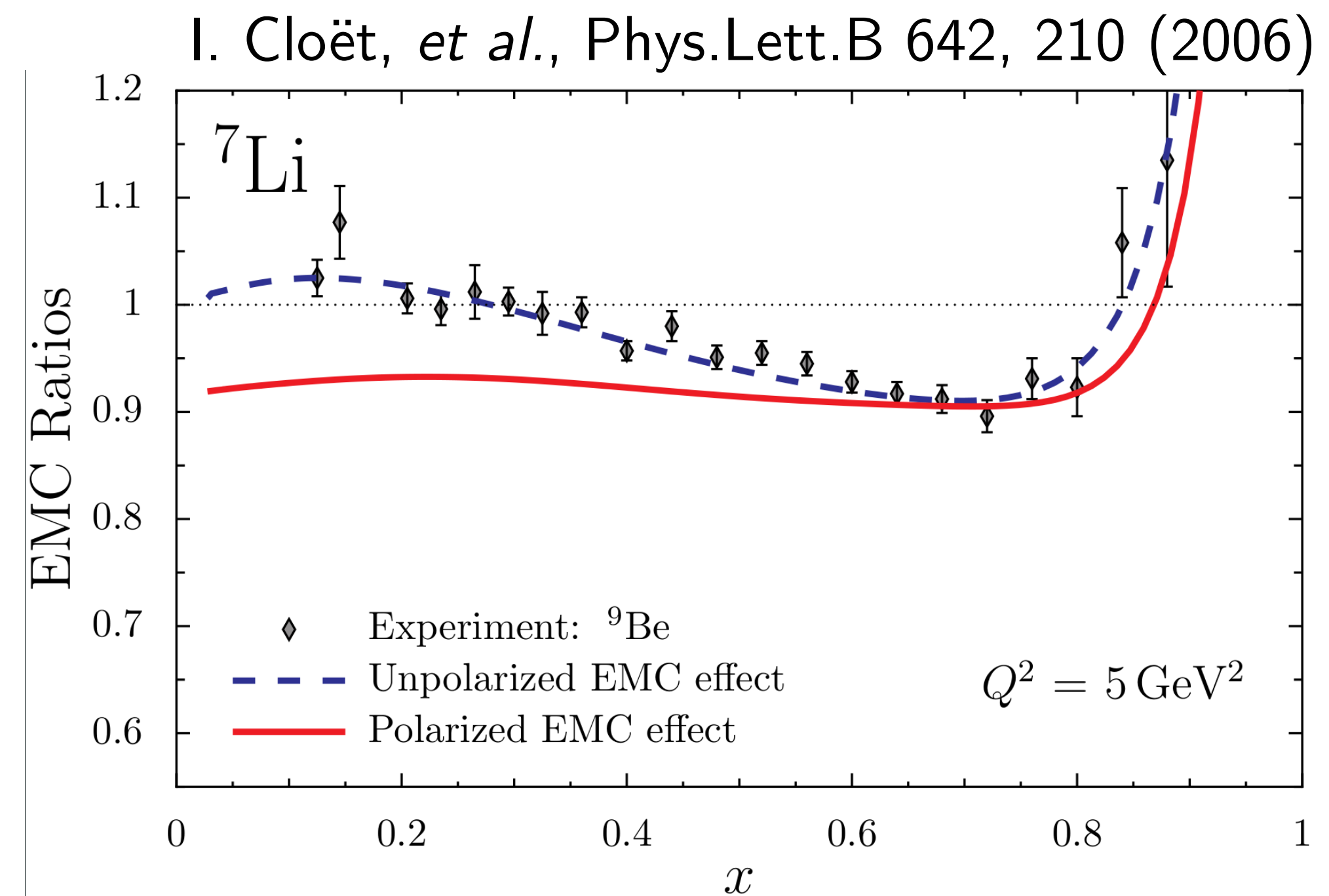
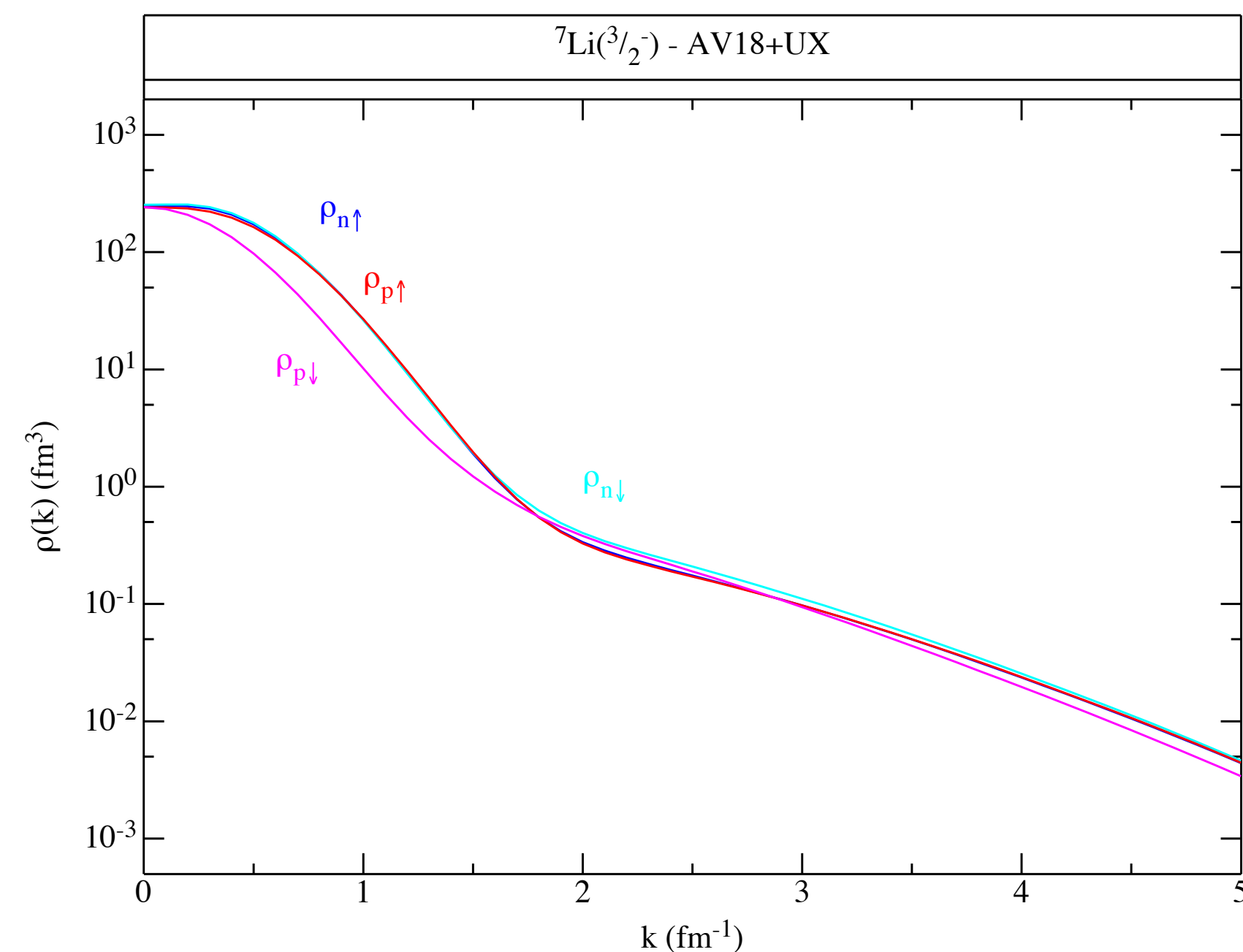
- Inclusive + BAND + LAD overconstrains deuterium
- BAND and LAD must show consistent modification of bound protons/neutrons
- Hope to achieve lower recoil momentum and angles than BAND
- On JLab schedule to start July 2024

Tagged DIS is just getting started!

- A Low-Energy Recoil Tracker (ALERT) with CLAS12 at JLab Hall B:
 - ${}^3\text{H}/{}^3\text{He}$ tagged DIS from ${}^4\text{He}$
- TDIS-n at JLab Hall C:
 - BoNuS-style measurement of low-momentum neutrons in deuterium
- Tagging at EIC

SRC-EMC connection can also be tested by polarized EMC measurements

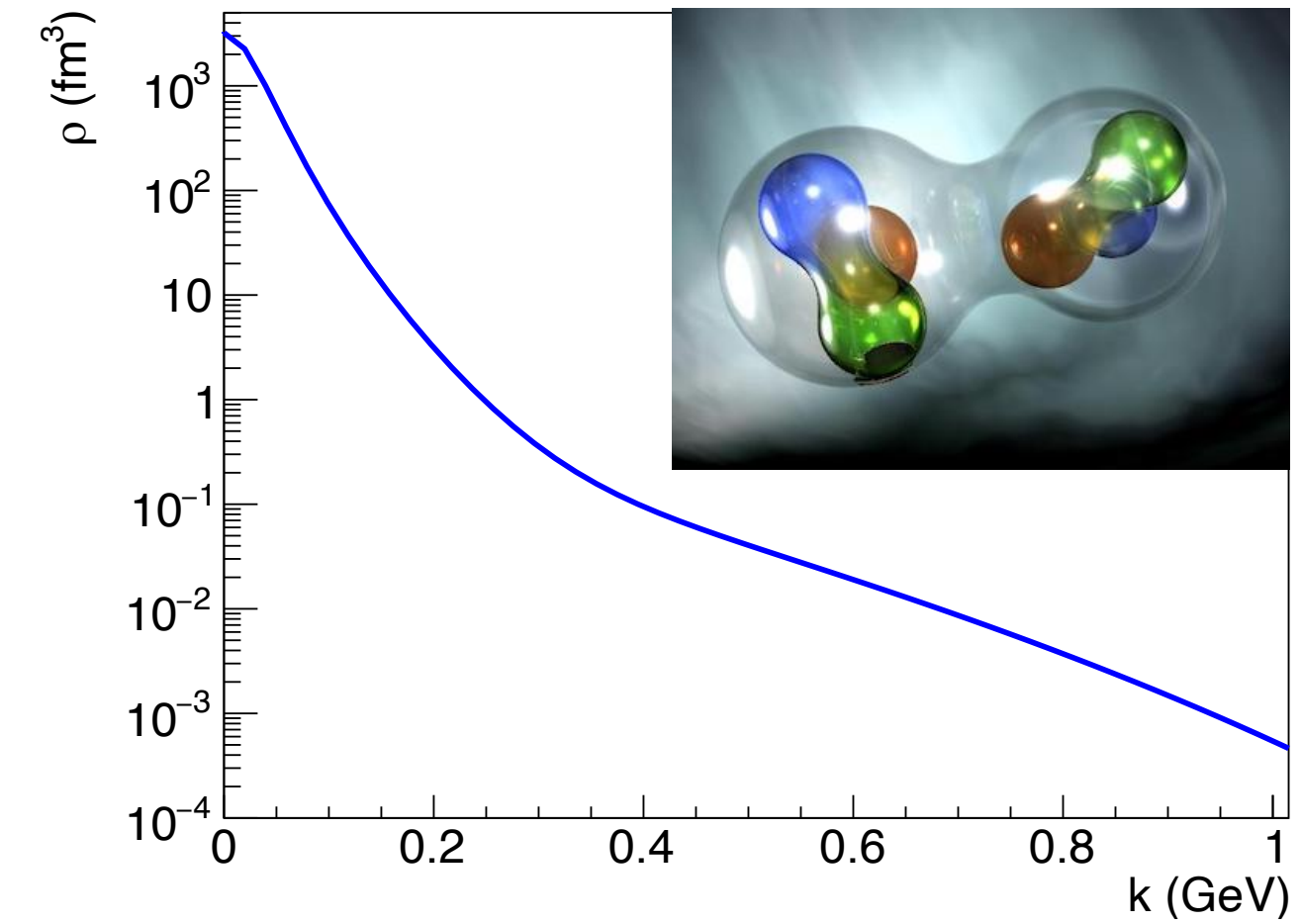
- Polarized measurements can distinguish mean-field and SRC effects
 - Small net polarization for high-momentum nucleons (small pEMC)
 - Mean-field calculations predict $pEMC \geq EMC$



Summary

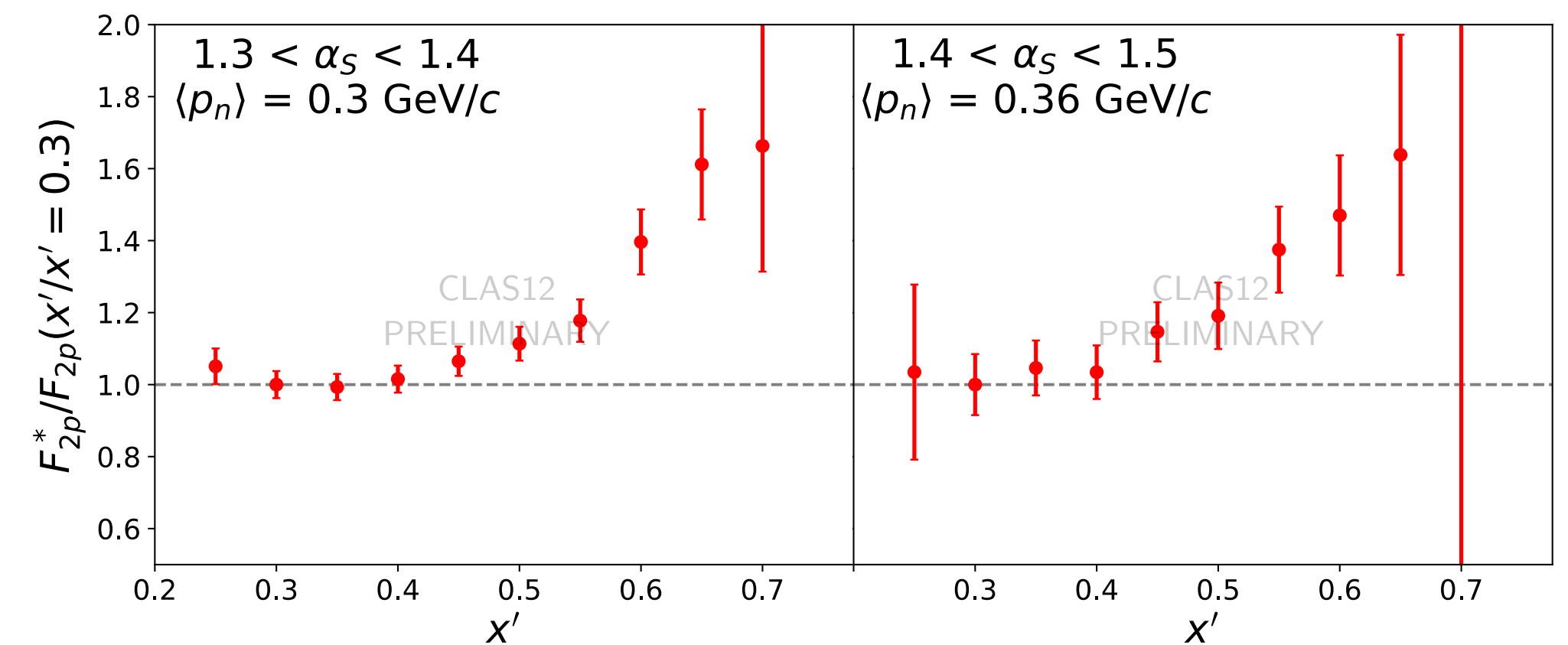
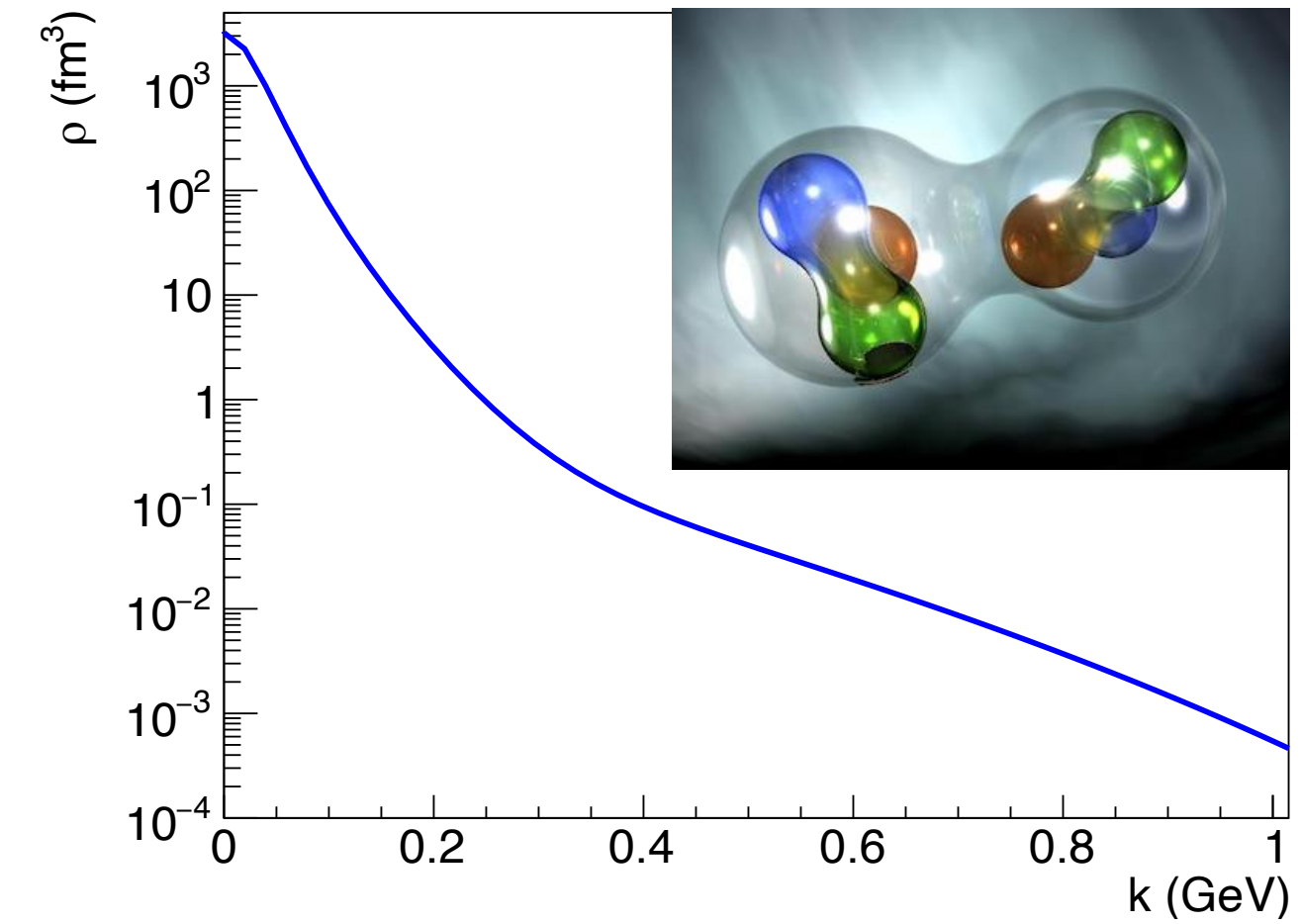
Summary

- Tagged DIS allows measurements of parton structure sensitive to nuclear configuration
 - Study quasi-free nucleons to extract free neutron structure
 - Study highly virtual nucleons to probe origin of EMC effect



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Summary

- Tagged DIS allows measurements of parton structure sensitive to nuclear configuration
 - Study quasi-free nucleons to extract free neutron structure
 - Study highly virtual nucleons to probe origin of EMC effect
- Preliminary BAND/CLAS12 results show large modification of high-momentum protons in deuterium
- Rich tagged DIS program developing for JLab (and EIC!)

