



Spectroscopy of nuclei near and beyond the neutron dripline

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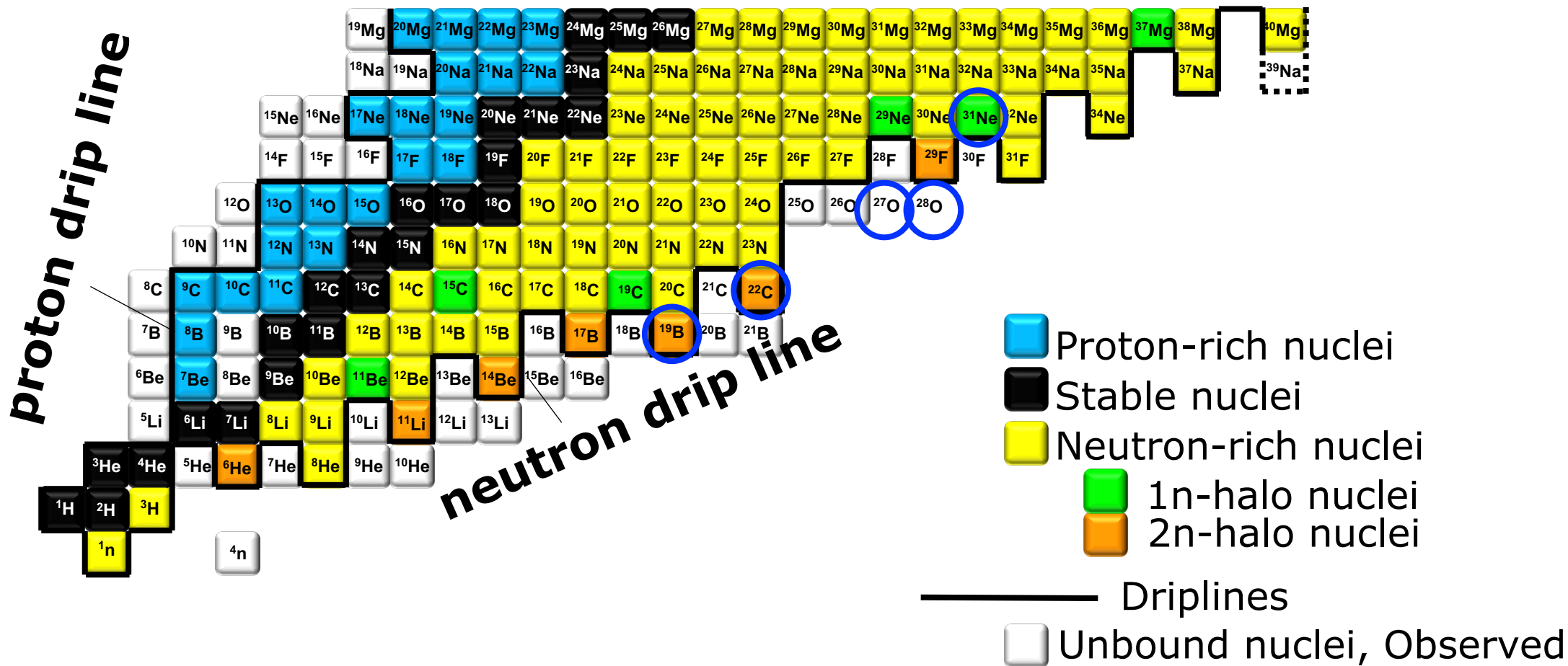
Note: In this version, unpublished data are excluded

ECT* Workshop on "nuclear Physics at the edge of stability" @4-8, July 2022

- Introduction
- Halo-Shell Interplay— ^{31}Ne
 - Coulomb breakup and double-halo components of ^{31}Ne
 - Low-lying resonances in ^{31}Ne
- Two-neutron halo— $^{19}\text{B}/^{22}\text{C}$
 - Coulomb breakup of ^{19}B and neutron-halo structure
 - Coulomb breakup of ^{22}C and neutron-halo structure
- Beyond the dripline— $^{27}\text{O}/^{28}\text{O}$
- Summary

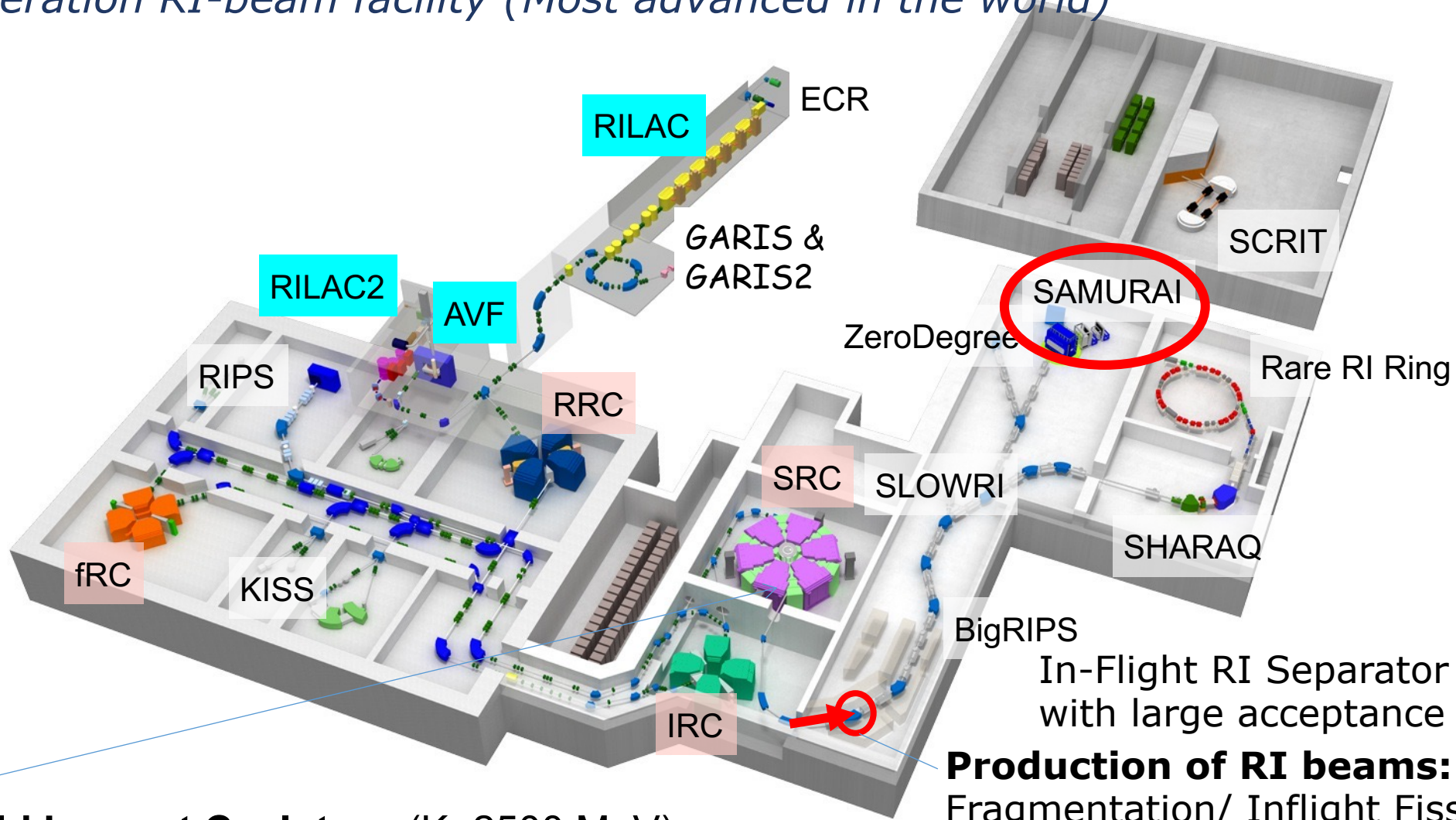
Nuclear Landscape at the limit

Dripline— Boundary of Closed/Open quantum systems
 → Clusters/Halo/Shell Evolution



RI Beam Factory (RIBF) at RIKEN 2007~

The 3rd-generation RI-beam facility (Most advanced in the world)



SRC: World Largest Cyclotron (K=2500 MeV)

High-Intense Heavy Ion Beams up to ^{238}U at 345MeV/u

eg. ^{48}Ca : ~700pA (~ 4×10^{12} pps) ~10 times compared to 2008

^{238}U : ~100pA (~ 6×10^{11} pps) ~ 10^3 times compared to 2007

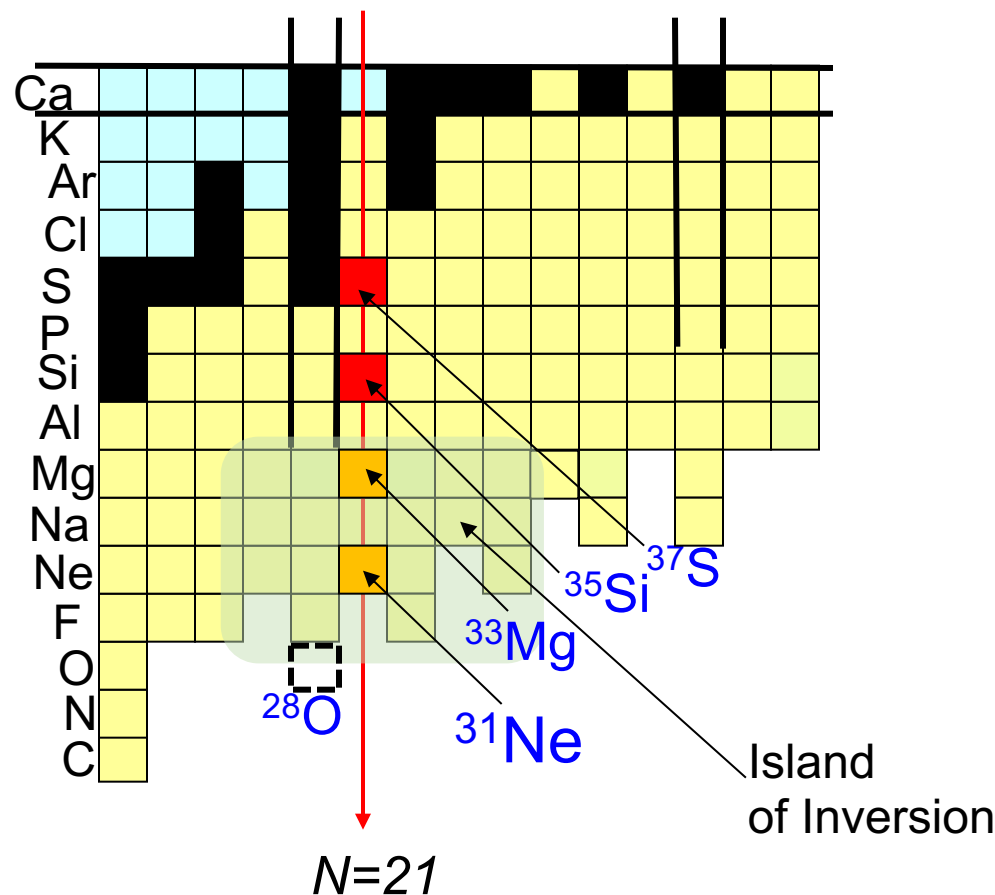
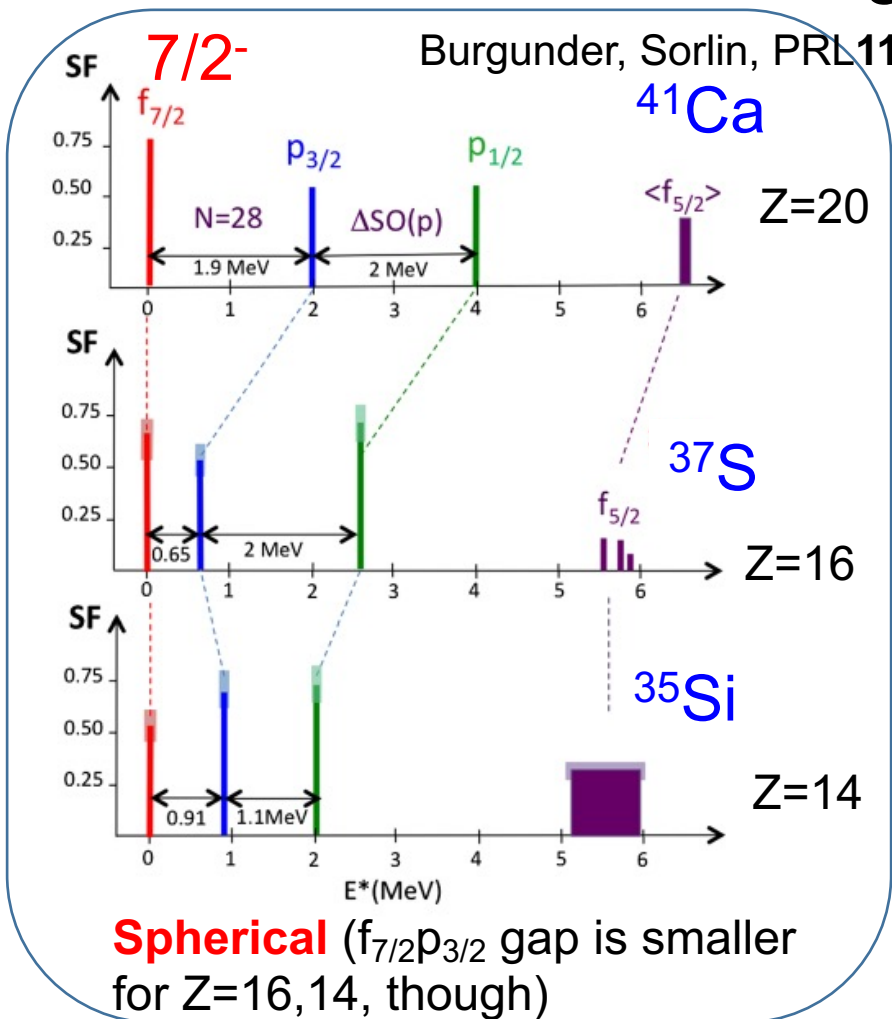
Production of RI beams:
Fragmentation/ Inflight Fission

● Halo-Shell Interplay -- ^{31}Ne

[T. Tomai, et al.](#)

Shell Evolution along N=21

Burgunder, Sorlin, PRL112,042502 (2014). $^{34}\text{Si}(d,p)^{35}\text{Si}$



^{33}Mg gs: $3/2^-$ $Z=12$
 ^{31}Ne gs: $3/2^-$ $Z=10$
Deformed: Island of inversion

Both N=20, N=28 Shell gaps: LOST!

^{33}Mg : R.Kanungo PLB685, 253 (2010).

D.Bazin PRC103, 064318 (2021).

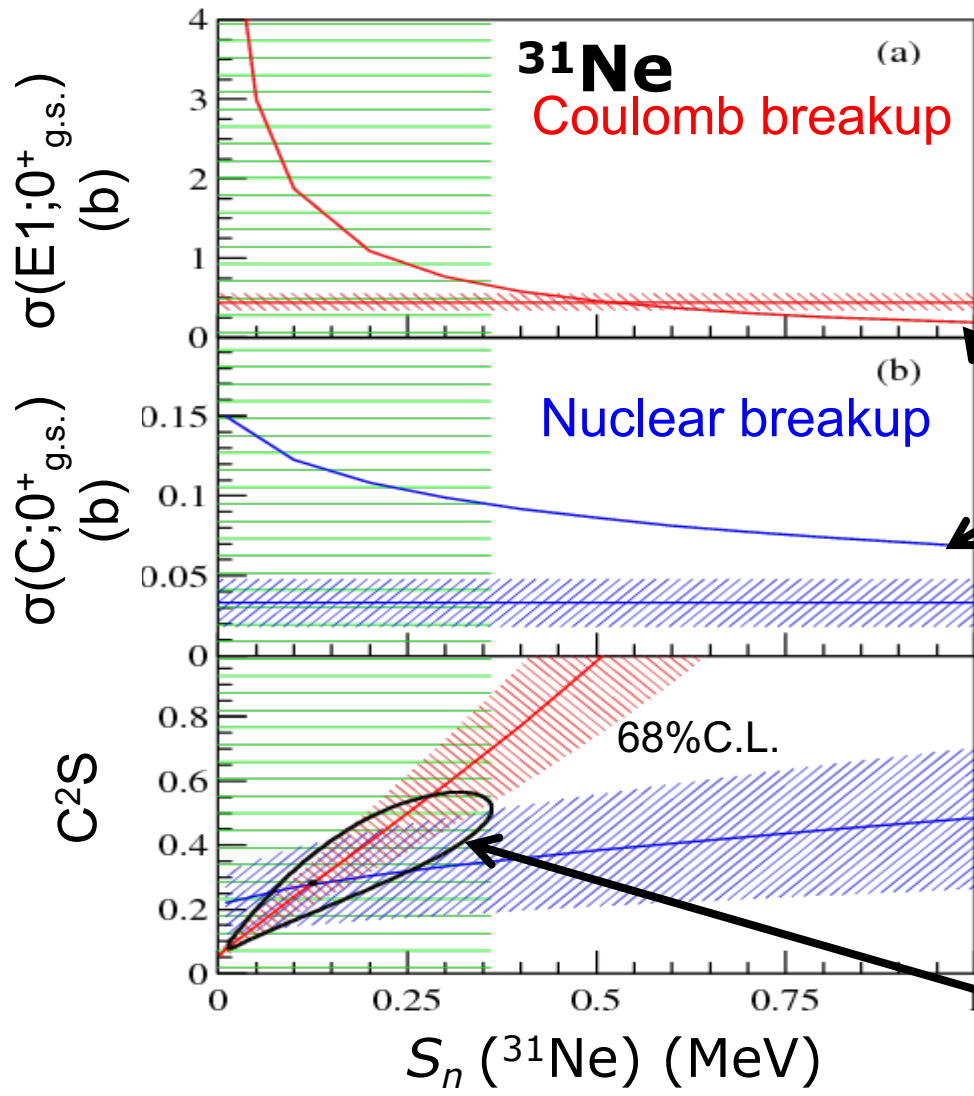
^{31}Ne : TN, N.Kobayashi et al., PRL103,262501(2009),

PRL112, 142501(2014)

Previous work: **Inclusive** Coulomb/nuclear breakup of ^{31}Ne ($\rightarrow ^{30}\text{Ne} + X + (\gamma)$)

TN, N.Kobayashi et al., PRL **112**, 142501 (2014).

$$|^{31}\text{Ne}_{\text{g.s.}}\rangle : 3/2^- \quad |^{30}\text{Ne}(0^+_{\text{g.s.}}) \otimes p_{3/2}\rangle \text{ component}$$



← Exp. $\sigma_{-1n}(E1; 0^+_{\text{g.s.}}) = 448(108) \text{ mb}$

Theoretical calc. for $|^{31}\text{Ne}_{\text{g.s.}}\rangle = |^{30}\text{Ne}(0^+_{\text{g.s.}}) \otimes p_{3/2}\rangle$ ($C^2S = 1$)

← Exp. $\sigma_{-1n}(C; 0^+_{\text{g.s.}}) = 33(15) \text{ mb}$

^{31}Ne : **$3/2^-$** **p-wave halo**
Deformed in spite of **$N=21$**

$C^2S = 0.32^{+0.21}_{-0.17}$

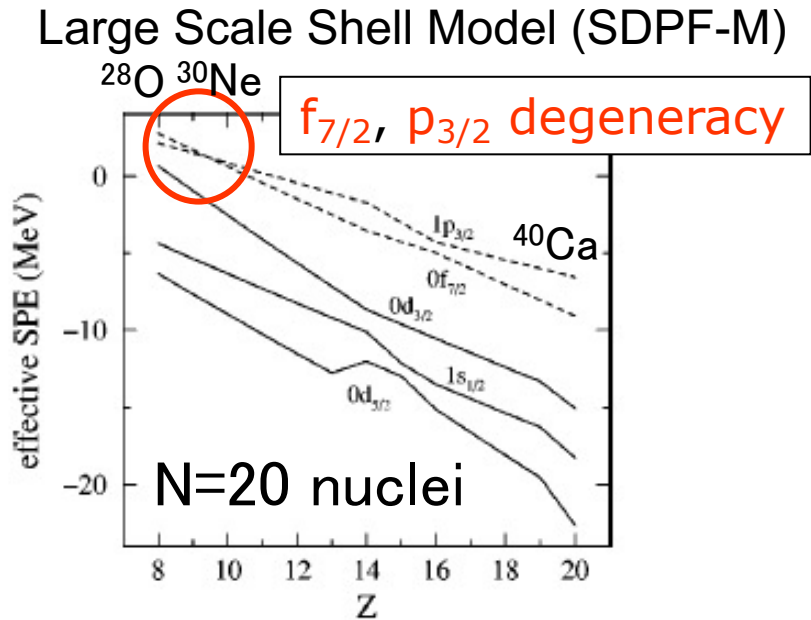
$S_n = 0.15^{+0.16}_{-0.10} \text{ MeV}$

$S_n(^{31}\text{Ne}) = -0.06(0.42) \text{ MeV}$ L.Gaudefroy et al., PRL(2012)

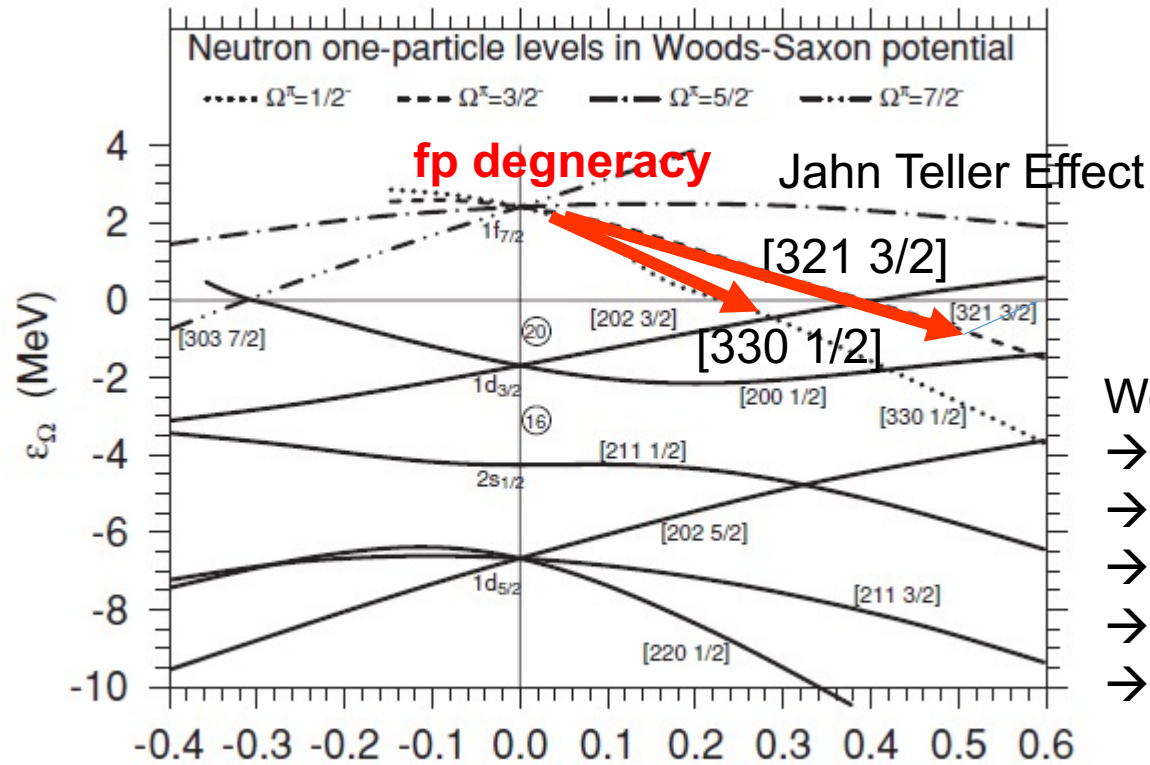
^{37}Mg : N.Kobayashi, TN et al., PRL **112**, 242501 (2014). $3/2^-/1/2^-$ $S_n = 220(12) \text{ keV}$

^{29}Ne : N.Kobayashi, TN et al., PRC **93**, 014613 (2016). $3/2^-$ $S_n = 960(140) \text{ keV}$

Deformation Driven p-wave Halo nucleus ^{31}Ne



Y.Utsuno, T.Otsuka et al.
PRC 054315 (1999).



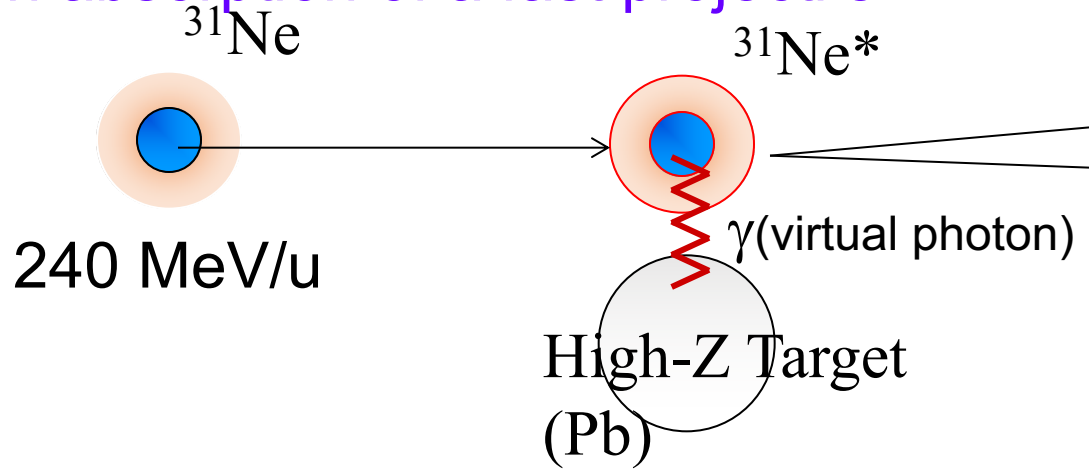
Weakly-bound effect
 → fp degeneracy
 → Jahn Teller effect
 → Strongly deformed
 → pf mixed, p enhanced
 → Halo developed

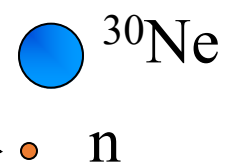
β I.Hamamoto PRC 81, 021304(R) (2010)
 I.Hamamoto PRC 85, 064329 (2012)

How deformed quantitatively?, $[330\ 1/2]$ or $[321\ 3/2]$?,
 Shell Structure of halo nuclei (Weakly-bound/continuum effects)?
 What is the mechanism of fp degeneracy?

Exclusive Coulomb Breakup

→ Photon absorption of a fast projectile



$\vec{P}(n), \vec{P}(^{30}\text{Ne})$
 Invariant Mass
 $\Rightarrow E_x, E_{\text{rel}}$


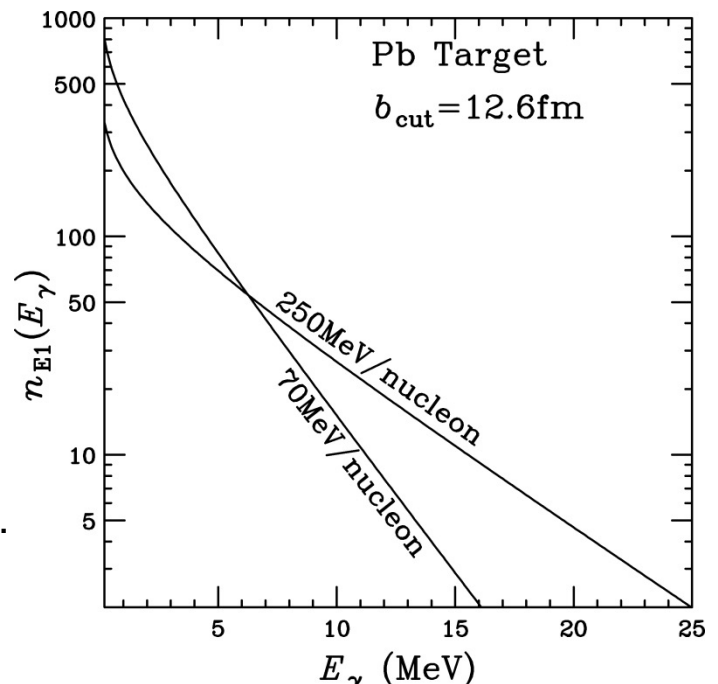
Equivalent Photon Method

$$\frac{d\sigma_{CB}}{dE_x} = \frac{16\pi^3}{9\hbar c} N_{E1}(E_x) \frac{dB(E1)}{dE_x}$$

Cross section = (Photon Number) x (Transition Probability)

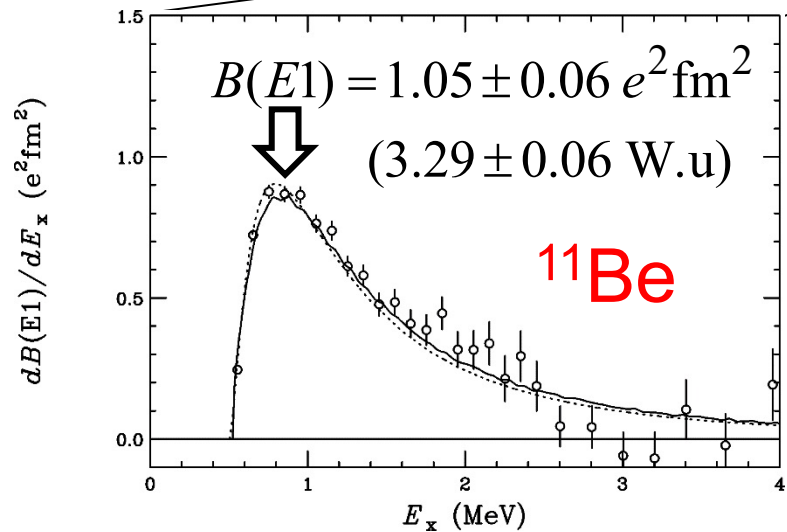
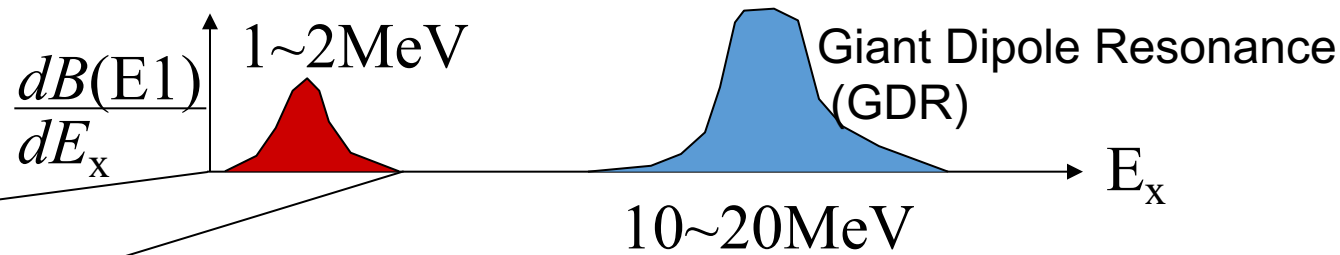
C.A. Bertulani, G. Baur, Phys. Rep. **163**, 299(1988).
 T. Aumann, T. Nakamura, Phys. Scr. T**152**, 014142(2013).

Halo → Soft E1 Excitation
 (E1 Concentration at $E_x < 1\text{MeV}$)



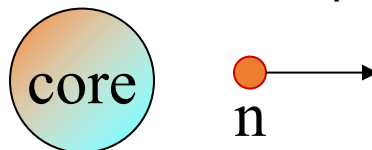
Coulomb Breakup and E1 Response--Case of 1n Halo

Low-lying E1 Strength (Soft E1 excitation)



N.Fukuda, TN et al., PRC70, 054606 (2004)
 TN et al., PLB 331, 296 (1994)
 Palit et al., PRC68, 034318 (2003)

Direct Breakup Mechanism

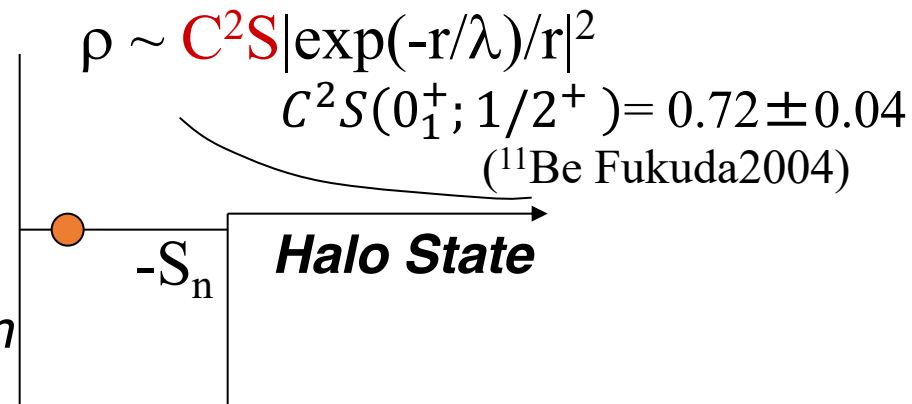


E1 Strength

$$\frac{dB(E1)}{dE_x} \propto \left| \langle \exp(iqr) \left| \frac{Z}{A} r Y^1_m \right| \Phi_{gs} \rangle \right|^2$$

$$\propto C^2S \left| \langle \exp(iqr) \left| \frac{Z}{A} r Y^1_m \right| s_{1/2} \rangle \right|^2$$

Fourier Transform



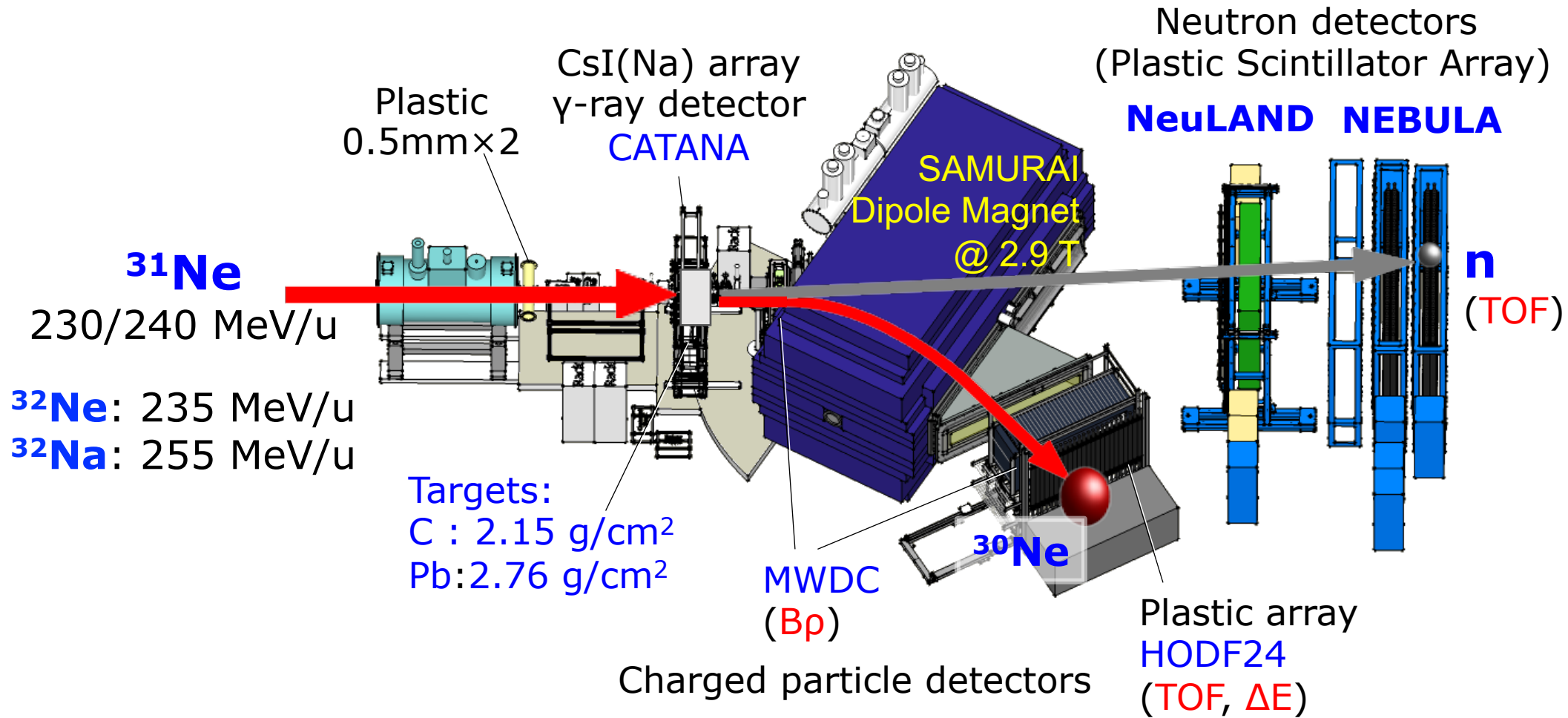
Soft E1 Excitation of 1n halo—Sensitive to S_n, l, C^2S

e.g. Peak Energy

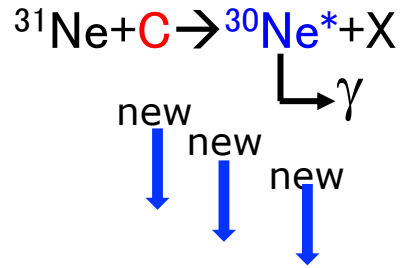
s-wave halo: $E_{rel}^{(peak)} \cong \frac{3}{5} S_n$

p-wave halo (p → s): $E_{rel}^{(peak)} \cong 0.18 S_n$

Full **Exclusive** Coulomb Breakup Measurement of ^{31}Ne T.Tomai et al.



γ -ray spectrum : Excited-core component



$$|{}^{31}\text{Ne}(3/2^-) \rangle = \alpha |{}^{30}\text{Ne}(0_1^+) \otimes 2p_{3/2} \rangle + \beta |{}^{30}\text{Ne}(2_1^+) \otimes 2p_{3/2} \rangle + \dots$$

	$\sigma_{\text{CB}}({}^{30}\text{Ne}+n)$ [mb]
Coulomb breakup	Integral $E_{\text{rel}}=0-5\text{MeV}$
${}^{31}\text{Ne} \rightarrow {}^{30}\text{Ne}(\text{total})$	
${}^{31}\text{Ne} \rightarrow {}^{30}\text{Ne}(0^+)$	
${}^{31}\text{Ne} \rightarrow {}^{30}\text{Ne}(2^+)$	
Ratio($0^+ : 2^+$)	

Coulomb breakup of ^{31}Ne : Energy Spectrum

Preliminary

$d\sigma_{CD}/dE_{rel}$ (mb/MeV)

Total

$^{30}\text{Ne}(0_1^+) \otimes 2p_{3/2}$

$^{30}\text{Ne}(2_1^+) \otimes 2p_{3/2}$

E_{rel} (MeV)

Preliminary

$^{30}\text{Ne}(0_1^+) \otimes 2p_{3/2}$

$^{30}\text{Ne}(2_1^+) \otimes 2p_{3/2}$

	S_n (MeV)	$C^2S(0_1^+; 3/2^-)$	$C^2S(2_1^+; 3/2^-)$
This work			
Prev. work*	$0.15^{+0.16}_{-0.10}$	$0.32^{+0.21}_{-0.17}$	-
SM(SDPF-M)		0.21	0.34

*TN, N. Kobayashi et al., PRL**112**, 142501 (2014).

$$|^{31}\text{Ne}(3/2^-) \rangle = \alpha |^{30}\text{Ne}(0_1^+) \otimes 2p_{3/2} \rangle + \beta |^{30}\text{Ne}(2_1^+) \otimes 2p_{3/2} \rangle$$

$$\alpha^2 = C^2S(0_1^+; 3/2^-) \quad \beta^2 = C^2S(2_1^+; 3/2^-)$$

Double-Component Halo

$$|^{31}\text{Ne}(3/2^-) \rangle = \alpha |^{30}\text{Ne}(0_1^+) \otimes 2p_{3/2} \rangle + \beta |^{30}\text{Ne}(2_1^+) \otimes 2p_{3/2} \rangle$$

$$\alpha^2 = 0.22 \pm 0.04 \qquad \beta^2 = 0.52^{+0.07}_{-0.10}$$

Preliminary

Double-Component Halo:

- ✓ Unique feature of p-wave halo (Single-component for s-wave halo)
- ✓ Coupled to Rotation → Deformed halo

Amplitude ratio of 0^+ , 2^+
 With Particle Rotor Model (PRM)
 → Quadrupole deformation

→ $\beta \sim 0.2 - 0.6$

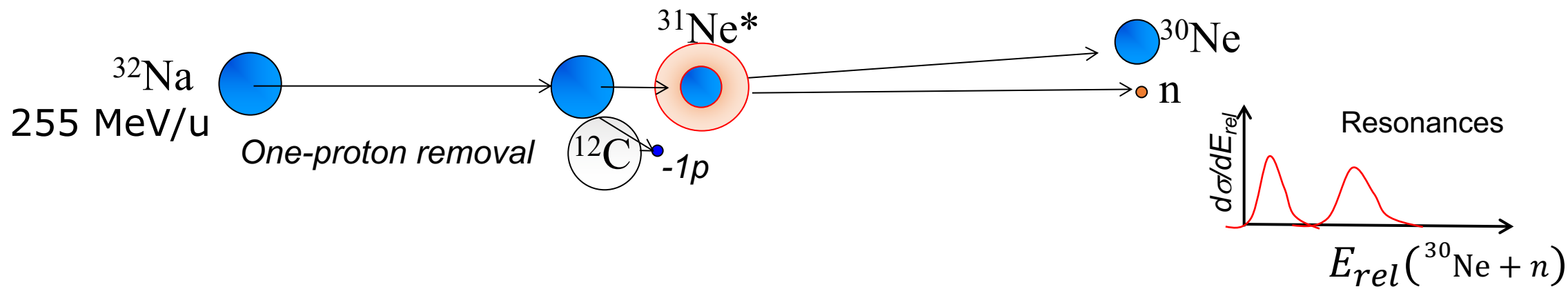
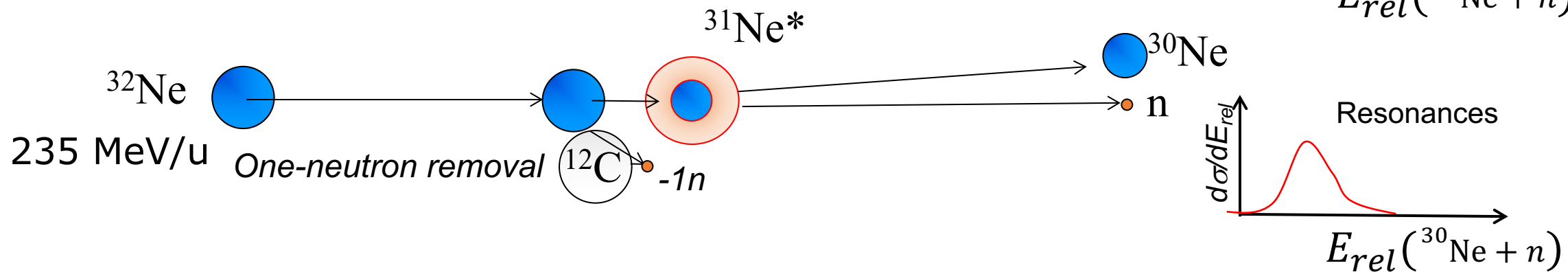
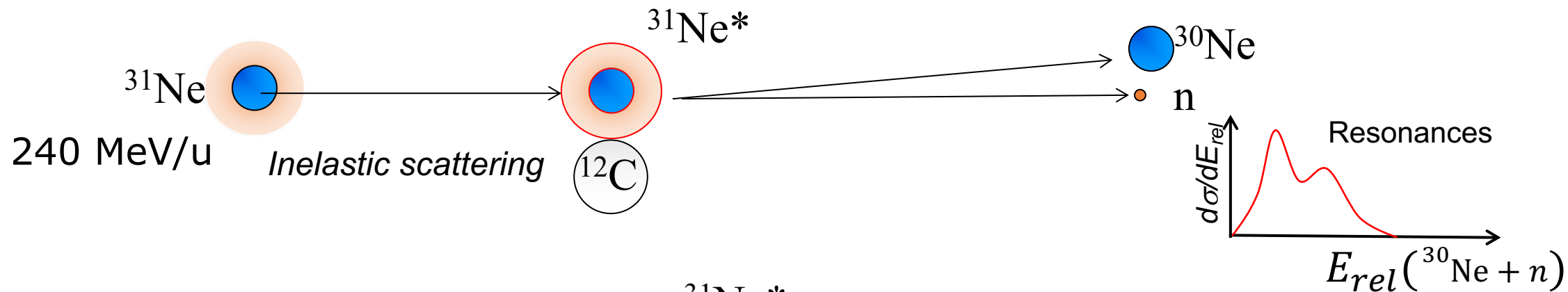
➤ PRM Calculation for $S_n = 0.3$ MeV

β_2	$[0^+ \otimes p_{3/2}]$	$[2^+ \otimes p_{3/2}]$	$[2^+ \otimes p_{1/2}]$
0.1	0%	6.5%	0%
0.2	44.9%	8.4%	2.0%
0.55	1.9%	29.7%	4.4%

$$\sqrt{\langle r^2 \rangle} =$$

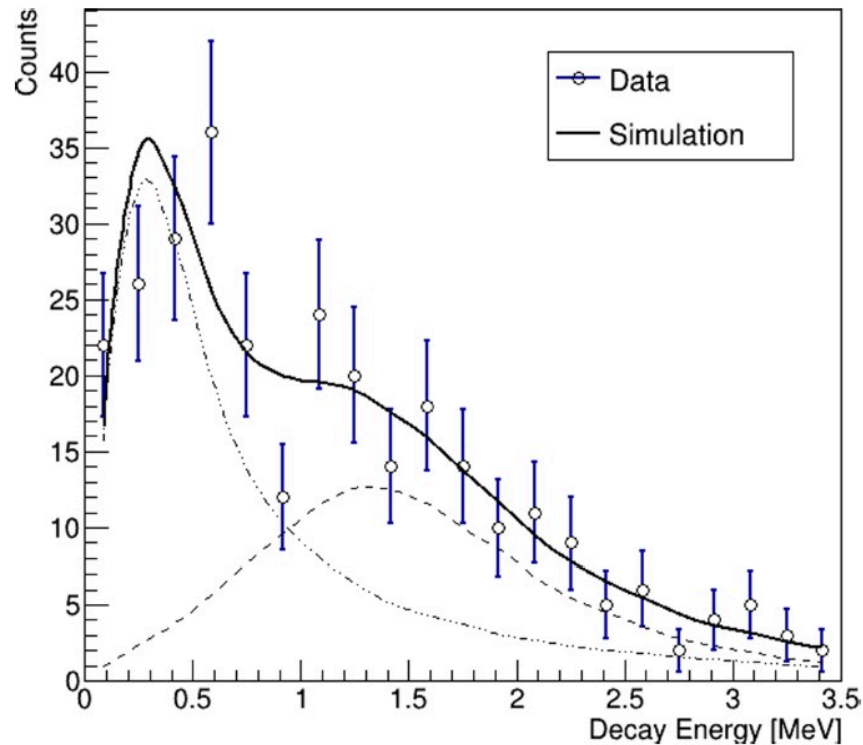
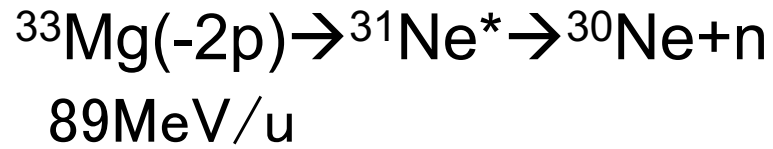
c.f. ^{11}Be : $\sqrt{\langle r^2 \rangle} = 5.77 \pm 0.16$ fm
 N.Fukuda PRC70, 054606 (2004).

Exclusive Nuclear Breakup



Previous Work: @MSU

D. Chrisman et al., PRC 104, 034313 (2021)



$$E_{rel} = 0.30(17), 1.50(33)\text{MeV}$$

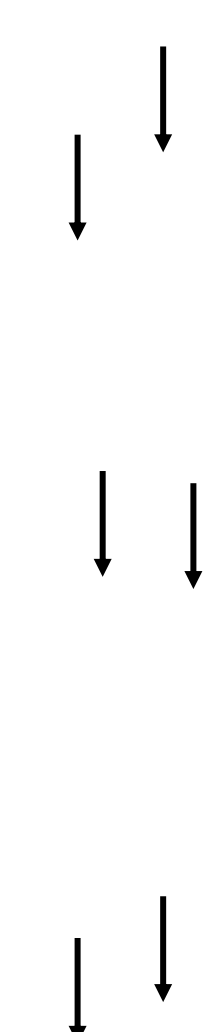
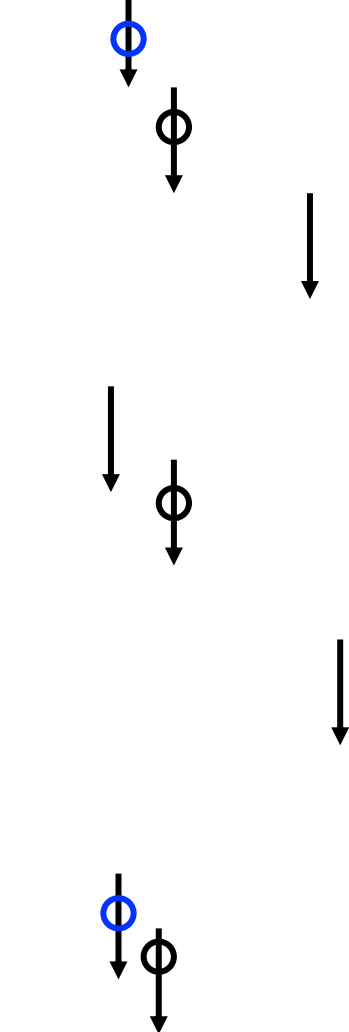
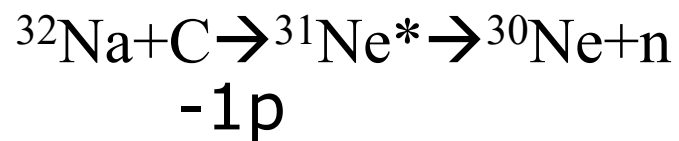
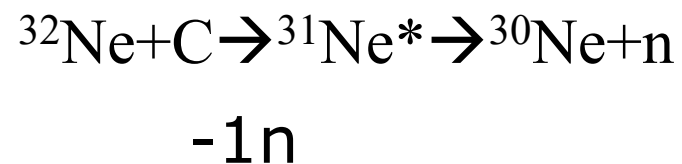
No γ coincidence measurement done

Results

Preliminary

Decay to $^{30}\text{Ne}(0_1^+)$

Decay to $^{30}\text{Ne}(2_1^+)$
($E_\gamma=792\text{keV}$ coincidence)

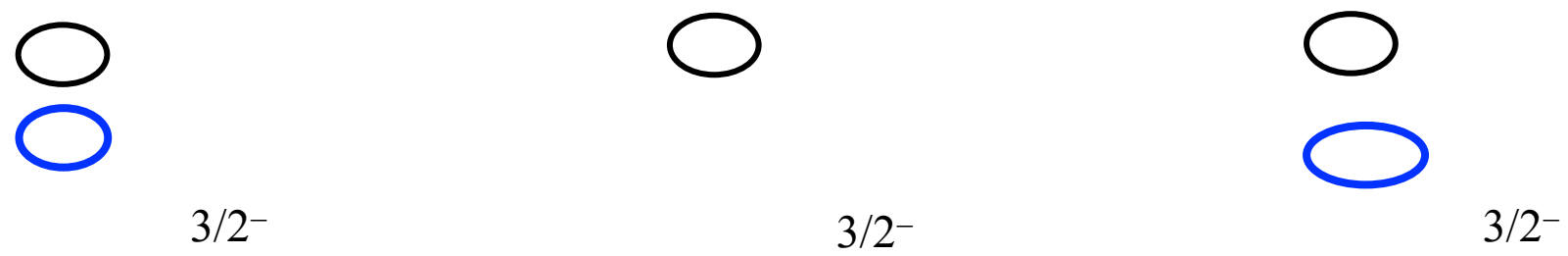


In addition,
Observed
resonances
decay to $^{30}\text{Ne}(4^+)$

^{31}Ne Levels observed by ^{31}Ne , ^{32}Ne , ^{32}Na induced reactions

Preliminary

- ✓ Excited states at observed
- ✓ $E(3/2^-) < E(5/2^-) < E(7/2^-) \rightarrow K=3/2$ Rotational Band (Nilsson [321 3/2])
- ✓ $E_x(7/2^-)/E_x(5/2^-) =$ c.f. 2.4 $\leftarrow E_x \propto I(I + 1) - I_{gs}(I_{gs} + 1)$



Inelastic

$^{32}\text{Ne} - 1n$

$^{32}\text{Na} - 1p$

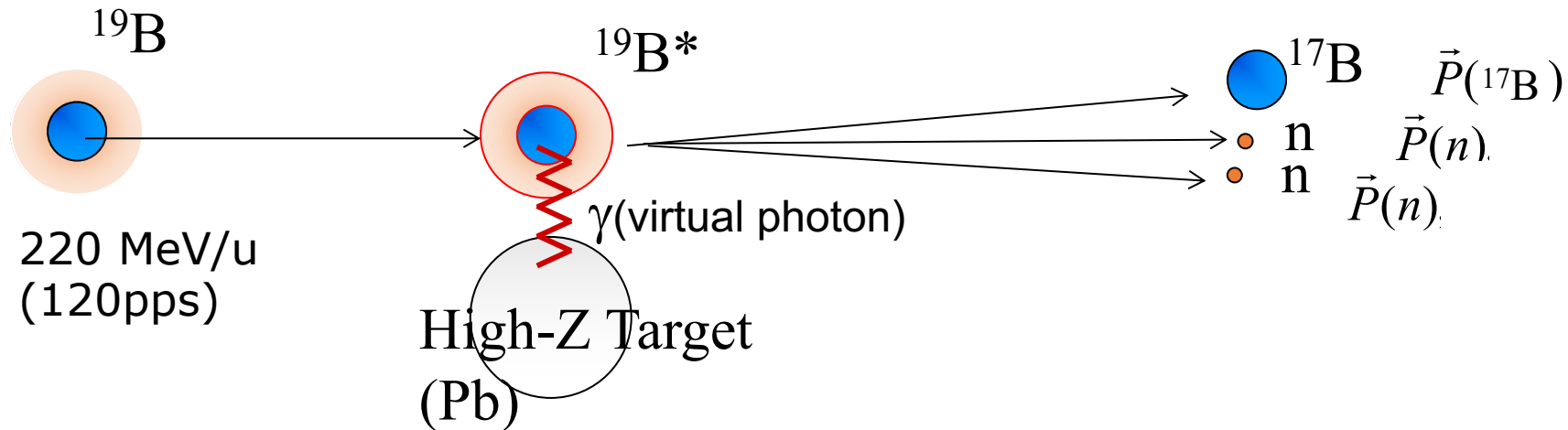
Two-neutron halo— $^{19}\text{B}/^{22}\text{C}$

Coulomb breakup of ^{19}B : K.J. Cook et al., PRL2020

Coulomb breakup of ^{22}C : N. Nakatsuka et al., in preparation

Coulomb Breakup of ^{19}B

K. J. Cook, TN et al. PRL124, 212503, 2020



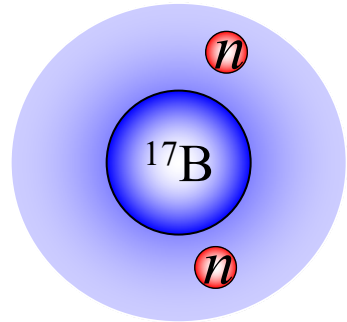
PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS **124**, 212503 (2020)

Editors' Suggestion

Halo Structure of the Neutron-Dripline Nucleus ^{19}B

K. J. Cook^{1,*}, T. Nakamura¹, Y. Kondo¹, K. Hagino², K. Ogata^{3,4}, A. T. Saito¹, N. L. Achouri⁵, T. Aumann^{6,7}, H. Baba⁸, F. Delaunay⁵, Q. Deshayes⁵, P. Doornenbal⁸, N. Fukuda⁸, J. Gibelin⁵, J. W. Hwang⁹, N. Inabe⁸, T. Isobe⁸, D. Kameda⁸, D. Kanno¹, S. Kim⁹, N. Kobayashi¹, T. Kobayashi¹⁰, T. Kubo⁸, S. Leblond^{5,†}, J. Lee^{8,‡}, F. M. Marqués⁵, R. Minakata¹, T. Motobayashi⁸, K. Muto¹⁰, T. Murakami², D. Murai¹¹, T. Nakashima¹, N. Nakatsuka², A. Navin¹², S. Nishi¹, S. Ogoshi¹, N. A. Orr⁵, H. Otsu⁸, H. Sato⁸, Y. Satou⁹, Y. Shimizu⁸, H. Suzuki⁸, K. Takahashi¹⁰, H. Takeda⁸, S. Takeuchi^{8,1}, R. Tanaka¹, Y. Togano^{7,11}, J. Tsubota¹, A. G. Tuff¹³, M. Vandebrouck^{14,§} and K. Yoneda⁸

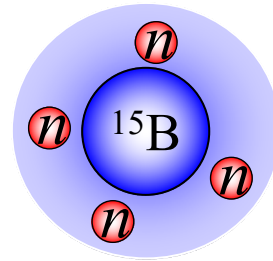
^{19}B : Two-neutron halo or Four neutron skin?



$$^{19}\text{B} = ^{17}\text{B} + 2n(\text{halo})?$$

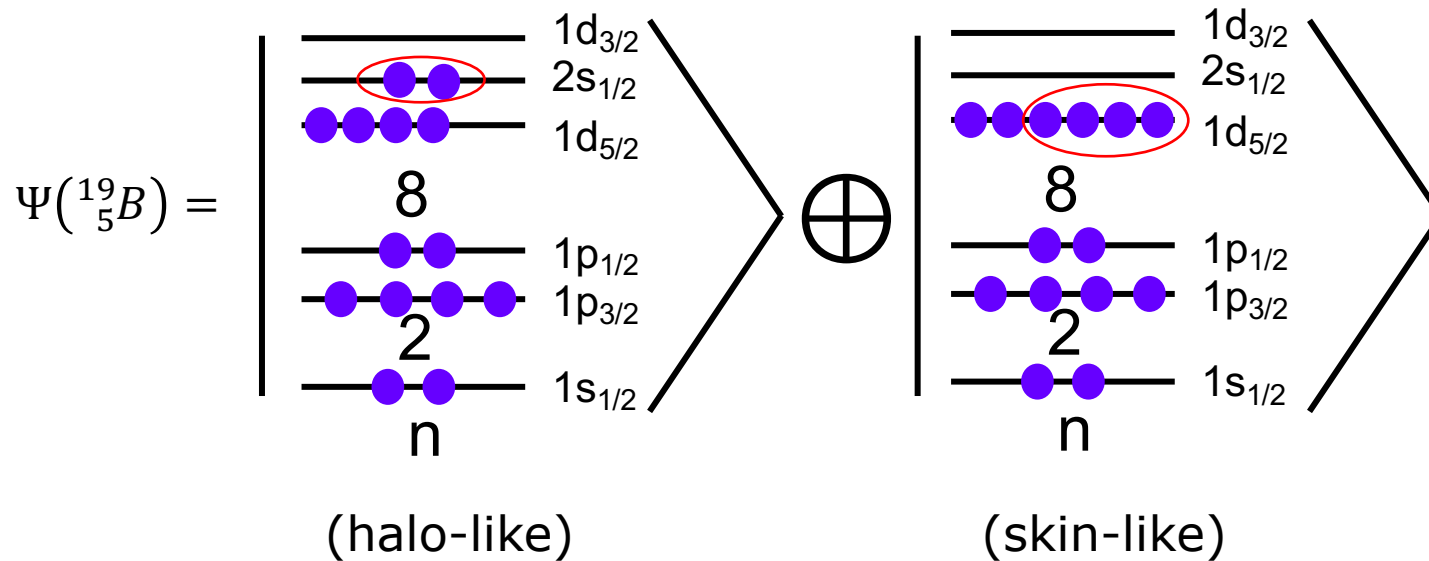
$$S_{2n} = 0.089(560) \text{ MeV}$$

Or?

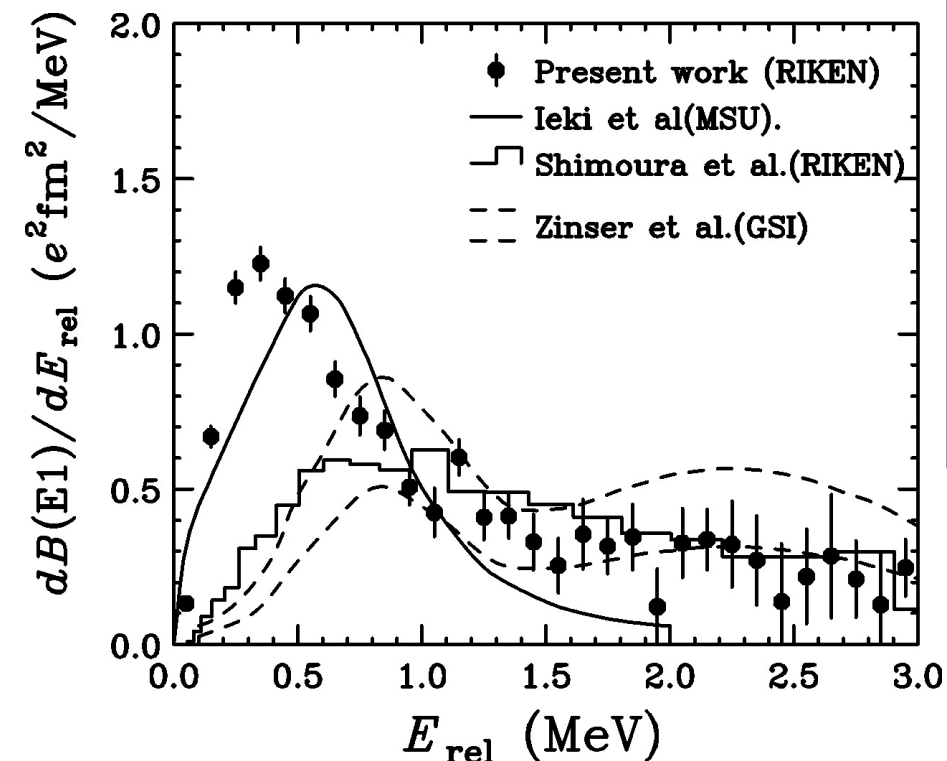


$$^{19}\text{B} = ^{15}\text{B} + 4n(\text{skin})?$$

$$S_{4n} = 1.47(35) \text{ MeV}$$

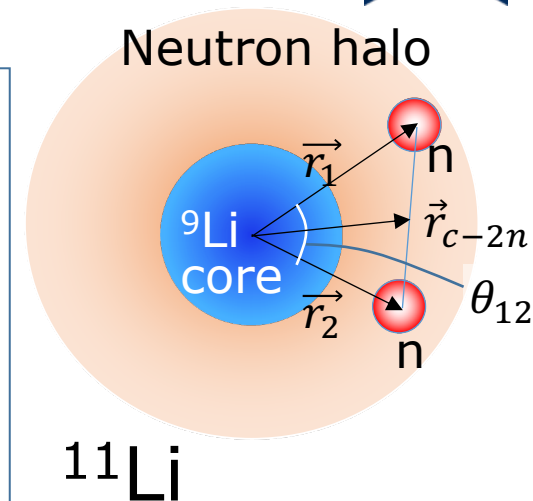


→ Probe of Dineutron Correlation



E1 Non-energy weighted cluster sum rule

$$\begin{aligned}
 B(E1) &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dB(E1)}{dE_x} dE_x \\
 &= \frac{3}{4\pi} \left(Ze \frac{2}{A} \right)^2 \langle r_{c-2n}^2 \rangle \\
 &= \frac{3}{4\pi} \left(\frac{Ze}{A} \right)^2 \langle r_1^2 + r_2^2 + 2(\vec{r}_1 \cdot \vec{r}_2) \rangle
 \end{aligned}$$



$$B(E1) = 1.42 \pm 0.18 e^2 fm^2 (E_{rel} \leq 3\text{MeV})$$

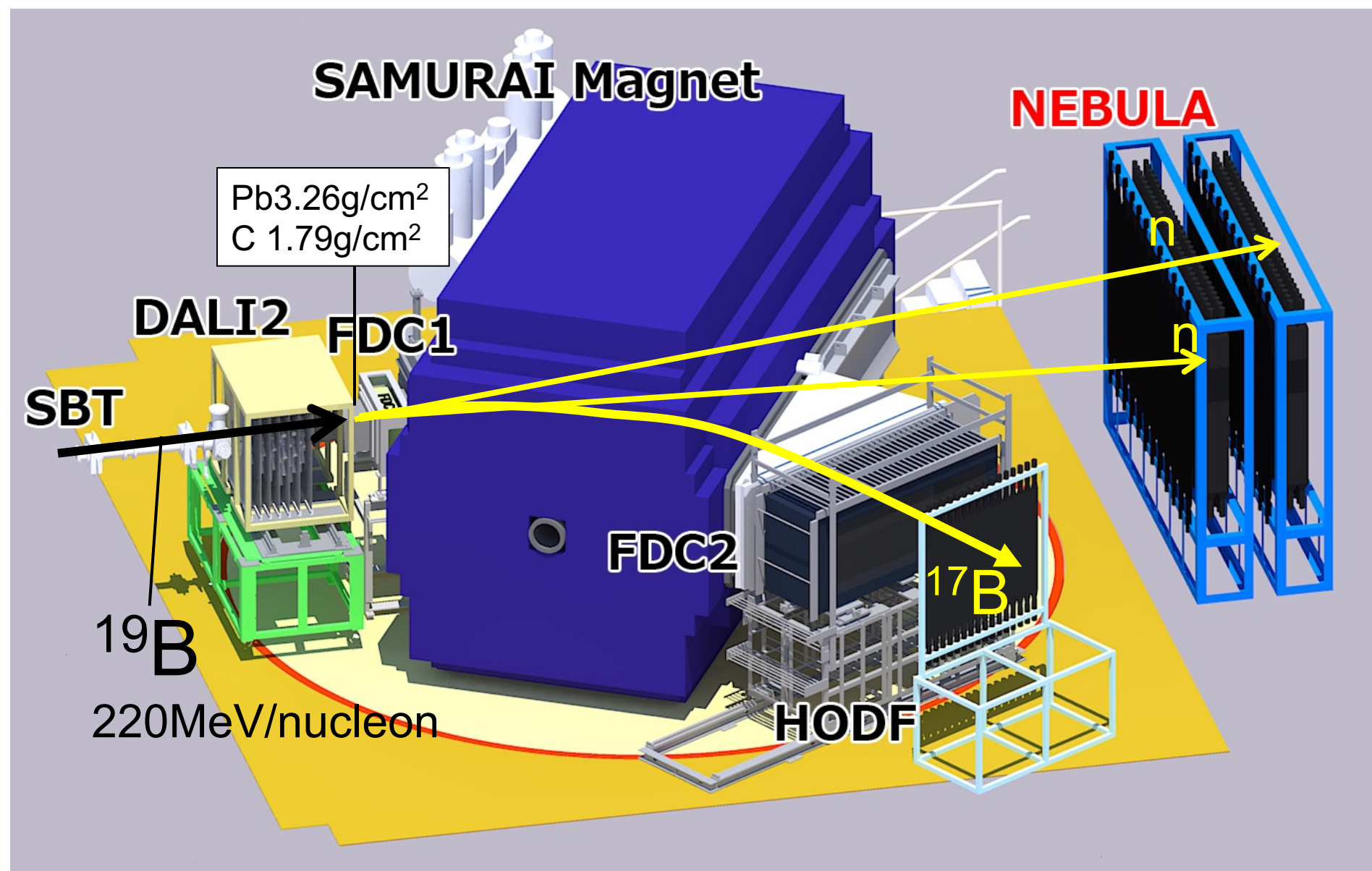
$$\rightarrow 1.78(22) e^2 fm^2 \rightarrow \langle \theta_{12} \rangle = 48_{-18}^{+14} \text{ deg.}$$

Spatial Correlation in the Ground State of ^{11}Li

Soft E1 Excitation of 2n-halo

→ dineutron correlation

Experimental Setup at SAMURAI at RIBF



	Exclusive $\sigma_{^{17}\text{B}+2n}$ (mb)	Inclusive σ_{-2n} (mb)	Inclusive σ_{-4n} (mb)
$^{19}\text{B} + \text{Pb}$	1160(30)(70)	1800(60)	600(30)
$^{19}\text{B} + \text{C}$	54(3)(3)	251(5)	185(3)
$\sigma_{\text{Pb}}/\sigma_{\text{C}}$	22(1)	7.1(3)	3.3(2)

-2n: $\sigma_{\text{Pb}} \gg \sigma_{\text{C}}$ \longrightarrow Coulomb Breakup Dominant in -2n channel

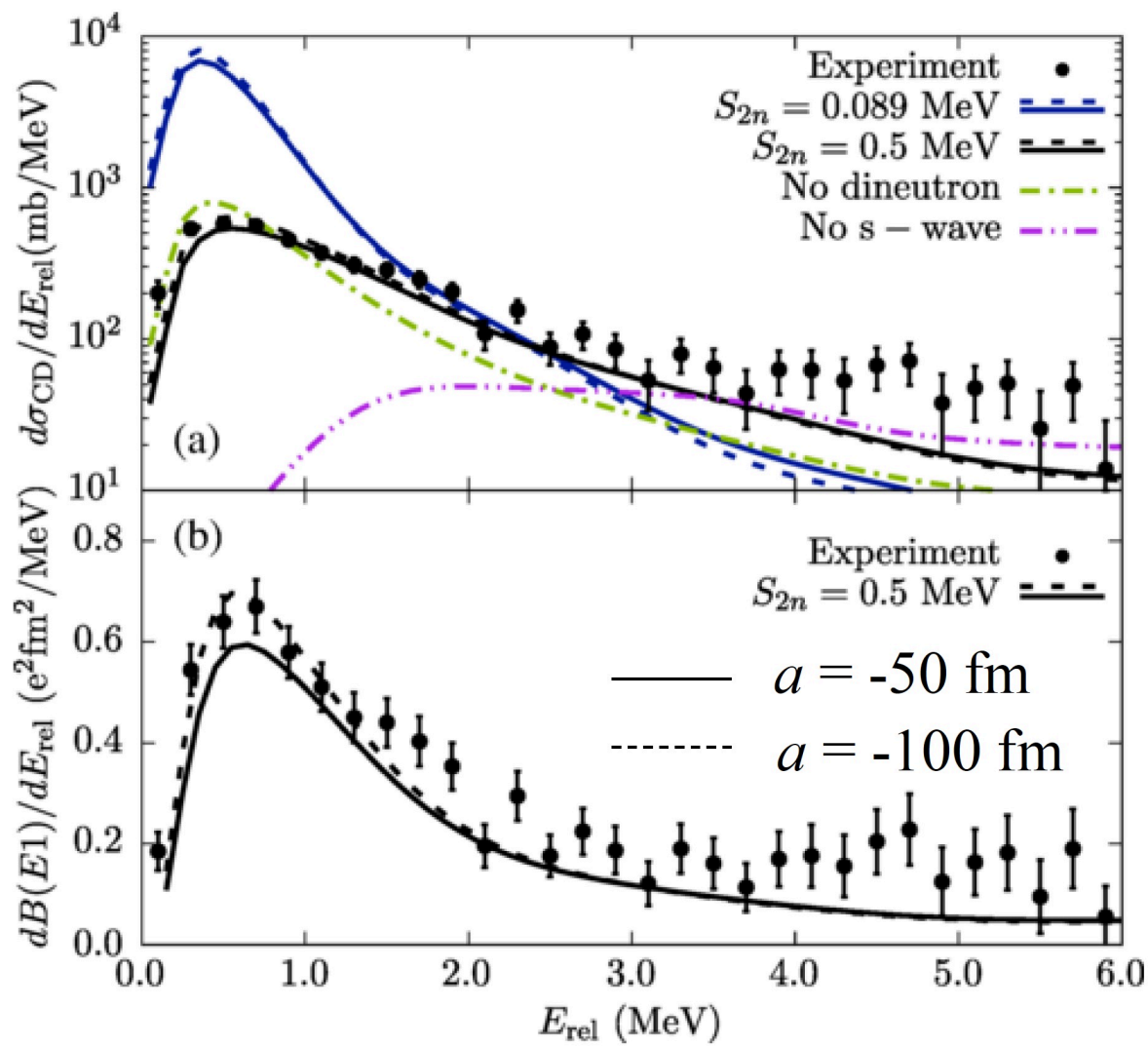
-4n: $\sigma_{\text{Pb}} \sim 3\sigma_{\text{C}}$ \longrightarrow Nuclear Breakup Dominant in -4n channel

$^{17}\text{B}+2n$ more likely rather than $^{15}\text{B}+4n$

c.f. Z.H. Yang et al., PRL 126, 082501, (2021).

$^{17}\text{B}(p,pn)^{16}\text{B} \rightarrow$ Valence neutrons of ^{17}B : d-wave dominant

E1 Response of ^{19}B



- $B(E1) = 1.64 \pm 0.06$ (stat) ± 0.12 (sys) $e^2 \text{fm}^2$
 \rightarrow **Signature of Halo!**

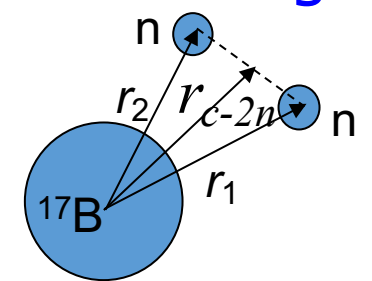
Similar $B(E1)$ to ^{11}Li , ^{11}Be .

Core-2n distance (Sum rule)

$$\sqrt{\langle r_{c-2n}^2 \rangle} = 5.75 \pm 0.11(\text{stat}) \pm 0.21(\text{sys}) \text{ fm}$$

- $S_{2n} = 0.5$ MeV
- substantial s-wave component with a well-developed dineutron correlation.
- Consistent with large scattering length:

$^{17}\text{B-n}$ ($a < -50 \text{ fm}$)



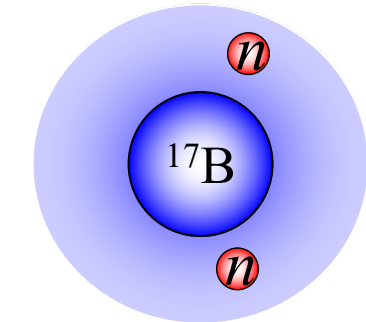
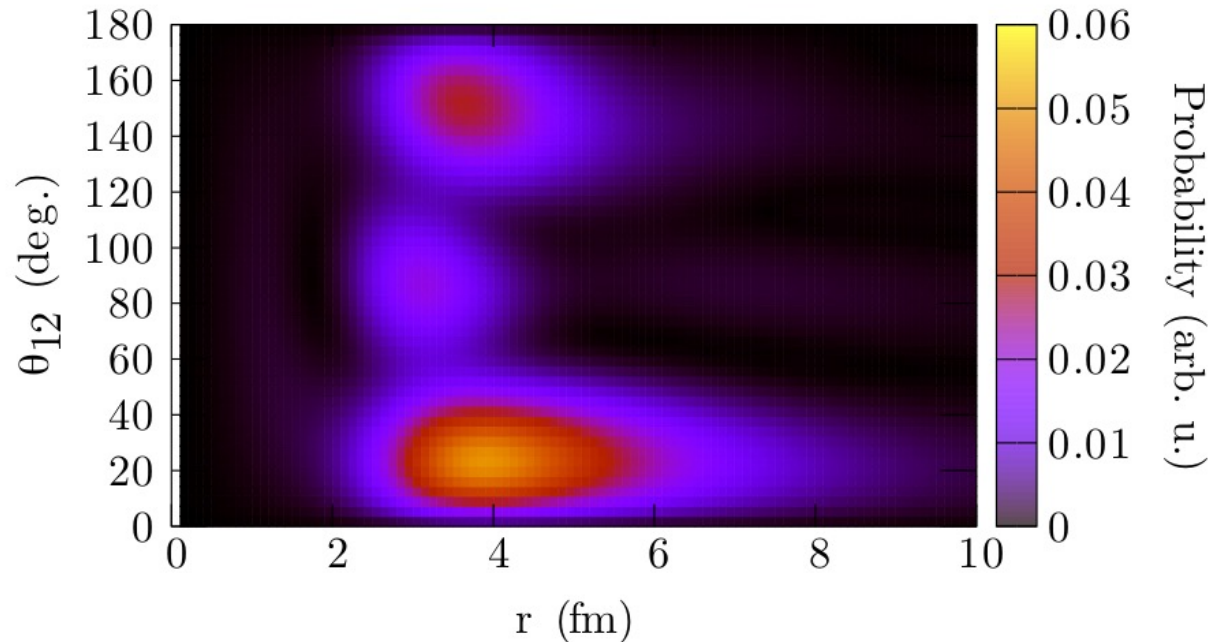
Dineutron correlation in ^{19}B

K.J Cook et al. PRL2020



Three-body model (by K.Hagino) reproduces $d\sigma/dE$ coul very well!

Valence neutron density distribution for $S_{2n} = 0.5 \text{ MeV}$, $a = -50 \text{ fm}$.



$$^{19}\text{B} = ^{17}\text{B} + 2n(\text{halo})$$

$$S_{2n} \sim 0.5 \text{ MeV}$$

- ✓ Enhanced nn probability at $\theta_{12} \sim 25^\circ$
- ✓ Configuration: **Negative:6%**, **s: 35%**, **d: 56%**
- ✓ Asymmetry: Due to Negative-parity mixture

Coulomb breakup of ^{22}C

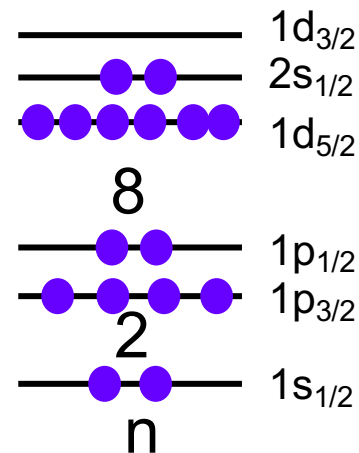
N. Nakatsuka, TN et al.,

Large Cross Section (typical halo),

but **twice broader than ^{19}B**

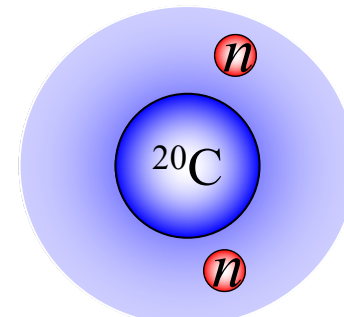
^{22}C : $E(\text{peak}) \sim \text{MeV}$, $\text{FWHM} \sim \text{MeV}$

^{19}B : $E(\text{peak}) \sim 0.5 \text{ MeV}$, $\text{FWHM} \sim 1.5 \text{ MeV}$



(halo-like)

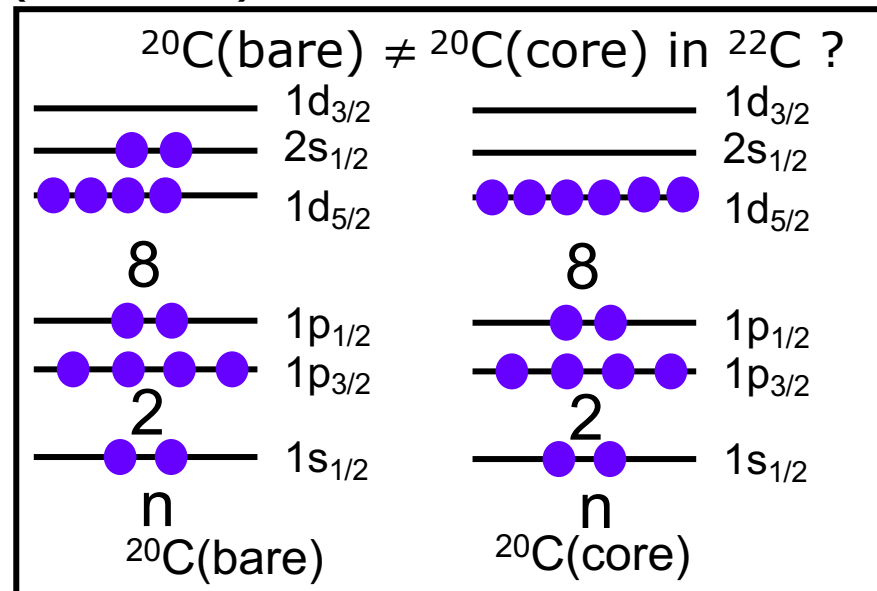
s-wave halo?



$$^{22}\text{C} = ^{20}\text{C} + 2n(\text{halo})$$

$$S_{2n} < \sim 0.5 \text{ MeV}$$

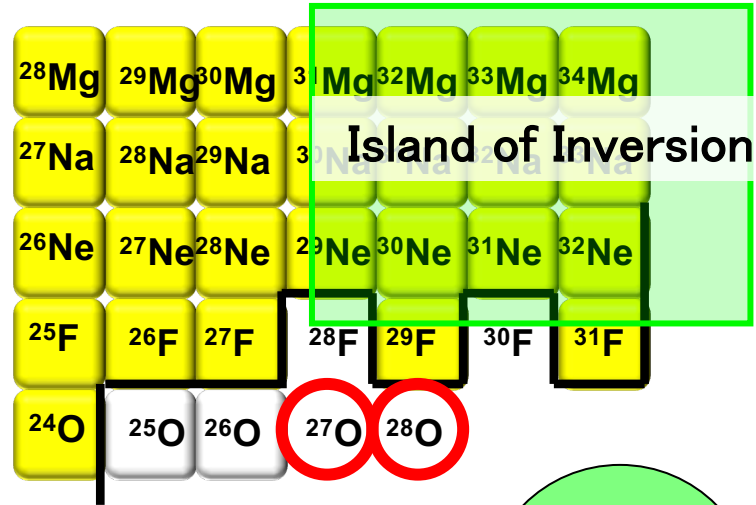
VERY PRELIMINARY



c.f. N. Kobayashi PRC2012, $^{20}\text{C} + \text{C} \rightarrow ^{19}\text{C}_{\text{gs}}(1/2^+)$ ($\text{C}^2\text{S} \sim 1$)

$^{20}\text{C} + n + n : S_{2n}^{(eff)} = S_{2n} + \Delta$ (T.Suzuki, T.Otsuka PLB753,199(2016)) or **Need $^{20}\text{C} + 4n$ Description?** 27

Invariant mass spectroscopy of ^{27}O , ^{28}O ,



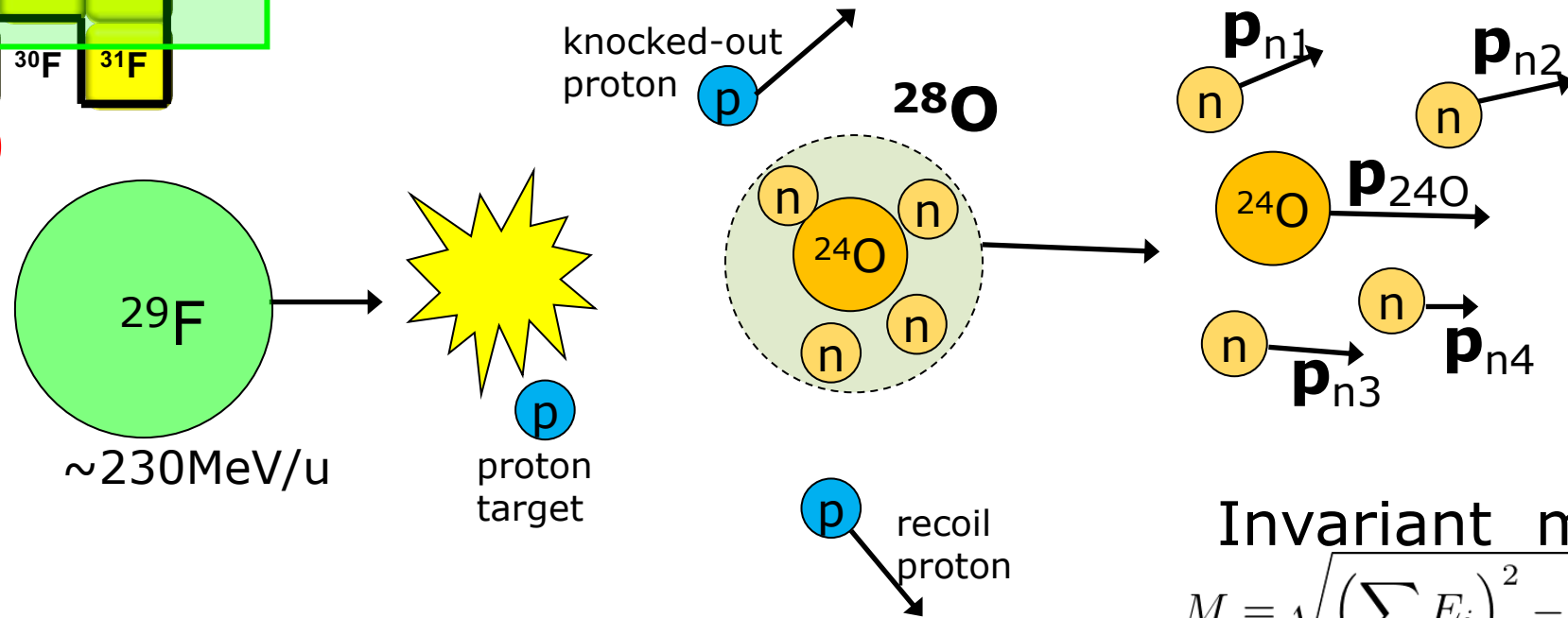
^{28}O (Z=8, N=20)

Candidate Doubly Magic Nucleus

Key for Oxygen anomaly ($^{24}\text{O} \rightarrow ^{31}\text{F}$)

Y.Kondo et al.

Paper in preparation



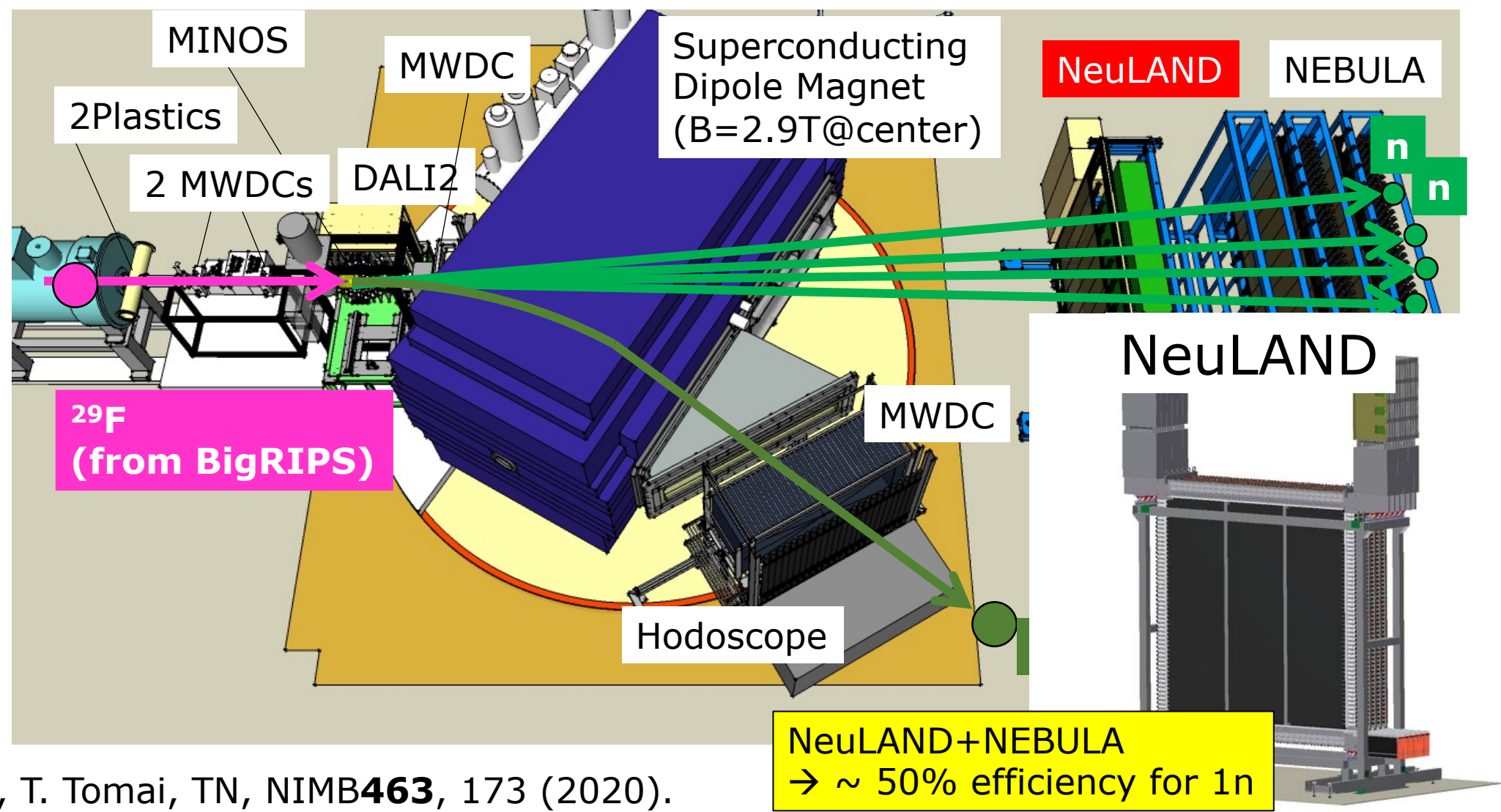
Invariant mass

$$M = \sqrt{\left(\sum E_i\right)^2 - \left(\sum \mathbf{p}_i\right)^2}$$

^{28}O : One-proton removal reaction of ^{29}F

\rightarrow 4-neutron coincidence

^{28}O measurement @ RIBF-SAMURAI

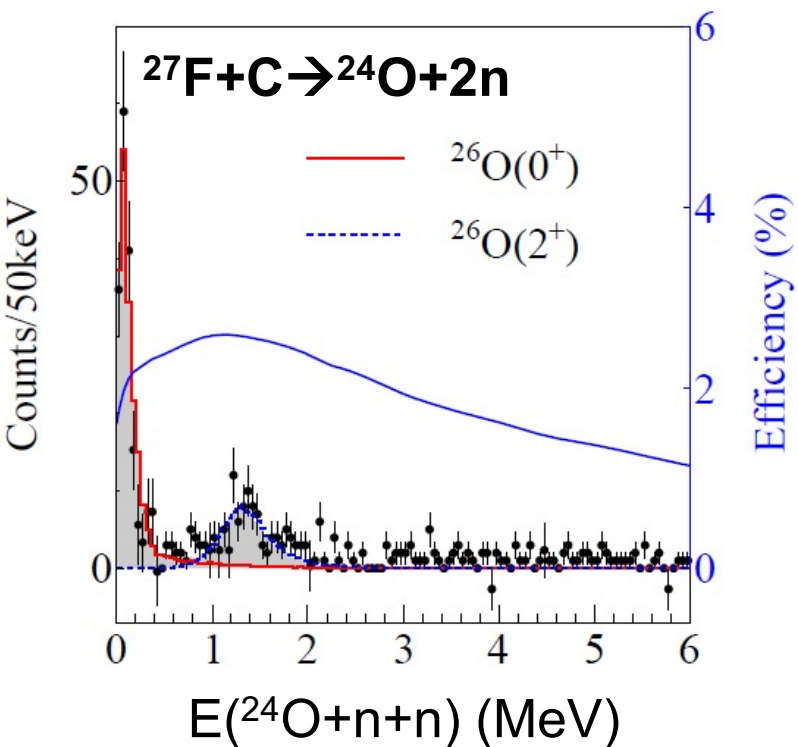


Decay energy spectrum

^{26}O

^{27}O

^{28}O



$^{29}\text{F}+^1\text{H}\rightarrow^{24}\text{O}+3\text{n}$
 $E(^{24}\text{O}+2\text{n}_<) < 0.08 \text{ MeV}$
 \rightarrow Select decay via $^{26}\text{O}_{\text{gs}}$

$^{29}\text{F}+^1\text{H}\rightarrow^{24}\text{O}+4\text{n}$

^{27}O events


$E(^{24}\text{O}+3\text{n})$ (MeV)

$E(^{24}\text{O}+4\text{n})$ (MeV)

gs (0^+): $18 \pm 3(\text{stat}) \pm 4(\text{syst}) \text{keV}$
1st excited state (2^+): $1.28^{+0.11}_{-0.08} \text{MeV}$

Y. Kondo et al., PRL116, 102503, (2016).

Theoretical predictions towards ^{28}O

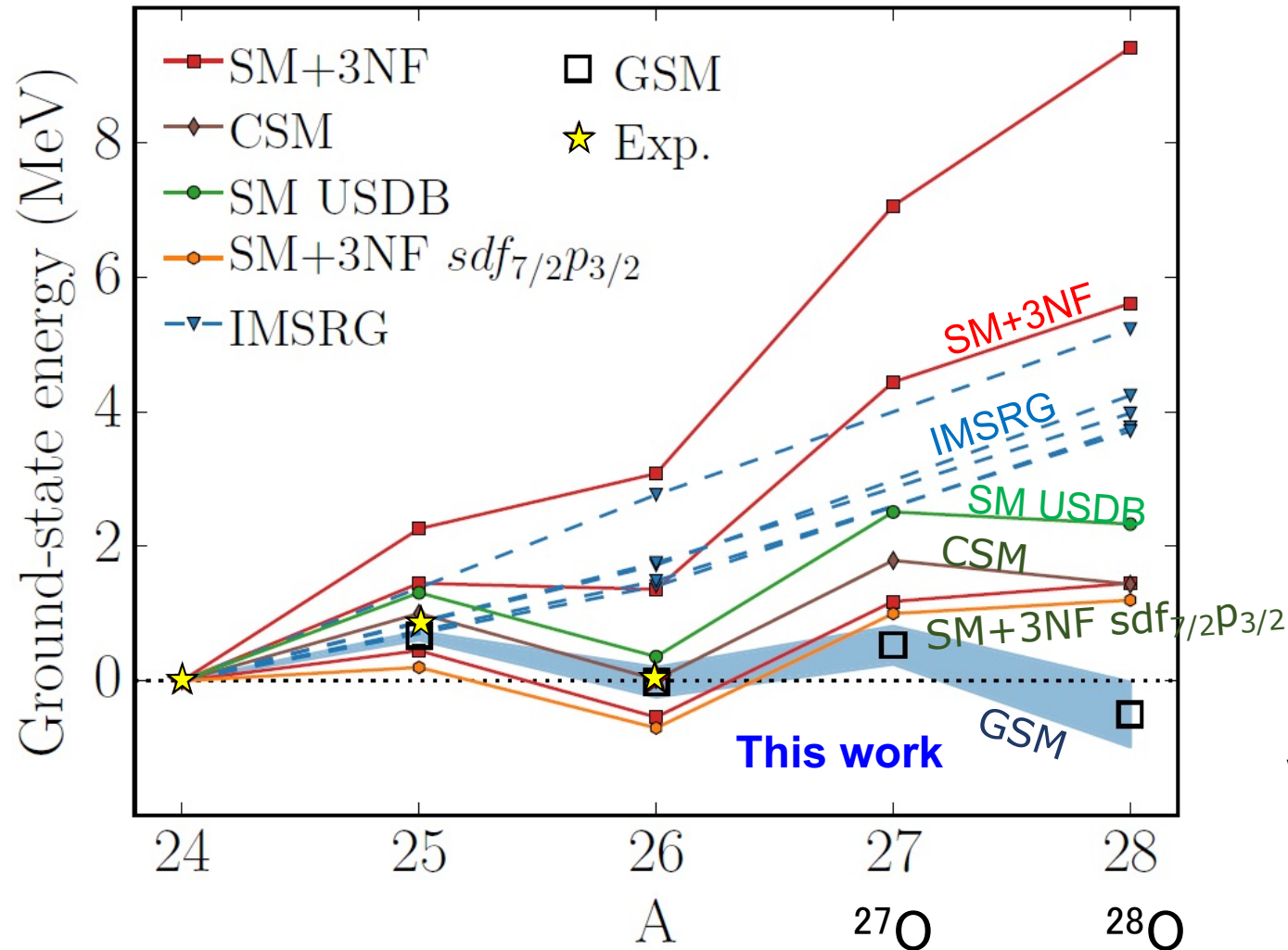


Fig. from K. Fosseze et al.,
PRC 96, 024308 (2017)
(GSM)

SM USDB: B. A. Brown,
Int. J. Mod. Phys. E26,
1740003 (2017)

SM+3NF: T. Otsuka et al.,
PRL105, 032501 (2010)

SM+3NF $sdf_{7/2}p_{3/2}$:

CSM: A. Volya et al.,
PRL94, 052501 (2005), A.
Volya et al., PRC74,
064314, (2006)

IMSRG: V. Lapoux et al.,
PRL117, 052501, (2016),
H. Hergert

Summary

- ✓ Neutron dripline = Edge:
Boundary of Open/Closed Quantum Systems → Clusters/Halo/Shell Evolution
- ✓ Halo-Shell Interplay: ^{31}Ne
 - Coulomb Breakup of ^{31}Ne : Soft E1 Excitation ← Doubly-halo components
 $^{30}\text{Ne}(0_1^+) \otimes 2p_{3/2}$ $^{30}\text{Ne}(2_1^+) \otimes 2p_{3/2}$
 - Nuclear Breakup ($^{31}\text{Ne} \rightarrow ^{31}\text{Ne}^*$, $^{32}\text{Ne}(-1n) \rightarrow ^{31}\text{Ne}$, $^{32}\text{Na}(-1p) \rightarrow ^{31}\text{Ne}$)
 11 New Excited States Observed; $5/2^-, 7/2^-$: Rotational Band on $K=3/2$
 T. Tomai et al., paper in preparation
- ✓ Two-neutron halo
 - Coulomb Breakup of ^{19}B :
 Strong Soft E1 Excitation, Consistent with dineutron picture $S_{2n} \sim 0.5$ MeV
 K.J. Cook et al., PRL **124**, 212503, 2020.
 - Coulomb Breakup of ^{22}C :
 Soft E1 Excitation, but broader peak → Core is different from Bare ^{20}C ?
- ✓ Beyond dripline
 - Discovery of $^{27,28}\text{O}$ Y.Kondo, paper in preparation
 → Stringent Constraints on nuclear models/interactions at the Edge

Perspectives

More exotic neutron states → Nuclear interactions/Many-body effects at the Edge

Exclusive Coulomb/nuclear breakup of ^{31}Ne

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Coulomb breakup of ^{19}B

K.J. Cook et al., Physical Review Letters 124, 212503 (2020).

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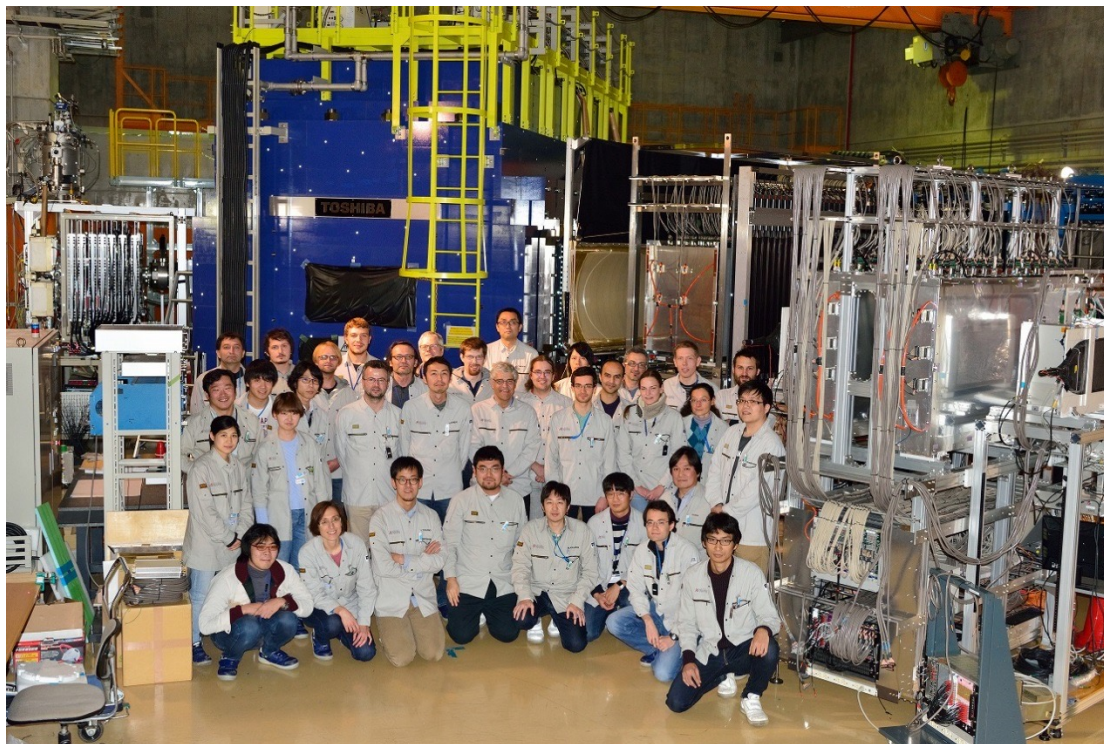
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