

opportunities for electron scattering with exotic nuclei

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Sendai, JAPAN

“First Elastic Electron Scattering at the SCRIT Facility”

K. Tsukada *et al.* Phys. Rev. Lett. 118 (2017) 262501

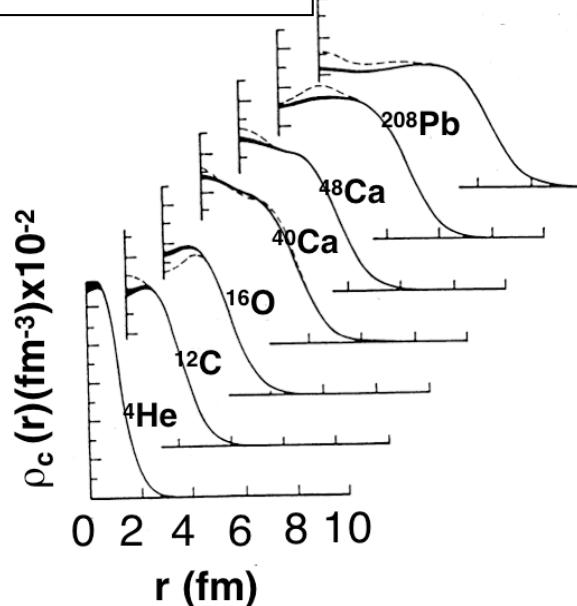
“Prospects for Electron Scattering on Unstable Exotic Nuclei”

T. Suda and H. Simon, Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 96 (2017) 1-31.

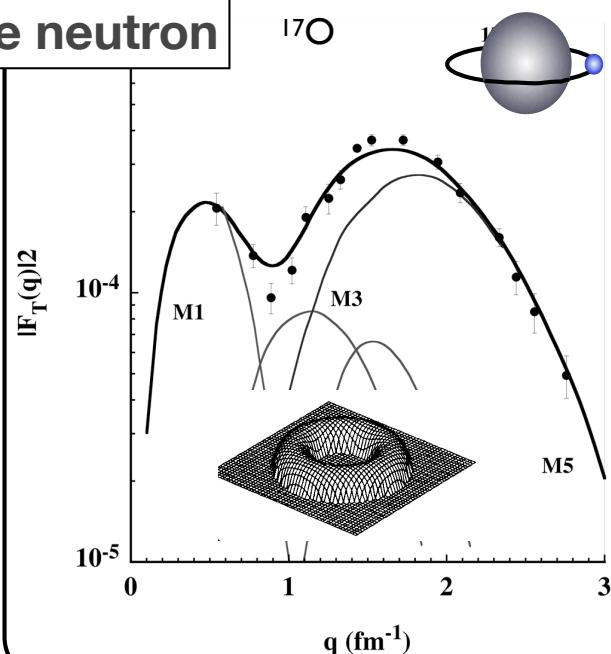
Electron scattering for stable nuclei

ECT* workshop 23-27, April, 2018
Exploring the role of electron-weak currents
in atomic nuclei

charge distribution



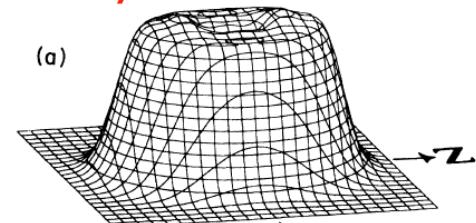
valence neutron



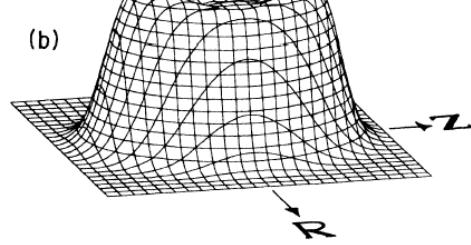
deformation

^{154}Gd

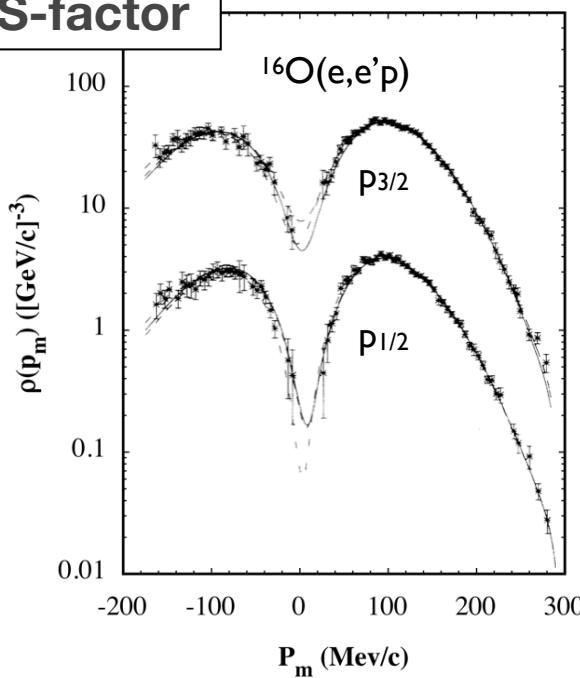
theory



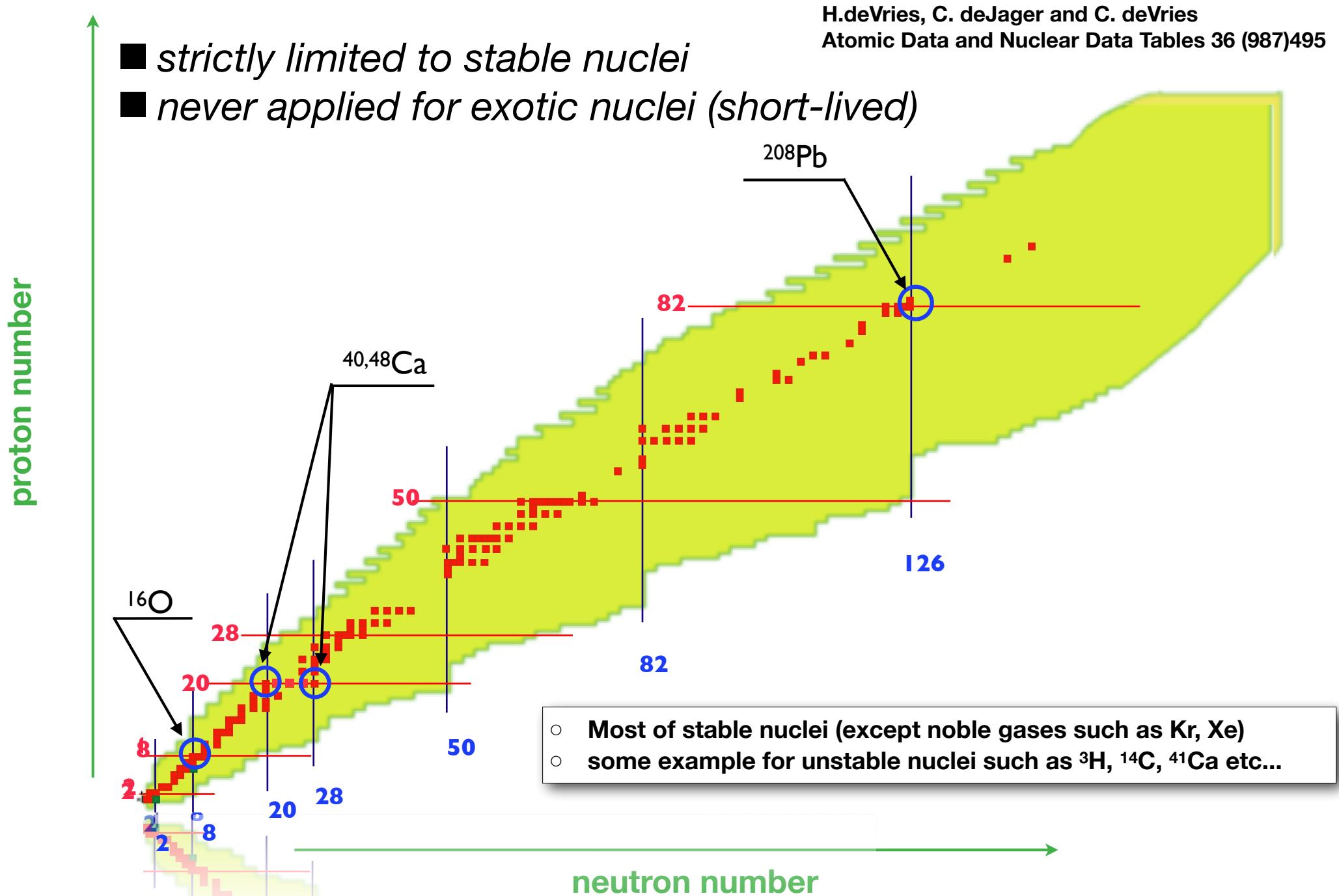
exp.



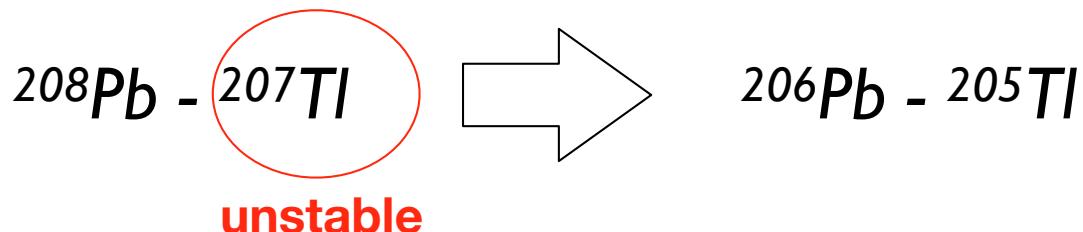
$|\Phi(p)|^2$, S-factor



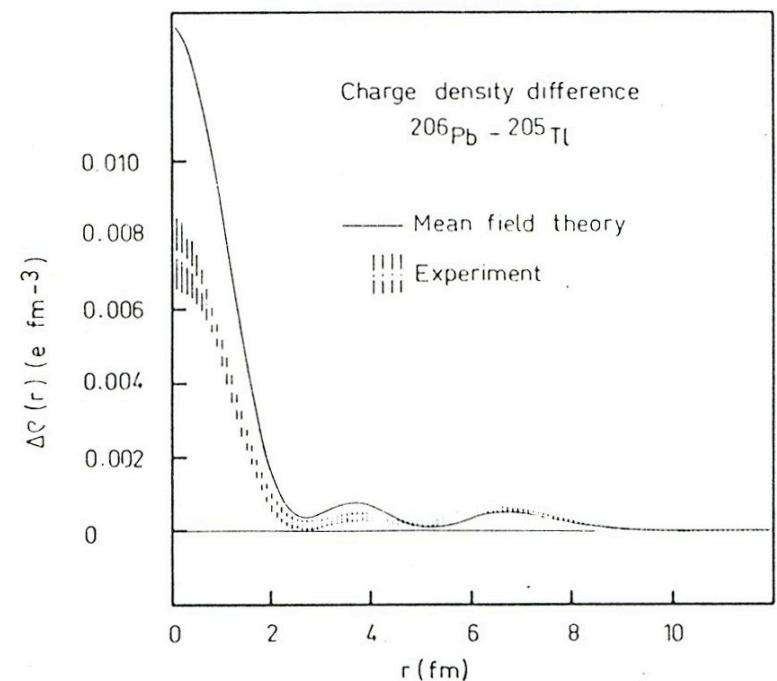
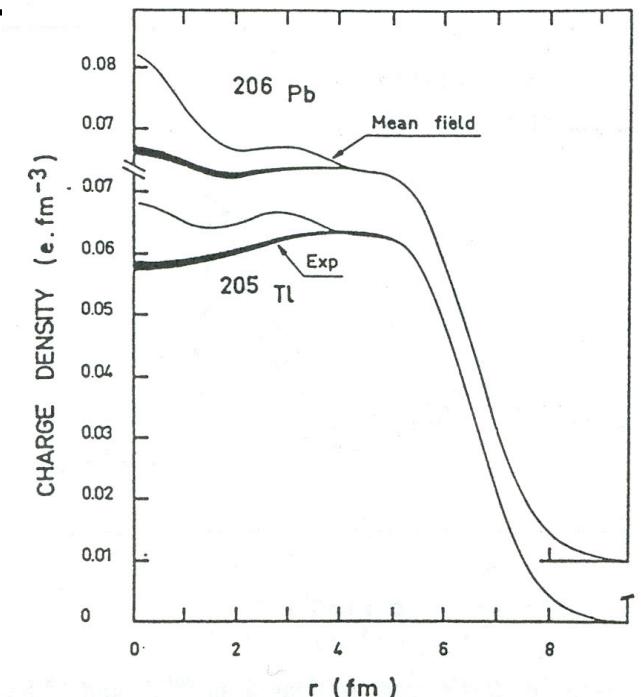
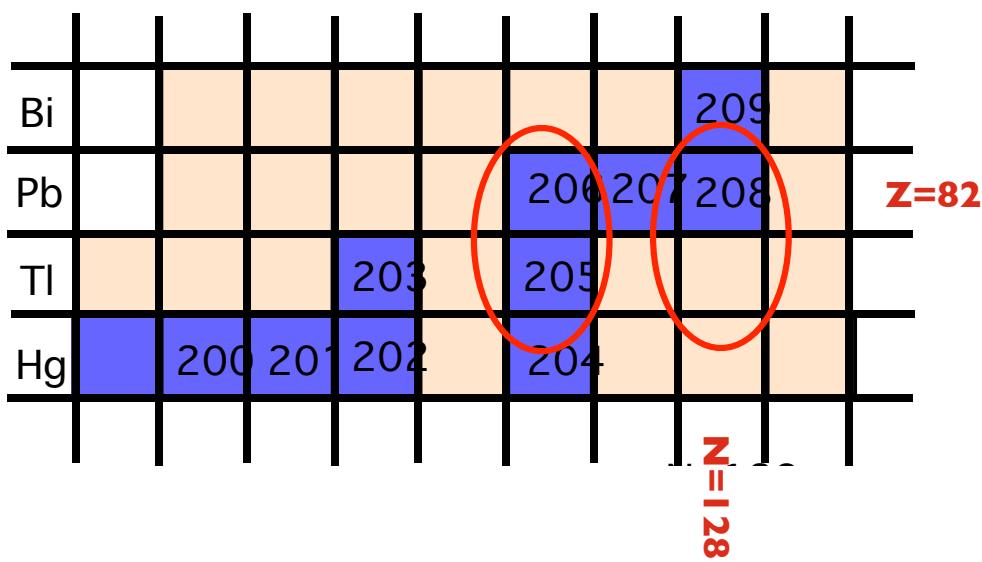
Nuclei studied by electron scattering



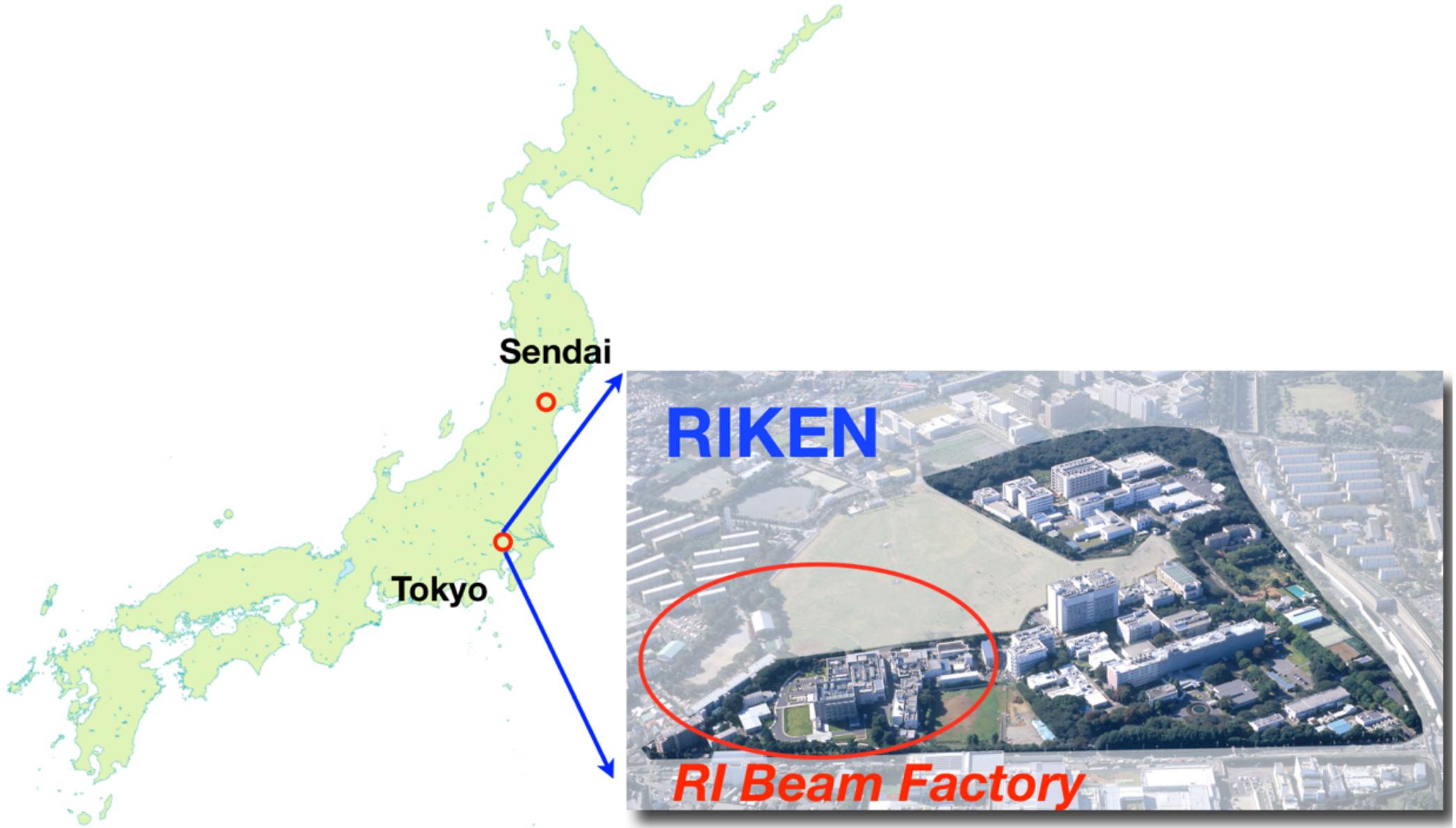
3S_{1/2} protons and their spectroscopic factor



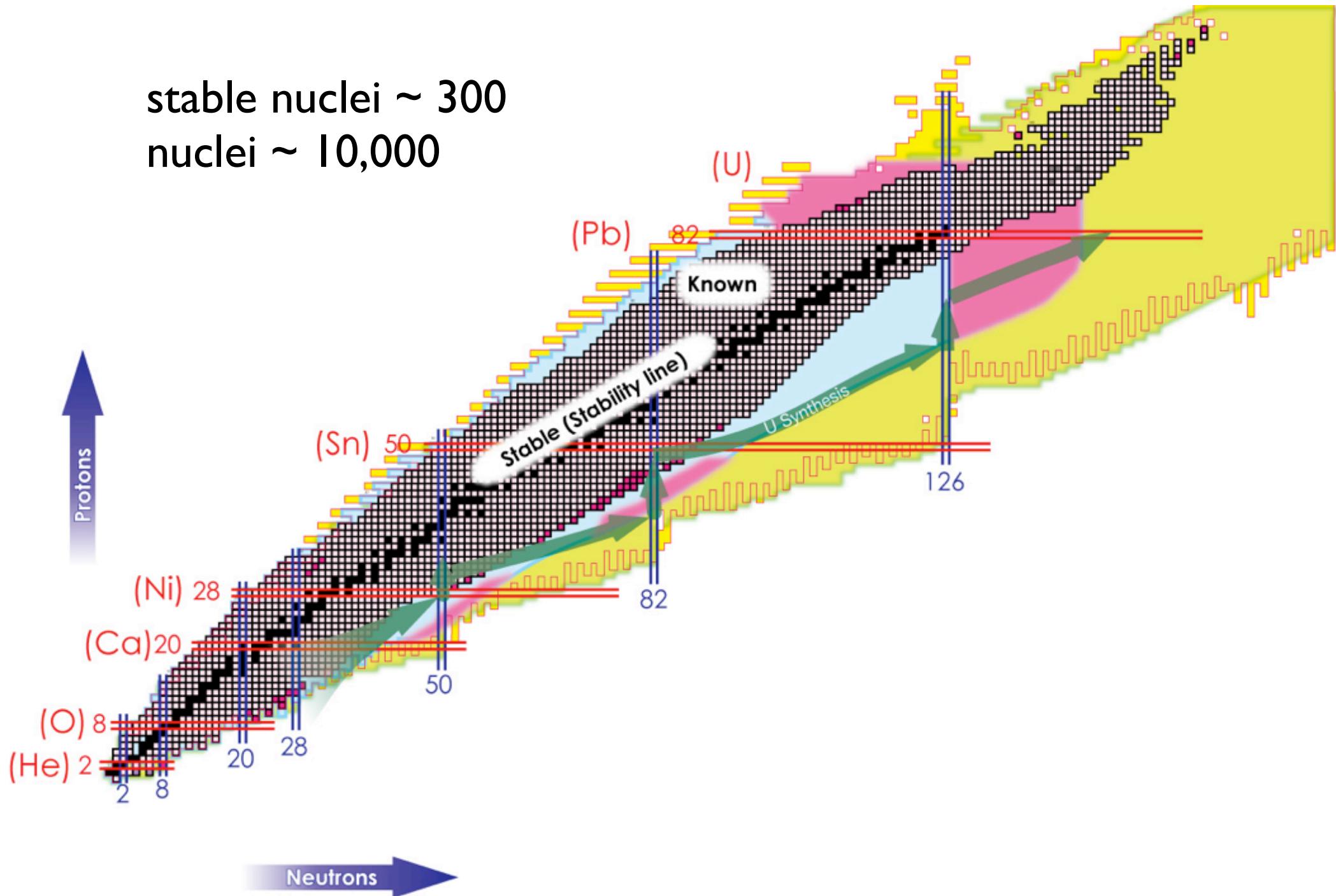
$$\begin{aligned} |\psi_{3S_{1/2}}(r)|^2 &= \rho_{\text{Pb}}(r) - \rho_{\text{Tl}}(r) \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^{82} |\psi_i(r)|^2 - \sum_{i=1}^{81} |\psi_i(r)|^2 \\ &= \int e^{i\vec{q}\cdot\vec{r}} (|F_{\text{Pb}}(q)|^2 - |F_{\text{Tl}}(q)|^2) d^3q \end{aligned}$$



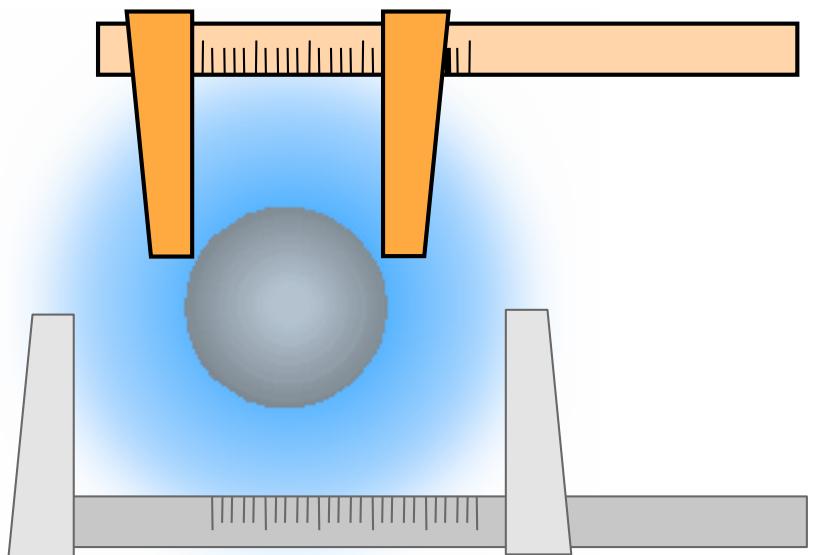
world's first electron scattering facility
dedicated for short-lived unstable nuclei



Nuclear Chart



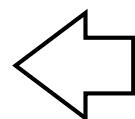
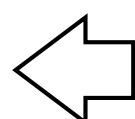
size and shape of neutro- and proton-rich nuclei



$$\langle r_c^2 \rangle = \int r^2 \rho_c(r) d\vec{r}$$

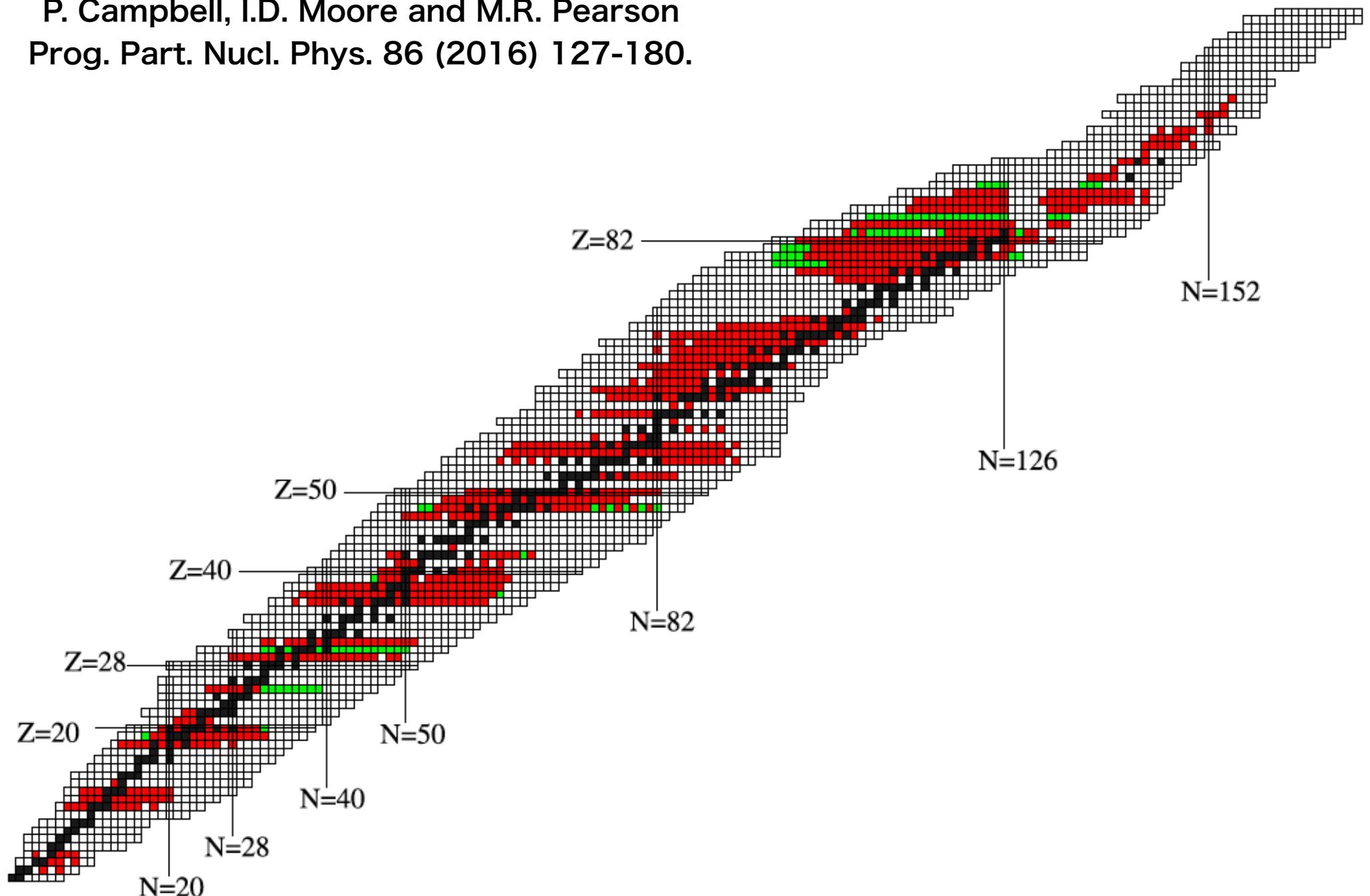
$$\rho_c(\vec{r}) = \sum_p \psi^*(\vec{r}) \psi(\vec{r})$$

	size	shape
proton	isotope shift	electron scattering
matter	reaction cross section	proton scattering


EM probe

Hadronic probe
 (reaction mechanism ??)

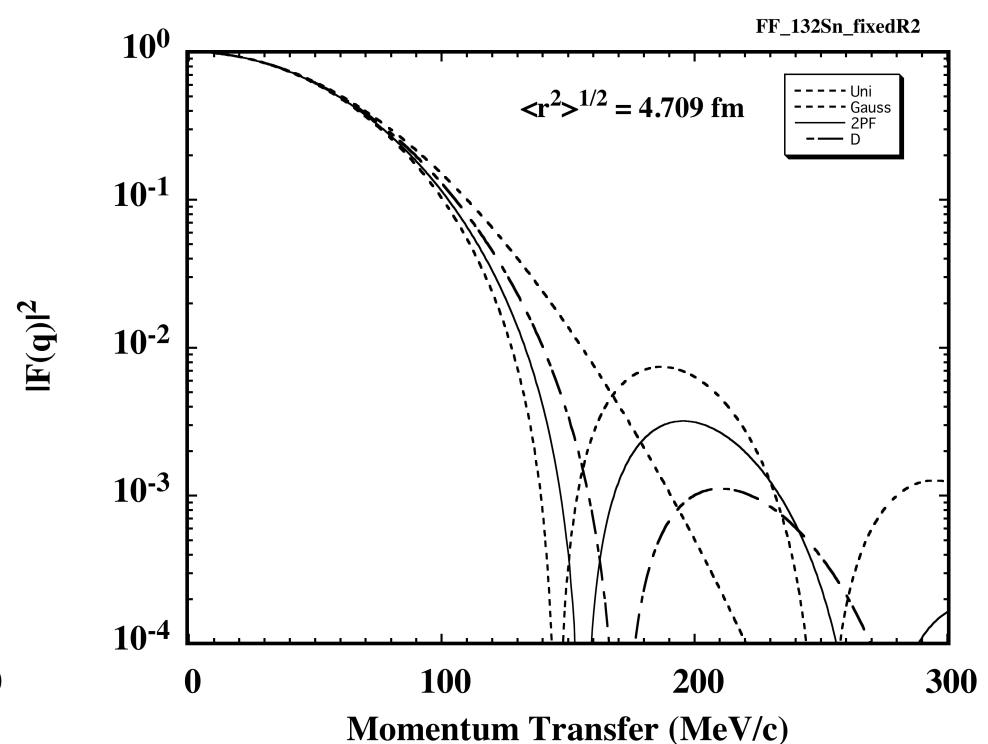
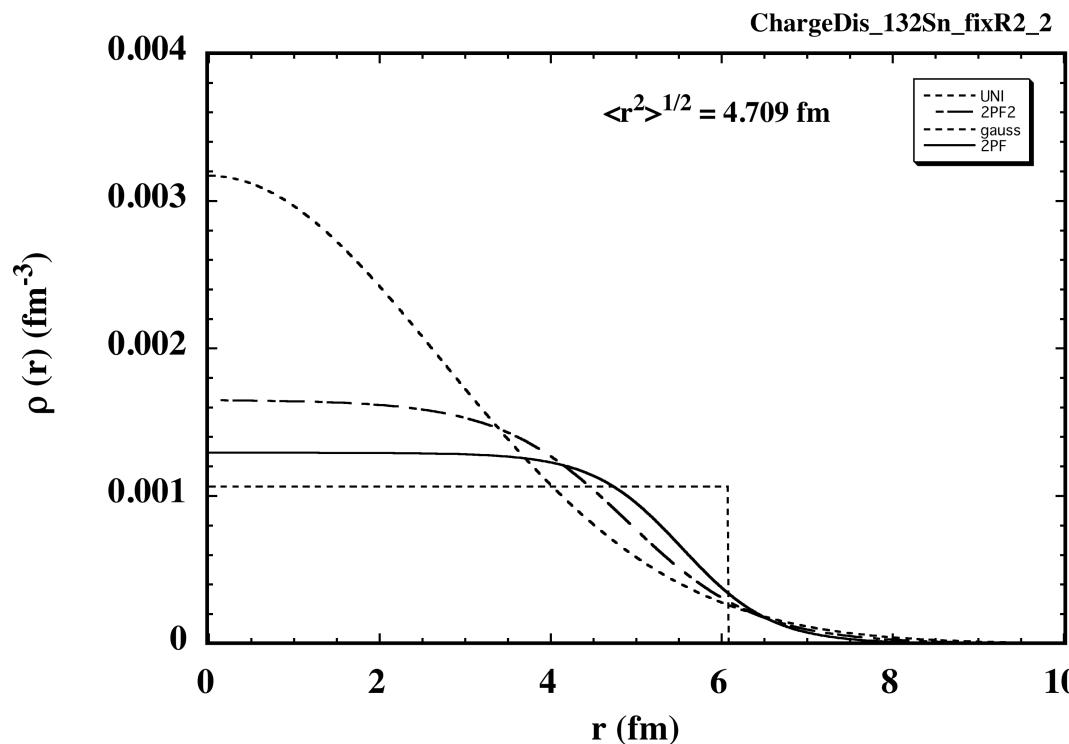
charge radii by isotope shifts

P. Campbell, I.D. Moore and M.R. Pearson
Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 86 (2016) 127-180.



Beyond charge radii (isotope shifts)

Density distributions having the same charge radius (4.709 fm)



e-scattering off short-lived exotic nuclei

ECT* workshop
Exploring the role
of exotic nuclei
in astrophysics

"Hofstadter's experiments for exotic nuclei"

low production rate → no “thick” target
short half lives

expected low luminosity → elastic scattering
(largest σ)

$$\frac{dN}{d\Omega} = L \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}$$

Elastic Scattering for spinless nuclei

PWIA

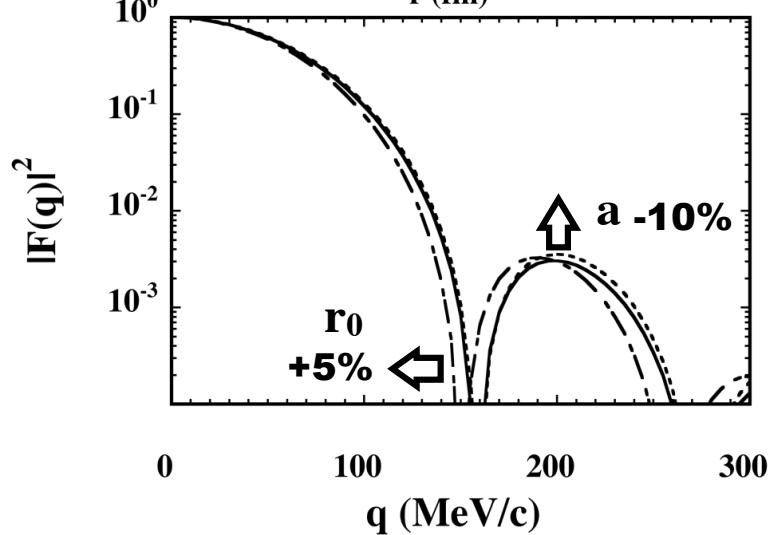
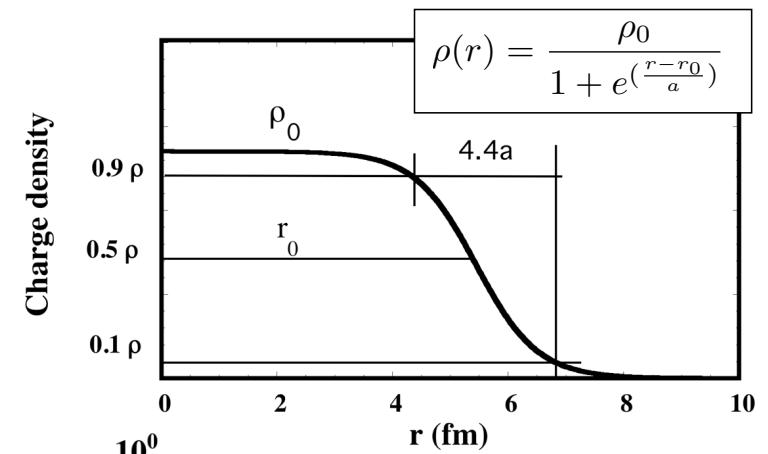
$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} = \frac{d\sigma_{\text{Mott}}}{d\Omega} |F_c(q)|^2,$$

$$\frac{d\sigma_{\text{Mott}}}{d\Omega} = \frac{z^2 \alpha^2}{4e^2} \frac{\cos^2 \theta}{\sin^4 \theta}.$$

$$F_c(q) = \int \rho_c(\vec{r}) e^{i\vec{q}\cdot\vec{r}} d\vec{r}$$



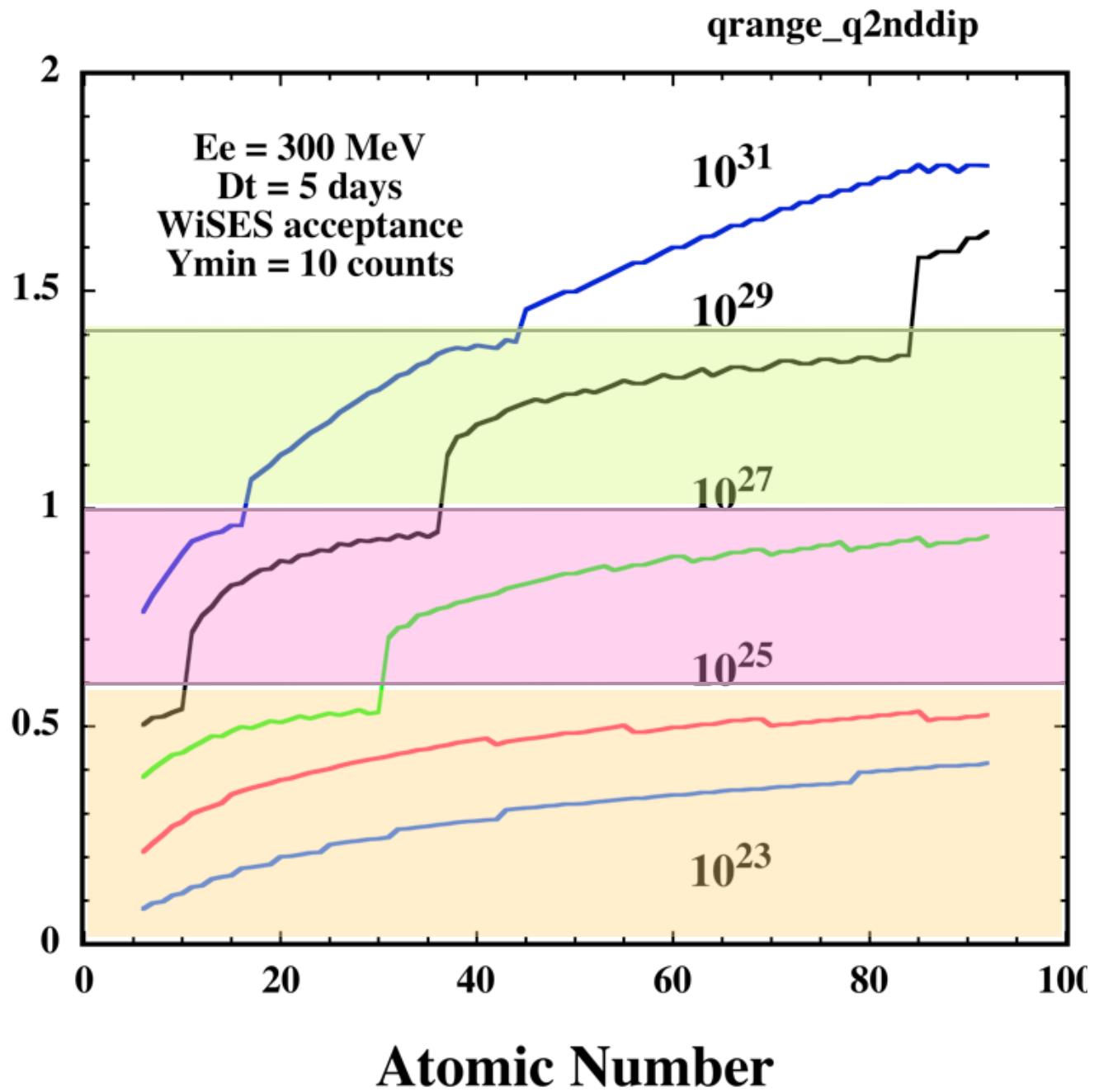
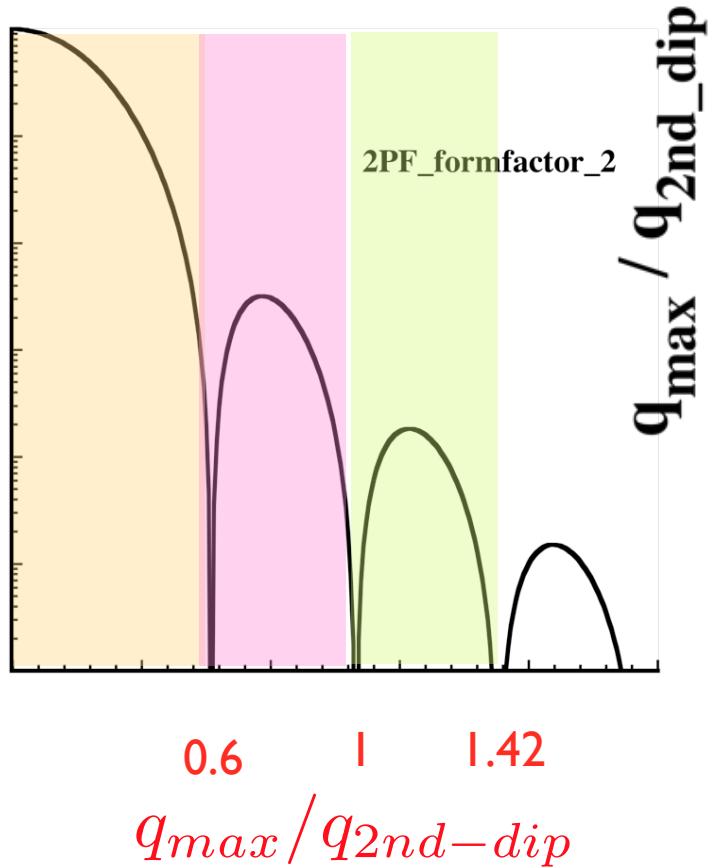
R. Hofstadter
1961 Nobel Prize



Accessible q-range for L and Z

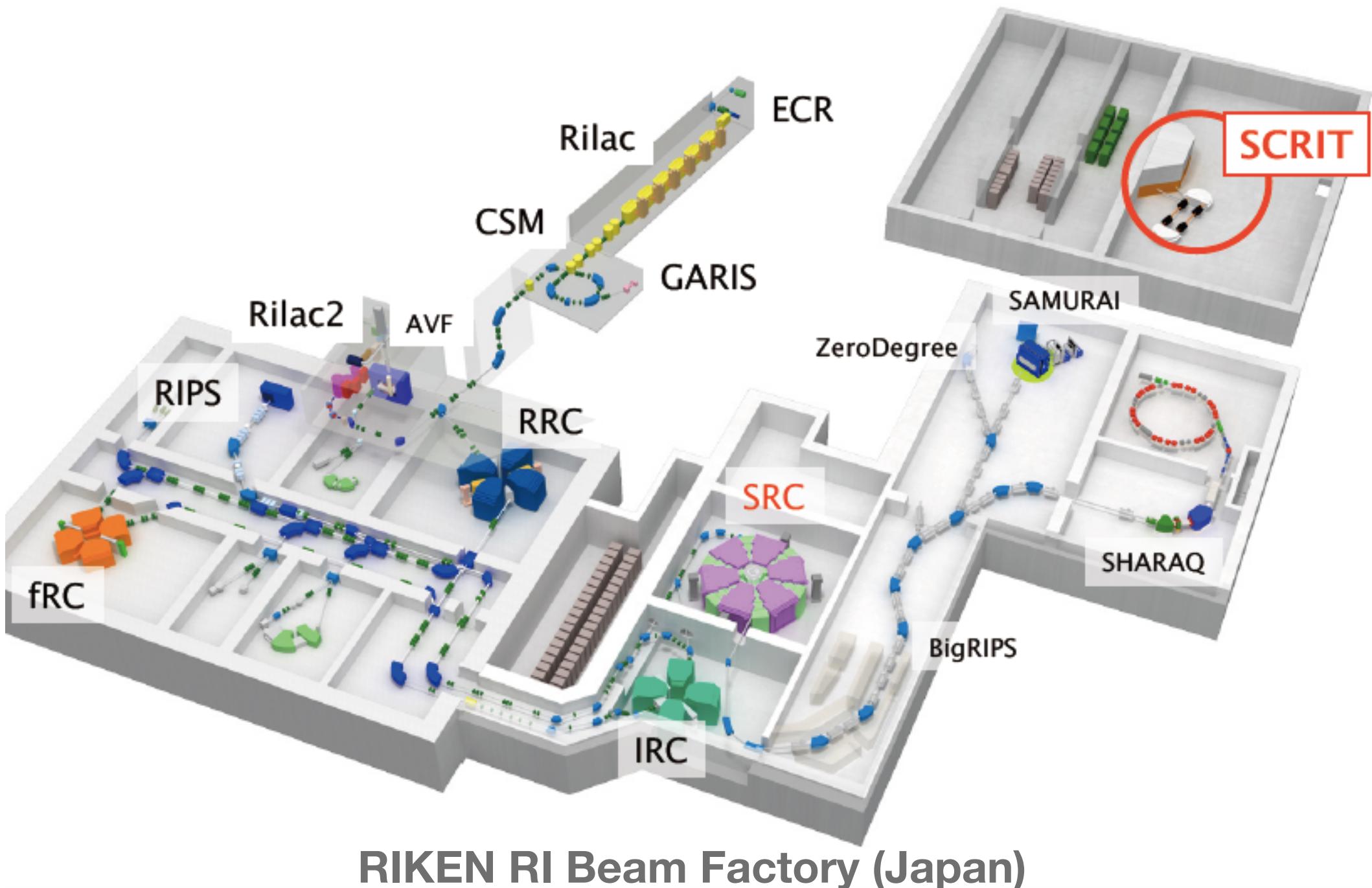
$$\sigma \propto Z^2$$

$$\sigma \propto 1/q^4$$



SCRIT electron scattering facility @ RIBF

ECT* workshop 23-27, April, 2018
Role of electron-weak currents
in atomic nuclei

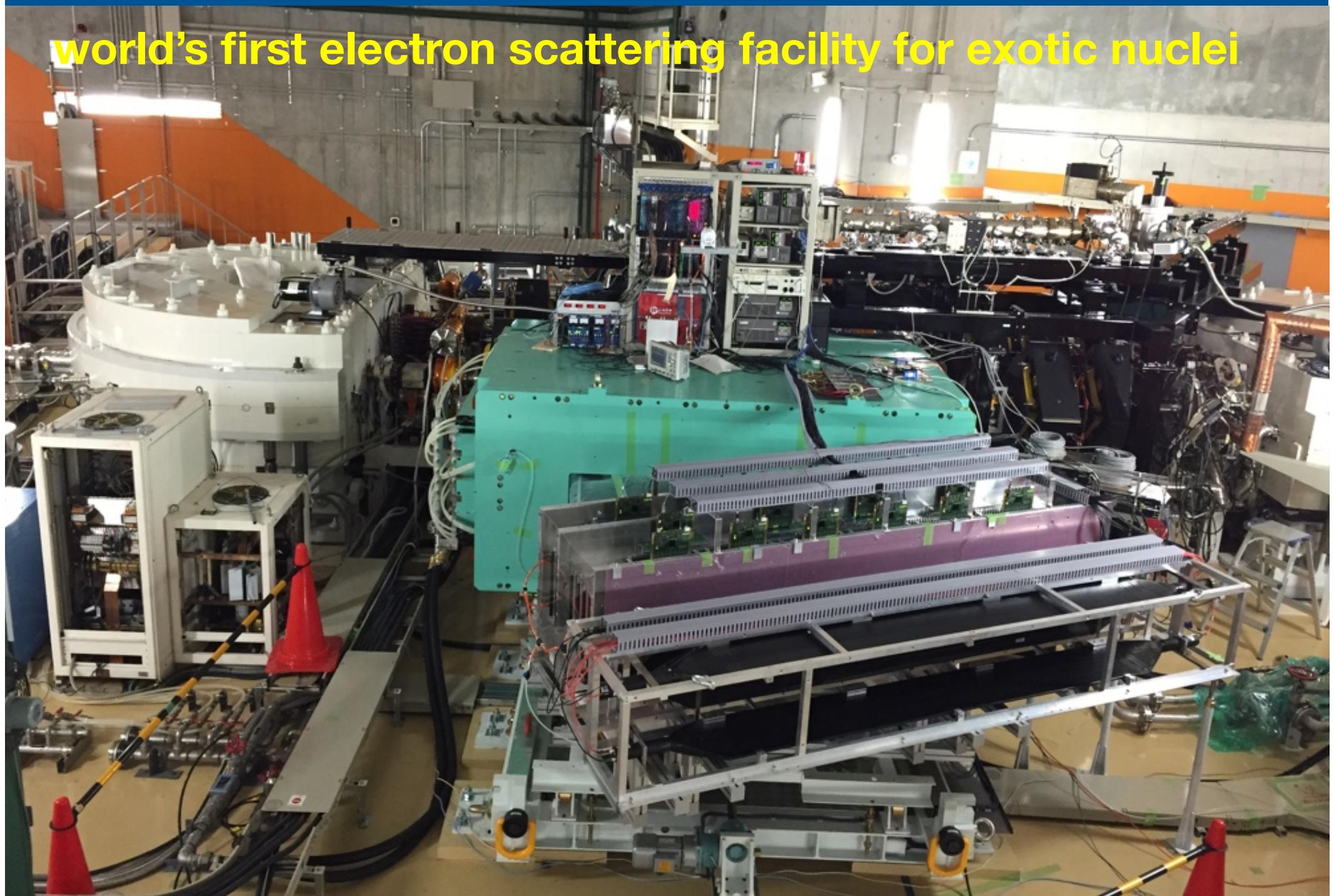


SCRIT facility in RIKEN/RI Beam Factory

ECT* workshop 23-27, April, 2018

Exploring the role of electron-weak currents
in atomic nuclei

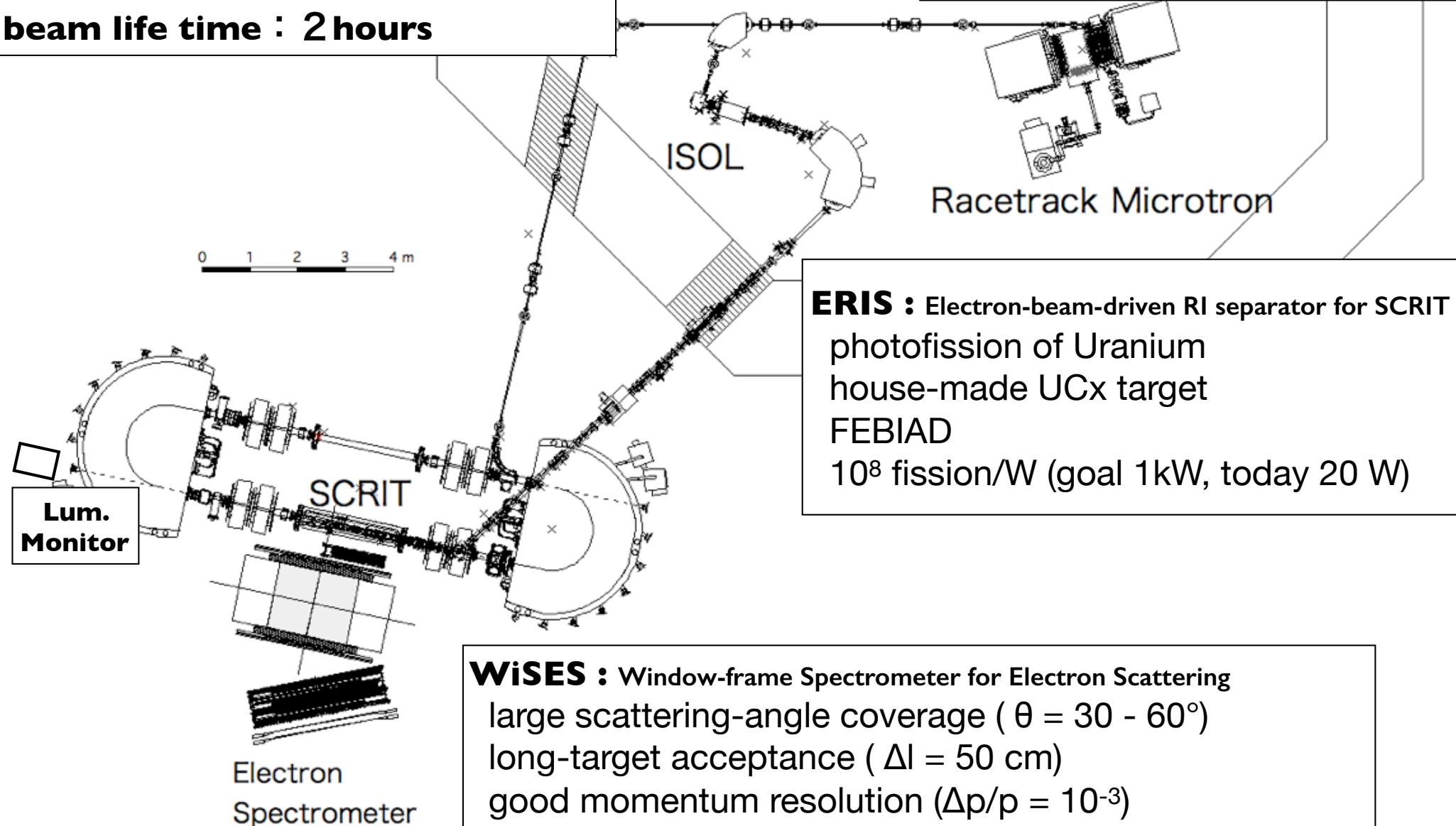
world's first electron scattering facility for exotic nuclei



SCRIT electron scattering facility

Electron energy : 150 - 700 MeV
stored current : 250 mA
beam life time : 2 hours

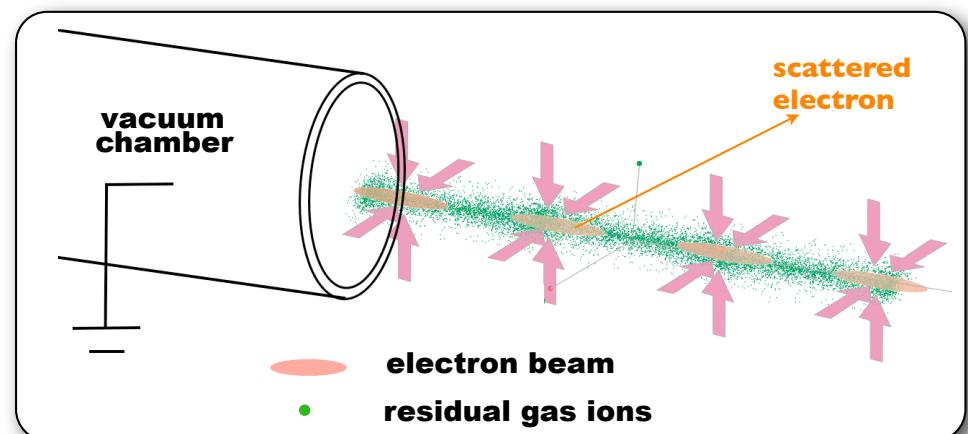
RTM : Race Track Microtron
injector + ISOL driver
150MeV/0.5 mA peak/2 μ s pulse



Idea

Problematic ion trapping phenomena
 @
electron storage ring

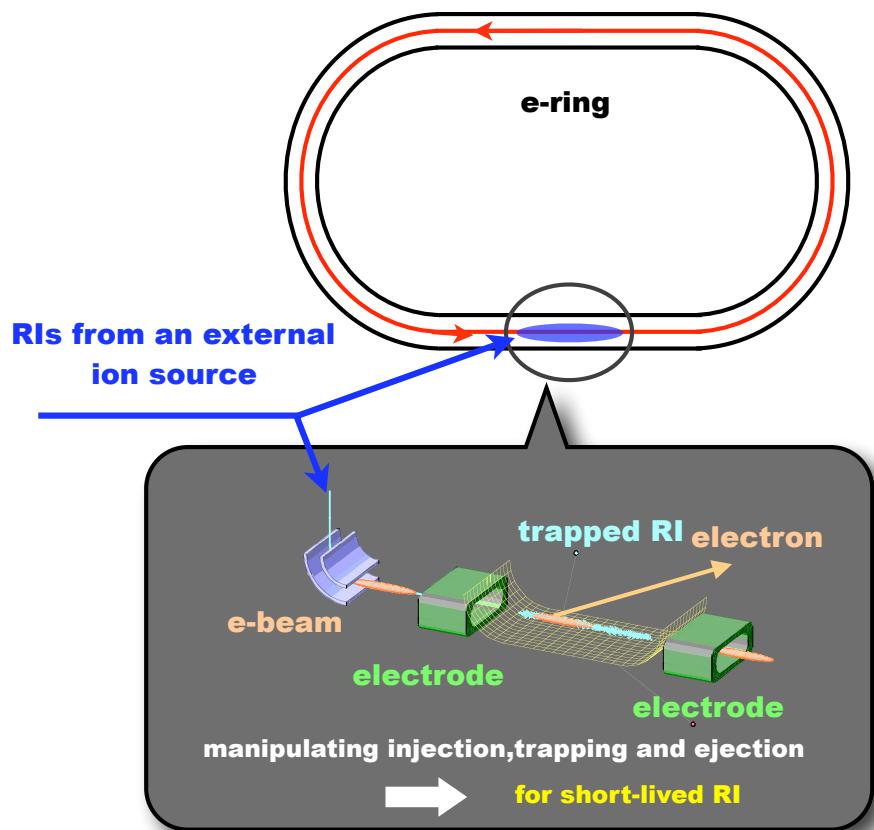
ionized residual gases are trapped
 by the circulating electron beam



ill problem of e-storage ring

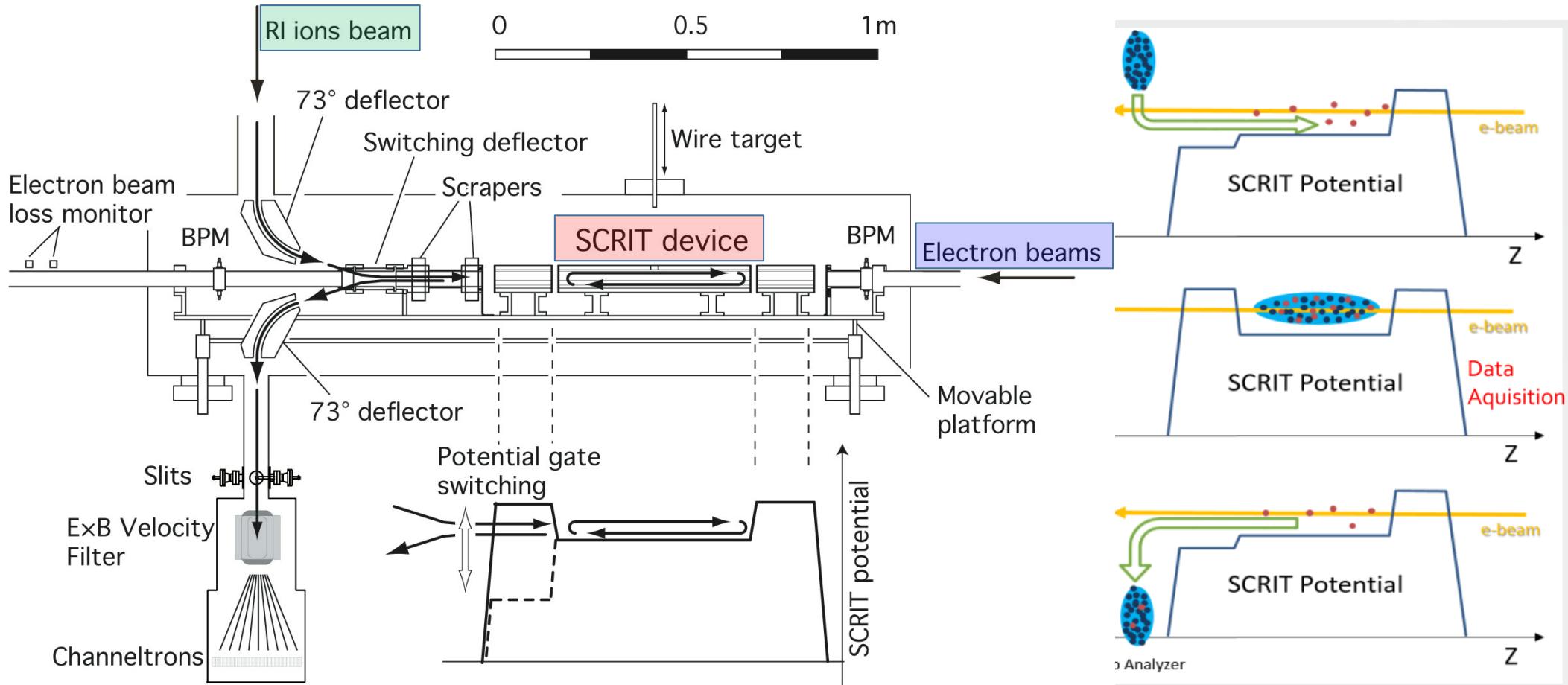
new ion trap for e-RI scattering

trapping RIs on electron beam
(automatic e-scattering off trapped RIs)

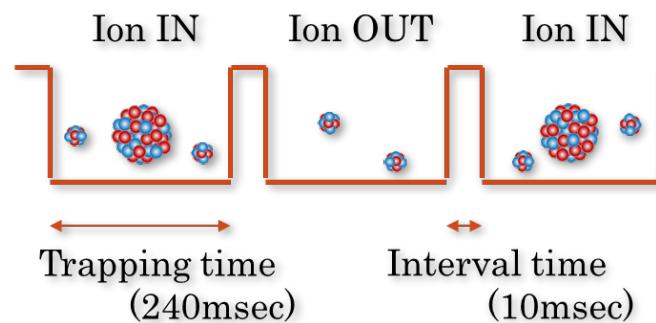


Nucl. Instrum. Methods A532 (2004) 216.
 Phys. Rev. Lett. 100 (2008) 164801.
 Pays. Rev. Lett. 102 (2009) 102501.

SCRIT device

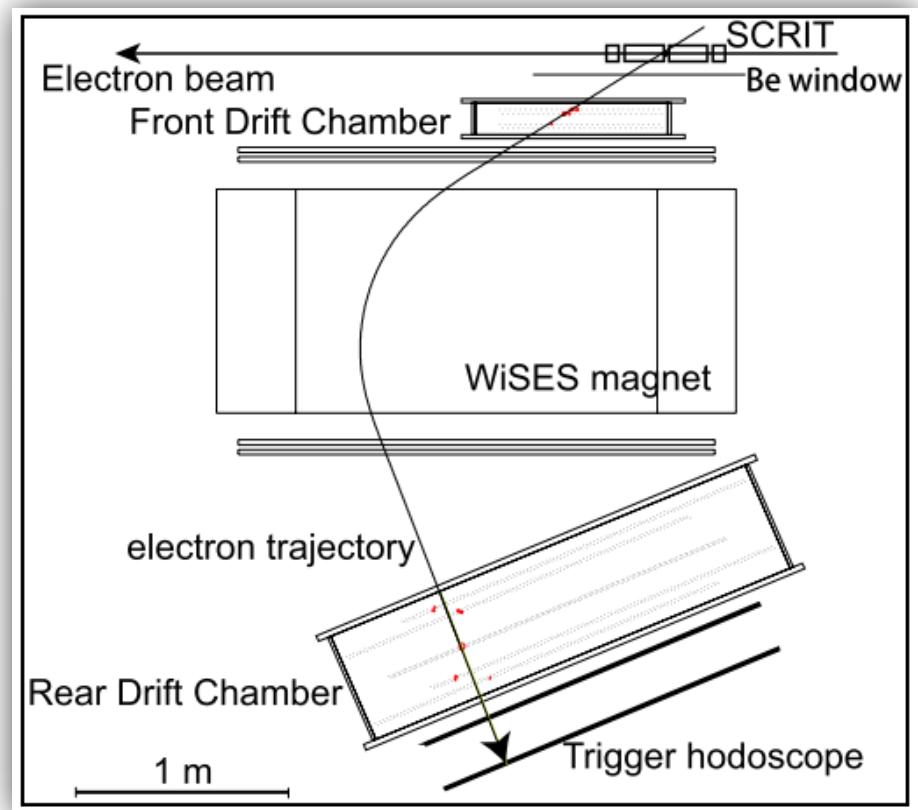
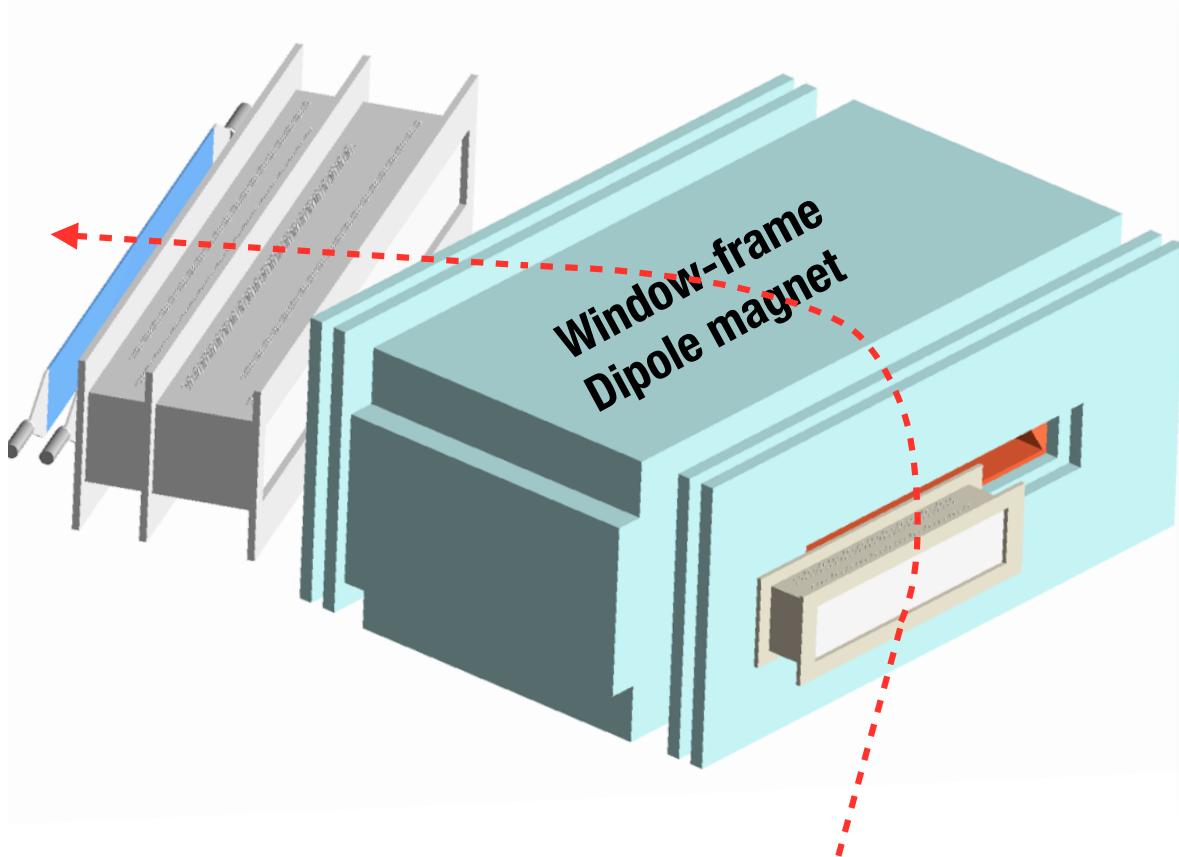


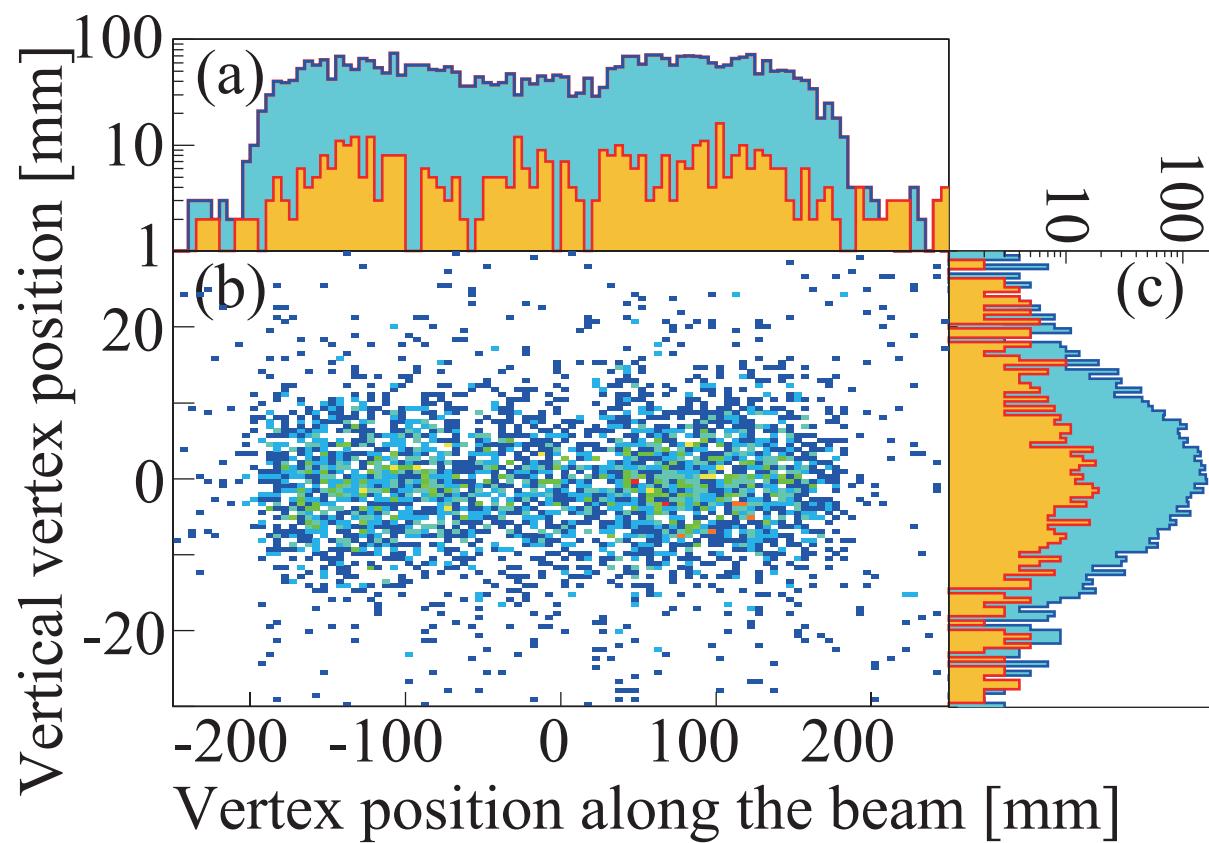
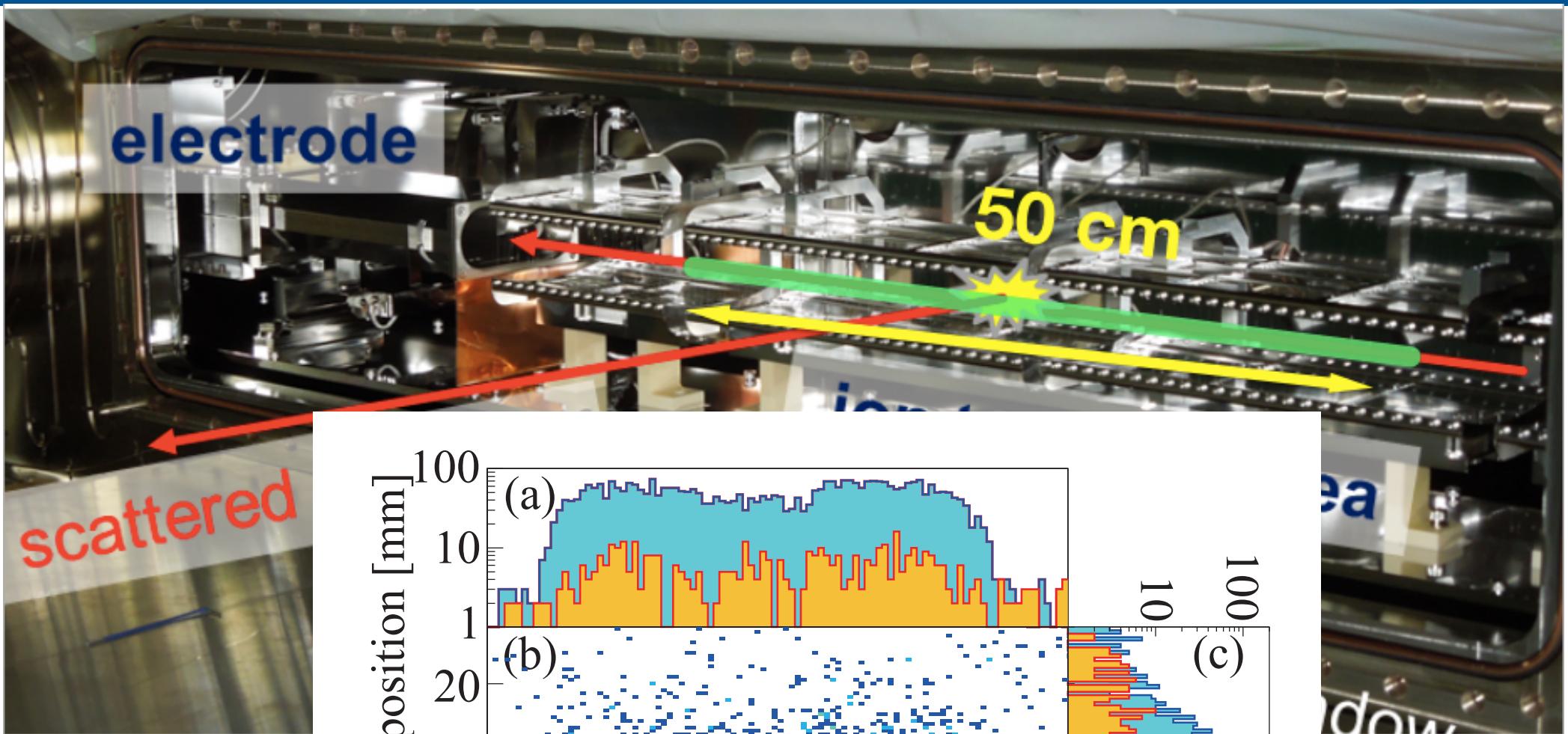
Time structure



- ◆ long target acceptance (50cm)
- ◆ wide scattering angle coverage

- ◆ $\Delta p/p \leq 10^{-3}$ ($\Delta E < 300\text{keV}$ @ 300MeV)
- ◆ $B_{\max} = 0.8\text{ T}$
- ◆ $\Delta\theta = 30^\circ$ ($45 \pm 15^\circ$)
- ◆ $\Delta\Omega \sim 100\text{ msr}$

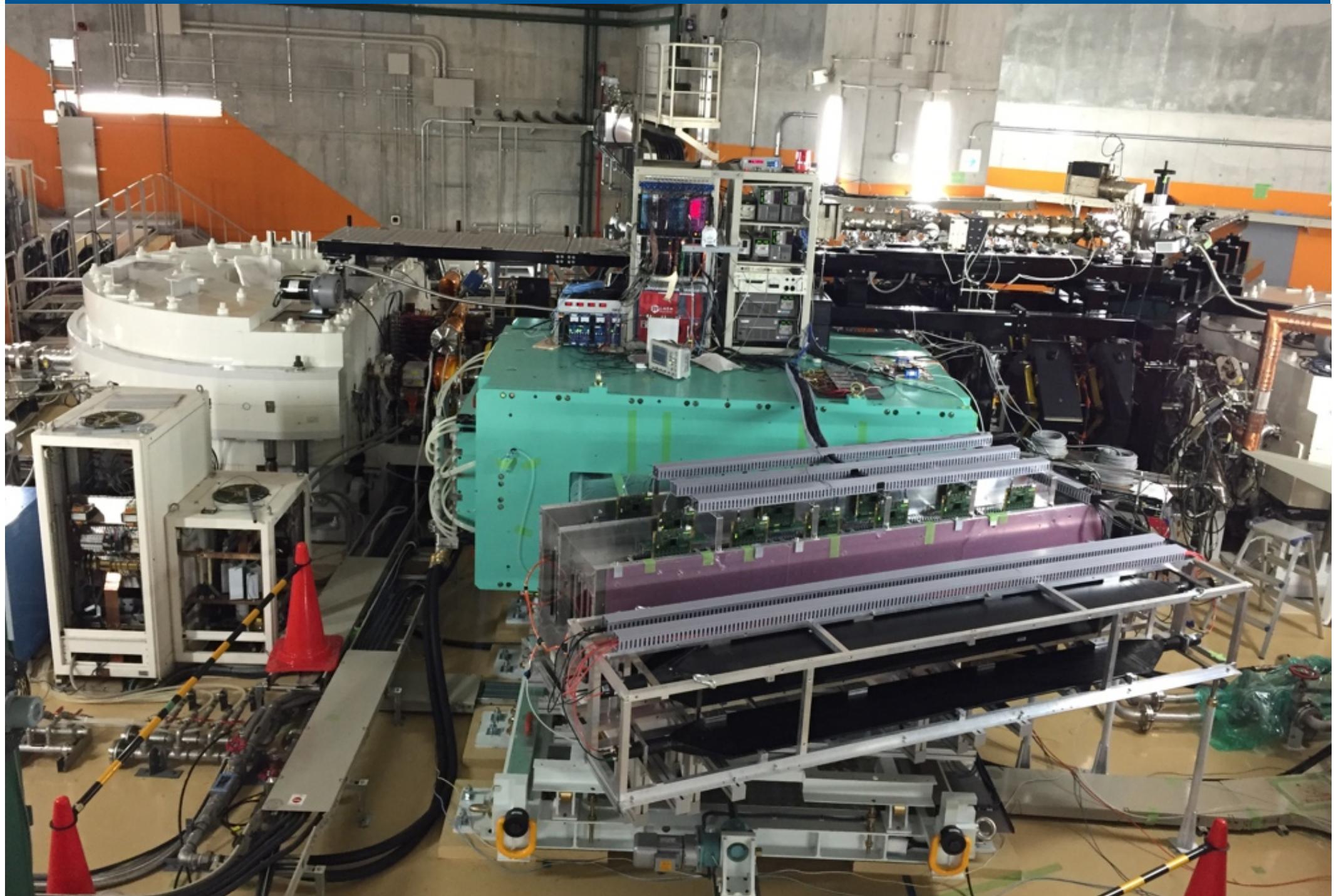




SCRIT facility in RIKEN/RI Beam Factory

ECT* workshop 23-27, April, 2018

Exploring the role of electron-weak currents
in atomic nuclei

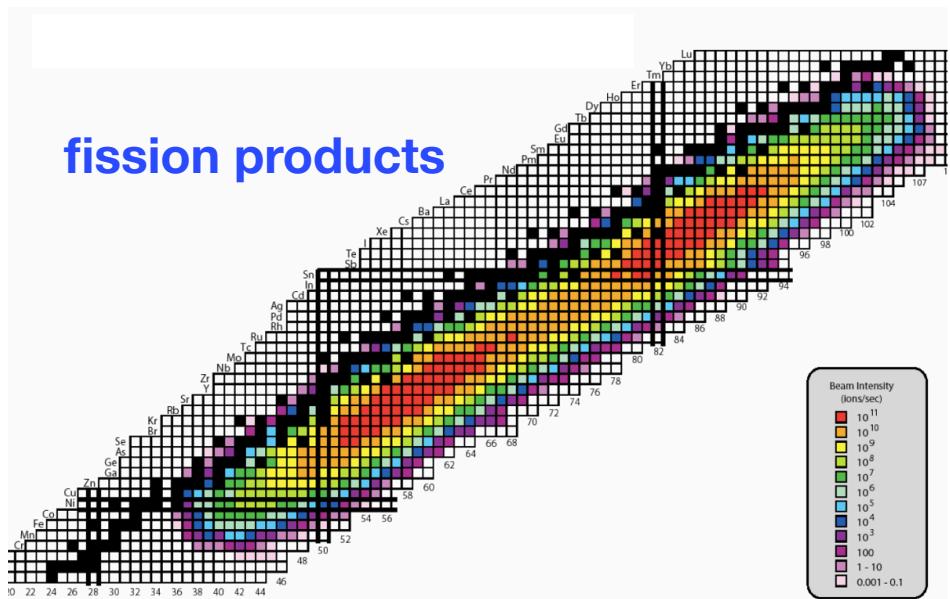


Reaction : photo- (electro-) fission of ^{238}U .

Target : house-made UCx

Driver : Race Track Microtron
($E_e=150$ MeV)

Ion Source : FEBIAD type



Production Rate

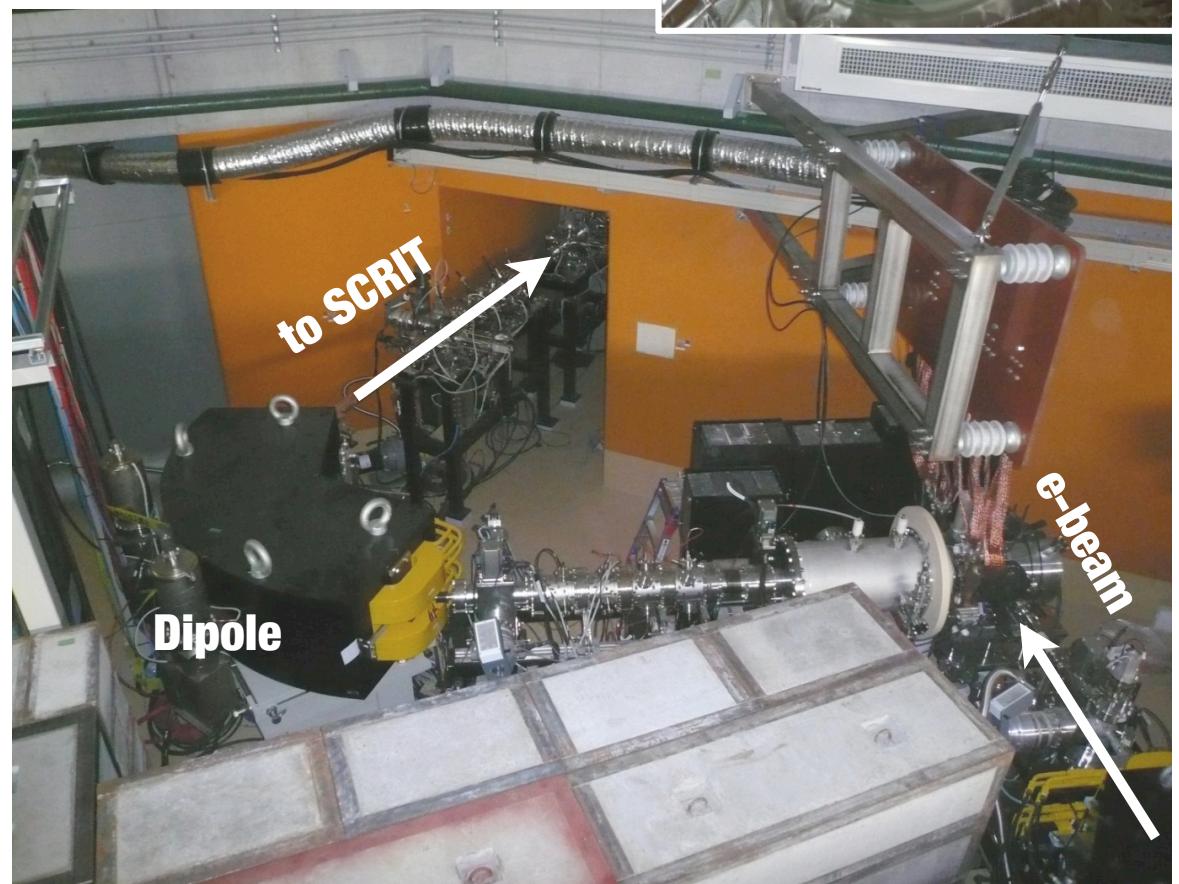
$$N_{\text{fission}} \sim 10^8 / \text{watt}$$

$$N^{132}\text{Sn} \sim 10^6 / \text{watt} * 1\% (\epsilon_{\text{trans.}})$$

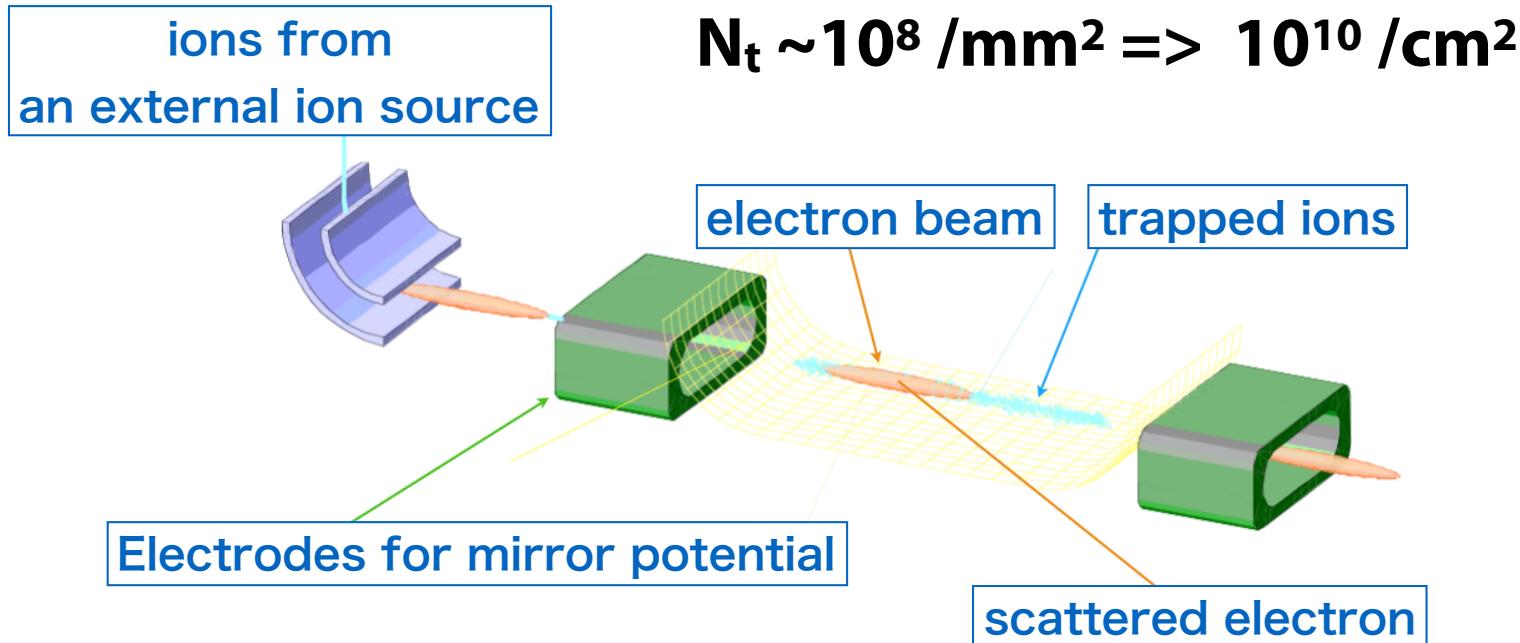
beam power : $\sim 50\text{W}$ as of today
 $\sim 1\text{kW}$ the goal

T. Ohnishi et al.

NIM B317 (2013) 357.



$\sim 10^8$ ions are trapped on e-beam ($\sim 1 \text{ mm}^2$)



	Ee	N _{beam}	$\rho \cdot t$	L
Hofstadter's era (1950s)	150 MeV	$\sim 1 \text{nA}$ ($\sim 10^9 / \text{s}$)	$\sim 10^{19} / \text{cm}^2$	$\sim 10^{28} / \text{cm}^2/\text{s}$
JLAB	6 GeV	$\sim 100 \mu\text{A}$ ($\sim 10^{14} / \text{s}$)	$\sim 10^{22} / \text{cm}^2$	$\sim 10^{36} / \text{cm}^2/\text{s}$
SCRIT	150 - 300 MeV	$\sim 200 \text{ mA}$ ($\sim 10^{18} / \text{s}$)	$\sim 10^{10} / \text{cm}^2$	$\sim 10^{27} / \text{cm}^2/\text{s}$

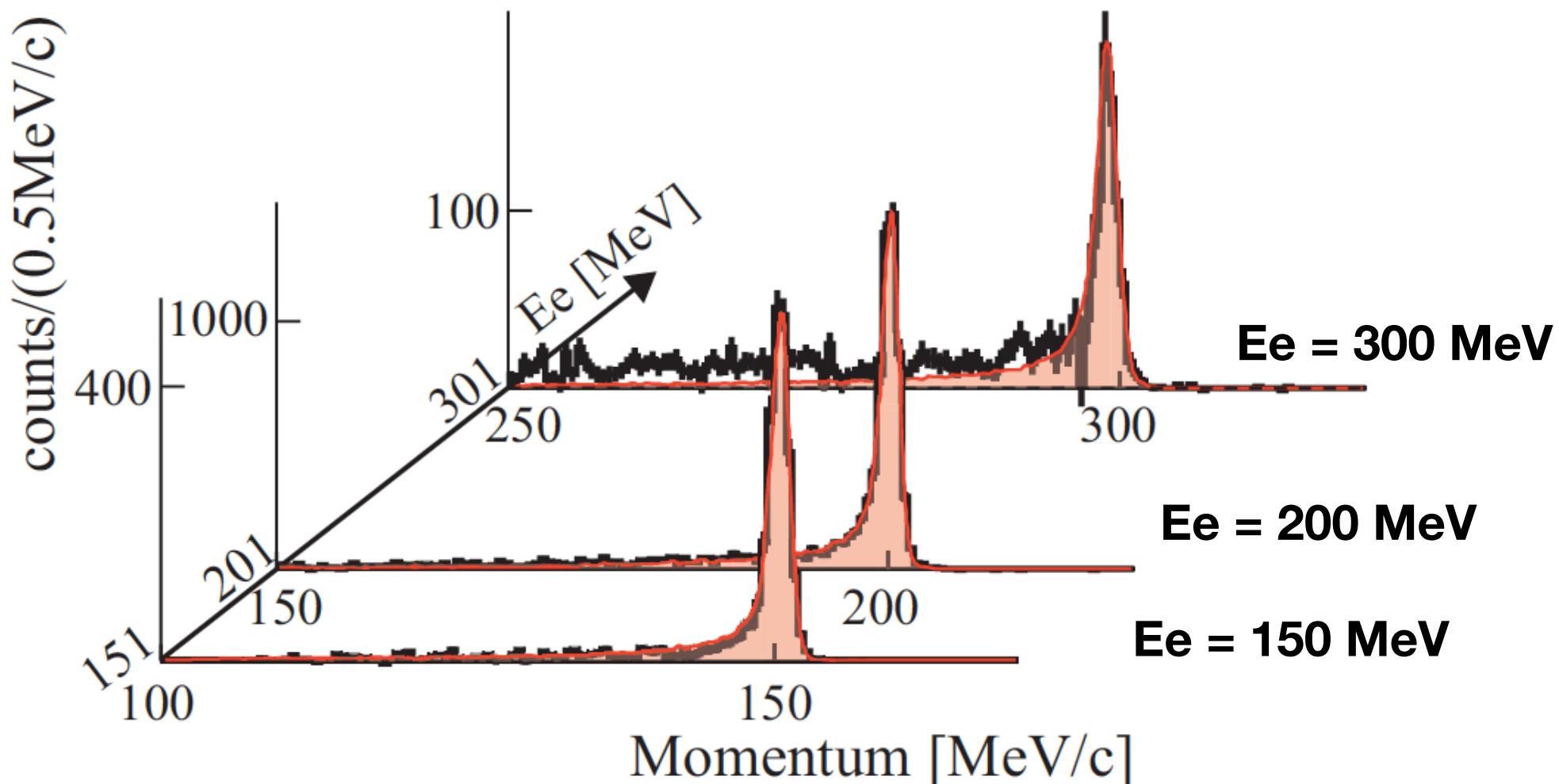
First physics run

$\text{^{132}Xe}(e,e')$

ECT* workshop 23-27 April, 2018
Exploring the role of electron-weak currents
in atomic nuclei

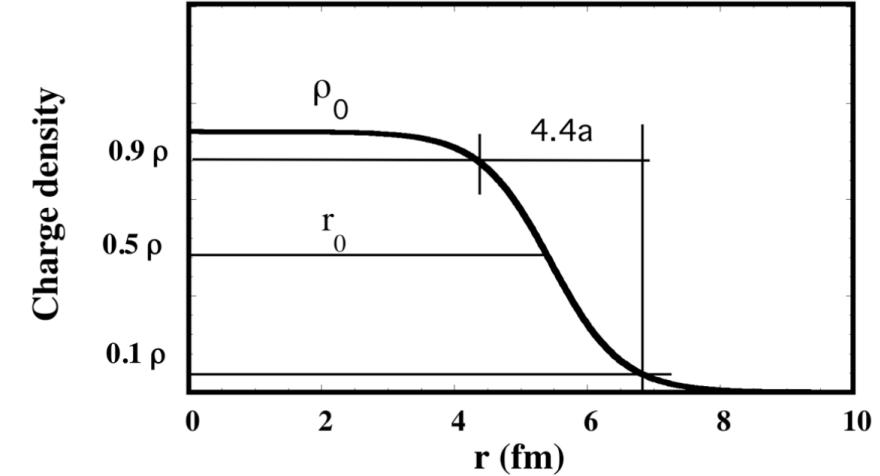
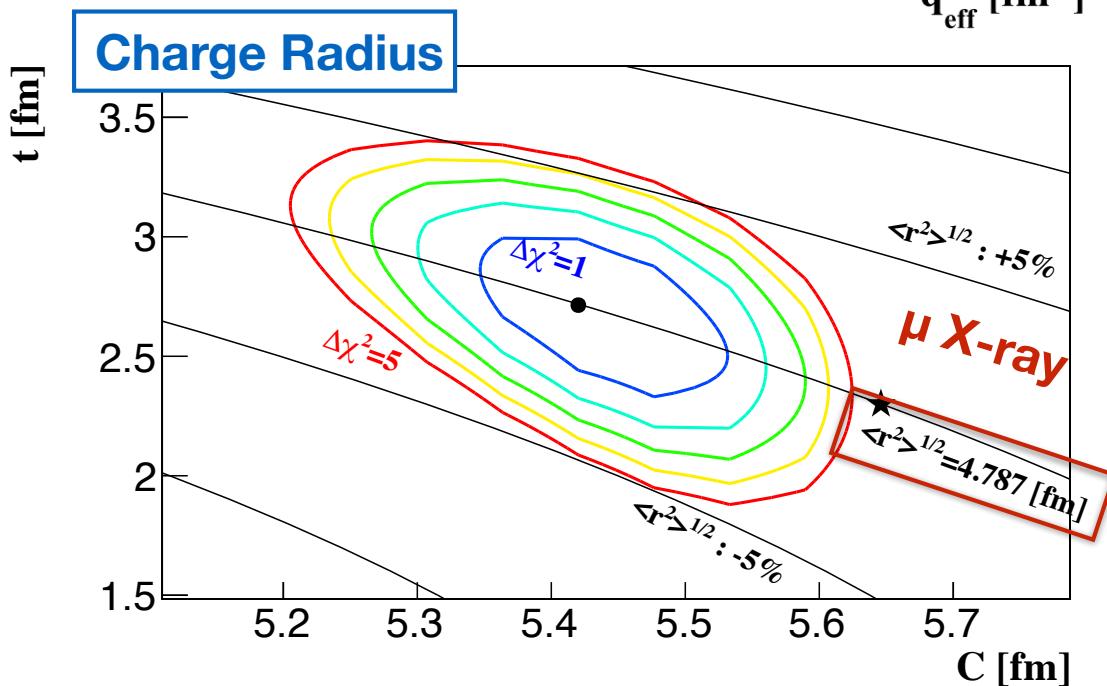
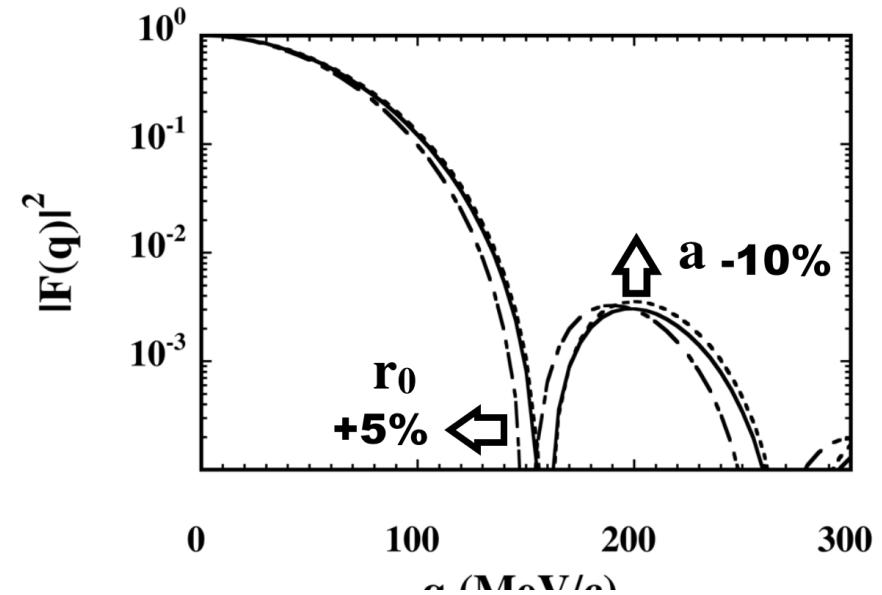
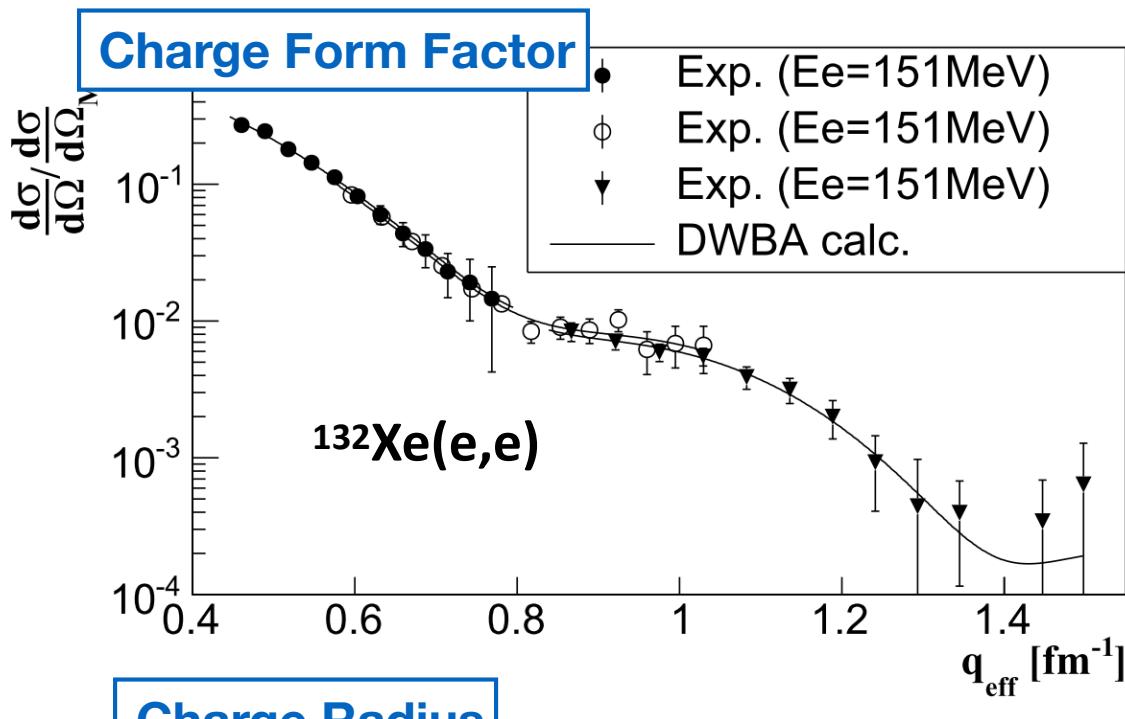
$E_e = 150, 200 \text{ and } 300 \text{ MeV}$
 $\theta = 30 - 60 \text{ deg.}$
 $\Rightarrow q = 80 - 300 \text{ MeV}$

$N_{\text{trapped}} \sim 10^8 @ I_e = 250 \text{ mA}$
 $\Rightarrow L \sim 10^{27} / \text{cm}^2/\text{s}$
a week measurement



First experiment ($^{132}\text{Xe}(e,e')$)

using $\sim 10^8$ target nuclei



First physics run with 10^8 ions with stable atom

Luminosity : $\sim 10^{27} /cm^2/s$

^{132}Xe charge density distribution

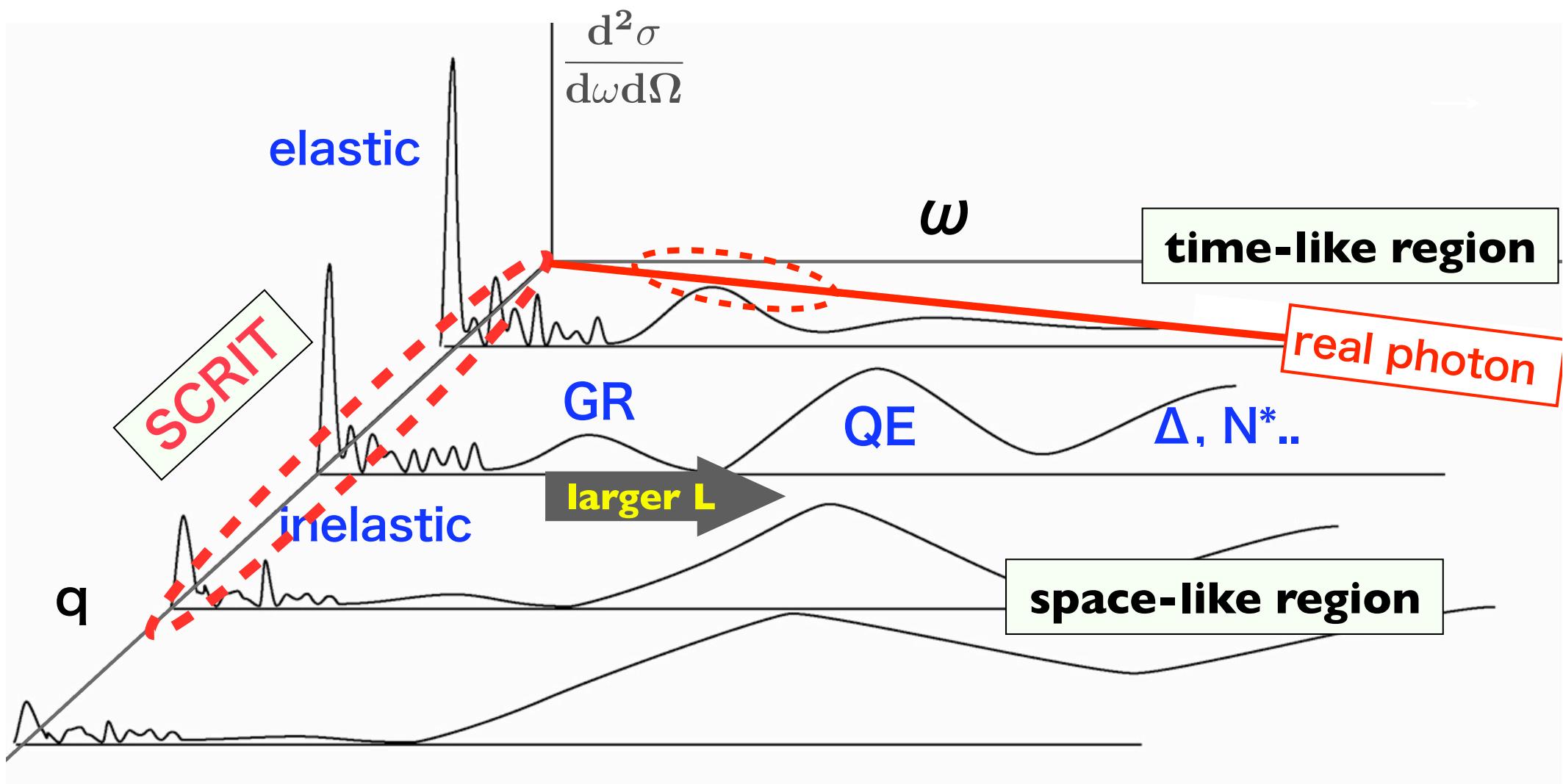
**PRL 118 (2017) 262501
PPNP 96 (2017) 1-31.**

Toward unstable nuclei

e-beam power is not enough to reach $10^{27} /cm^2/s$

need to increase beam power for ISOL up to 1 kW

(ω, q) responses of atomic nuclei



$\omega = q$: Photo-nuclear reaction

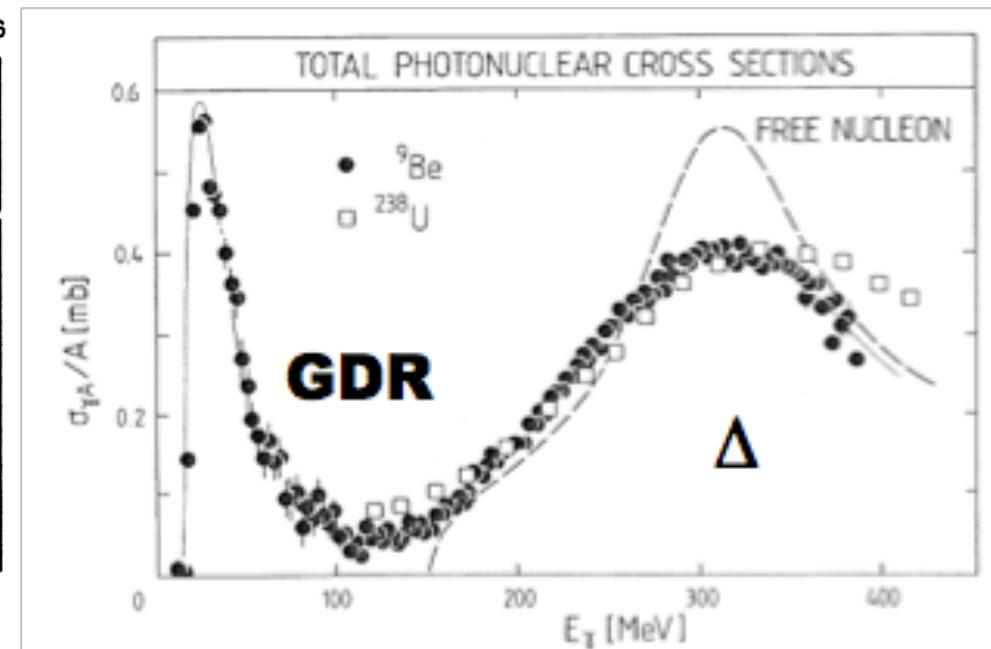
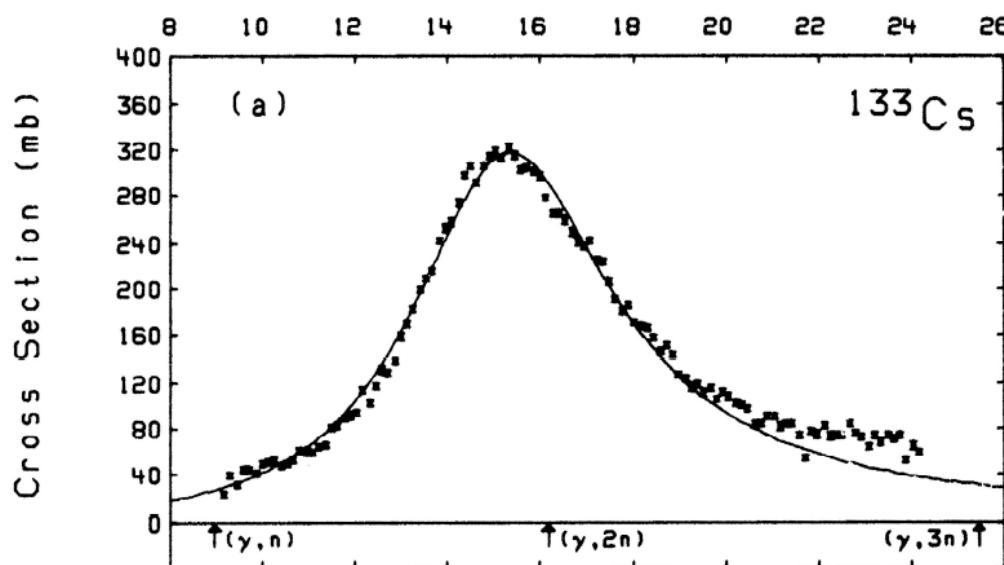
$\omega \sim 0$ MeV : Charge Radii, Electromagnetic moments

$\omega \sim$ a few MeV : B(EL) (ex, CoulX)

$\omega \sim$ a few 10 MeV : GDR (@ SCRIT facility)

Photonuclear reaction of exotic nuclei at the SCRIT electron scattering facility

Total Photoabsorption Cross Section



1) Response functions (operators : well-known)

2) Sum Rules

TRK sum rule

$$\int_0^\infty \sigma(E_\gamma) dE_\gamma = \frac{2\pi^2 e^2 \hbar}{M} \frac{NZ}{A} (1 + \kappa) = 60 \frac{NZ}{A} (1 + \kappa) MeV \cdot mb$$

Bremmstrahlung sum rule

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\sigma(E_\gamma)}{E_\gamma} dE_\gamma = \frac{4\pi^2 e^2}{3\hbar} \frac{NZ}{A-1} \langle r^2 \rangle$$

Migdal sum rule

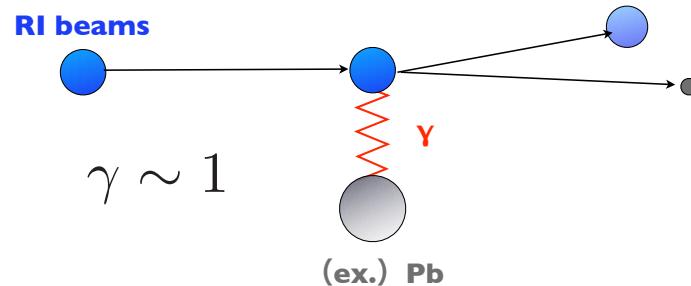
$$\int_0^\infty \frac{\sigma(E_\gamma)}{E_\gamma^2} dE_\gamma = \frac{2\pi^2}{\hbar} P$$

P : polarizability

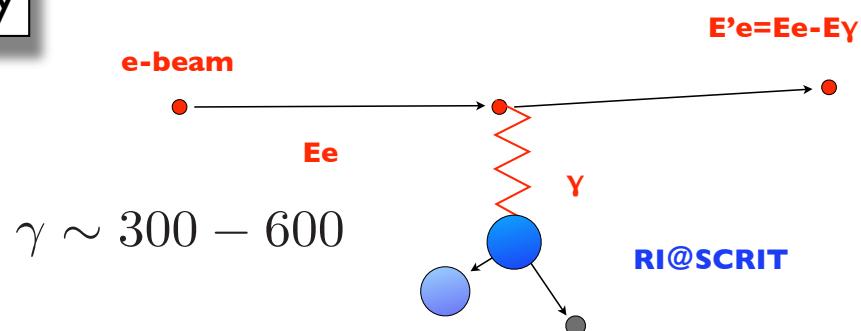
photonuclear reaction for exotic nuclei

so far

only way : Coulomb excitation in heavy ion reaction

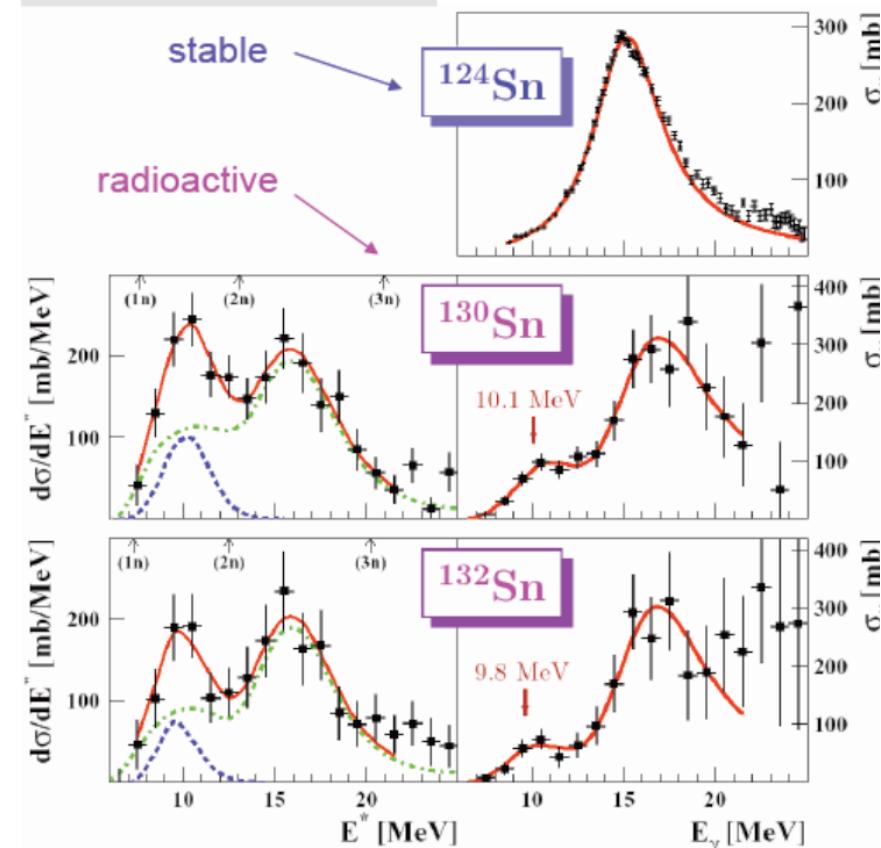


SCRIT facility



purely EM probe
well under control
negligible multi-stop

ultra-forward
electron scattering



$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dE_e d\Omega} = \sum \frac{d^2 N_e^{EL}(E, E_\gamma, \theta)}{dE_\gamma d\Omega} \cdot \sigma_\gamma^{EL}(E_\gamma)$$

Virtual Photon flux

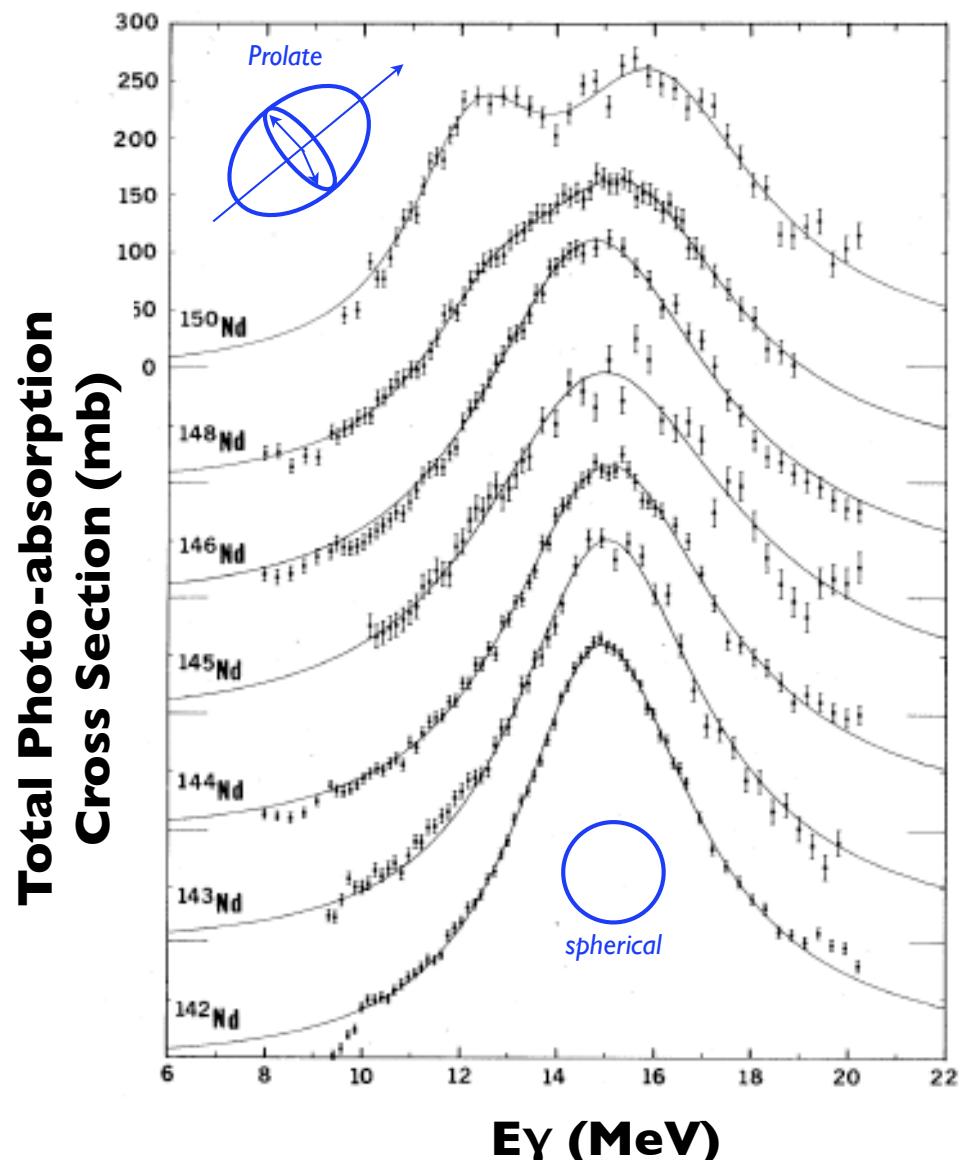
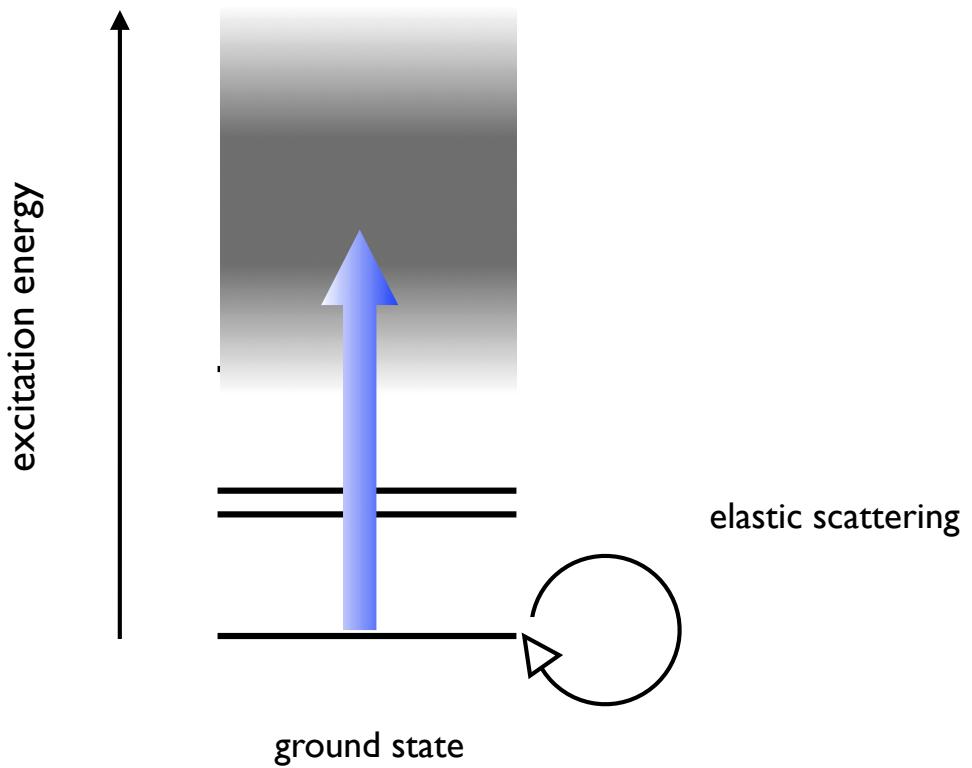
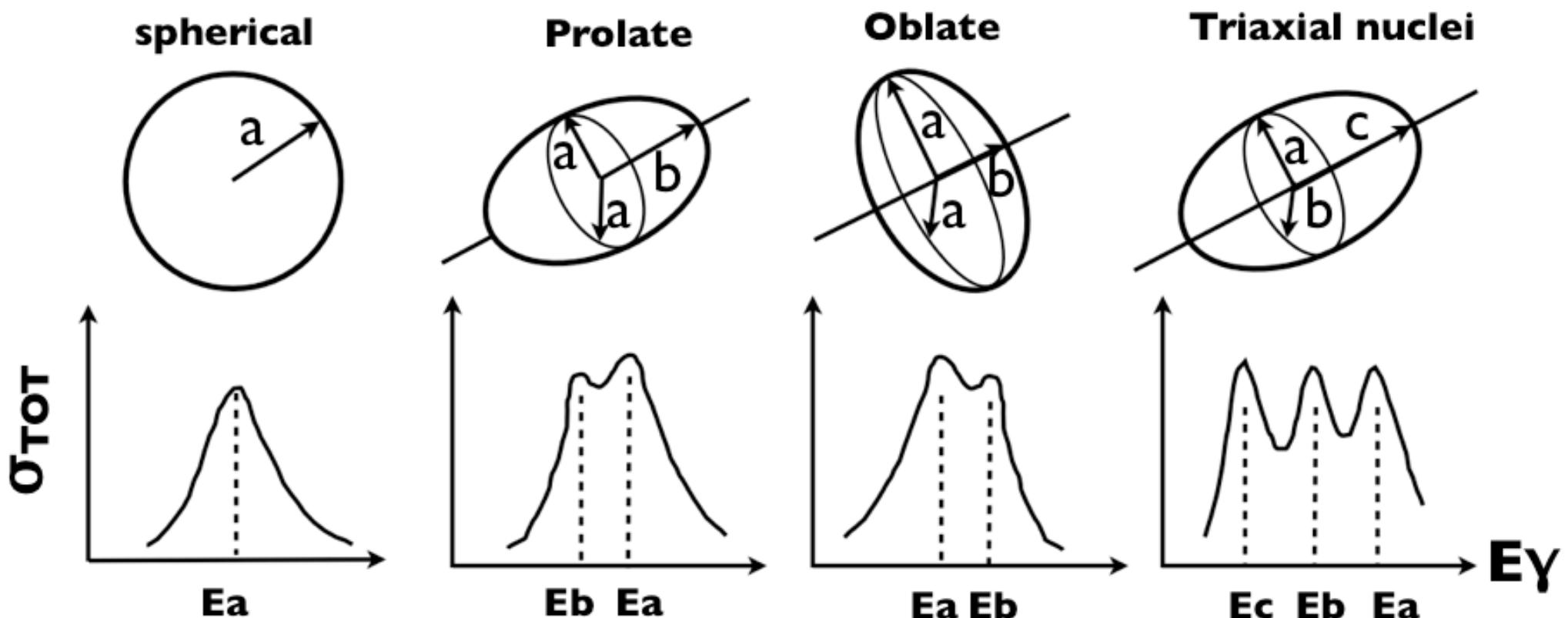
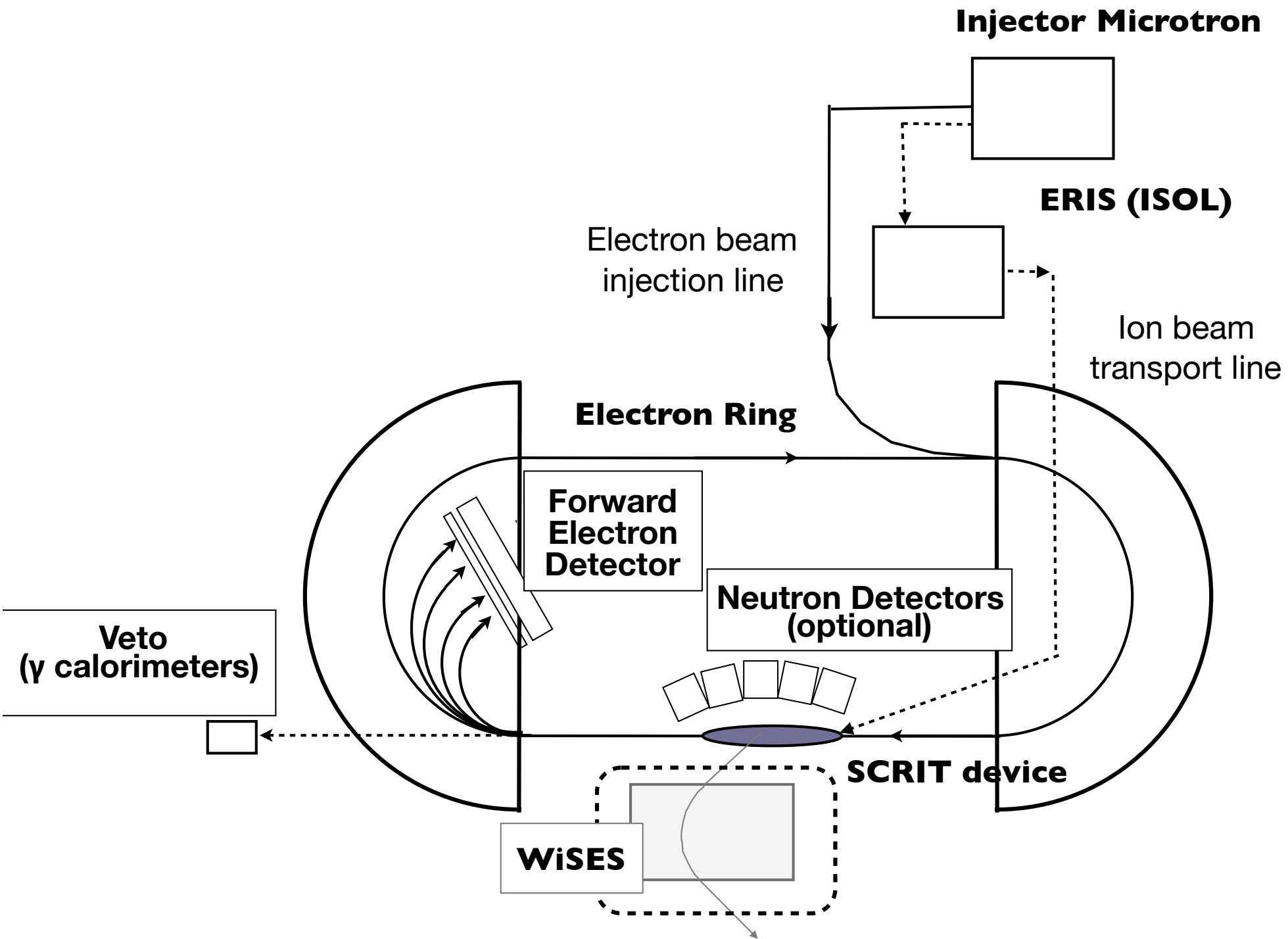


photo-nuclear responses of exotic nuclei

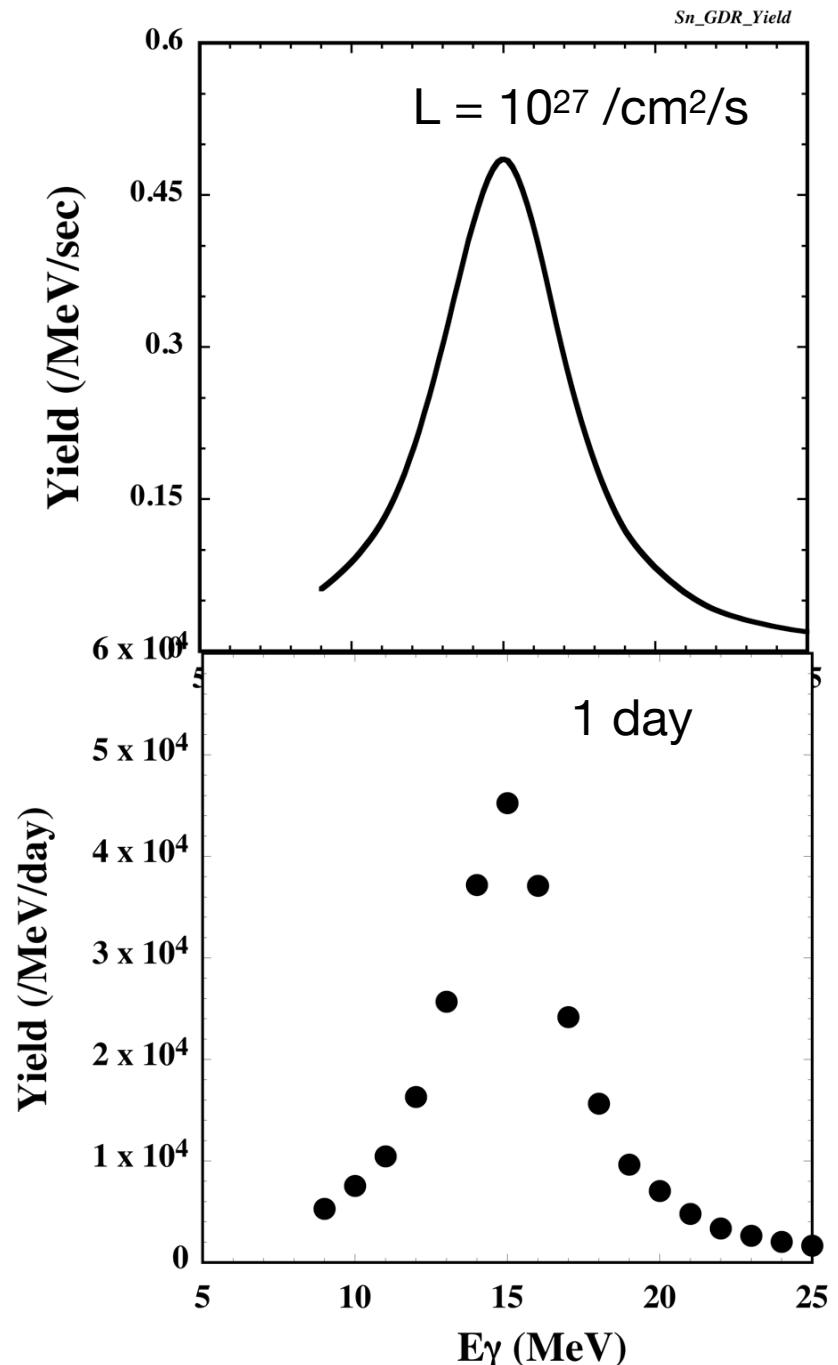
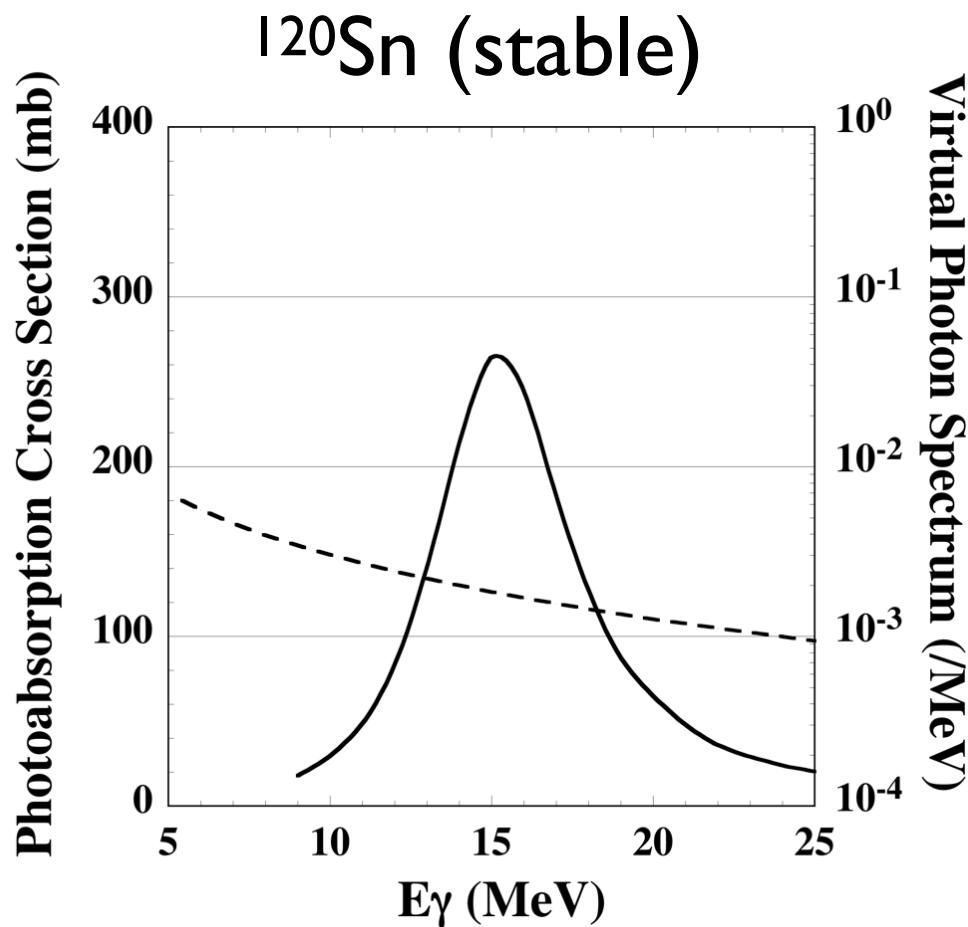




Expected reaction rate for $L = 10^{27} / \text{cm}^2/\text{s}$

virtual photon theory

$$\frac{dN}{dE_\gamma} = L \cdot \int d\Omega \frac{d^2 N_e^{E1}(E, E_\gamma, \theta)}{dE_\gamma d\Omega} \cdot \sigma_\gamma^{E1}(E_\gamma)$$



ECT* workshop in 16-20 July

ECT* workshop 23-27, April, 2018
Exploring the role of electron-weak currents
in atomic nuclei

ECT* workshop on e-scattering for exotic nuclei

“Probing exotic structure of short-lived nuclei by electron scattering”

Organizers : T. Suda (Tohoku), H. Simon (GSI),

T. Otsuka (RIKEN/Tokyo), C. Barbieri (Surrey)



Castello di Trento (Trint), watercolor 19.8 x 27.7, painted by A. Dürer on his way back from Venice (1495).

British Museum, London

2018 PROGRAMME OF ACTIVITIES

05-09 March

Recent Advances and Challenges in the Description of Nuclear Reactions at the Limit of Stability

Organisers: P. Capel (*Université Libre de Bruxelles*), A. M. Moro (*University of Sevilla*), J. Casal (*ECT*, Trento*), J. A. Lay (*University of Sevilla*)

26-30 March

Determination of the Absolute Electron (Anti)-Neutrino Mass

Organisers: K. Valerius (*KIT, Karlsruhe*), L. Gastaldo (*Heidelberg University*)

09-13 April

Spontaneous and Induced Fission of Very Heavy and Super-Heavy Nuclei

Organisers: E. Vardaci (*University of Napoli*), N. Carjan (*JINR, Dubna, NIPNE-HH, Bucarest*), Y. Oganessian (*JINR, Dubna*)

16-20 April

Exposing Novel Quark and Gluon Effects in Nuclei

Organisers: I. Cloët (*ANL, Lemont*), R. Dupré (*CNRS-IN2P3, Orsay*), S. Riordan (*ANL, Lemont*)

09-13 July

Modeling Neutrino-Nucleus Interactions

Organisers: F. Sanchez (*Barcelona Institute of Science and Technology*), U. Mosel (*Giessen University*), M. Barbaro (*Turin University*), N. Jachowicz (*Ghent University*), D. Harris (*FNAL*)

16-20 July

Probing Exotic Structure of Short-lived Nuclei by Electron Scattering

Organisers: T. Suda (*Tohoku University*), H. Simon (*GSI, Darmstadt*), T. Otsuka (*RIKEN, Wako*), C. Barbieri (*University of Surrey*)

03-07 September

Quantum Gravity meets Lattice QFT

Organisers: A. Schäfer (*Regensburg University*), N. Bodendorfer (*Regensburg University*), K. Giesel (*University of Erlangen*), M. Hanada (*Kyoto University, Livermore, Stanford University*), M. Panero (*Turin University*), Y. Laffé (*Seattle University*)

10-14 September

Mapping Parton Distribution Amplitudes and Functions

e-scattering off exotic nuclei @ SCRIT (RIKEN)

1. SCRIT electron scattering facility started its operation.

world's first (and only) electron scattering facility for short-lived nuclei

2. Final commissioning experiment for stable ^{132}Xe (e,e') completed:

$L \sim 10^{27} / \text{cm}^2/\text{s}$ with $\sim 10^8$ ions on e-beam

$d\sigma/d\Omega @ q \leq 1.5 \text{ fm}^{-1}$

3. next : e+RI (^{138}Xe , ^{132}Sn) scattering @ $L > 10^{26} / \text{cm}^2/\text{s}$

ISOL ($\gamma+\text{U}$) : towards higher beam power (20 W ---> 1 kW) : $\sim 10^{11}$ fission/s
under budget request

4. Future perspectives

Total photo-absorption cross section of exotic nuclei

covering the whole GDR region