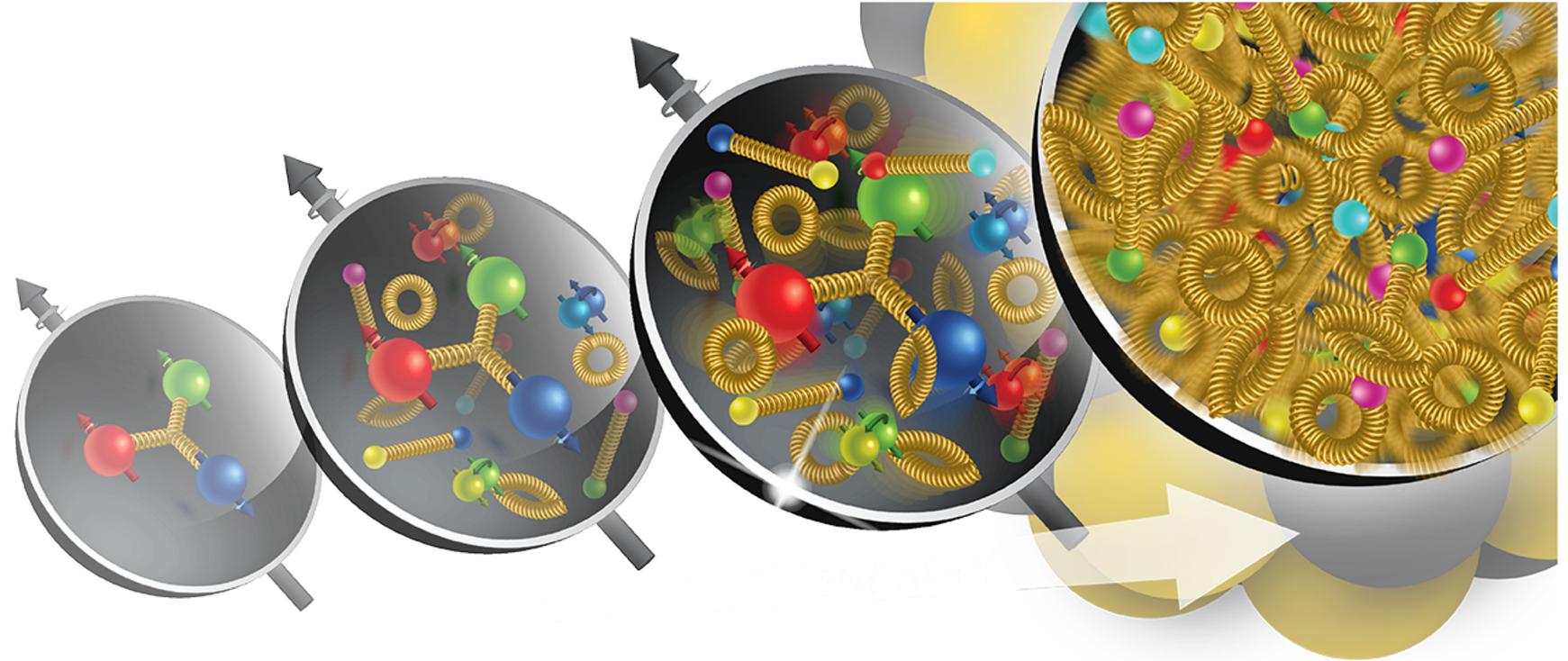


# Saturation phenomena at the EIC

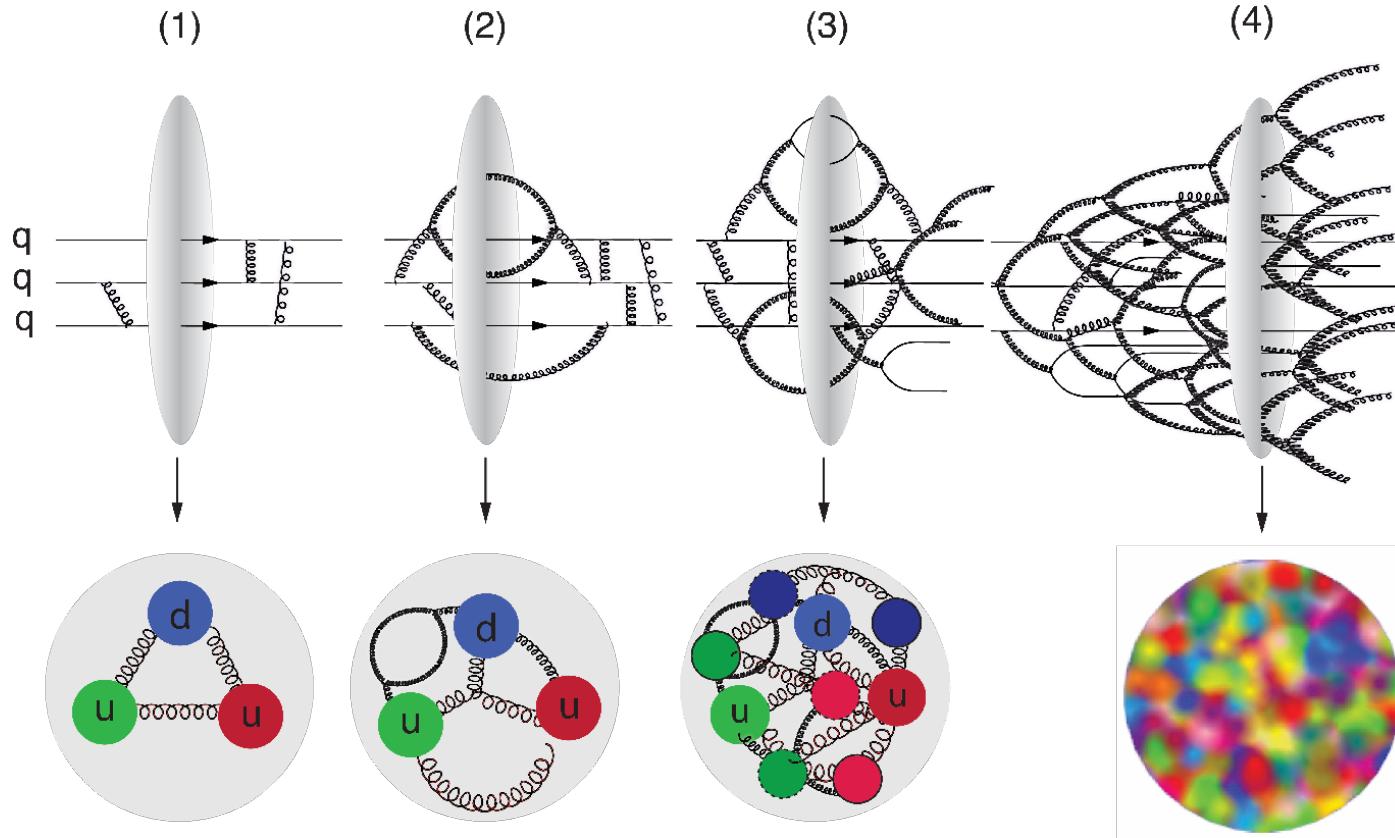


- *Experimental Signatures*

Kong Tu  
BNL

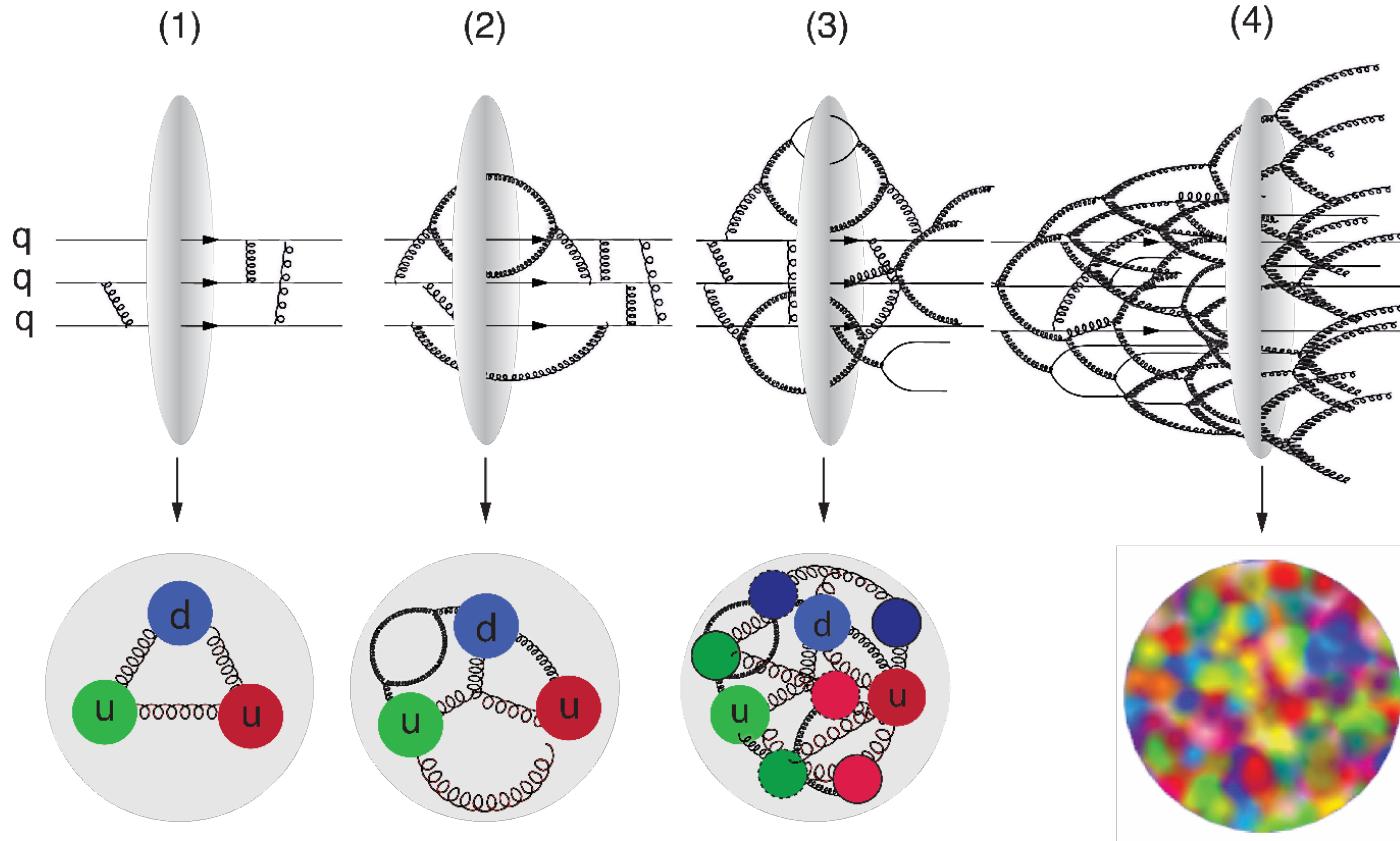
06. 29. 2021

# Structure of nucleon

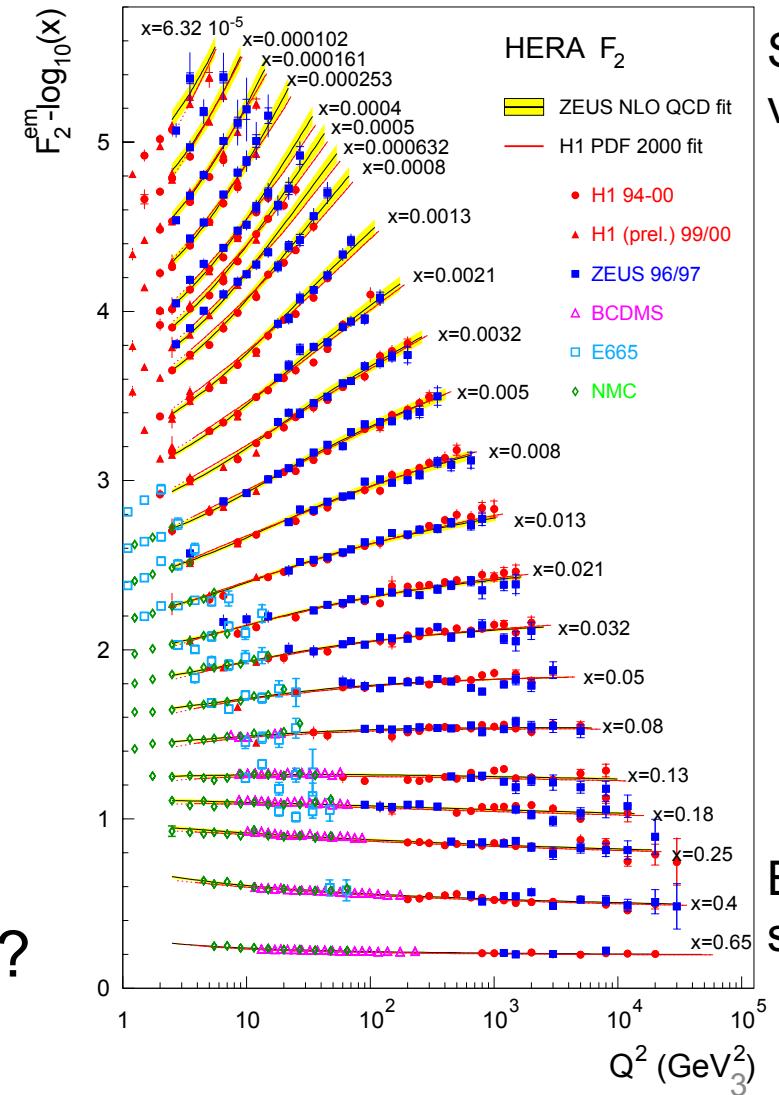


Proton from low to high energy – change of dynamics?

# Structure of nucleon – probed by DIS

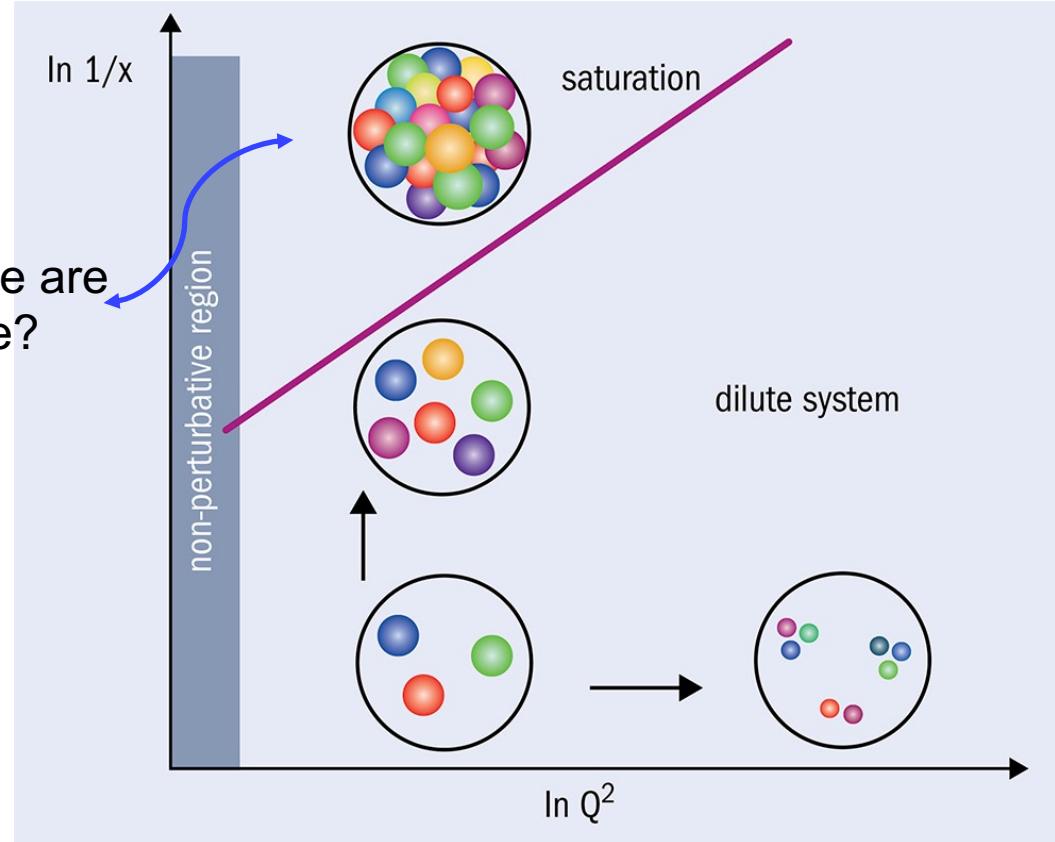


Proton from low to high energy – change of dynamics?

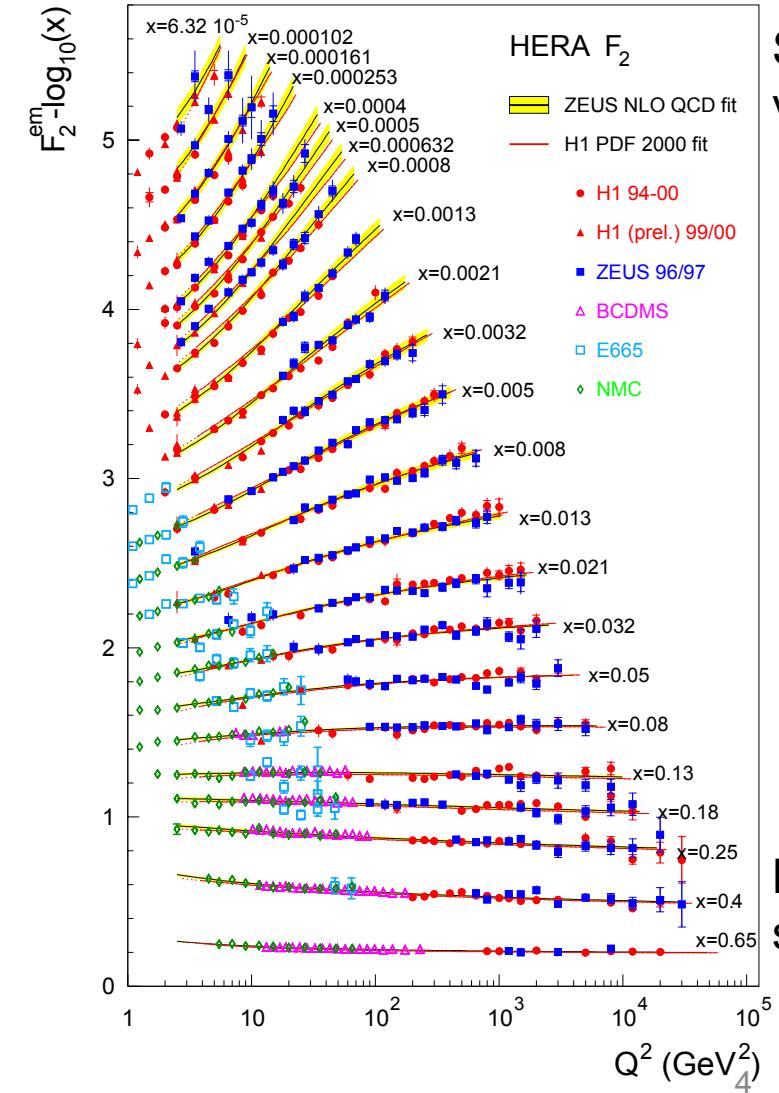


# Structure of nucleon – probed by DIS

How to tell we are  
in this regime?

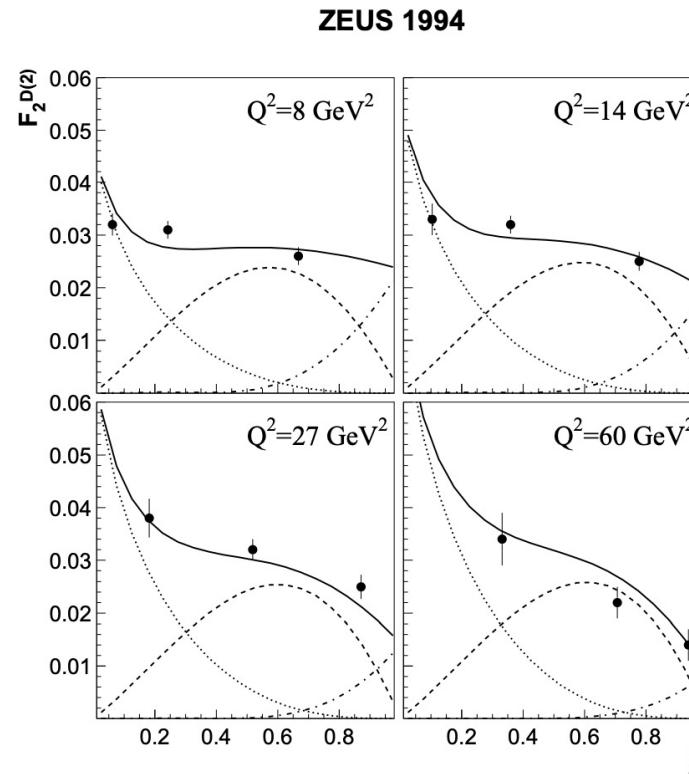
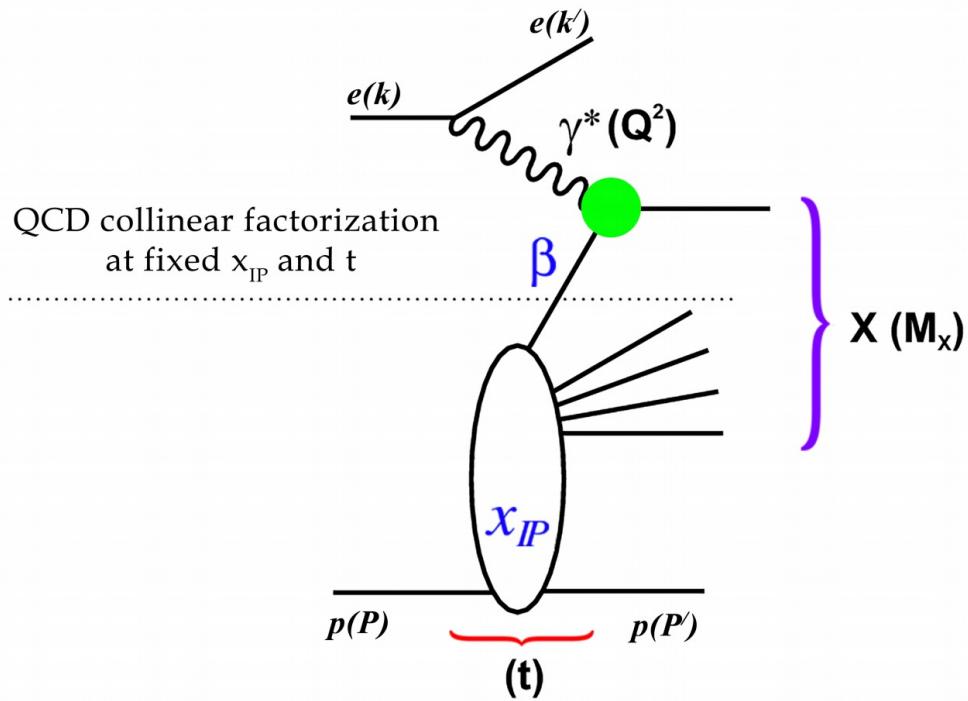


- Where is the limit?
- What are the signatures of saturation?



# Early signatures at HERA

- Saturation models successfully describe  $F_2$  data at HERA – naturally describes high to low  $Q^2$  transitions.
- Diffractive cross section is more sensitive to saturation.<sup>1</sup>



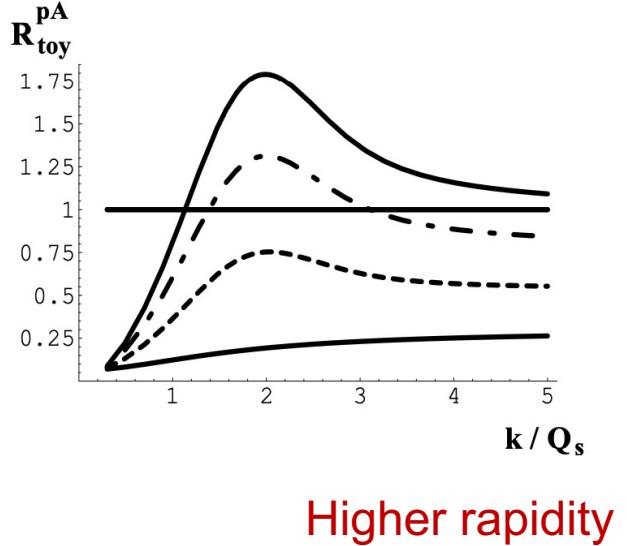
Overall normalization of the diffractive data is a direct result of saturation model without any fits.

[figure from Phys. Rev. D 99, 054007 (2019)]

1. K. Golec-Biernat and M. Wusthoff (1999)

# Signatures at RHIC

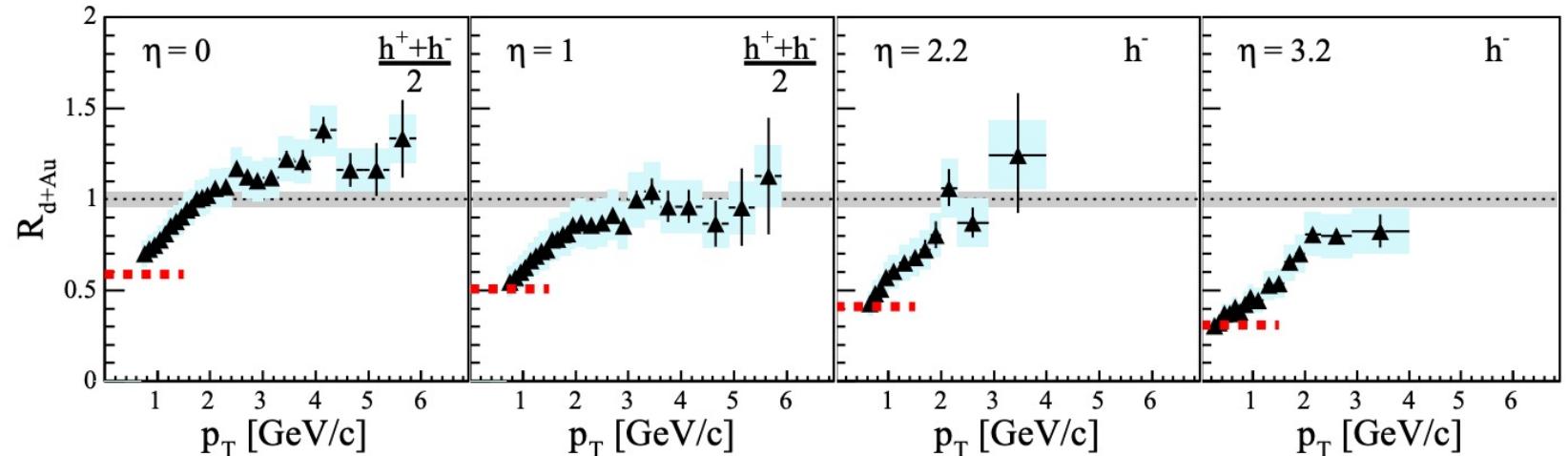
*Saturation model predictions*



Higher rapidity

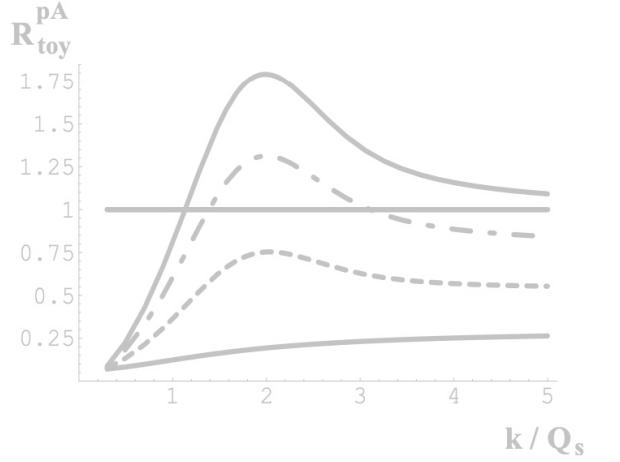
(Prog.Part.Nucl.Phys.56:104-231,2006)

Nuclear modification factor, measured at BRAHMS, RHIC in dAu collisions



# Signatures at RHIC

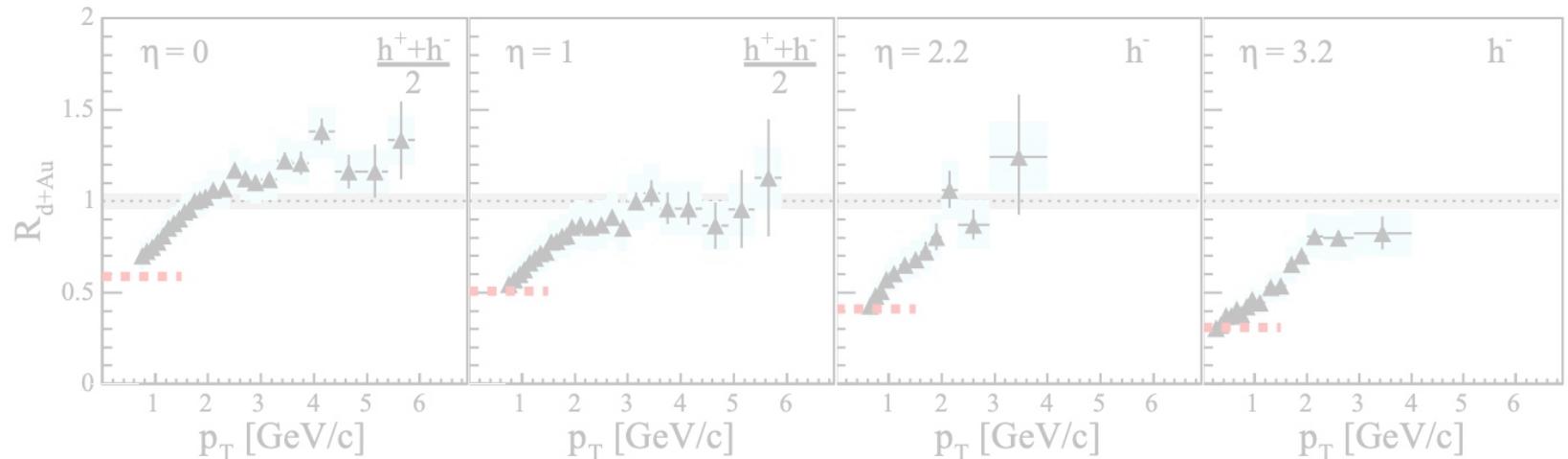
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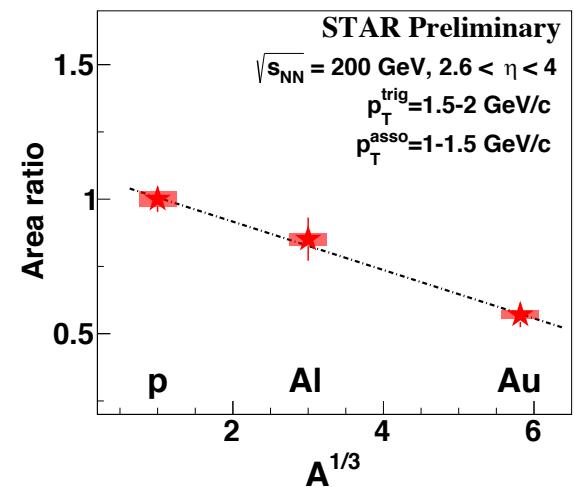
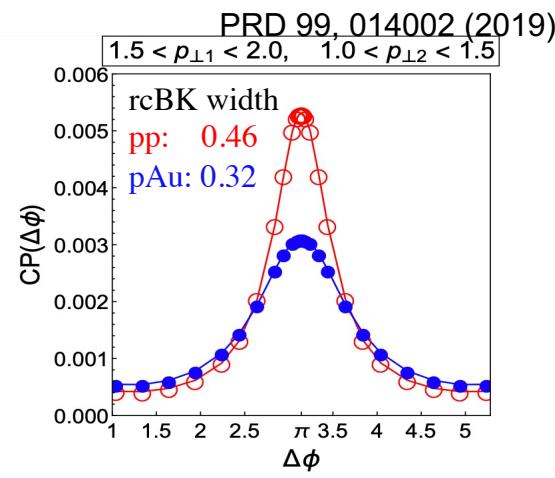
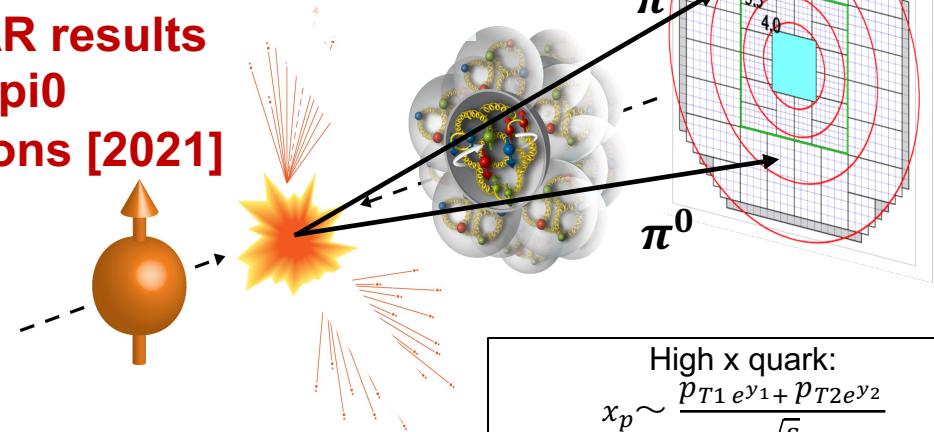
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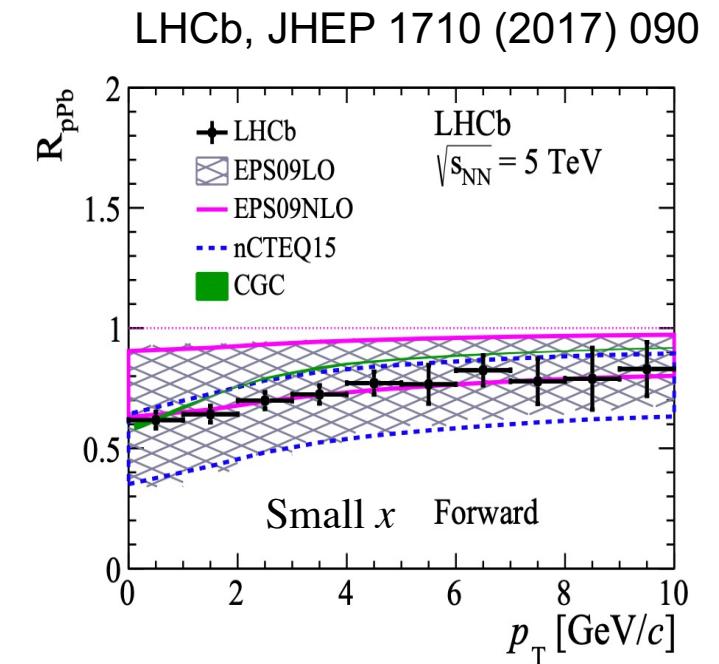
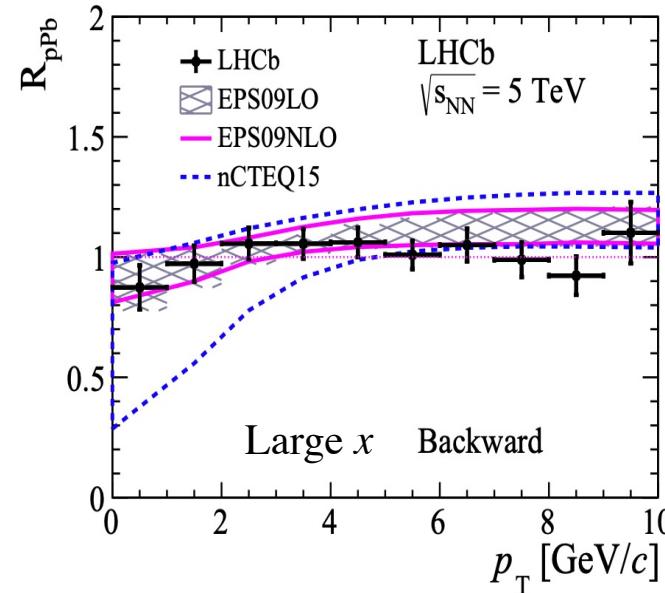


New STAR results  
using di-pi $^0$   
correlations [2021]



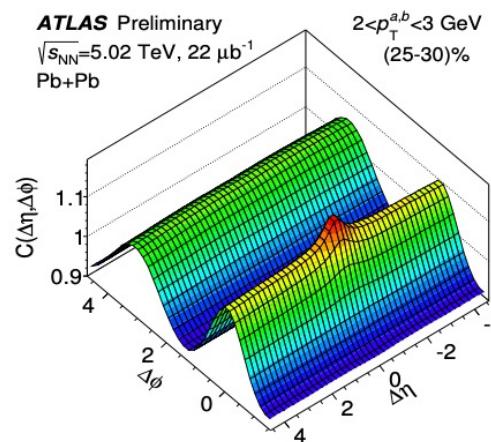
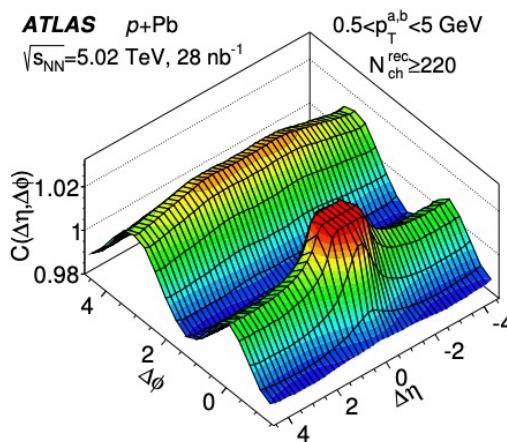
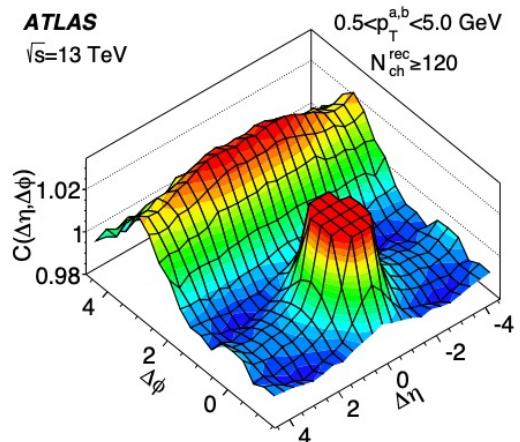
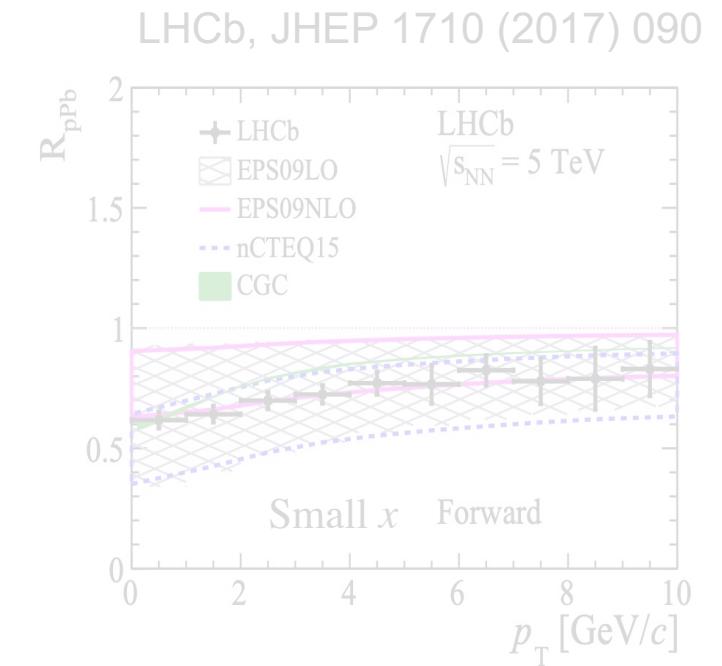
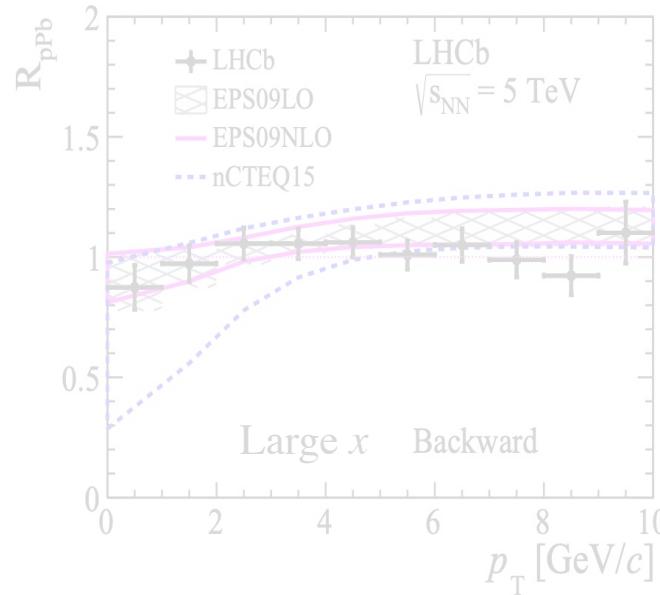
# Signatures at the LHC

Forward D<sup>0</sup> production at LHCb  
– suppression in forward



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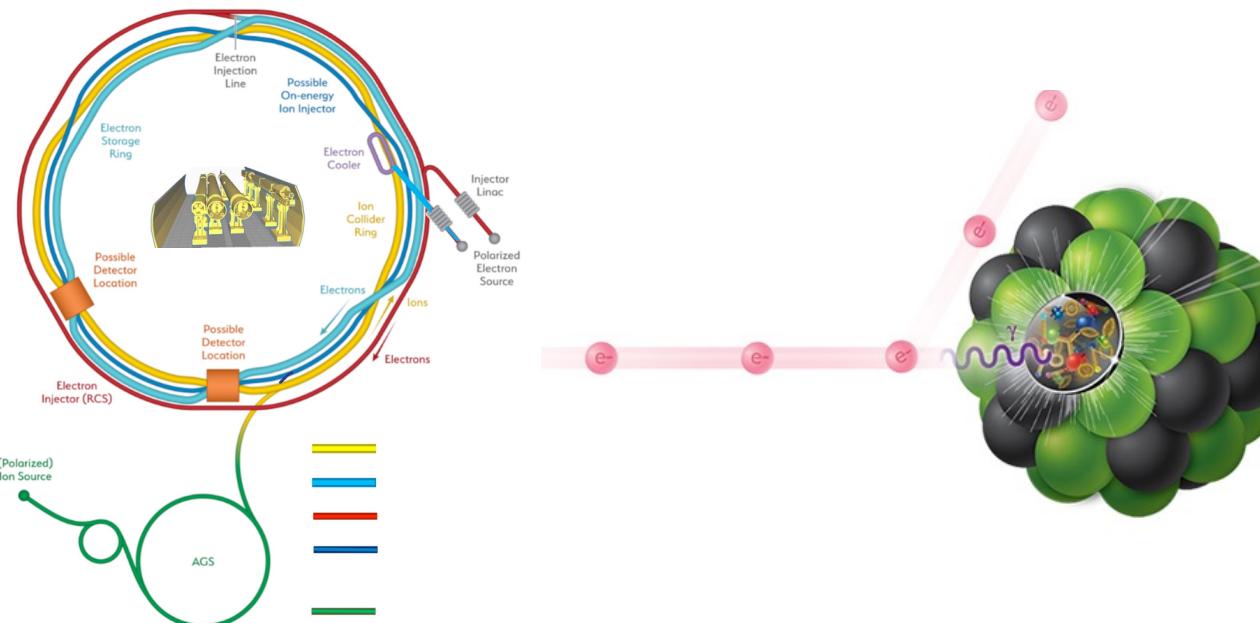


**Intensive investigations on the origin of collectivity and “ridge” in pp, pA, and AA collisions.**

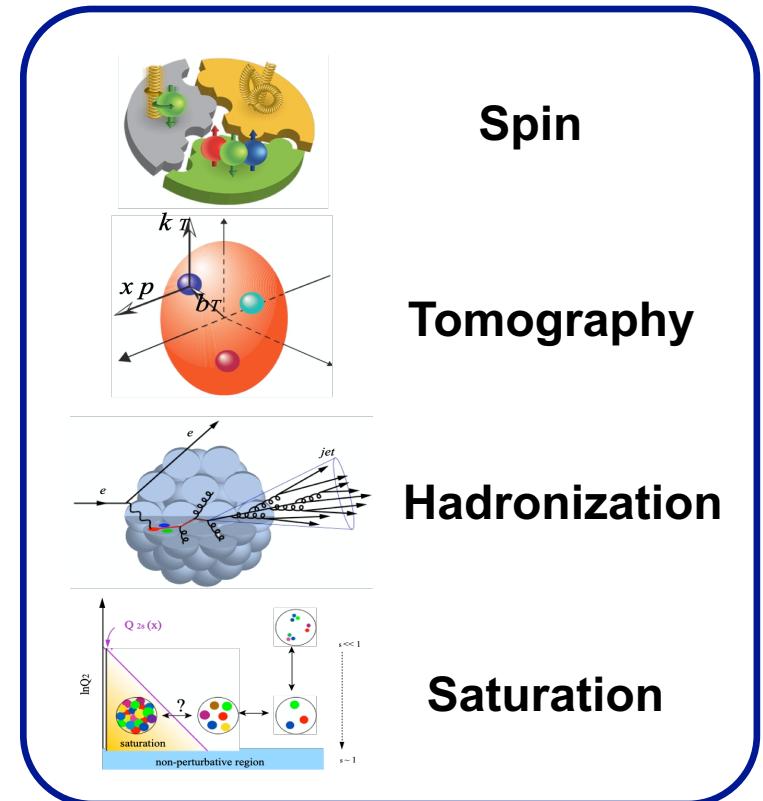
*Saturation plays an important role!*

# How to nail it down experimentally?

- HERA, RHIC, and the LHC data showed promising hints of saturation phenomena, but not conclusive.
- A next-generation QCD machine - EIC



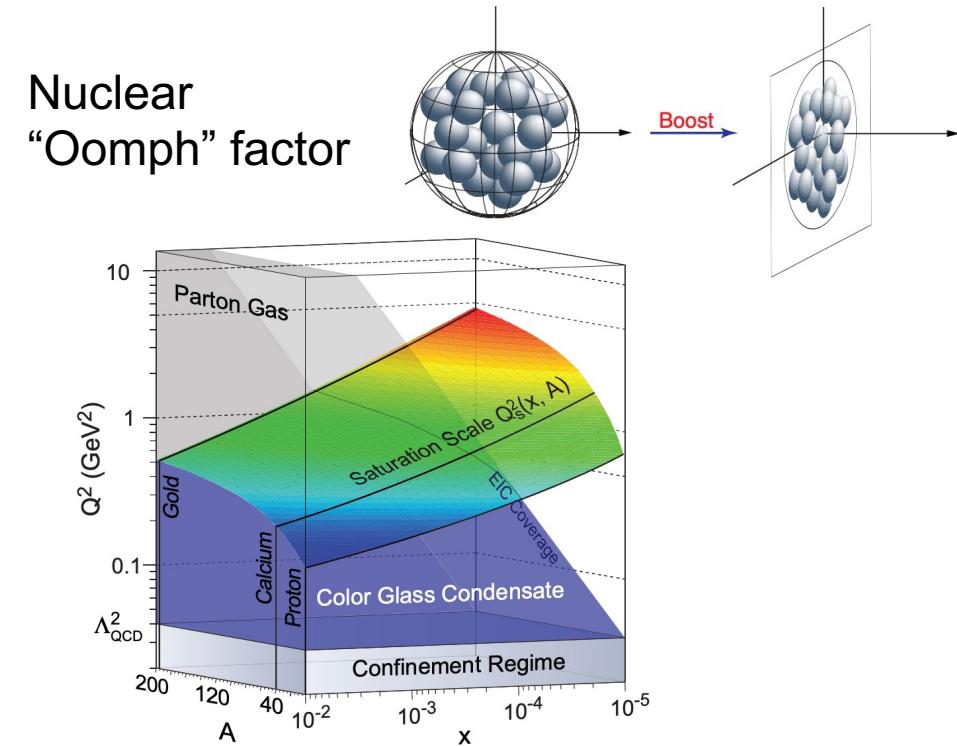
Sited at Brookhaven National Laboratory  
**Electron-Ion Collider**



# What to look for at the EIC?

Structure functions	$F_2 & F_L$	Comparison with model
Inclusive diffraction with diff. gap	$\frac{\sigma_{\text{diff}}}{\sigma_{\text{tot}}}$	Enhancement of diffraction in DIS
Di-hadron correlation (e.g., di-pi0)	<b>Back-to-back <math>\Delta\phi</math></b>	Broadening and suppression A/p
Diffractive VM in eA	$d\sigma/dt$	Saturation dynamics and gluon imaging

(EIC white paper)



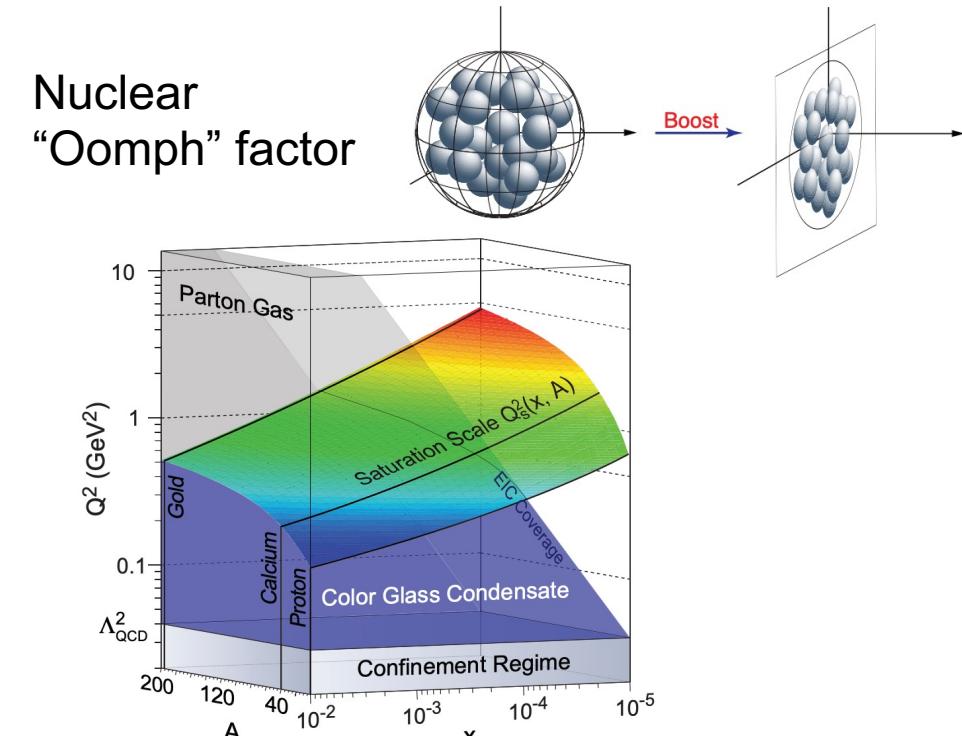
Nucleus at (the same) high energy is the cheapest way to go to saturation regime

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***Extraordinary discovery requires extraordinary evidences***  
 - All experimental signatures need to point to the same direction!



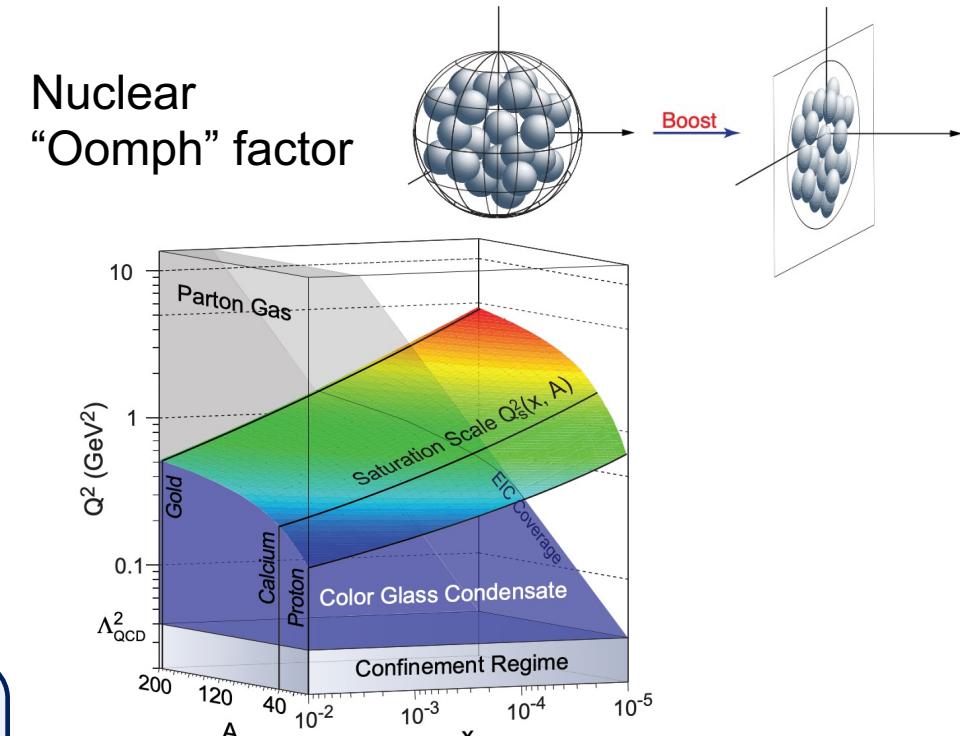
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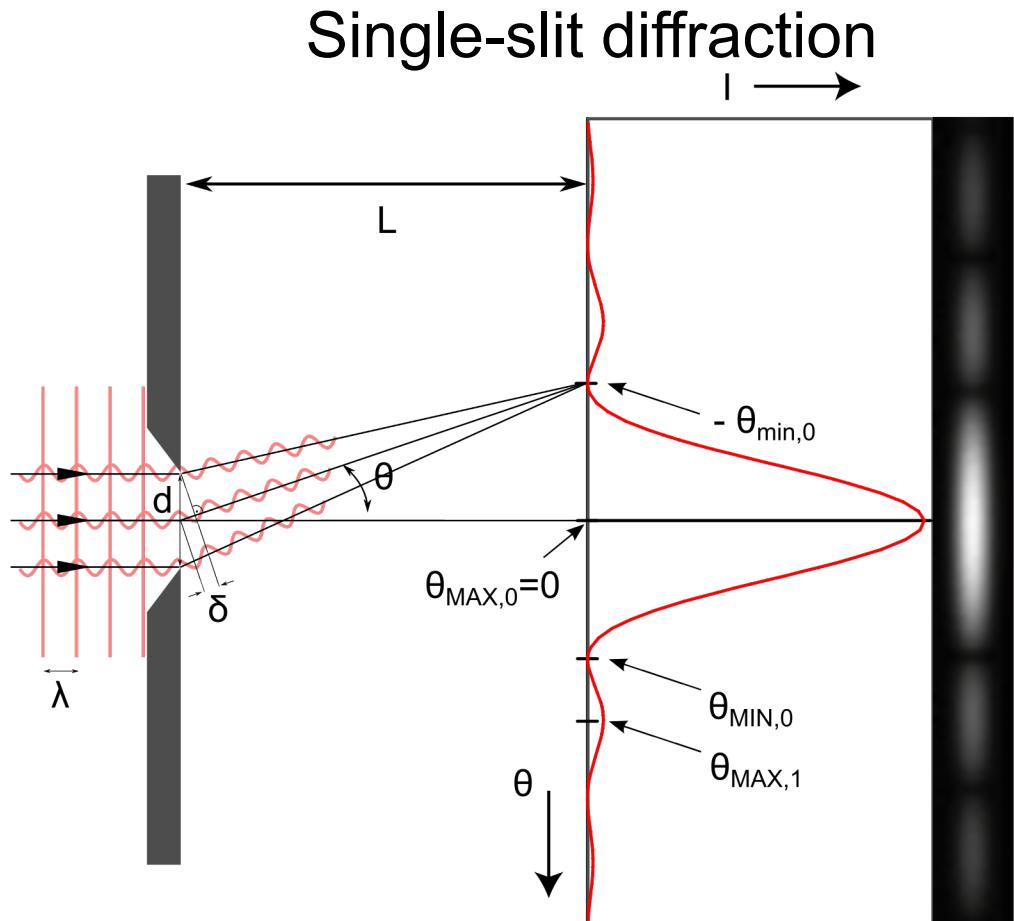
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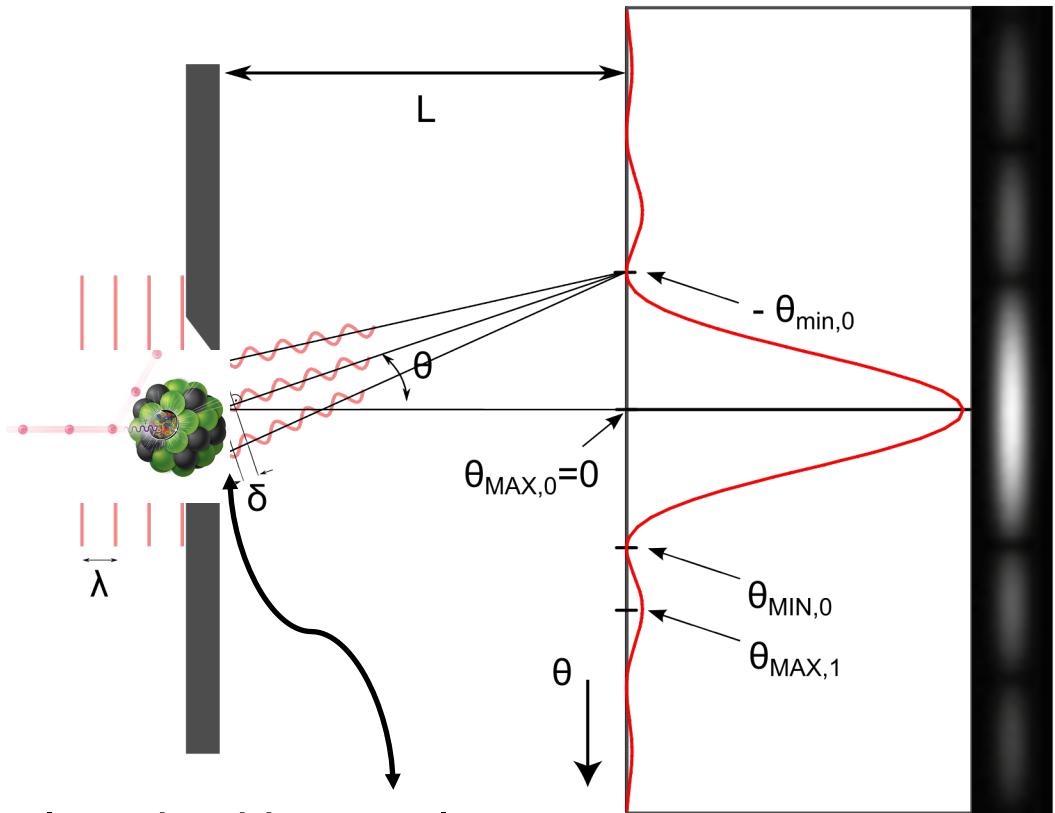
# Diffractive VM at the EIC



(College physics)

# Diffractive VM at the EIC

Single-slit diffraction



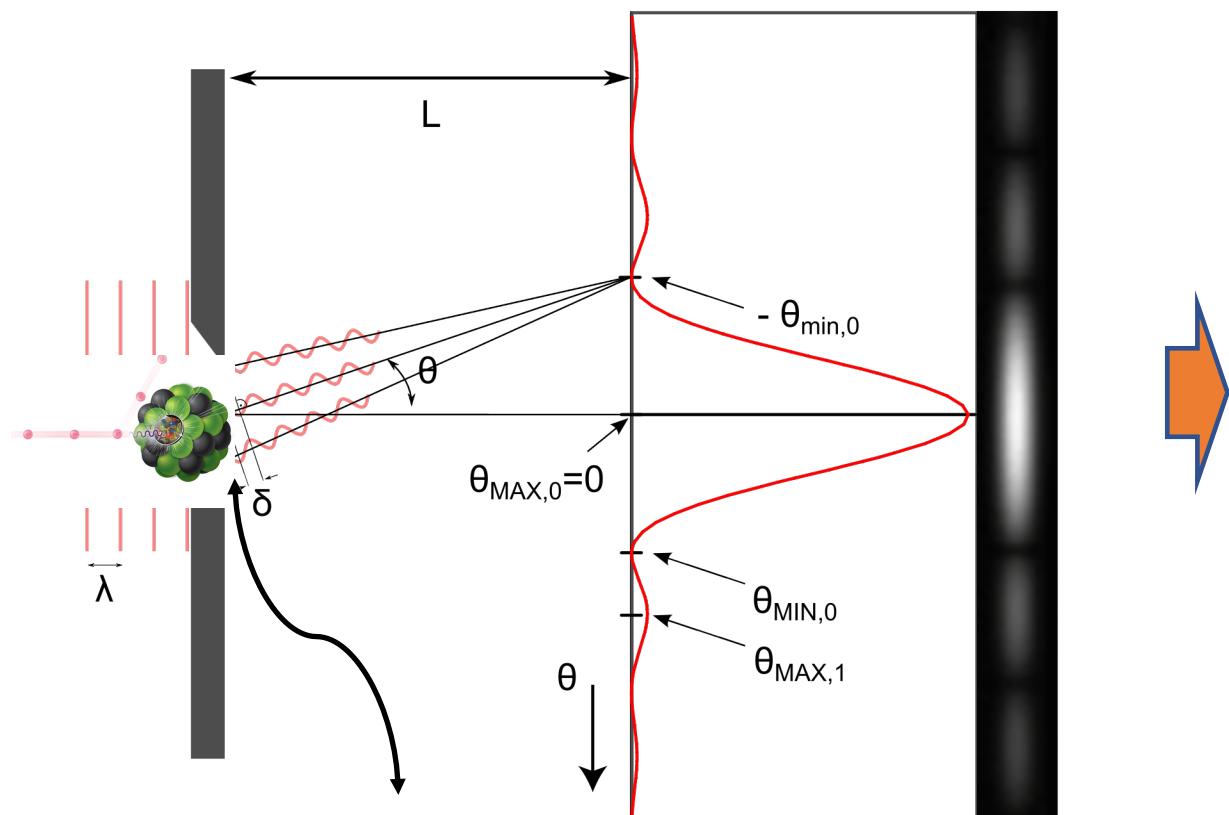
replace it with a nucleus

(EIC physics)

# Diffractive VM at the EIC

Phys. Rev. C 87 (2013) 2, 024913

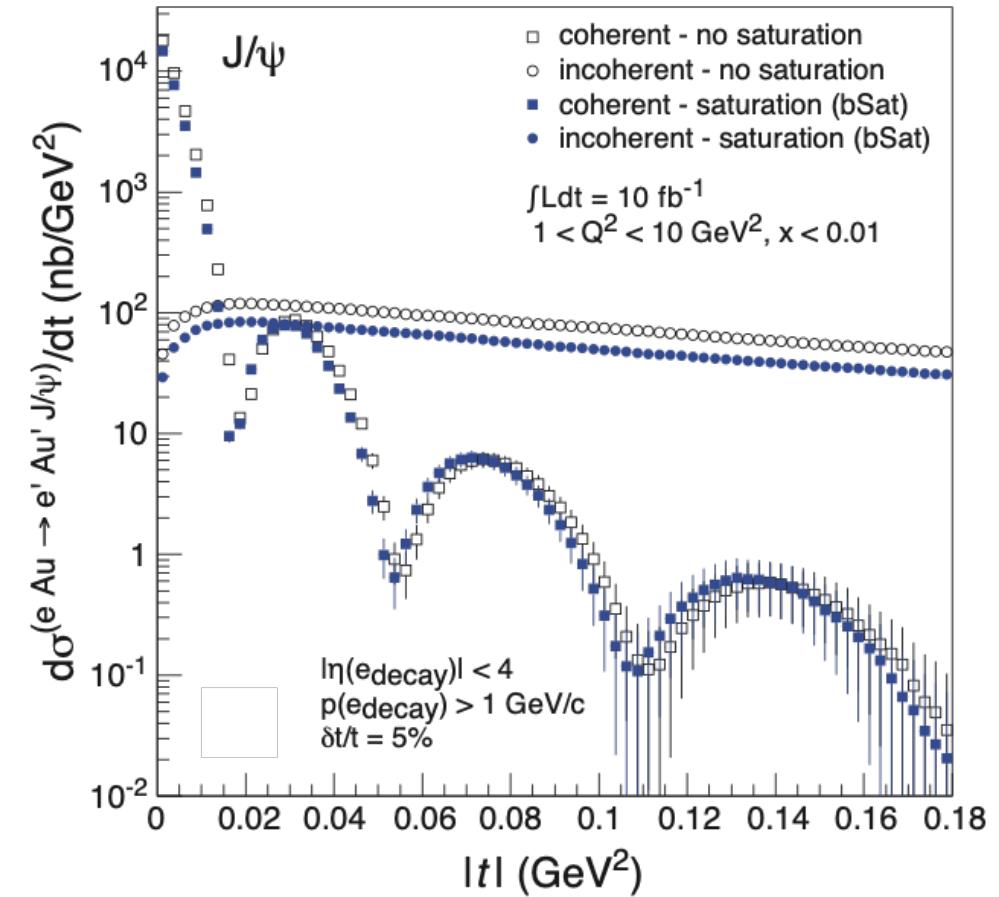
Single-slit diffraction



replace it with a nucleus

(EIC physics)

$e + Au \rightarrow e' + J/\psi + Au'$



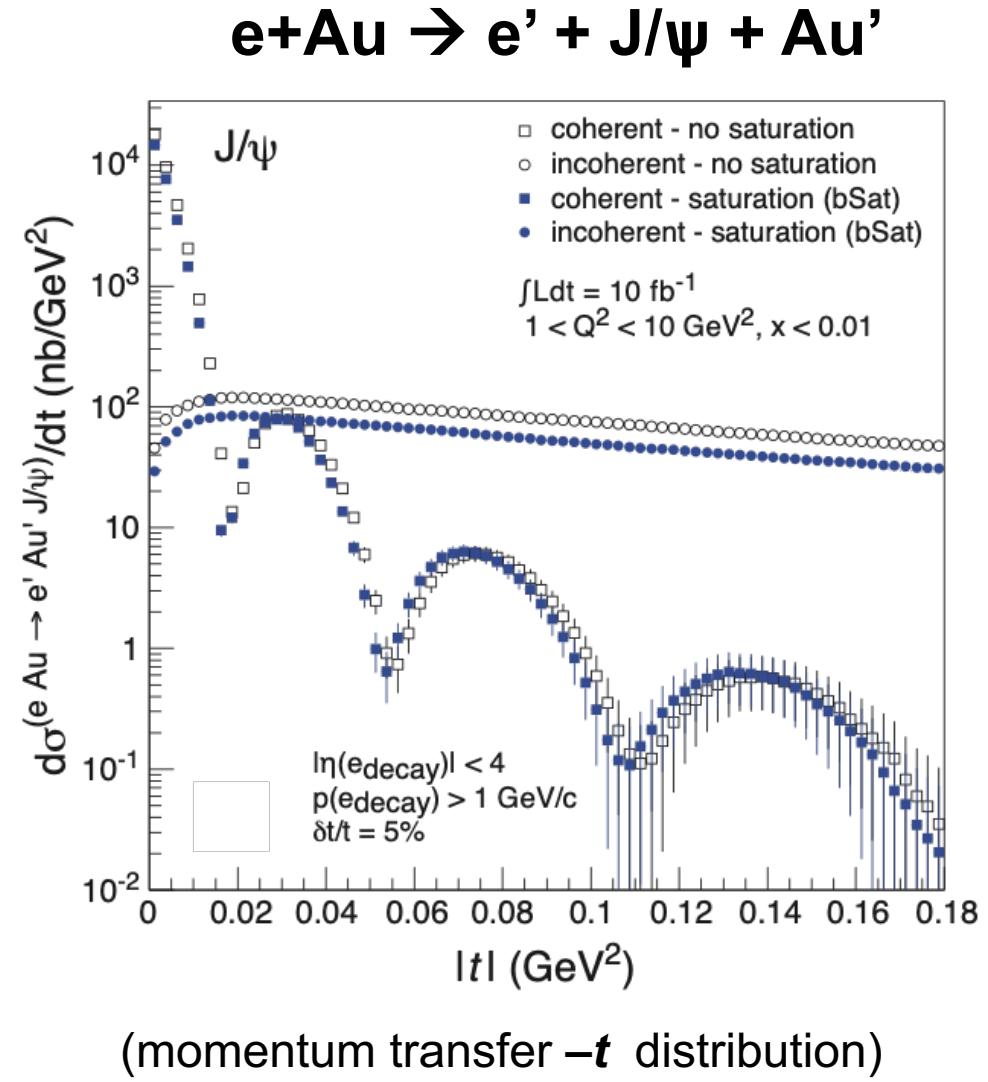
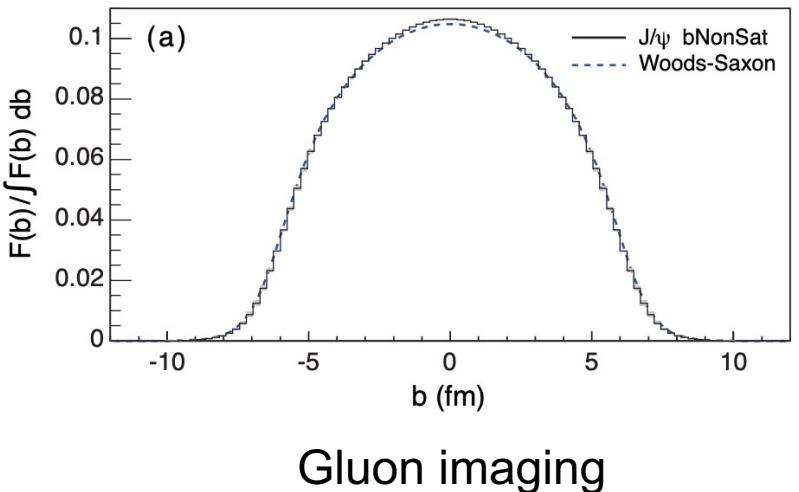
(momentum transfer  $-t$  distribution)

# Diffractive VM at the EIC

*Phys.Rev.C 87 (2013) 2, 024913*

$$F(b) \sim \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^\infty d\Delta \Delta J_0(\Delta b) \sqrt{\frac{d\sigma}{dt}}$$

-  $t$  distribution is a Fourier transformation of the source distribution  $\sim$  gluons  $b_T$



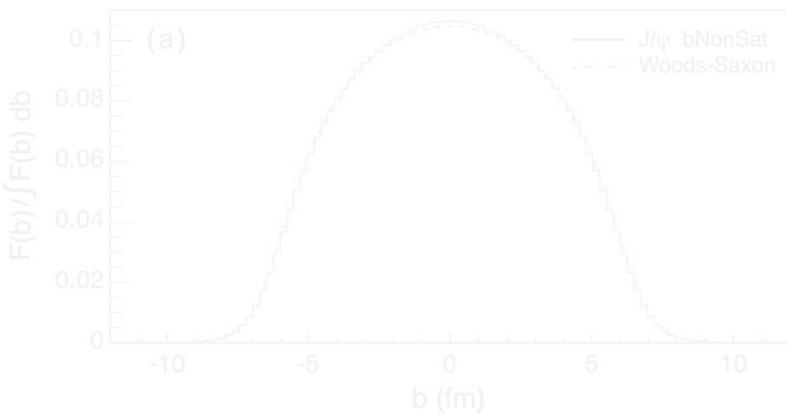
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Phys.Rev.C 87 (2013) 2, 024913

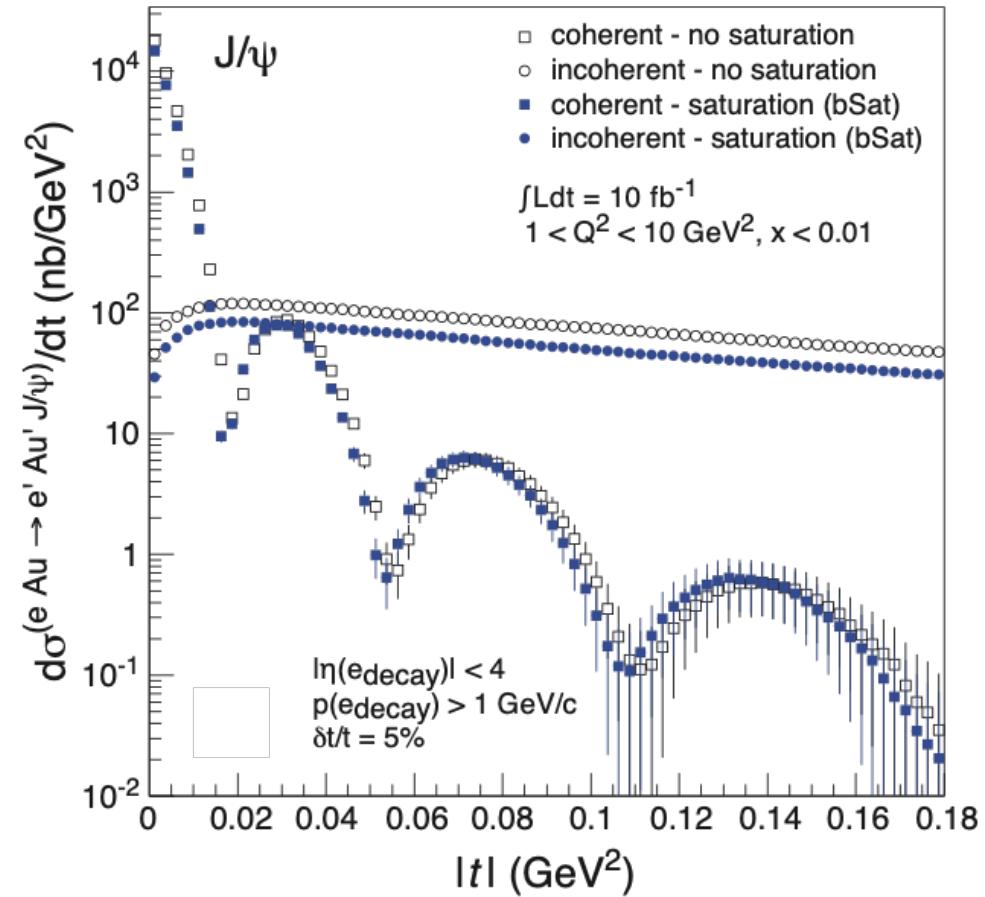
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## Where is Saturation?

-  $t$  distribution is a Fourier transformation of the source distribution  $\sim$  gluons  $b_T$



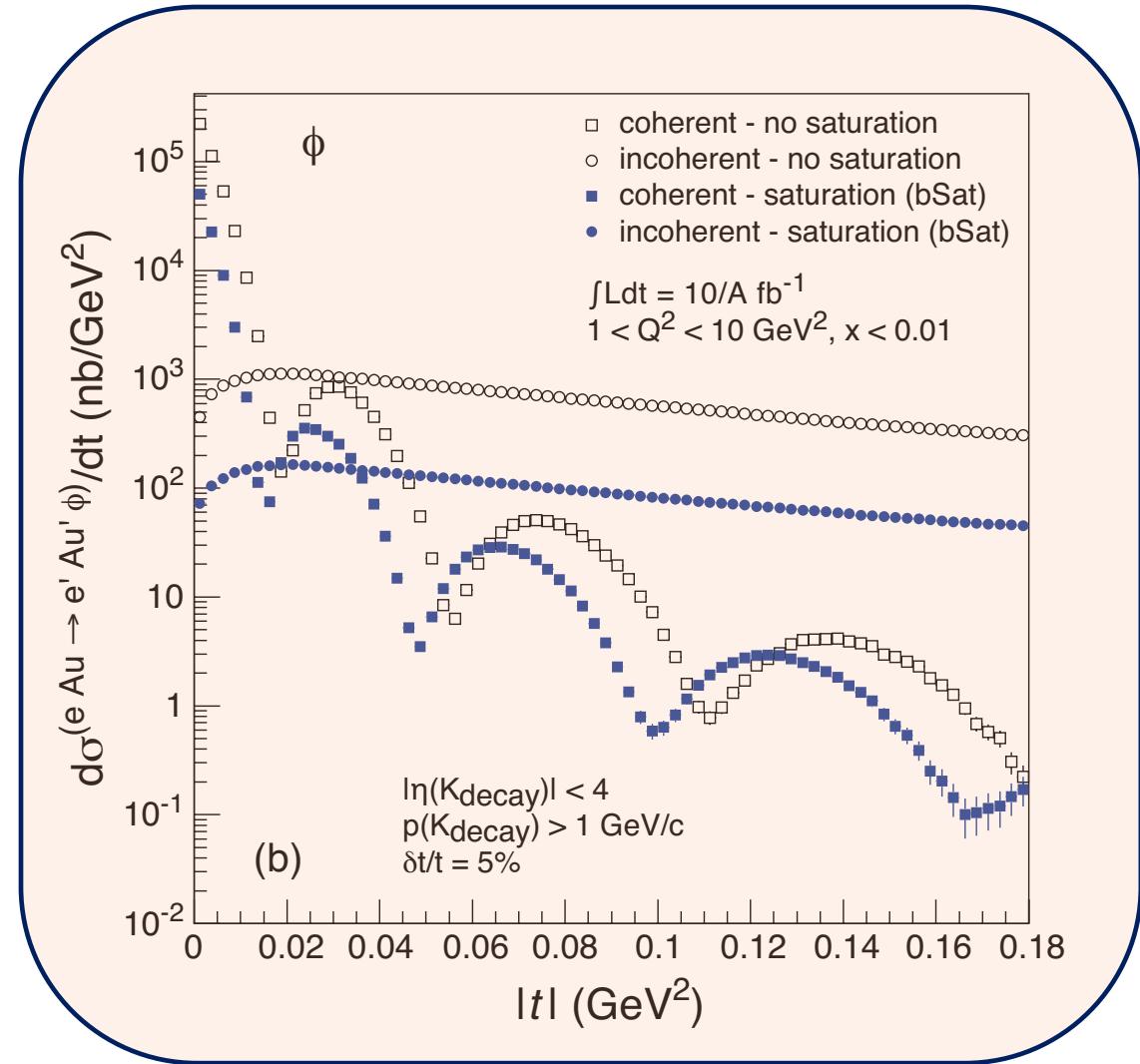
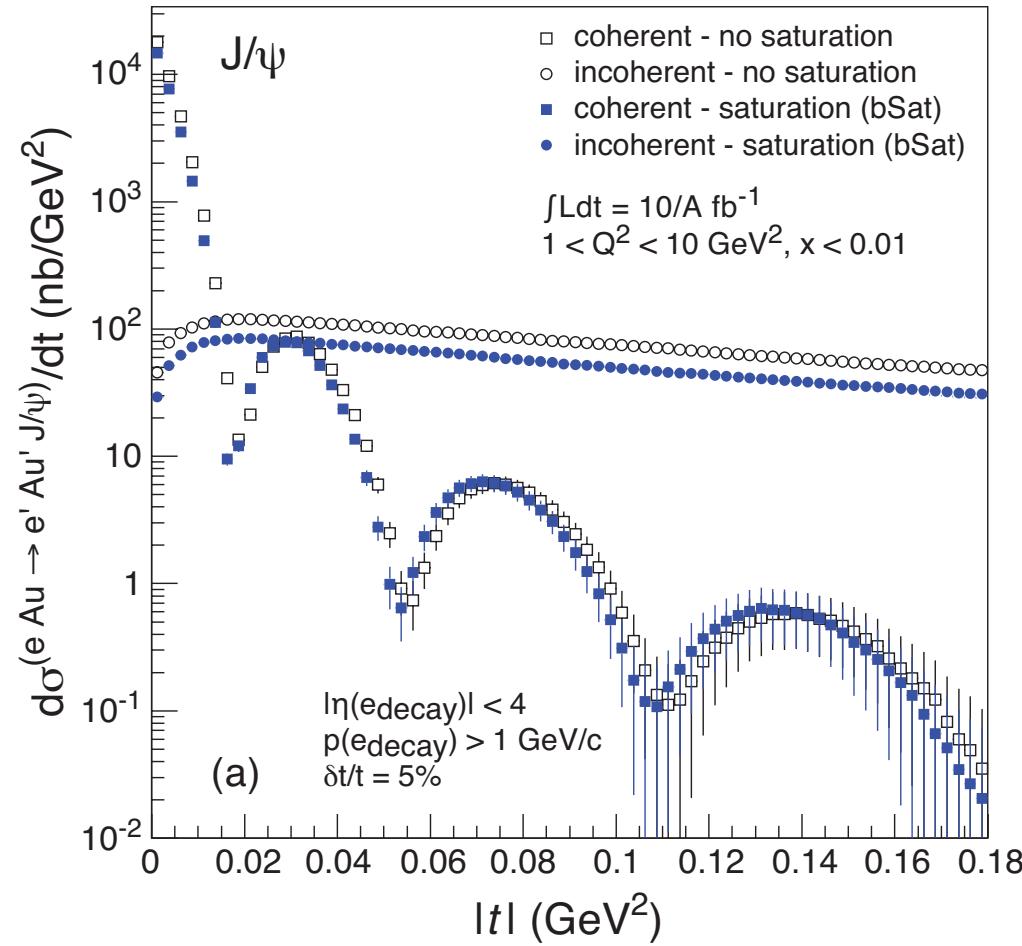
Gluon imaging



(momentum transfer  $-t$  distribution)

# Diffractive VM at the EIC

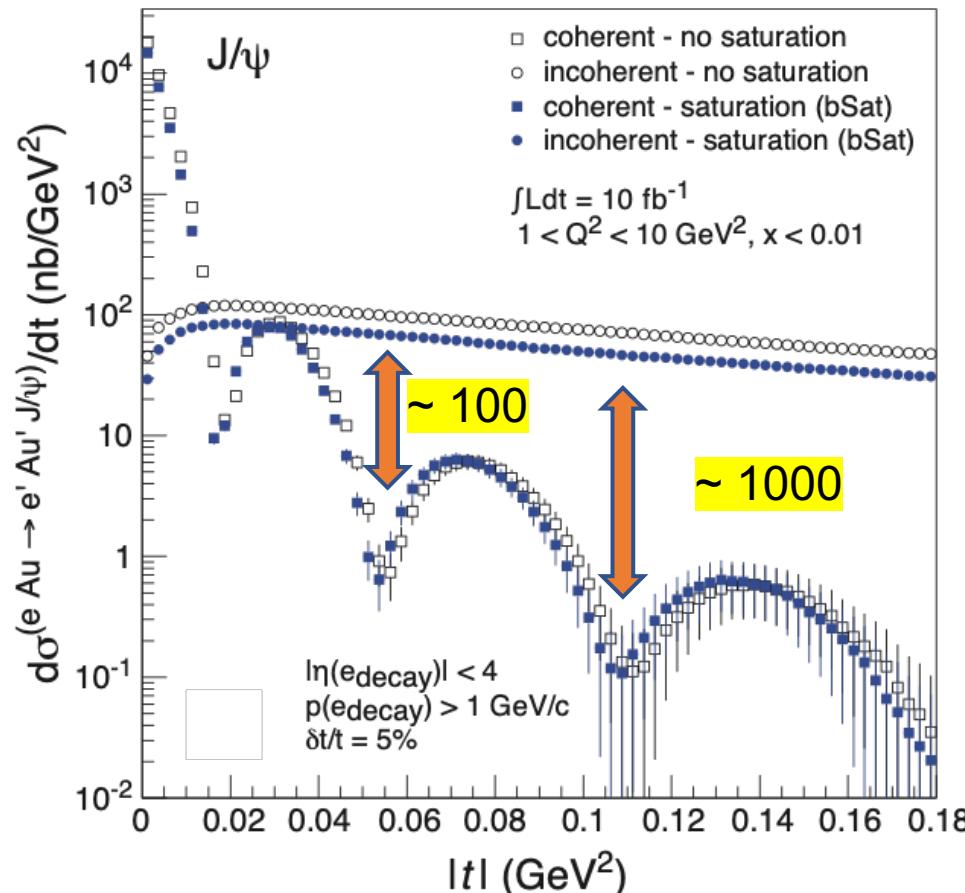
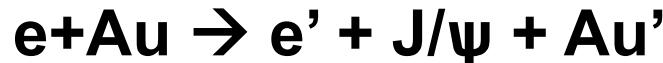
*Phys.Rev.C* 87 (2013) 2, 024913



Dipole size  $r_T$  is larger for phi meson – more saturation “seen” by the probe

# Challenges to coherent VM production

Phys. Rev. C 87 (2013) 2, 024913



- Distinguish coherent and incoherent production as a function of  $t$ .
- Reduction power needs up to  $\sim 1000$  times
- This challenge was not “realized” until quantitative study was performed.

(combine model and detector/IR simulations)

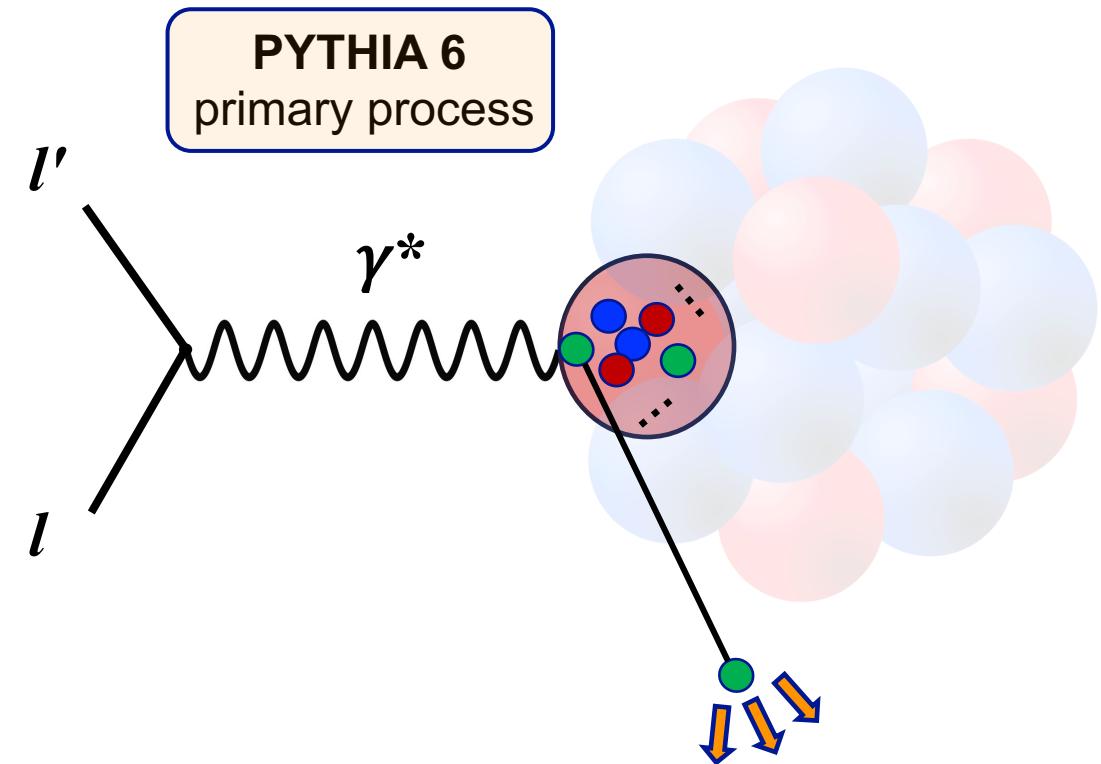
# Incoherent VM: $e+Pb \rightarrow e' + J/\psi + X$

BeAGLE – a general-purpose  
eA MC event generator



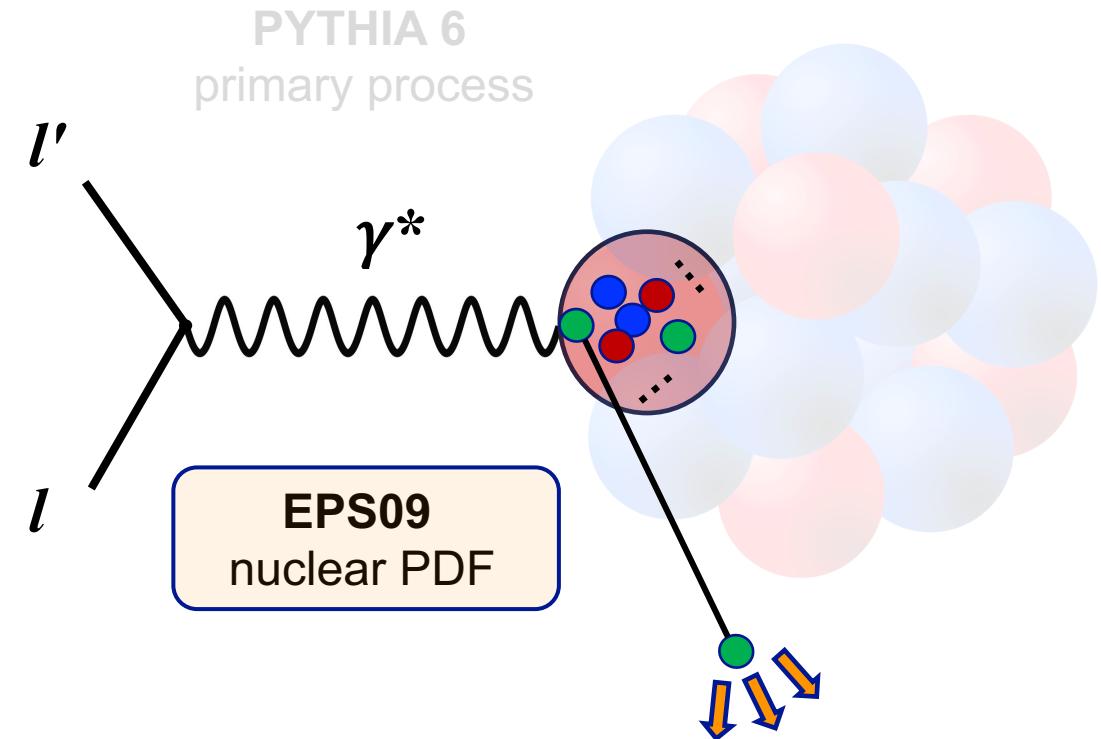
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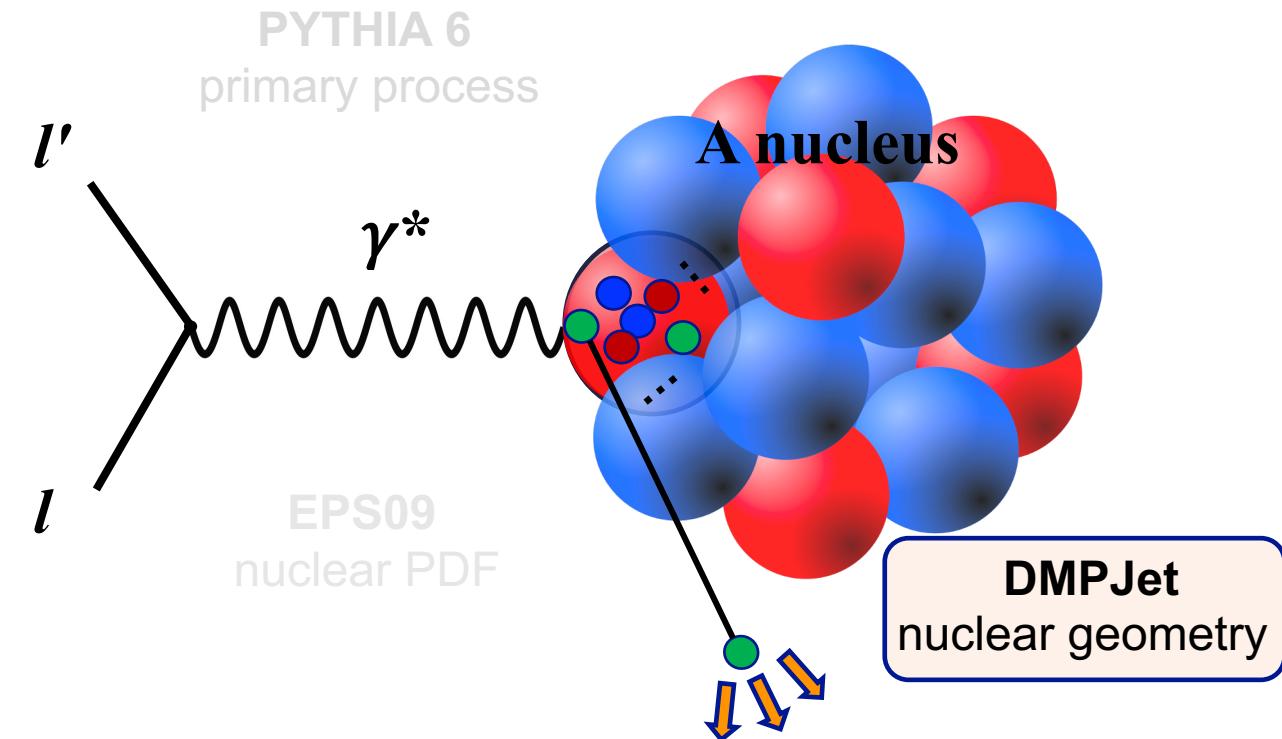
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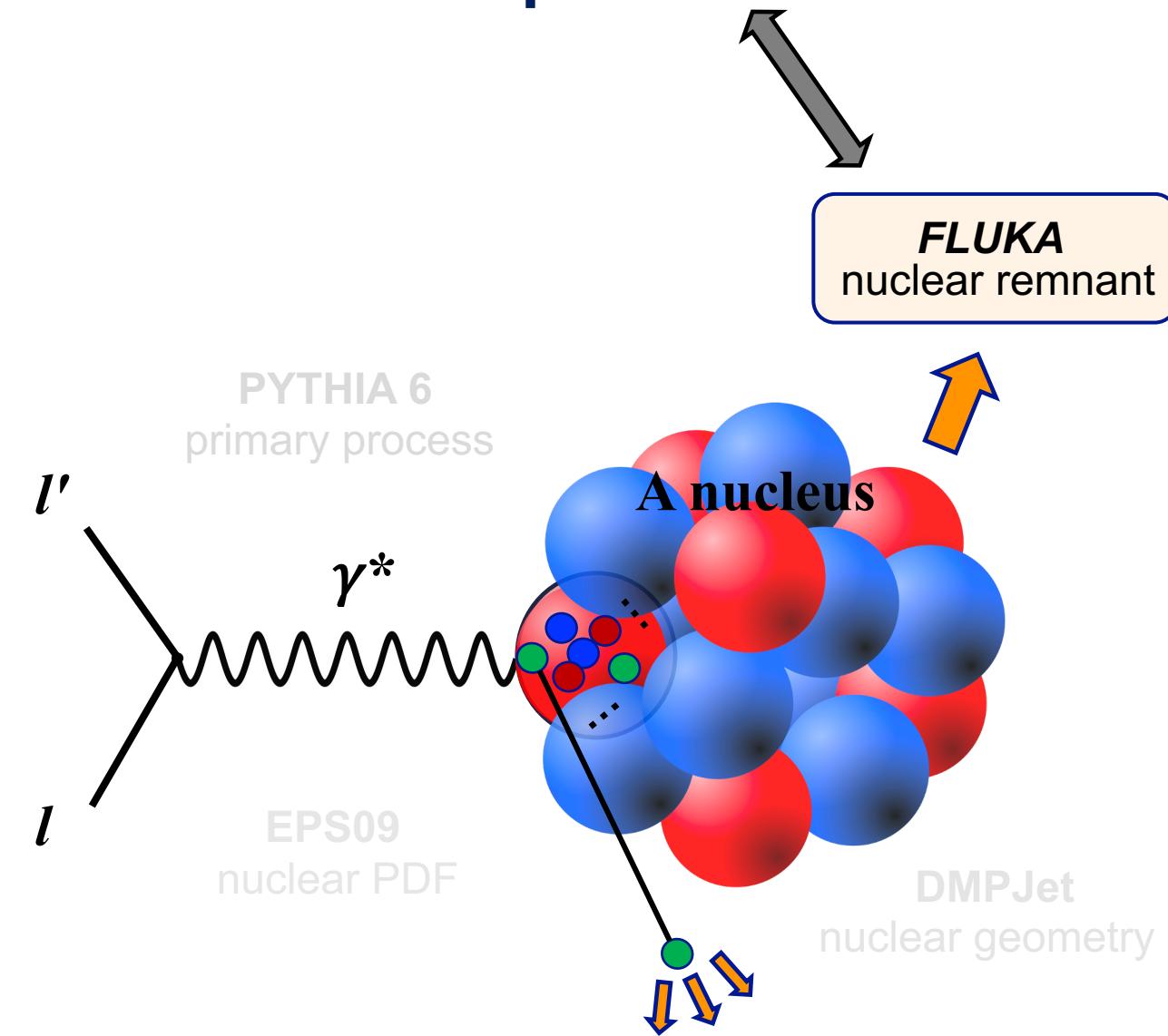
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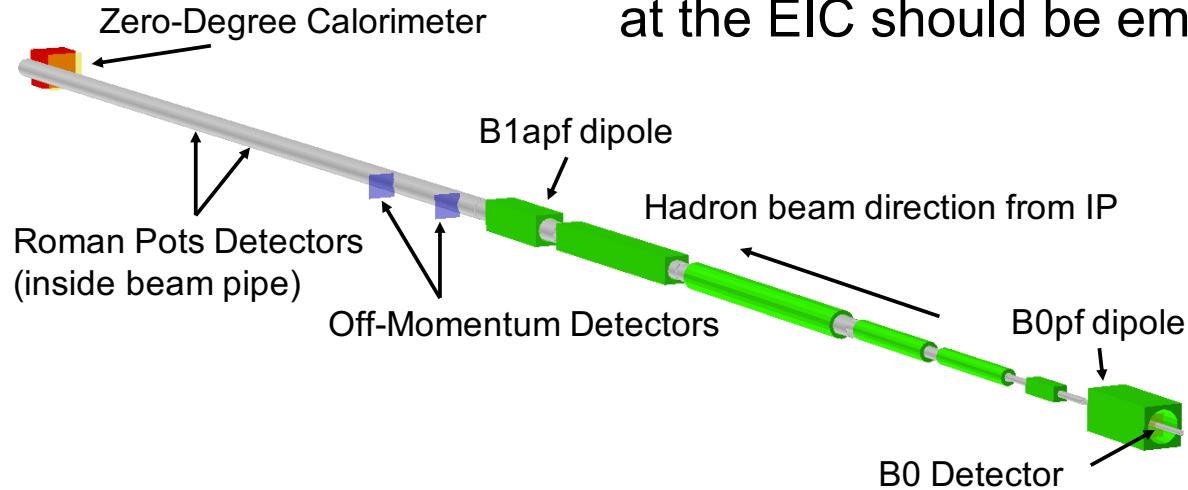


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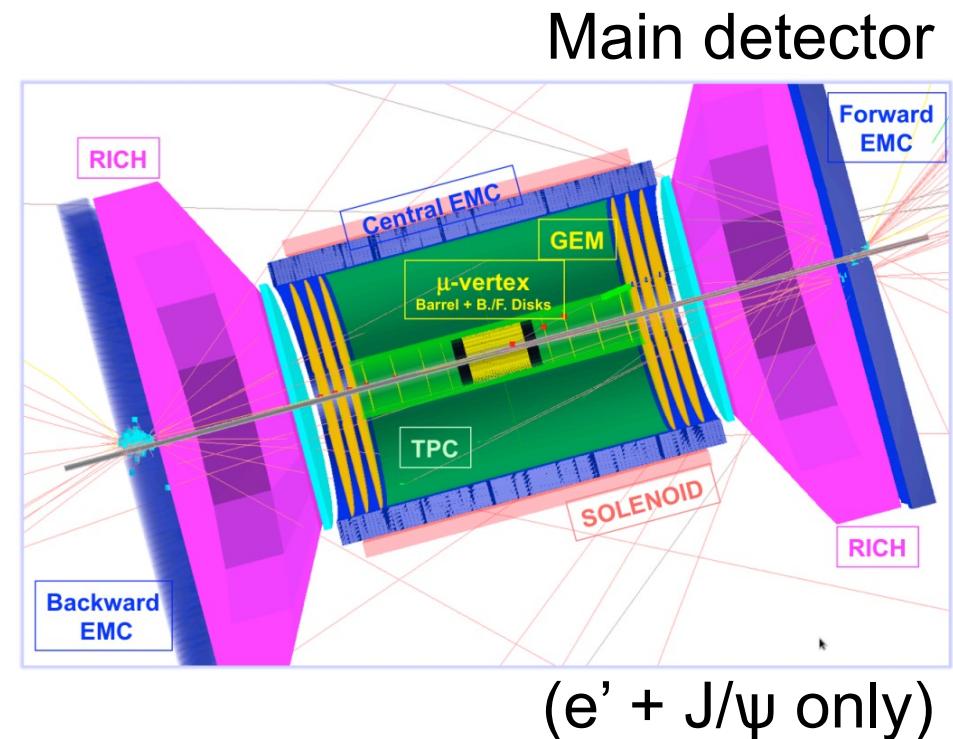
BeAGLE – a general-purpose  
eA MC event generator



# Incoherent vetoing in ePb @ EIC



Basic idea is ~ far forward region at the EIC should be empty!



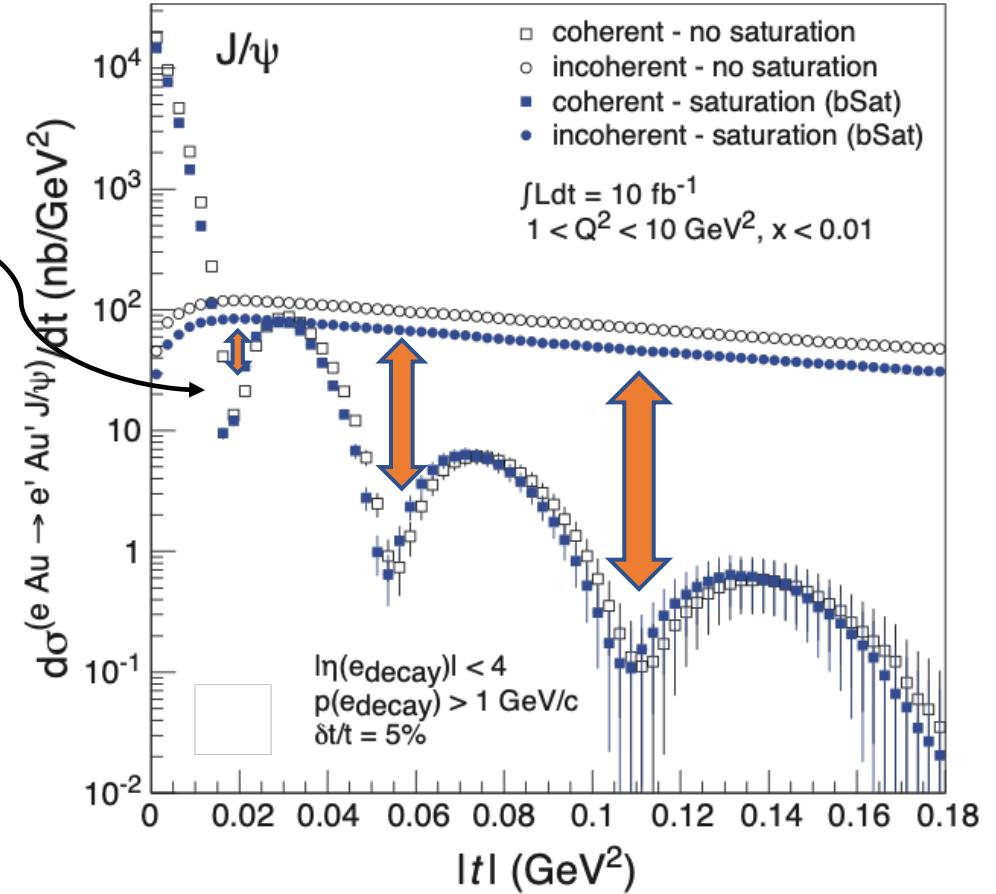
## General veto procedures:

- Veto events with particles/activities in main detector to ensure exclusivity. (except for  $e'$  and  $J/\psi$ );
- No particles, e.g., protons, neutrons, photons detected in far-forward detectors.

# Veto by steps

**Goal is to reach the 3 min. position:**

1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup>, and 3<sup>rd</sup> min. are minimums of the diffractive pattern from coherent distribution. Model is based on *Satre*.



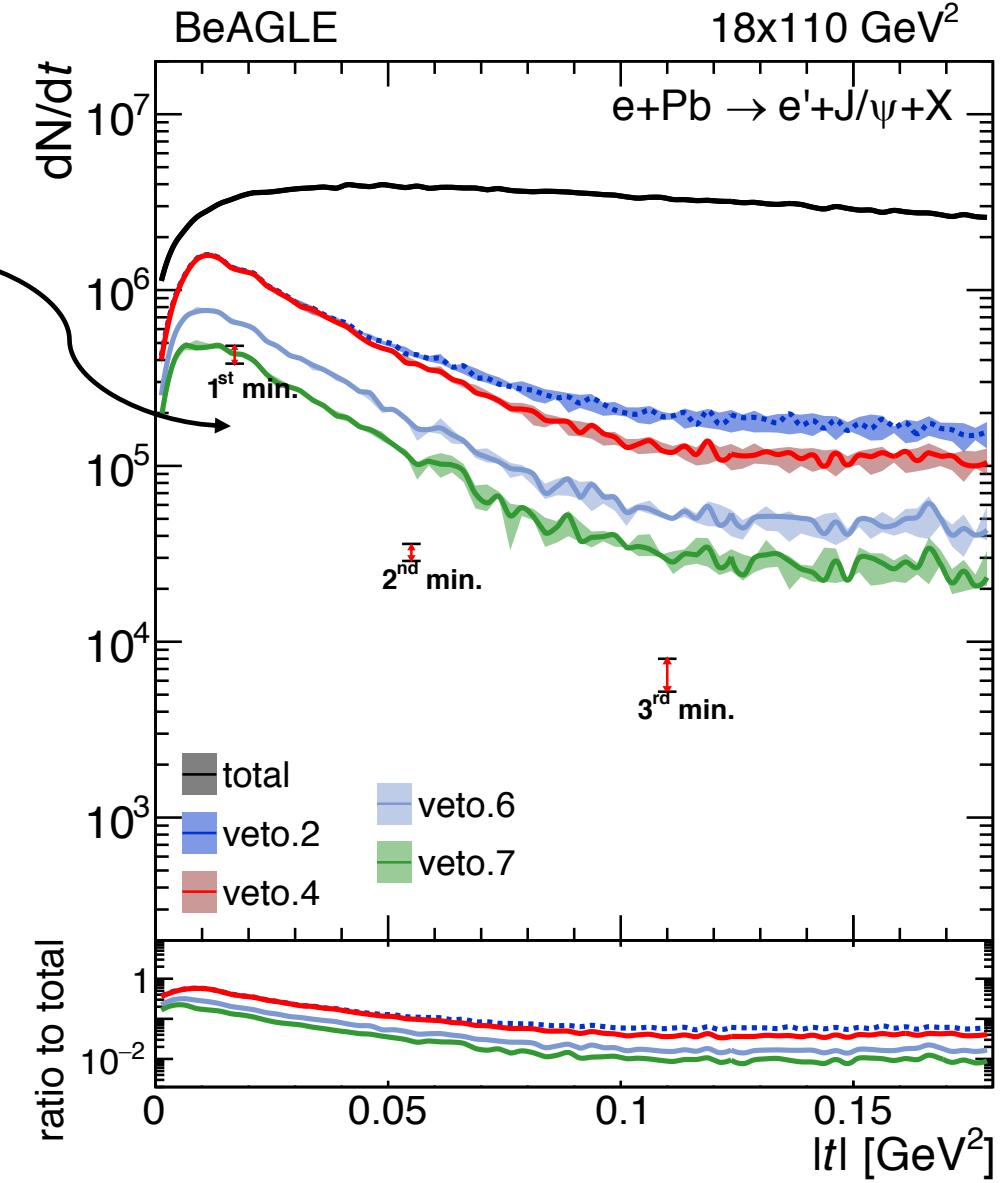
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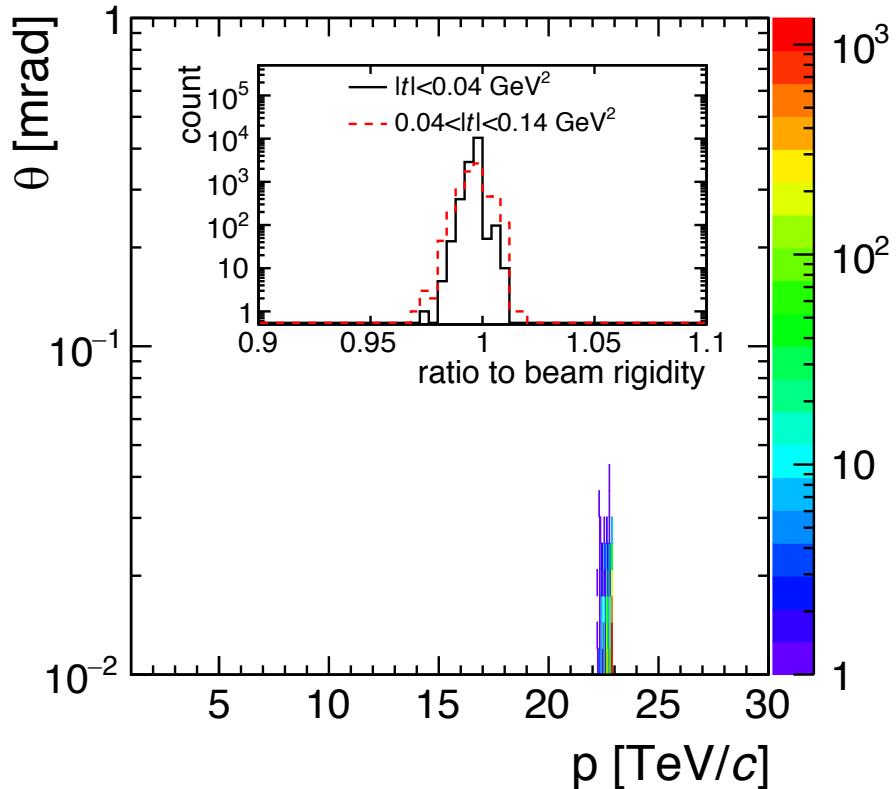
1<sup>st</sup> , 2<sup>nd</sup> , and 3<sup>rd</sup> min. are minimums of the diffractive pattern from coherent distribution. Model is based on *Satre*.

- Veto 1. No activity in main detector
- Veto 2. + No neutron in ZDC
- Veto 3. + No proton in Roman Pots
- Veto 4. + No proton in OMD
- Veto 5. + No proton in B0
- Veto 6. + No photon in B0
- Veto 7. + No photon in ZDC

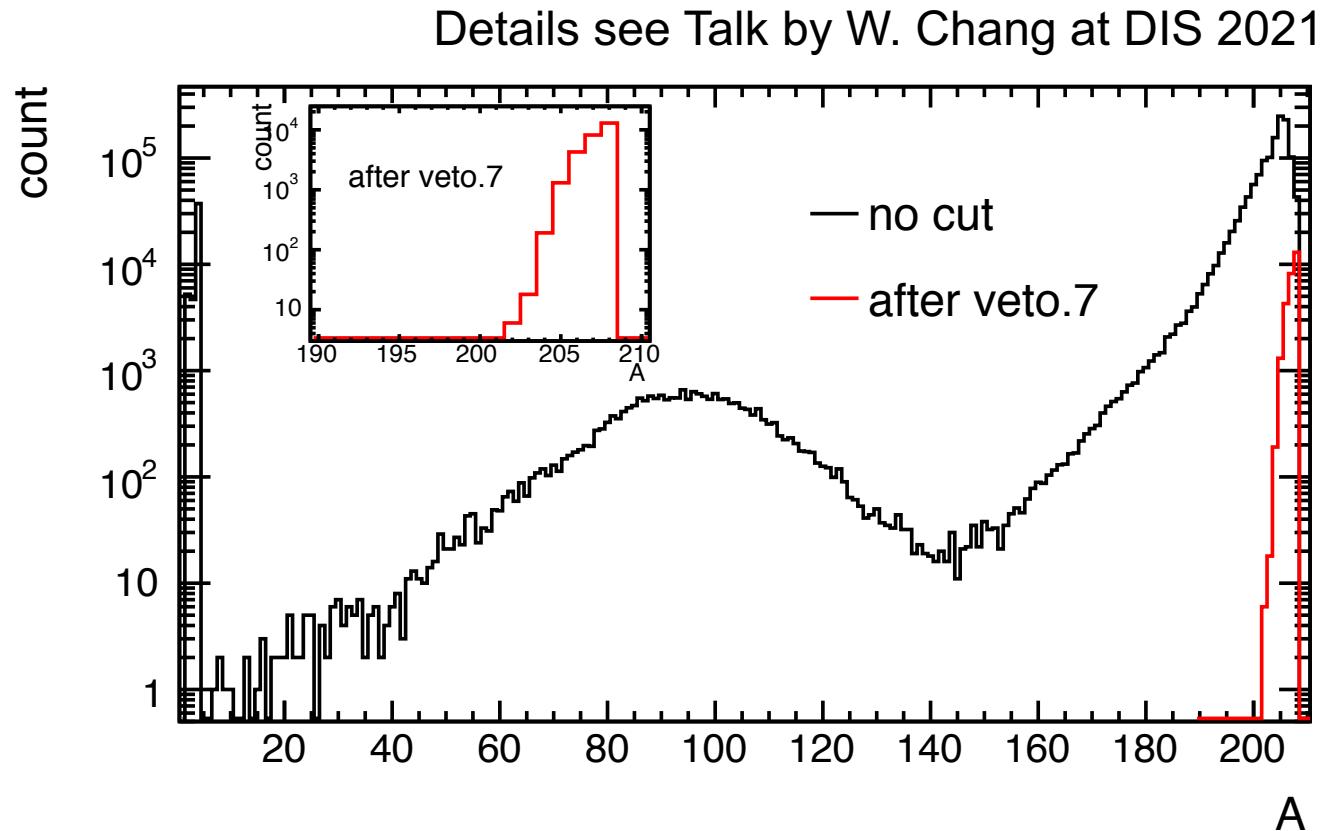
(Manuscript in preparation –BNL BeAGLE Team)



# Residues



Beam remnant scattering  
angle vs momentum

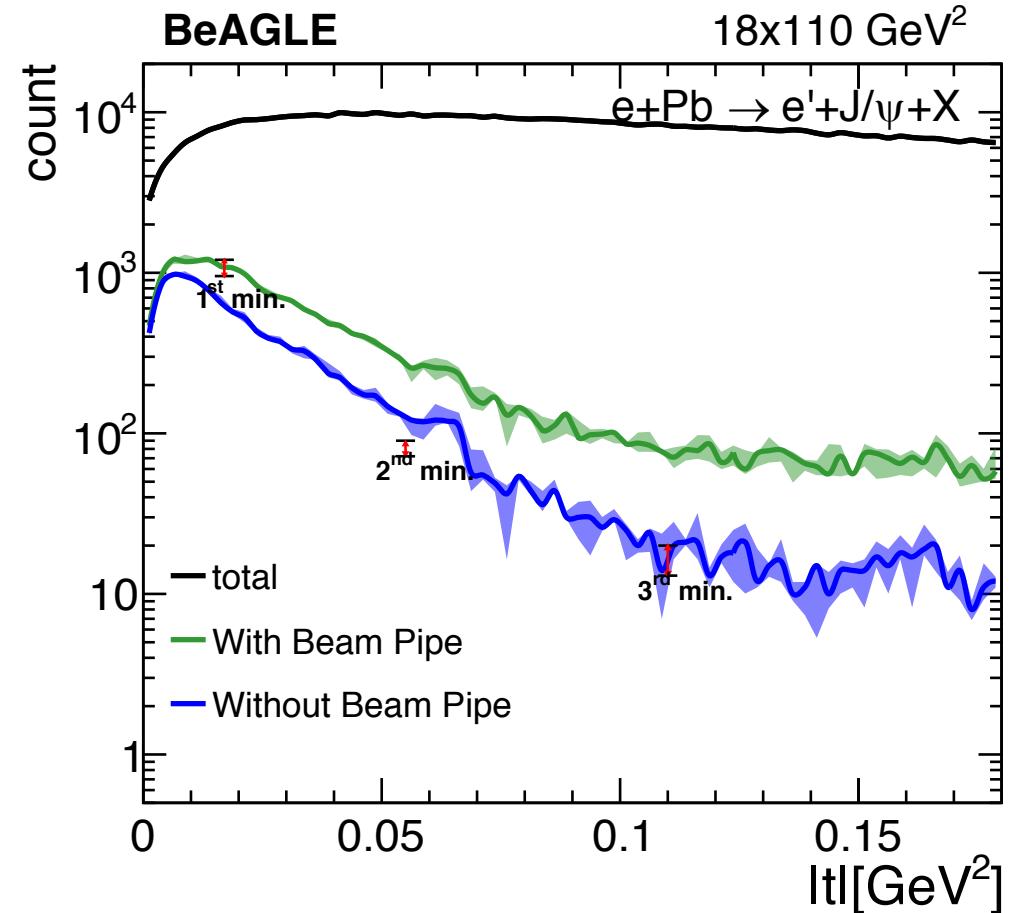


Dominated by A, A-1, A-2... systems,  
very close to beam rigidity

# Impact of beam pipes

Stay tuned for the paper!

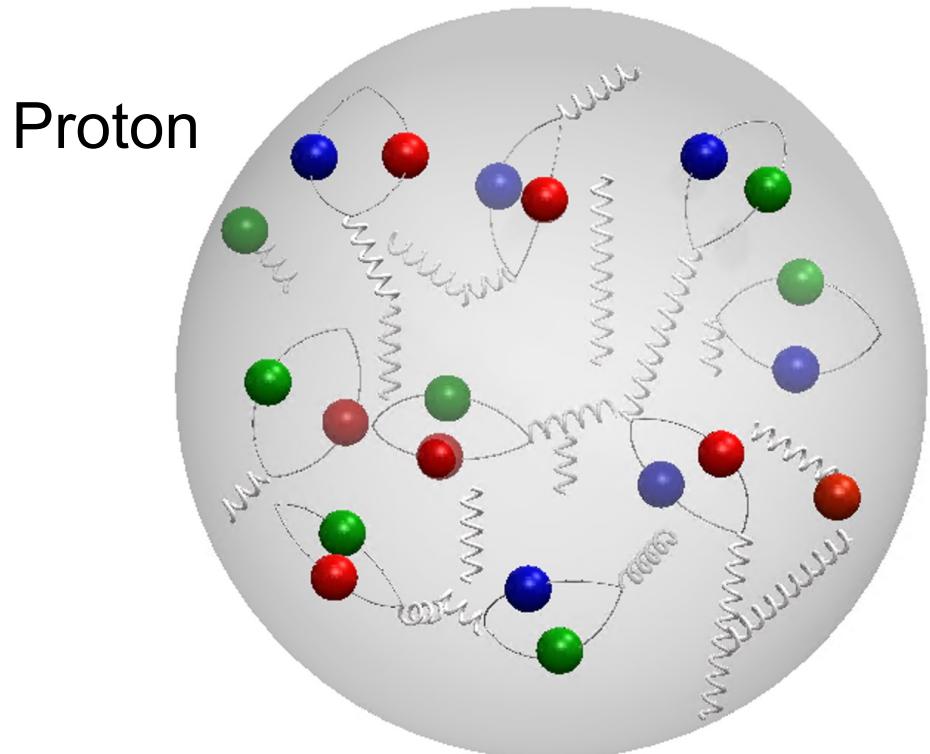
Material	Survived Event Ratio			
	Without beam pipe	Beryllium	Aluminum	Stainless Steel
Total events	100 %	100 %	100%	100%
veto.1	86.9%	86.9%	86.9%	86.9 %
veto.2	5.81%	9.73%	9.89%	17.15%
veto.3	5.81%	9.73 %	9.89%	17.15%
veto.4	5.06%	8.73%	8.87%	15.61%
veto.5	4.38%	6.20%	5.94%	10.04%
veto.6	2.22%	3.28%	3.17%	5.58%
veto.7	1.02%	2.04%	2.46%	5.48%



- Without a beam pipe is NOT possible.
- The question is how close can we get to the ideal case?
- New ideas about a secondary focus or other nucleus... are being actively investigated in the EIC community now.

# A new look at *Saturation – entanglement*

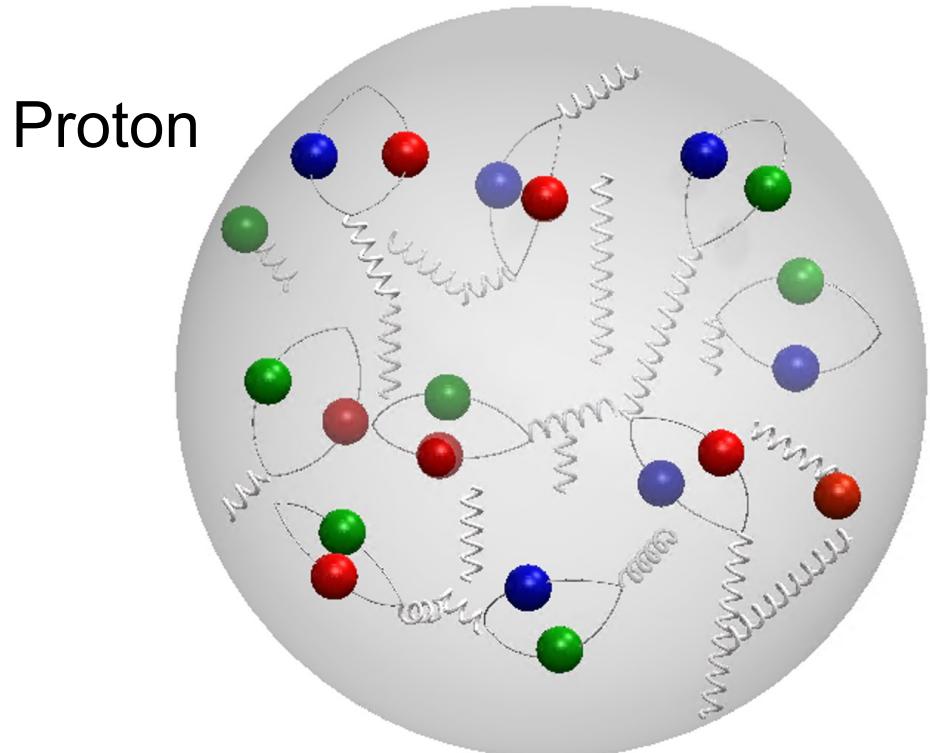
$$\rho_{tot} = |\Psi\rangle \langle \Psi|$$



At high energy, all partons are  
*quantum entangled.*

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$$\rho_{tot} = |\Psi\rangle \langle \Psi|$$



At high energy, all partons are  
*quantum entangled*.



If we do DIS:

(Kharzeev & Levin 2017)

$$S_A = \ln [xG(x, Q^2)]$$

gluon entropy for low x

EE in 1+1d CFT?

$$S_{\text{EE}} = \frac{c}{3} \ln \left( \frac{L}{\epsilon} \right)$$

c is central charge, L is the length of region A,  $\epsilon$  is resolution scale of the measurement  
(see *Int.J.Quant.Inf.* 4 (2006) 429)

# A new look at *Saturation – entanglement*

The idea is that the Entanglement Entropy (EE) in DIS is found to be in a similar form of EE of 1+1D CFT, where **c** has an upper bound of 1.

$$xG(x) \leq \text{const} \frac{1}{x^{1/3}}.$$



(Kharzeev & Levin 2017)

$$S_A = \ln [xG(x, Q^2)]$$

gluon entropy for low x

EE in 1+1d CFT?

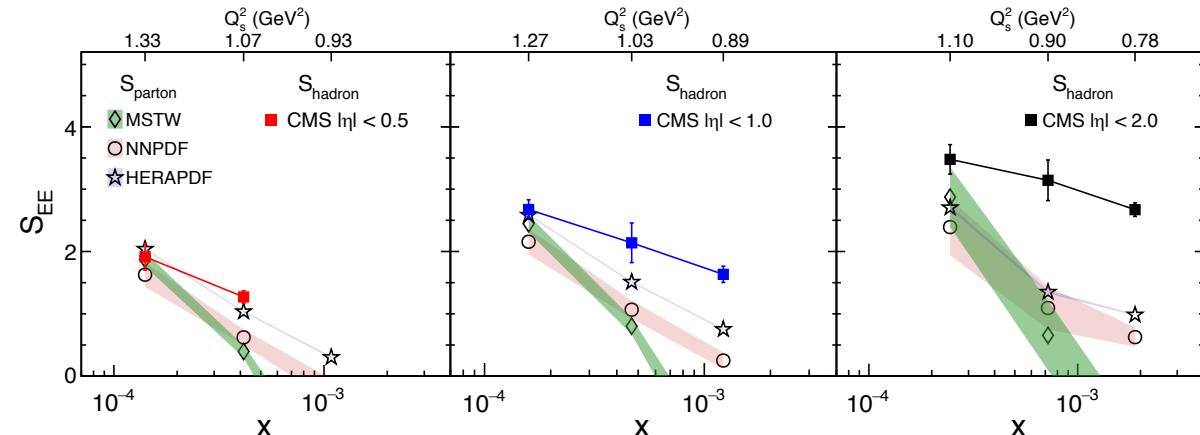
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(see *Int.J.Quant.Inf.* 4 (2006) 429)

A natural description of *saturation* at high energy. The proton is at the *maximally entangled states*.

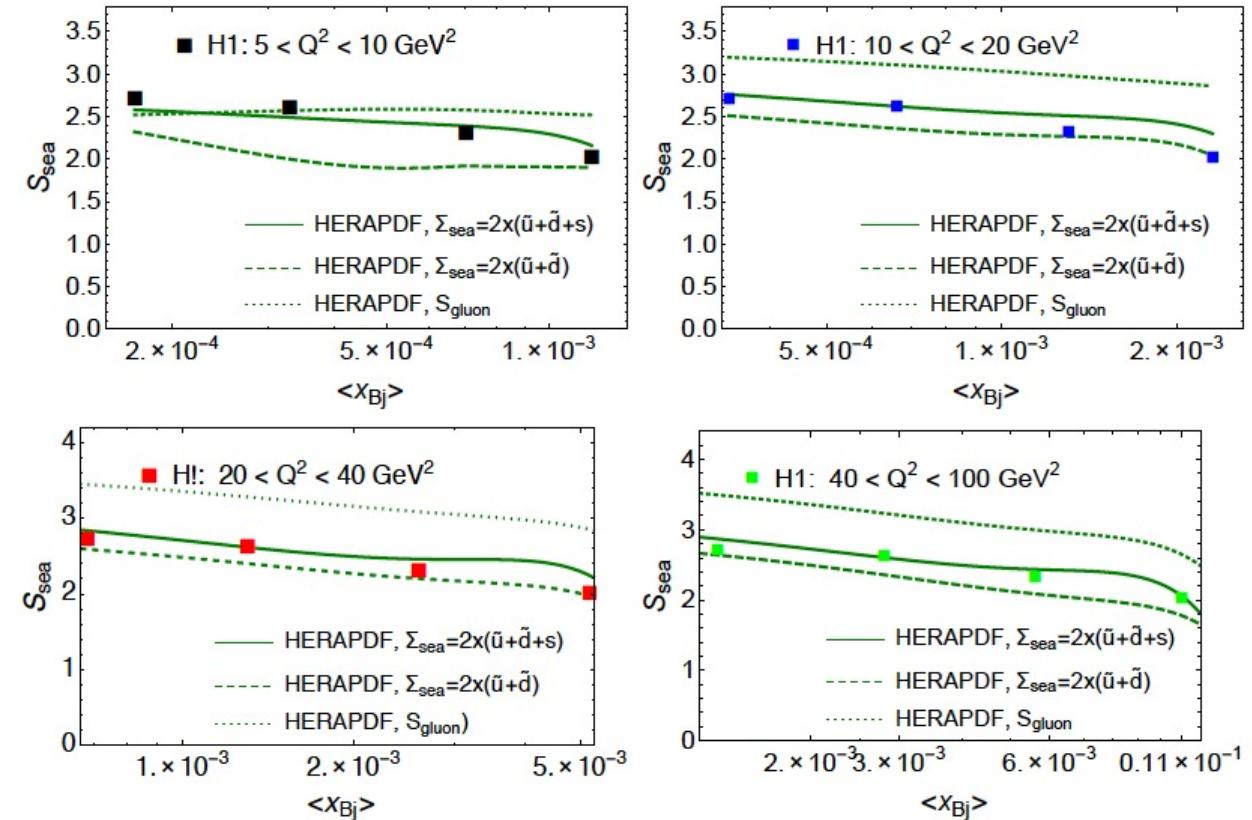
# Hints of entanglement in pp and ep DIS

Phys. Rev. Lett. 124, 062001 (2020)  
 (ZT, Kharzeev, Ullrich)



pp collisions at the LHC

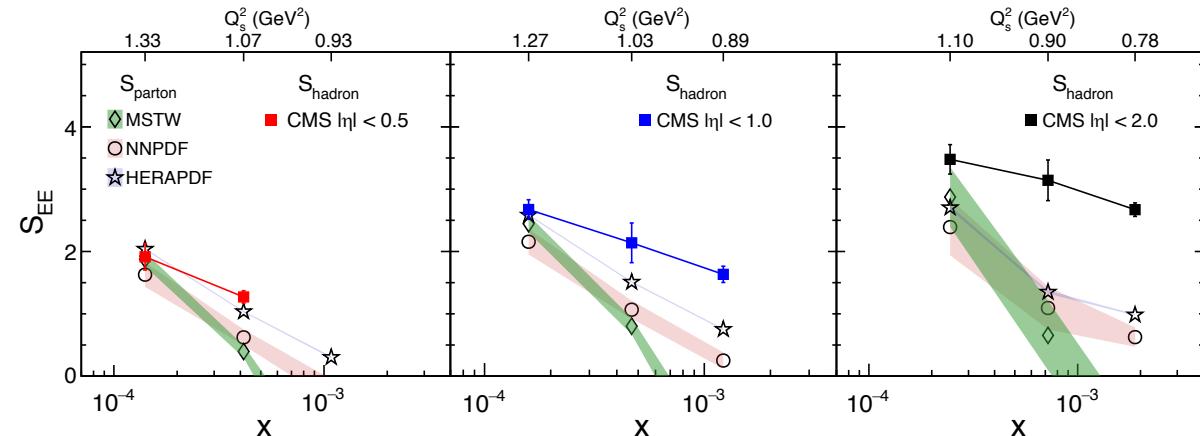
ep DIS at H1



Eur. Phys. J. C (2021) 81: 212

# Hints of entanglement in pp and ep DIS

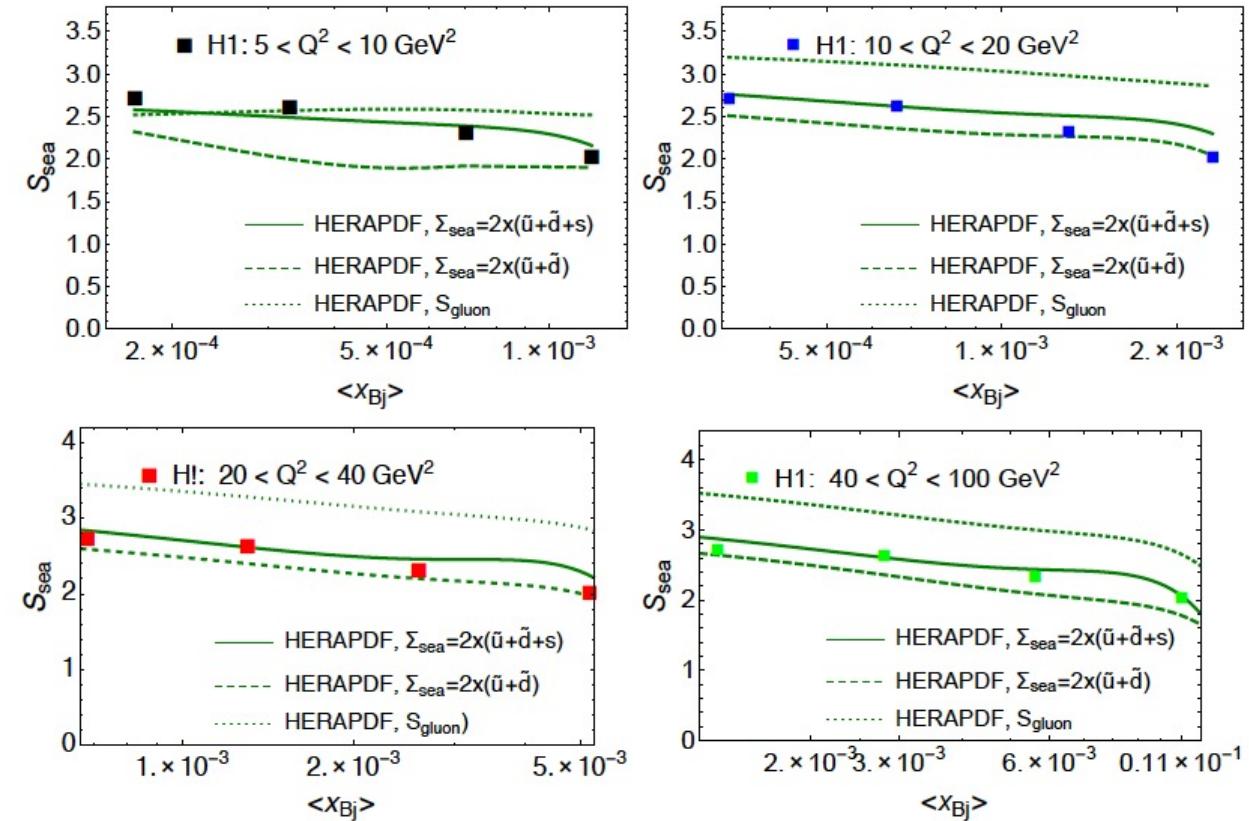
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(ZT, Kharzeev, Ullrich)



pp collisions at the LHC

More definitive measurements at  
the EIC using eA collisions

ep DIS at H1



Eur. Phys. J. C (2021) 81: 212

# Summary

- *Saturation* at the EIC – one of the pillars of the EIC program
- It is indispensable in our foundation of understanding the nucleon and nuclear structure.
- ***Extraordinary discovery requires extraordinary evidences***
  - Inclusive  $F_2, F_L$
  - Di-hadron correlations
  - Diffractions.
  - Collectivity in small systems
  - Entanglement?
  - ...

