

# Interpretable order parameters from persistent homology in non-Abelian lattice gauge theory

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Machine learning for lattice field theory and beyond

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# Content

1. Cubical complexes and persistent homology
2. Confinement via different filtrations
3. Self-similarity far from equilibrium
4. Conclusions & outlook

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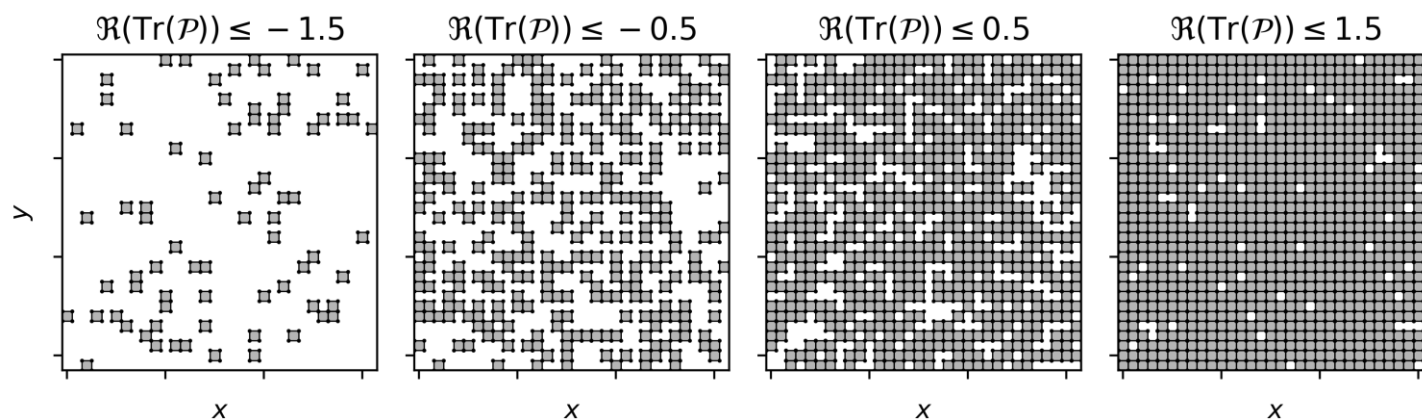
# Cubical complexes

Cubical complex is collection of cubes of different dimensions, **closed under taking boundaries**.

For  $f : \Lambda \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  some function on lattice  $\Lambda$ , sublevel sets  $M_f(\nu) := \{x \in \Lambda \mid f(x) \leq \nu\}$  form a **filtration**, i.e. a nested sequence of sets “interpolating” between  $\emptyset$  and  $\Lambda$ ,

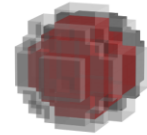
$$M_f(\nu) \subseteq M_f(\mu) \quad \forall \nu \leq \mu$$

“Pixelization” leads to filtration of cubical complexes.



# Homology

Cubical complexes can contain holes of different dimensions (e.g., 0 to 2, from left to right):



Given complex  $\mathcal{C}$ , homology groups can be computed in different dimensions,  $H_\ell(\mathcal{C})$ .

Their Betti numbers count independent  $\ell$ -dimensional holes:

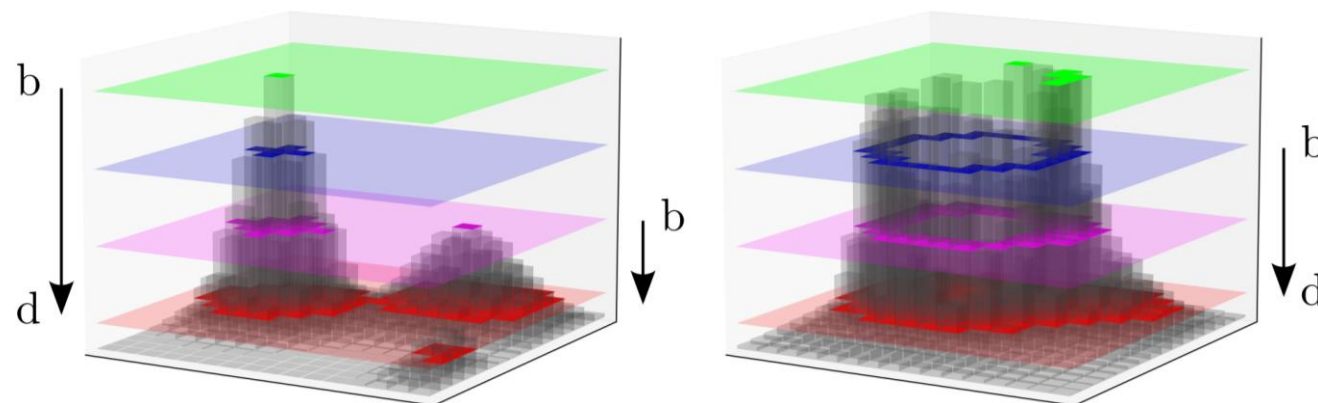
$$\beta_\ell(\mathcal{C}) := \dim H_\ell(\mathcal{C})$$

# Persistent homology

Homology of the sublevel sets  $M_f(\nu)$  generically changes with  $\nu$ . Holes can be born at **birth** parameter  $b$  and die again with **death**  $d$ , possibly deforming as filtration is swept through. Have with **persistence**  $p = d - b$  a measure of dominance of a feature.

[Edelsbrunner, Letscher, Zomorodian 2000; Zomorodian, Carlsson 2005]

Example for superlevel sets of a function on a surface:



Dimension 0

Dimension 1

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Important properties:

Persistent homology is **stable**: Small changes in  $f$  result in small changes of persistent homology.

[Cohen-Steiner *et al.* 2007 & 2010]

Well-defined large-volume asymptotics exist for suitable persistent homology descriptors such as (smoothened) Betti numbers, including notions of ergodicity.

[Hiraoka, Shirai, Trinh 2018; DS, Wienhard 2020]

Can be efficiently computed with well-developed, versatile computational topology libraries such as GUDHI.

[Otter *et al.* 2017]

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# SU(2) lattice gauge theory simulations

Goal: **Can we gauge-invariantly observe properties of the confining phase via persistent homology?**

Based on [Spitz, Urban, Pawłowski PRD 2023].

Carry out Monte Carlo simulations on 4d Euclidean  $32^3 \times 8$  lattice with periodic boundary conditions.

[Duane *et al.*, 1987]

No gauge fixing applied. Samples are SU(2)-valued links  $U_\mu(x)$ , following Wilson action,  $\beta = 1/g^2$ :

$$S[U] = \frac{\beta}{2} \sum_{x \in \Lambda} \sum_{\mu < \nu} \text{Tr}[1 - U_{\mu\nu}(x)]$$

Compare multiple times to cooled configurations (partially removed UV fluctuations), using standard Wilson flow.

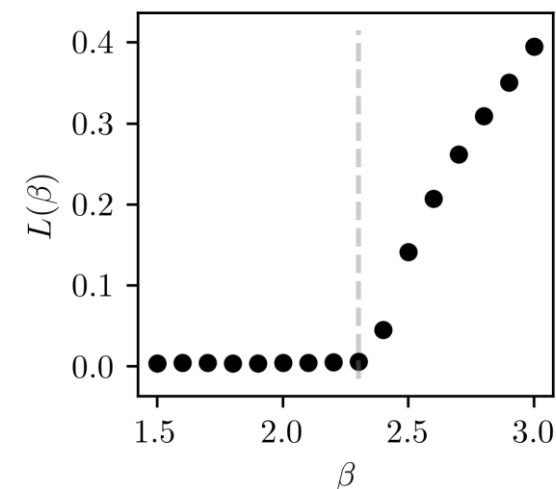
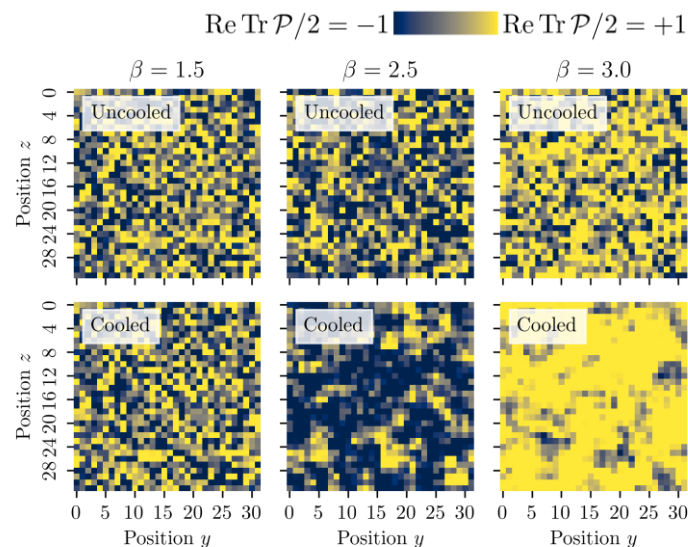
[Lüscher, JHEP 2010]

# Common pheno of SU(2) confinement

Theory is confining at low  $\beta$  as signalled by zero Polyakov loop:

$$P(\mathbf{x}) := \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr} \mathcal{P} \prod_{\tau=1}^{N_\tau} U_4(\mathbf{x}, \tau), \quad L := \frac{1}{N_\sigma^3} \langle |\sum_{\mathbf{x} \in \Lambda_s} P(\mathbf{x})| \rangle$$

**Spontaneous center symmetry breaking** in Polyakov loop traces above  $\beta_c \simeq 2.3$ :



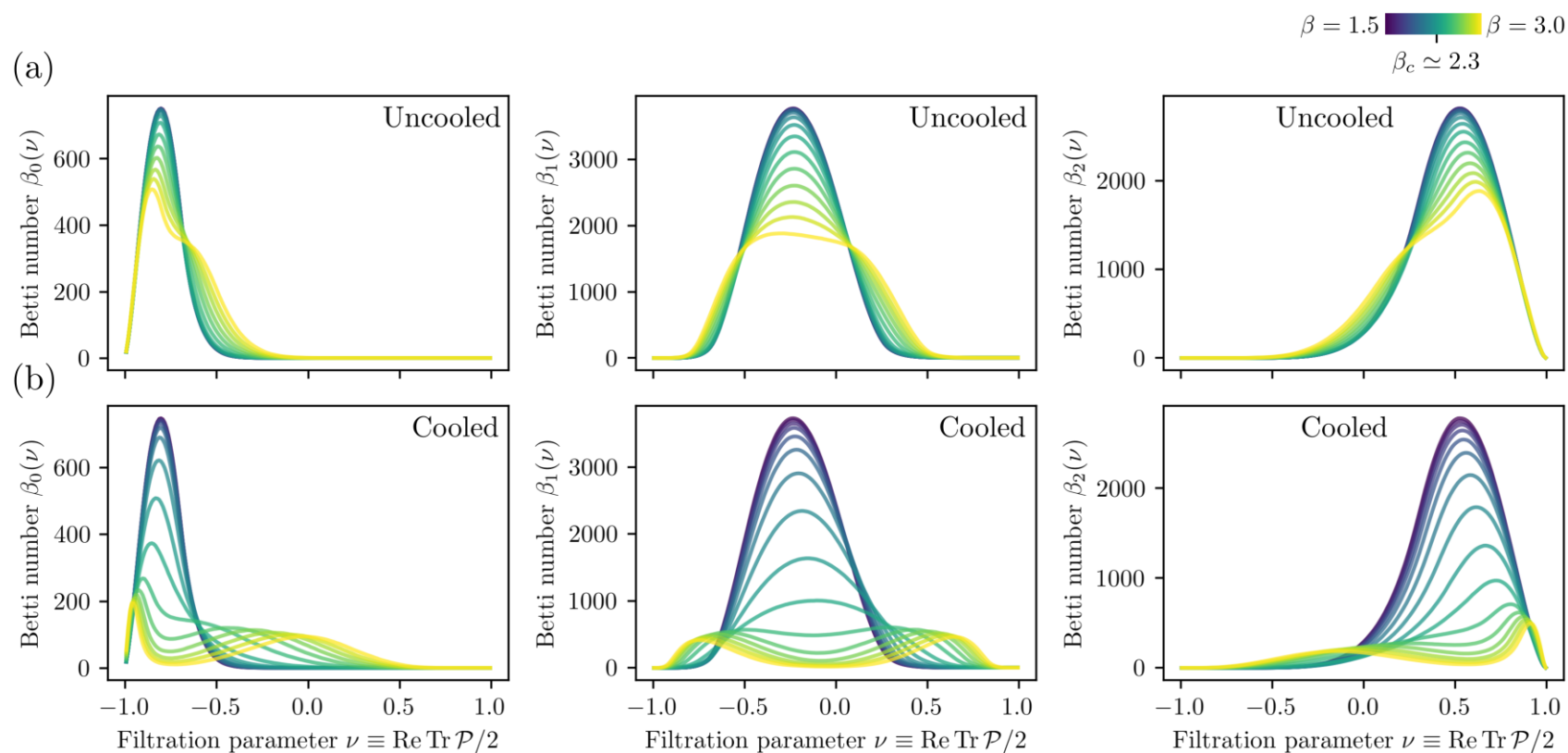
Evidence for driving via topological excitations, require interactions with Polyakov loops. Monopole constituents of calorons, **instanton-dyons**, yield non-trivial Polyakov loops at infinity.

[Kraan & van Baal 1998; Lee & Lu 1998]

Ensembles can account for confinement in theories with trivial gauge group center.

[Diakonov & Petrov 2011]

# Sublevel set filtration of $P(\mathbf{x})$



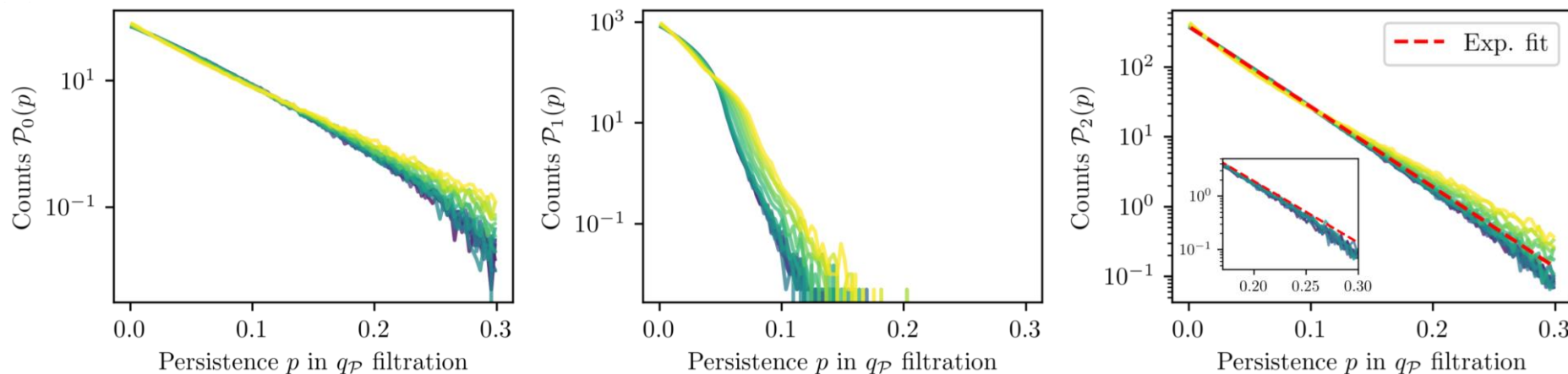
Clear **persistent homology evidence** for spontaneously broken center symmetry, effects pronounced by cooling.

# Sublevel sets of Polyakov loop topological density

Usual topological density  $q \sim \text{Tr } \mathbf{E} \cdot \mathbf{B}$  often contains strong UV fluctuation signatures.

Can rewrite topological charge as integral over 3-torus with integrand the Polyakov loop topological density:

$$q_{\mathcal{P}}(\mathbf{x}) := \frac{1}{24\pi^2} \varepsilon_{ijk} \text{Tr}[(\mathcal{P}^{-1} \partial_i \mathcal{P})(\mathcal{P}^{-1} \partial_j \mathcal{P})(\mathcal{P}^{-1} \partial_k \mathcal{P})] \quad [\text{Ford et al. 1998}]$$



Thus, topological density governed by **local lumps**, reminiscent of monopoles (no cooling)!

Exponential fit yields  $\mathcal{P}_2(p) \sim \exp(-26.5p)$

Potential of far-separated instanton dyon-antidyon pair yields 3d action

$$S_3(r \rightarrow \infty) = 8\pi v \simeq 25.1v \quad \text{with for both dyons } A_4^a(x \rightarrow \infty) \rightarrow v \hat{r}_a \quad [\text{e.g., Larsen \& Shuryak 2016}]$$

**Clear persistence signal of dyons!**

# Angle-difference filtration of holonomy Lie algebra field

Polyakov loop in Lie algebra:  $\log \mathcal{P}(\mathbf{x}) = i\phi^a(\mathbf{x})T^a$ . Trace  $P(\mathbf{x}) = \cos \phi(\mathbf{x})$ ,  $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \sqrt{\phi^a(\mathbf{x})\phi^a(\mathbf{x})}/2$

Construct angle-difference filtration from differences of  $\phi(\mathbf{x})$  between nearest neighbors on lattice,  $\pi$ -periodic (center-symm.).

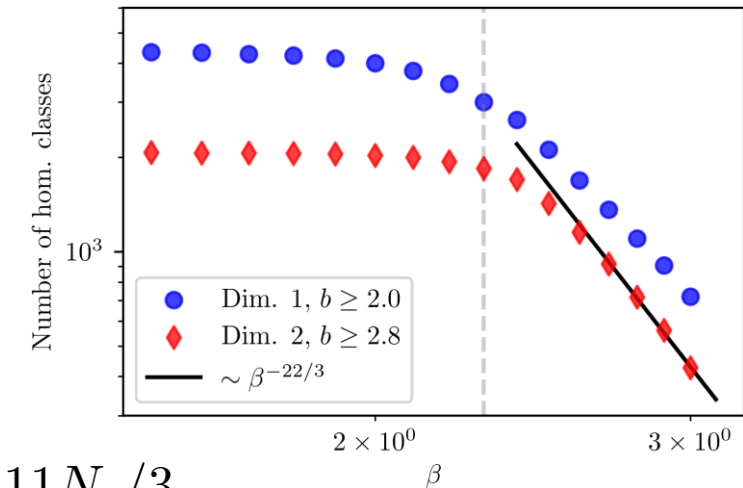
[Sale, Giansiracusa, Lucini 2022]

Number of homology classes with large birth (cooled configs.):

Thus, **manifestation of instanton appearance probability**

$$\exp(-S) = \exp\left(-\frac{8\pi^2}{g^2(T)}\right) \sim \left(\frac{\Lambda_{UV}}{T}\right)^b$$

with temperature dependence from one-loop beta function,  $b = 11N_c/3$



In addition: Differences between  $\text{Tr } \mathbf{E}^2(x)$  and  $\text{Tr } \mathbf{B}^2(x)$  filtrations due to **electric (Debye) screening outpacing magnetic screening.**

**All filtrations reveal kink in max. Betti number at critical inverse coupling!**

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# Generic evolution towards thermal equilibrium

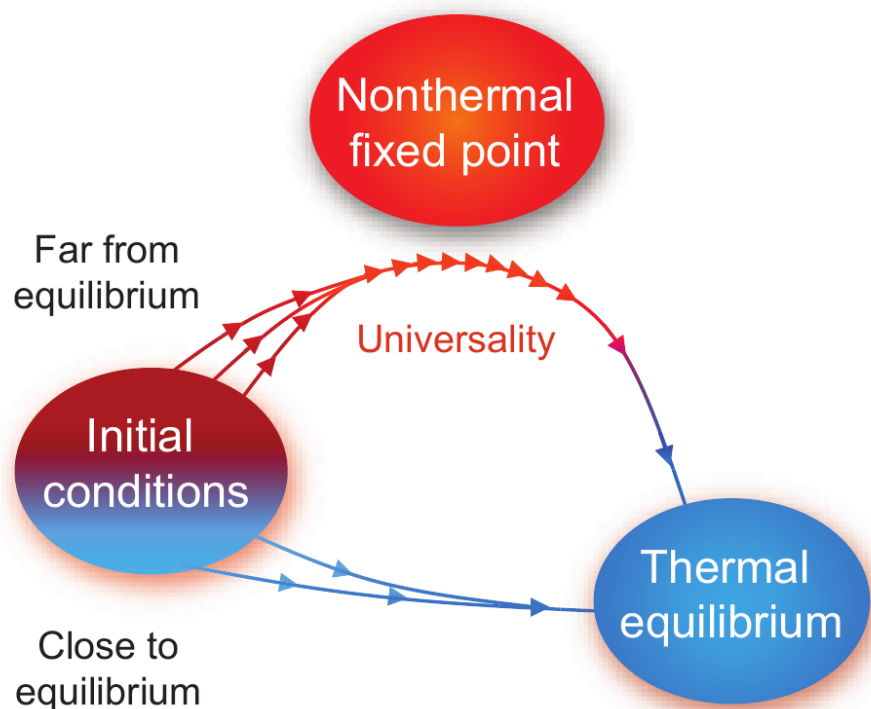


Figure reprinted from Berges 2015.

**Self-similarity** in vicinity of a nonthermal fixed point:

$$O(t, |\mathbf{p}|) = \left(\frac{t}{t'}\right)^\alpha O(t', (t/t')^\beta |\mathbf{p}|)$$

Nonthermal fixed points have been studied theoretically and found experimentally.

[Berges, Rothkopf, Schmidt 2008; Berges *et al.*, 2014; Orioli, Boguslavski, Berges 2015; Erne *et al.*, 2018; Prüfer *et al.*, 2018 & 2020]

Found self-similarity in persistent homology observables in non-relativistic scalar theory [DS, Berges, Oberthaler, Wienhard 2021] and investigated mathematically. [DS, Wienhard 2020]

Goal: **Reveal self-similarity beyond fixed order correlation functions via persistent homology**

Based on [Spitz, Boguslavski, Berges arXiv:2303:08618].

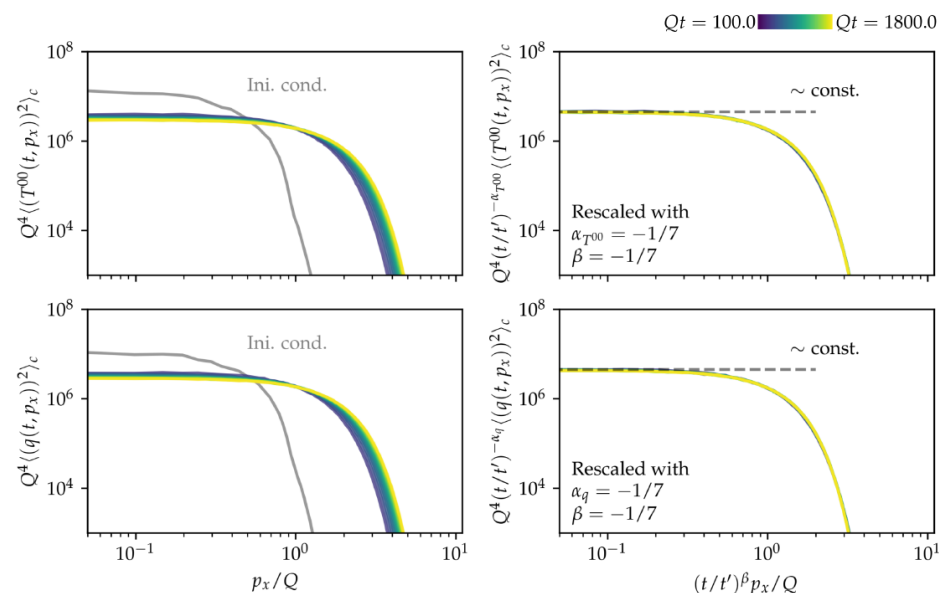
# Local energy and topological densities

Study via pure SU(2) gauge theory on  $512^3$  lattice using classical-statistical real-time simulations.

[Boguslavski *et al.*, 2018]

Electric field:  $E_i(t + \Delta/2, \mathbf{x}) := U_{0i}(t, \mathbf{x})$ . Use temporal-axial gauge  $U_0(t, \mathbf{x}) \equiv 1$ . Solve classical equations of motion for fluctuating initial conditions.

Energy densities:  $T^{00}(t, \mathbf{x}) \sim \text{Tr}[\mathbf{E}^2(t, \mathbf{x}) + \mathbf{B}^2(t, \mathbf{x})]$ , topological densities:  $q(x) \sim \text{Tr} \mathbf{E}(x) \cdot \mathbf{B}(x)$

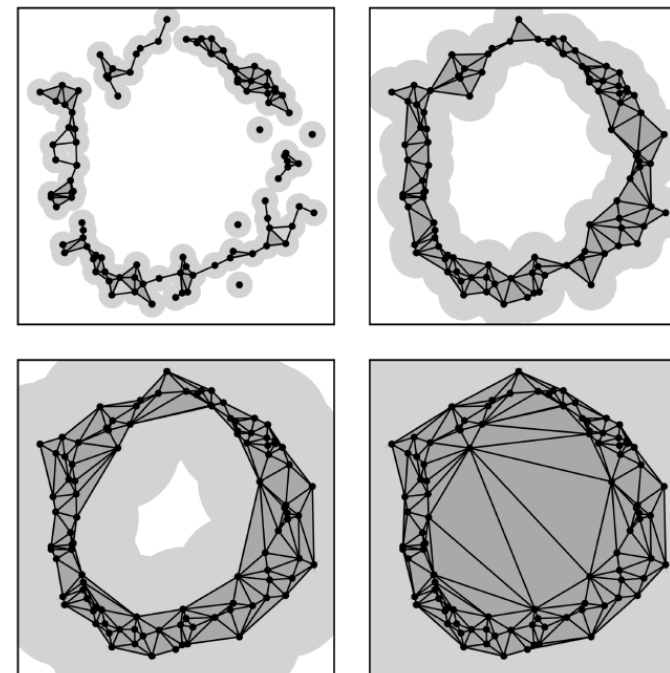
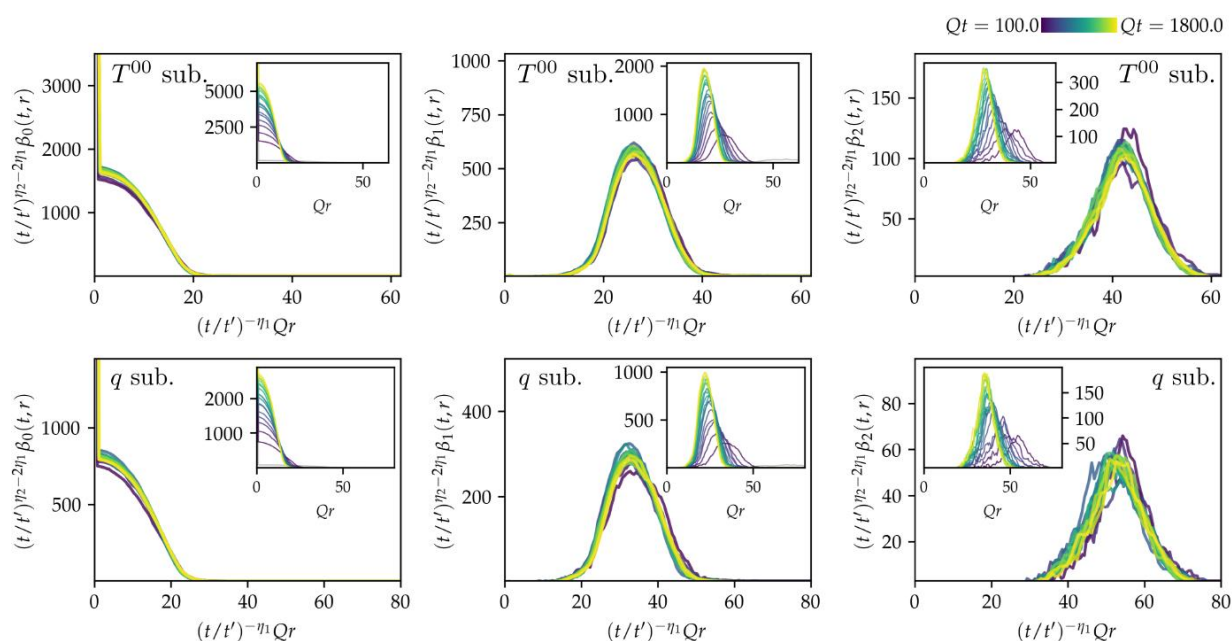


Correlations reveal self-similar scaling related to hard scaling ( $\beta = -1/7$ ) and energy-momentum conservation Ward identity ( $\alpha_{T^{00}} = -1/7$ ). [Kurkela, Moore 2012; Berges *et al.* 2014; Coriano, Maglio, Mottola 2019]



# Self-similarity in persistent homology

Study persistent homology of geometric (alpha) complexes of energy and top. density sublevel sets.



Find **self-similarity in Betti numbers**:  $\beta_k(t, r) = (t/t')^{2\eta_1 - \eta_2} \beta_k(t', (t/t')^{-\eta_1} r)$   
 Exponents linked to energy cascade ( $\eta_1 = -1/7$ ) and packing relation ( $\eta_2 = 5\eta_1 = -5/7$ ).

[DS, Wienhard 2020]

Similarity of energy and top. density Betti numbers indicates vast suppression of defects.

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# Conclusions

- Persistent homology provides versatile **new and interpretable order parameters** sensitive to a broad range of critical and scaling phenomena in non-Abelian gauge theories.
- Different filtrations allow for versatile investigations of non-perturbative effects.
- Confinement-deconfinement transition can be detected gauge-invariantly via persistent homology observables with peculiar characteristics, including **links to instanton(-dyons)**.
- Self-similarity at non-thermal fixed points is clearly visible in Yang-Mills theories via persistent homology, i.e., **persistent homology is sensitive to scale-dependent phenomena**

# Outlook

- How about **higher-rank gauge groups** different from  $SU(2)$  and suitable filtrations?
- With regard to neural network architectures designed to gauge equivariantly sample field configurations: **Can topological layers make use of the high sensitivity of persistent homology to non-local structures?**  
[for survey see e.g. Hensel, Moor, Rieck 2021]
- How tight are links between correlation functions and persistent homology observables in general?