Introducing Relativistic Reduced Density Matrix Functional Theory

M. Rodríguez-Mayorga, K.J.H. Giesbertz, L. Visscher

Department of Theoretical Chemistry, VU University Amsterdam, De Boelelaan 1083, 1081 HV Amsterdam, The Netherlands.

The applicability of reduced density matrix functional theory (RDMFT) is increasing among the chemists and physicist communities. Recent studies using the Hubbard model have proven that some RDMFT functional approximations are suitable for studying systems where strong electron correlation effects are dominant[1,2]. Moreover, as another example, RDMFT has been recently adapted as an alternative methodology to study superconductivity[3].

To further extend RDMFT applicability, we introduce in this work its relativistic version. Relativistic RDMFT[4] is presented using the Dirac 4-component Hamiltonian and including the effects of creation and annihilation of electron-positron pairs. To this end, we have properly adapted the recent work of Toulouse[5], where relativistic density functional theory including effective quantum electron dynamics was established. Then, considering the so-called no-pair approximation[6] we also present the relativistic version of some of the most accurate RDMFT functional approximations[7,8]. Finally, we analyze some properties of these functional approximations.

Bibliography

- 1.- Mitxelena, I., & Piris, M. (2020). An efficient method for strongly correlated electrons in one dimension. *Journal of Physics: Condensed Matter*, 32, 17LT01.
- 2.- Mitxelena, I., & Piris, M. (2020). An efficient method for strongly correlated electrons in two-dimensions. *The Journal of chemical physics*, 152, 064108.
- 3.- Schmidt, J., Benavides-Riveros, C. L., & Marques, M. A. (2019). Reduced density matrix functional theory for superconductors. *Physical Review B*, 99, 224502.
- 4.- Rodríguez-Mayorga, M., Giesbertz, K.J.H., & Visscher. L. (2022). Relativistic reduced density matrix functional theory. SciPost. accepted.
- 5.- Toulouse, J. (2021). Relativistic density-functional theory based on effective quantum electrodynamics. SciPost. 1, 002.
- 6.- Mittleman, M. H. (1981). Theory of relativistic effects on atoms: Configuration-space Hamiltonian. Physical Review A, 24, 1167.
- 7.- Piris, M. (2013). Interpair electron correlation by second-order perturbative corrections to PNOF5. The Journal of chemical physics, 139, 064111.
- 8.- Piris, M. (2017). Global method for electron correlation. *Physical review letters*, 119, 063002.